52:27D-307.6

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: CHAPTER: 2001 435

NJSA: 52:27D-307.6 (COAH certification period increased from 6 to 10 years)

BILL NO: S1319 (Substituted for A2375)

SPONSOR(S): Bennett

DATE INTRODUCED: May 18, 2000 **COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY:**

> SENATE: Community and Urban Affairs

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

January 7, 2002 **DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY:**

December 18, 2001 SENATE:

DATE OF APPROVAL: January 10, 2002 **FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:** FINAL TEXT OF BILL1st reprint enacted

(Amendments during passage denoted by superscript numbers)

S1319

SPONSORS STATEMENT: (Begins on 10 of original bill) Yes **COMMITTEE STATEMENT:** ASSEMBLY: No SENATE: Yes FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS: No **LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:** No

A2375

SPONSORS STATEMENT: (Begins on page 10 of original bill) Yes

(Bill and Sponsors Statement identical to S1319)

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes SENATE: No FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS: Yes **LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:** No FINAL VERSION (2nd reprint): Yes **VETO MESSAGE:** No No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

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REPORTS: Yes 974.90 Findings and recommendations, November 29, 2001/Asembly task force to study the impact of the Fair

Housing Act and State Planning Act; Assemblywoman Connie Myers, chair.

2001c

HEARINGS: Yes

974.90 Task force meeting of Assembly task force to study the Fair Housing Act and State Planning Act:

testimony from diverse groups, as well as citizens, concerning the goals and actual implementation of the

2001 two acts. April 10, 2001, Trenton. (see especially pp. 27 - 31)

974.90 Task force meeting of Assembly task force to study the Fair Housing Act and State Planning Act:

testimony from diverse groups, as well as citizens, concerning the goals and actual implementation of the

2001b Fair Housing Act and State Planning Act. June 19, 2001, Trenton. (see especially pp. 38-42)

NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:

No

SENATE, No. 1319

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 18, 2000

Sponsored by: Senator JOHN O. BENNETT District 12 (Monmouth)

SYNOPSIS

Increases certification period governing COAH from six to ten years under "Fair Housing Act."

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



1 **AN ACT** concerning affordable housing, amending and supplementing P.L.1985, c.222.

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4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 7 1. Section 7 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-307) is amended to 8 read as follows:
- 7. It shall be the duty of the council, seven months after the confirmation of the last member initially appointed to the council, or January 1, 1986, whichever is earlier, and from time to time thereafter, to:
- a. Determine housing regions of the State;
 - b. Estimate the present and prospective need for low and moderate income housing at the State and regional levels;
 - c. Adopt criteria and guidelines for:
- 17 (1) Municipal determination of its present and prospective fair 18 share of the housing need in a given region. Municipal fair share shall 19 be determined after crediting on a one-to-one basis each current unit of low and moderate income housing of adequate standard, including 20 21 any such housing constructed or acquired as part of a housing program 22 specifically intended to provide housing for low and moderate income 23 households. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a 24 municipality shall be entitled to a credit for a unit if it demonstrates 25 that (a) the municipality issued a certificate of occupancy for the unit, 26 which was either newly constructed or rehabilitated between April 1, 27 1980 and December 15, 1986; (b) a construction code official certifies, 28 based upon a visual exterior survey, that the unit is in compliance with 29 pertinent construction code standards with respect to structural 30 elements, roofing, siding, doors and windows; (c) the household 31 occupying the unit certifies in writing, under penalty of perjury, that 32 it receives no greater income than that established pursuant to section 33 4 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-304) to qualify for moderate income 34 housing; and (d) the unit for which credit is sought is affordable to low 35 and moderate income households under the standards established by 36 the council at the time of filing of the petition for substantive 37 certification. It shall be sufficient if the certification required in subparagraph (c) is signed by one member of the household. A 38 39 certification submitted pursuant to this paragraph shall be reviewable 40 only by the council or its staff and shall not be a public record;

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

certification granted by the council prior to November 21, 1994, or to

a judgment of compliance entered by any court of competent

Nothing in P.L.1995, c.81 shall affect the validity of substantive

- 1 jurisdiction prior to that date. Additionally, any municipality that
- 2 received substantive certification or a judgment of compliance prior to
- 3 November 21, 1994 and filed a motion prior to November 21, 1994 to
- 4 amend substantive certification or a judgment of compliance for the
- 5 purpose of obtaining credits, shall be entitled to a determination of its
- 6 right to credits pursuant to the standards established by the Legislature
- 7 prior to P.L.1995, c.81. Any municipality that filed a motion prior to
- 8 November 21, 1994 for the purpose of obtaining credits, which motion
- 9 was supported by the results of a completed survey performed
- 10 pursuant to council rules, shall be entitled to a determination of its
- 11 right to credits pursuant to the standards established by the Legislature
- 12 prior to P.L.1995, c.81;

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- (2) Municipal adjustment of the present and prospective fair share based upon available vacant and developable land, infrastructure considerations or environmental or historic preservation factors and adjustments shall be made whenever:
- (a) The preservation of historically or important architecture and sites and their environs or environmentally sensitive lands may be jeopardized,
- (b) The established pattern of development in the community would be drastically altered,
- (c) Adequate land for recreational, conservation or agricultural and
 farmland preservation purposes would not be provided,
 - (d) Adequate open space would not be provided,
- 25 (e) The pattern of development is contrary to the planning 26 designations in the State Development and Redevelopment Plan 27 prepared pursuant to sections 1 through 12 of P.L.1985, c.398 28 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.),
- 29 (f) Vacant and developable land is not available in the 30 municipality, and
 - (g) Adequate public facilities and infrastructure capacities are not available, or would result in costs prohibitive to the public if provided; and
- 34 (3) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1993, c.31);
- d. Provide population and household projections for the State andhousing regions;
- 37 e. In its discretion, place a limit, based on a percentage of existing 38 housing stock in a municipality and any other criteria including 39 employment opportunities which the council deems appropriate, upon 40 the aggregate number of units which may be allocated to a 41 municipality as its fair share of the region's present and prospective 42 need for low and moderate income housing. No municipality shall be 43 required to address a fair share beyond 1,000 units within [six] ten years from the grant of substantive certification, unless it is 44 45 demonstrated, following objection by an interested party and an

evidentiary hearing, based upon the facts and circumstances of the

- 1 affected municipality that it is likely that the municipality through its
- 2 zoning powers could create a realistic opportunity for more than 1,000
- 3 low and moderate income units within that [six-year] ten-year period.
- 4 For the purposes of this section, the facts and circumstances which
- 5 shall determine whether a municipality's fair share shall exceed 1,000
- 6 units, as provided above, shall be a finding that the municipality has
- 7 issued more than 5,000 certificates of occupancy for residential units
- 8 in the [six-year] <u>ten-year</u> period preceding the petition for substantive
- 9 certification in connection with which the objection was filed.

For the purpose of crediting low and moderate income housing units in order to arrive at a determination of present and prospective fair share, as set forth in paragraph (1) of subsection c. of this section, housing units comprised in a community residence for the developmentally disabled, as defined in section 2 of P.L.1977, c.448 (C.30:11B-2), shall be fully credited pursuant to rules promulgated or to be promulgated by the council, to the extent that the units are affordable to persons of low and moderate income and are available to

affordable to persons of low and moderate income and are available to the general public.

In carrying out the above duties, including, but not limited to, present and prospective need estimations the council shall give appropriate weight to pertinent research studies, government reports, decisions of other branches of government, implementation of the State Development and Redevelopment Plan prepared pursuant to sections 1 through 12 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.) and public comment. To assist the council, the State Planning Commission established under that act shall provide the council annually with economic growth, development and decline projections for each housing region for the next [six] ten years. The council shall develop procedures for periodically adjusting regional need based upon the low and moderate income housing that is provided in the region through any federal, State, municipal or private housing program.

32 (cf: P.L.1995, c.344, s.1)

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- 2. Section 10 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-310) is amended to read as follows:
- 10. A municipality's housing element shall be designed to achieve the goal of access to affordable housing to meet present and prospective housing needs, with particular attention to low and moderate income housing, and shall contain at least:
- a. An inventory of the municipality's housing stock by age, condition, purchase or rental value, occupancy characteristics, and type, including the number of units affordable to low and moderate income households and substandard housing capable of being rehabilitated, and in conducting this inventory the municipality shall have access, on a confidential basis for the sole purpose of conducting the inventory, to all necessary property tax assessment records and

1 information in the assessor's office, including but not limited to the 2 property record cards;

- b. A projection of the municipality's housing stock, including the probable future construction of low and moderate income housing, for the next [six] ten years, taking into account, but not necessarily limited to, construction permits issued, approvals of applications for development and probable residential development of lands;
- 8 c. An analysis of the municipality's demographic characteristics, 9 including but not necessarily limited to, household size, income level 10 and age;
 - d. An analysis of the existing and probable future employment characteristics of the municipality;
- e. A determination of the municipality's present and prospective fair share for low and moderate income housing and its capacity to accommodate its present and prospective housing needs, including its fair share for low and moderate income housing; and
 - f. A consideration of the lands that are most appropriate for construction of low and moderate income housing and of the existing structures most appropriate for conversion to, or rehabilitation for, low and moderate income housing, including a consideration of lands of developers who have expressed a commitment to provide low and moderate income housing.

23 (cf: P.L.1985, c.222, s.10)

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- 25 3. Section 11 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-311) is amended to 26 read as follows:
- 27 11. a. In adopting its housing element, the municipality may 28 provide for its fair share of low and moderate income housing by 29 means of any technique or combination of techniques which provide a realistic opportunity for the provision of the fair share. The housing 30 31 element shall contain an analysis demonstrating that it will provide 32 such a realistic opportunity, and the municipality shall establish that its 33 land use and other relevant ordinances have been revised to 34 incorporate the provisions for low and moderate income housing. In 35 preparing the housing element, the municipality shall consider the following techniques for providing low and moderate income housing 36 37 within the municipality, as well as such other techniques as may be 38 published by the council or proposed by the municipality:
 - (1) Rezoning for densities necessary to assure the economic viability of any inclusionary developments, either through mandatory set-asides or density bonuses, as may be necessary to meet all or part of the municipality's fair share;
 - (2) Determination of the total residential zoning necessary to assure that the municipality's fair share is achieved;
- 45 (3) Determination of measures that the municipality will take to 46 assure that low and moderate income units remain affordable to low

and moderate income households for an appropriate period of not less
 than six years;

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- (4) A plan for infrastructure expansion and rehabilitation if necessary to assure the achievement of the municipality's fair share of low and moderate income housing;
- 6 (5) Donation or use of municipally owned land or land condemned 7 by the municipality for purposes of providing low and moderate 8 income housing;
- 9 (6) Tax abatements for purposes of providing low and moderate income housing;
 - (7) Utilization of funds obtained from any State or federal subsidy toward the construction of low and moderate income housing; and
 - (8) Utilization of municipally generated funds toward the construction of low and moderate income housing.
- b. The municipality may provide for a phasing schedule for the achievement of its fair share of low and moderate income housing which is not inconsistent with section 23 of [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-323).
 - c. The municipality may propose that a portion of its fair share be met through a regional contribution agreement. The housing element shall demonstrate, however, the manner in which that portion will be provided within the municipality if the regional contribution agreement is not entered into. The municipality shall provide a statement of its reasons for the proposal.
 - d. Nothing in [this act] <u>P.L.1985</u>, c.222 shall require a municipality to raise or expend municipal revenues in order to provide low and moderate income housing.
- 28 e. When a municipality's housing element includes the provision of 29 rental housing units in a community residence for the developmentally disabled, as defined in section 2 of P.L.1977, c.448 (C.30:11B-2), 30 31 which will be affordable to persons of low and moderate income, and 32 for which adequate measures to retain such affordability pursuant to 33 paragraph (3) of subsection a. of this section are included in the 34 housing element, those housing units shall be fully credited as permitted under the rules of the council towards the fulfillment of the 35 36 municipality's fair share of low and moderate income housing.
- f. It having been determined by the Legislature that the provision of housing under this act is a public purpose, a municipality or municipalities may utilize public monies to make donations, grants or loans of public funds for the rehabilitation of deficient housing units and the provision of new or substantially rehabilitated housing for low and moderate income persons, providing that any private advantage is incidental.
- 44 (cf: P.L.1998, c.89, c.1)

46 4. Section 12 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-312) is amended to

1 read as follows:

12. a. A municipality may propose the transfer of up to 50% of its fair share to another municipality within its housing region by means of a contractual agreement into which two municipalities voluntarily enter. A municipality may also propose a transfer by contracting with the agency or another governmental entity designated by the council if the council determines that the municipality has exhausted all possibilities within its housing region. A municipality proposing to transfer to another municipality, whether directly or by means of a contract with the agency or another governmental entity designated by the council, shall provide the council with the housing element and statement required under subsection c. of section 11 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-311), and shall request the council to determine a match with a municipality filing a statement of intent pursuant to subsection e. of this section. Except as provided in subsection b. of this section, the agreement may be entered into upon obtaining substantive certification under section 14 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-314), or anytime thereafter. The regional contribution agreement entered into shall specify how the housing shall be provided by the second municipality, hereinafter the receiving municipality, and the amount of contributions to be made by the first municipality, hereinafter the sending municipality.

b. A municipality which is a defendant in an exclusionary zoning suit and which has not obtained substantive certification pursuant to [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 may request the court to be permitted to fulfill a portion of its fair share by entering into a regional contribution agreement. If the court believes the request to be reasonable, the court shall request the council to review the proposed agreement and to determine a match with a receiving municipality or municipalities pursuant to this section. The court may establish time limitations for the council's review, and shall retain jurisdiction over the matter during the period of council review. If the court determines that the agreement provides a realistic opportunity for the provision of low and moderate income housing within the housing region, it shall provide the sending municipality a credit against its fair share for housing to be provided through the agreement in the manner provided in this section.

The agreement shall be entered into prior to the entry of a final judgment in the litigation. In cases in which a final judgment was entered prior to the date [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 takes effect and in which an appeal is pending, a municipality may request consideration of a regional contribution agreement; provided that it is entered into within 120 days after [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 takes effect. In a case in which a final judgment has been entered, the court shall consider whether or not the agreement constitutes an expeditious means of providing part of the fair share.

c. Regional contribution agreements shall be approved by the

council, after review by the county planning board or agency of the county in which the receiving municipality is located. The council shall determine whether or not the agreement provides a realistic opportunity for the provision of low and moderate income housing within convenient access to employment opportunities. The council shall refer the agreement to the county planning board or agency which shall review whether or not the transfer agreement is in accordance with sound, comprehensive regional planning. In its review, the county planning board or agency shall consider the master plan and zoning ordinance of the sending and receiving municipalities, its own county master plan, and the State development and redevelopment plan. In the event that there is no county planning board or agency in the county in which the receiving municipality is located, the council shall also determine whether or not the agreement is in accordance with sound, comprehensive regional planning. After it has been determined that the agreement provides a realistic opportunity for low and moderate income housing within convenient access to employment opportunities, and that the agreement is consistent with sound, comprehensive regional planning, the council shall approve the regional contribution agreement by resolution. All determinations of a county planning board or agency shall be in writing and shall be made within such time limits as the council may prescribe, beyond which the council shall make those determinations and no fee shall be paid to the county planning board or agency pursuant to this subsection.

d. In approving a regional contribution agreement, the council shall set forth in its resolution a schedule of the contributions to be appropriated annually by the sending municipality. A copy of the adopted resolution shall be filed promptly with the Director of the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs, and the director shall thereafter not approve an annual budget of a sending municipality if it does not include appropriations necessary to meet the terms of the resolution. Amounts appropriated by a sending municipality for a regional contribution agreement pursuant to this section are exempt from the limitations or increases in final appropriations imposed under P.L.1976, c.68 (C.40A:4-45.1 et seq.).

e. The council shall maintain current lists of municipalities which have stated an intent to enter into regional contribution agreements as receiving municipalities, and shall establish procedures for filing statements of intent with the council. No receiving municipality shall be required to accept a greater number of low and moderate income units through an agreement than it has expressed a willingness to accept in its statement, but the number stated shall not be less than a reasonable minimum number of units, not to exceed 100, as established by the council. The council shall require a project plan from a

1 receiving municipality prior to the entering into of the agreement, and

- 2 shall submit the project plan to the agency for its review as to the
- 3 feasibility of the plan prior to the council's approval of the agreement.
- 4 The agency may recommend and the council may approve as part of
- 5 the project plan a provision that the time limitations for contractual
- 6 guarantees or resale controls for low and moderate income units
- 7 included in the project shall be less than 30 years, if it is determined
- 8 that modification is necessary to assure the economic viability of the
- 9 project.

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- f. The council shall establish guidelines for the duration and amount of contributions in regional contribution agreements. In doing so, the council shall give substantial consideration to the average of: (1) the median amount required to rehabilitate a low and moderate income unit up to code enforcement standards; (2) the average internal subsidization required for a developer to provide a low income housing unit in an inclusionary development; (3) the average internal subsidization required for a developer to provide a moderate income housing unit in an inclusionary development. Contributions may be prorated in municipal appropriations occurring over a period not to exceed [six] ten years and may include an amount agreed upon to compensate or partially compensate the receiving municipality for infrastructure or other costs generated to the receiving municipality by the development. Appropriations shall be made and paid directly to the receiving municipality or municipalities or to the agency or other governmental entity designated by the council, as the case may be.
- g. The council shall require receiving municipalities to file annual reports with the agency setting forth the progress in implementing a project funded under a regional contribution agreement, and the agency shall provide the council with its evaluation of each report. The council shall take such actions as may be necessary to enforce a regional contribution agreement with respect to the timely implementation of the project by the receiving municipality.
- 33 (cf: P.L.1995, c.83, s.2)

- 35 5. Section 13 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-313) is amended to read as follows:
- 37 13. a. A municipality which has filed a housing element may, at 38 any time during a two-year period following the filing of the housing 39 element, petition the council for a ten-year substantive certification of 40 its element and ordinances or institute an action for declaratory judgment granting it [six-year] ten-year repose in the Superior Court. 41 42 The municipality shall publish notice of its petition in a newspaper of 43 general circulation within the municipality and county and shall make 44 available to the public information on the element and ordinances in 45 accordance with such procedures as the council shall establish. The council shall also establish a procedure for providing public notice of 46

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1 each petition which it receives. 2 b. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of this section, 3 a municipality which filed a housing element prior to the effective date 4 of [this 1990 amendatory act] P.L.1990, c.121, shall be permitted to 5 petition for substantive certification at any time within two years 6 following that filing, or within one year following the effective date of 7 [this 1990 amendatory act] P.L.1990, c.121, whichever shall result in 8 permitting the municipality the longer period of time within which to 9 petition. 10 (cf: P.L.1990, c.121, s.1) 11 12 6. The change in the calculation of a municipality's determination 13 of present and prospective share of housing need as provided in 14 P.L., c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall apply to the methodology employed by the council for the certification 15 period beginning June 7, 2000 and thereafter. 16 17 18 7. This act shall take effect immediately. 19 20 **STATEMENT** 21 22 23 This bill would increase from six to ten years the certification period under the "Fair Housing Act," P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-301 24 25 et al.). 26 Under the "Fair Housing Act" as originally enacted, municipalities 27 were to be assigned fair share housing obligations by the Council on 28 Affordable Housing on a six year cycle, consistent with the master 29 planning cycle provided for under the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.). At that time it seemed to make 30 31 logical sense to tie the planning requirements of the two laws together, 32 given that the municipality's fair share requirement would be provided 33 for in the housing element of the municipal master plan, as amended 34 by the "Fair Housing Act." Fifteen years after the adoption of the "Fair Housing Act," it has 35 36 become clear that since COAH's calculation of fair share housing 37 obligations is heavily dependent on census data, it makes more sense for cycles to reflect the ten year census cycle rather than the six year 38 39 master planning cycle. 40 Accordingly, this bill increases the housing cycles under the "Fair 41 Housing Act" from six to ten years. 42 The bill does not amend the duration of the housing element under 43 the "Municipal Land Use Law," even though it will now be the only 44 plan element readopted outside the six year planning cycle. The

current COAH housing cycles, however, do not necessarily correspond perfectly to each municipality's master plan reexamination schedule

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S1319 BENNETT

- 1 pursuant to 76 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-89). It is anticipated
- 2 that since the housing plan element ties into the substantive
- 3 certification process under COAH regulations, it will be periodically
- 4 reexamined and updated as necessary in accordance with those
- 5 regulations.

SENATE COMMUNITY AND URBAN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 1319

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: SEPTEMBER 14, 2000

The Senate Community and Urban Affairs Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 1319.

This bill, as amended by the committee, would increase from six to ten years the affordable housing "fair share" certification period of municipalities under the "Fair Housing Act," P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-301 et al.).

Under current law, municipalities are assigned fair share housing obligations by the Council on Affordable Housing (COAH) on a six year cycle, which cycle is consistent with the master planning cycle provided for under the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.). Current law ties these two planning requirements together because a municipality's fair share requirement is provided for in the housing element of the municipal master plan.

However, because COAH's calculation of fair share housing obligations is heavily dependent on census data, it makes more sense for cycles to reflect the ten year census cycle rather than the six year master planning cycle.

Accordingly, this bill would increase the municipal fair share housing cycles under the "Fair Housing Act" from six to ten years.

The committee amended the bill to provide that a municipality's determination of its present and prospective fair share of the housing need in a given region would be computed for a ten-year period, to correspond with the ten-year certification period under the bill. The committee also amended the bill to ensure that a grant of substantive certification could not extend beyond a ten-year period starting on the date a municipality files its housing element with the council. Finally, the committee amended the bill to require the COAH to establish procedures for a realistic opportunity review at the midpoint of the certification period, and to provide notice to the public.

As amended by the committee, this bill is identical to Assembly Bill No. 2375 [2R] which is currently awaiting consideration by the General Assembly.

[First Reprint] **SENATE, No. 1319**

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 18, 2000

Sponsored by: Senator JOHN O. BENNETT District 12 (Monmouth)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblymen Kelly, Lance and Gibson

SYNOPSIS

Increases certification period governing COAH from six to ten years under "Fair Housing Act."

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Senate Community and Urban Affairs Committee on September 14, 2000, with amendments.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 1/8/2002)

1 **AN ACT** concerning affordable housing, amending and supplementing P.L.1985, c.222.

3

4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 7 1. Section 7 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-307) is amended to 8 read as follows:
- 7. It shall be the duty of the council, seven months after the confirmation of the last member initially appointed to the council, or January 1, 1986, whichever is earlier, and from time to time thereafter, to:
- a. Determine housing regions of the State;
 - b. Estimate the present and prospective need for low and moderate income housing at the State and regional levels;
 - c. Adopt criteria and guidelines for:
- 17 (1) Municipal determination of its present and prospective fair share of the housing need in a given region ¹which shall be computed 18 19 for a 10-year period¹. Municipal fair share shall be determined after 20 crediting on a one-to-one basis each current unit of low and moderate income housing of adequate standard, including any such housing 21 constructed or acquired as part of a housing program specifically 22 23 intended to provide housing for low and moderate income households. 24 Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a municipality shall be 25 entitled to a credit for a unit if it demonstrates that (a) the municipality 26 issued a certificate of occupancy for the unit, which was either newly constructed or rehabilitated between April 1, 1980 and December 15, 27 28 1986; (b) a construction code official certifies, based upon a visual 29 exterior survey, that the unit is in compliance with pertinent 30 construction code standards with respect to structural elements, 31 roofing, siding, doors and windows; (c) the household occupying the 32 unit certifies in writing, under penalty of perjury, that it receives no 33 greater income than that established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-304) to qualify for moderate income housing; and (d) 34 35 the unit for which credit is sought is affordable to low and moderate 36 income households under the standards established by the council at 37 the time of filing of the petition for substantive certification. It shall be sufficient if the certification required in subparagraph (c) is signed 38 39 by one member of the household. A certification submitted pursuant 40 to this paragraph shall be reviewable only by the council or its staff 41 and shall not be a public record;
 - EXPLANATION Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not

Nothing in P.L.1995, c.81 shall affect the validity of substantive

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Senate SCU committee amendments adopted September 14, 2000.

- certification granted by the council prior to November 21, 1994, or to 1
- 2 a judgment of compliance entered by any court of competent
- 3 jurisdiction prior to that date. Additionally, any municipality that
- 4 received substantive certification or a judgment of compliance prior to
- November 21, 1994 and filed a motion prior to November 21, 1994 to 5
- 6 amend substantive certification or a judgment of compliance for the
- 7 purpose of obtaining credits, shall be entitled to a determination of its
- 8 right to credits pursuant to the standards established by the Legislature
- 9 prior to P.L.1995, c.81. Any municipality that filed a motion prior to
- November 21, 1994 for the purpose of obtaining credits, which motion 10
- was supported by the results of a completed survey performed 11
- 12 pursuant to council rules, shall be entitled to a determination of its
- 13 right to credits pursuant to the standards established by the Legislature
- 14 prior to P.L.1995, c.81;

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- (2) Municipal adjustment of the present and prospective fair share based upon available vacant and developable land, infrastructure 16 considerations or environmental or historic preservation factors and adjustments shall be made whenever:
- 19 (a) The preservation of historically or important architecture and 20 sites and their environs or environmentally sensitive lands may be 21 jeopardized,
 - (b) The established pattern of development in the community would be drastically altered,
- (c) Adequate land for recreational, conservation or agricultural and 24 25 farmland preservation purposes would not be provided,
 - (d) Adequate open space would not be provided,
 - (e) The pattern of development is contrary to the planning designations in the State Development and Redevelopment Plan prepared pursuant to sections 1 through 12 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.),
- (f) Vacant and developable land is not available in the 31 32 municipality, and
- 33 (g) Adequate public facilities and infrastructure capacities are not 34 available, or would result in costs prohibitive to the public if provided; 35
- 36 (3) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1993, c.31);
- 37 d. Provide population and household projections for the State and 38 housing regions;
- 39 In its discretion, place a limit, based on a percentage of existing 40 housing stock in a municipality and any other criteria including 41 employment opportunities which the council deems appropriate, upon
- the aggregate number of units which may be allocated to a 42
- municipality as its fair share of the region's present and prospective 43
- 44 need for low and moderate income housing. No municipality shall be
- 45 required to address a fair share beyond 1,000 units within [six] ten
- years from the grant of substantive certification, unless it is 46

- 1 demonstrated, following objection by an interested party and an
- 2 evidentiary hearing, based upon the facts and circumstances of the
- 3 affected municipality that it is likely that the municipality through its
- 4 zoning powers could create a realistic opportunity for more than 1,000
- 5 low and moderate income units within that [six-year] ten-year period.
- 6 For the purposes of this section, the facts and circumstances which
- 7 shall determine whether a municipality's fair share shall exceed 1,000
- 8 units, as provided above, shall be a finding that the municipality has
- 9 issued more than 5,000 certificates of occupancy for residential units
- in the [six-year] ten-year period preceding the petition for substantive
- 11 certification in connection with which the objection was filed.
- For the purpose of crediting low and moderate income housing units in order to arrive at a determination of present and prospective
- 14 fair share, as set forth in paragraph (1) of subsection c. of this section,
- 15 housing units comprised in a community residence for the
- developmentally disabled, as defined in section 2 of P.L.1977, c.448
- 17 (C.30:11B-2), shall be fully credited pursuant to rules promulgated or
- 18 to be promulgated by the council, to the extent that the units are
- 19 affordable to persons of low and moderate income and are available to
- 20 the general public.
- In carrying out the above duties, including, but not limited to,
- 22 present and prospective need estimations the council shall give
- 23 appropriate weight to pertinent research studies, government reports,
- 24 decisions of other branches of government, implementation of the
- 25 State Development and Redevelopment Plan prepared pursuant to
- 26 sections 1 through 12 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.) and
- 27 public comment. To assist the council, the State Planning Commission
- 28 established under that act shall provide the council annually with
- 29 economic growth, development and decline projections for each
- housing region for the next [six] ten years. The council shall develop procedures for periodically adjusting regional need based upon the low
- and moderate income housing that is provided in the region through
- 33 any federal, State, municipal or private housing program.
- 34 (cf: P.L.1995, c.344, s.1)

- 2. Section 10 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-310) is amended to read as follows:
- 38 10. A municipality's housing element shall be designed to achieve
- the goal of access to affordable housing to meet present and prospective housing needs, with particular attention to low and
- 41 moderate income housing, and shall contain at least:
- a. An inventory of the municipality's housing stock by age,
- 43 condition, purchase or rental value, occupancy characteristics, and
- 44 type, including the number of units affordable to low and moderate
- 45 income households and substandard housing capable of being
- 46 rehabilitated, and in conducting this inventory the municipality shall

- 1 have access, on a confidential basis for the sole purpose of conducting
- 2 the inventory, to all necessary property tax assessment records and
- 3 information in the assessor's office, including but not limited to the
- 4 property record cards;
- 5 b. A projection of the municipality's housing stock, including the
- 6 probable future construction of low and moderate income housing, for

the next [six] ten years, taking into account, but not necessarily

- 8 limited to, construction permits issued, approvals of applications for
- 9 development and probable residential development of lands;
- 10 c. An analysis of the municipality's demographic characteristics, 11 including but not necessarily limited to, household size, income level
- 12 and age;

- d. An analysis of the existing and probable future employment
- 14 characteristics of the municipality;
- e. A determination of the municipality's present and prospective
- 16 fair share for low and moderate income housing and its capacity to
- 17 accommodate its present and prospective housing needs, including its
- 18 fair share for low and moderate income housing; and
- 19 f. A consideration of the lands that are most appropriate for
- 20 construction of low and moderate income housing and of the existing
- 21 structures most appropriate for conversion to, or rehabilitation for,
- 22 low and moderate income housing, including a consideration of lands
- 23 of developers who have expressed a commitment to provide low and
- 24 moderate income housing.
- 25 (cf: P.L.1985, c.222, s.10)
- 26
- 27 3. Section 11 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-311) is amended to 28 read as follows:
- 29 11. a. In adopting its housing element, the municipality may
- 30 provide for its fair share of low and moderate income housing by
- 31 means of any technique or combination of techniques which provide
- 32 a realistic opportunity for the provision of the fair share. The housing
- 33 element shall contain an analysis demonstrating that it will provide
- such a realistic opportunity, and the municipality shall establish that its
- 35 land use and other relevant ordinances have been revised to
- 36 incorporate the provisions for low and moderate income housing. In
- 37 preparing the housing element, the municipality shall consider the
- 38 following techniques for providing low and moderate income housing
- 39 within the municipality, as well as such other techniques as may be
- 40 published by the council or proposed by the municipality:
- 41 (1) Rezoning for densities necessary to assure the economic
- 42 viability of any inclusionary developments, either through mandatory
- 43 set-asides or density bonuses, as may be necessary to meet all or part
- 44 of the municipality's fair share;
- 45 (2) Determination of the total residential zoning necessary to
- assure that the municipality's fair share is achieved;

- 1 (3) Determination of measures that the municipality will take to 2 assure that low and moderate income units remain affordable to low 3 and moderate income households for an appropriate period of not less 4 than six years;
- 5 (4) A plan for infrastructure expansion and rehabilitation if 6 necessary to assure the achievement of the municipality's fair share of 7 low and moderate income housing;
- 8 (5) Donation or use of municipally owned land or land condemned 9 by the municipality for purposes of providing low and moderate 10 income housing;
- 11 (6) Tax abatements for purposes of providing low and moderate income housing;
 - (7) Utilization of funds obtained from any State or federal subsidy toward the construction of low and moderate income housing; and
 - (8) Utilization of municipally generated funds toward the construction of low and moderate income housing.
 - b. The municipality may provide for a phasing schedule for the achievement of its fair share of low and moderate income housing which is not inconsistent with section 23 of [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-323).
 - c. The municipality may propose that a portion of its fair share be met through a regional contribution agreement. The housing element shall demonstrate, however, the manner in which that portion will be provided within the municipality if the regional contribution agreement is not entered into. The municipality shall provide a statement of its reasons for the proposal.
 - d. Nothing in [this act] <u>P.L.1985</u>, <u>c.222</u> shall require a municipality to raise or expend municipal revenues in order to provide low and moderate income housing.
 - e. When a municipality's housing element includes the provision of rental housing units in a community residence for the developmentally disabled, as defined in section 2 of P.L.1977, c.448 (C.30:11B-2), which will be affordable to persons of low and moderate income, and for which adequate measures to retain such affordability pursuant to paragraph (3) of subsection a. of this section are included in the housing element, those housing units shall be fully credited as permitted under the rules of the council towards the fulfillment of the municipality's fair share of low and moderate income housing.
- f. It having been determined by the Legislature that the provision of housing under this act is a public purpose, a municipality or municipalities may utilize public monies to make donations, grants or loans of public funds for the rehabilitation of deficient housing units and the provision of new or substantially rehabilitated housing for low and moderate income persons, providing that any private advantage is incidental.
- 46 (cf: P.L.1998, c.89, s.1)

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4. Section 12 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-312) is amended to read as follows:

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3 12. a. A municipality may propose the transfer of up to 50% of its 4 fair share to another municipality within its housing region by means 5 of a contractual agreement into which two municipalities voluntarily 6 enter. A municipality may also propose a transfer by contracting with 7 the agency or another governmental entity designated by the council 8 if the council determines that the municipality has exhausted all 9 possibilities within its housing region. A municipality proposing to 10 transfer to another municipality, whether directly or by means of a 11 contract with the agency or another governmental entity designated by 12 the council, shall provide the council with the housing element and 13 statement required under subsection c. of section 11 of P.L.1985, 14 c.222 (C.52:27D-311), and shall request the council to determine a 15 match with a municipality filing a statement of intent pursuant to subsection e. of this section. Except as provided in subsection b. of 16 17 this section, the agreement may be entered into upon obtaining substantive certification under section 14 of P.L.1985, c.222 18 19 (C.52:27D-314), or anytime thereafter. The regional contribution 20 agreement entered into shall specify how the housing shall be provided 21 by the second municipality, hereinafter the receiving municipality, and 22 the amount of contributions to be made by the first municipality, 23 hereinafter the sending municipality.

b. A municipality which is a defendant in an exclusionary zoning suit and which has not obtained substantive certification pursuant to [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 may request the court to be permitted to fulfill a portion of its fair share by entering into a regional contribution agreement. If the court believes the request to be reasonable, the court shall request the council to review the proposed agreement and to determine a match with a receiving municipality or municipalities pursuant to this section. The court may establish time limitations for the council's review, and shall retain jurisdiction over the matter during the period of council review. If the court determines that the agreement provides a realistic opportunity for the provision of low and moderate income housing within the housing region, it shall provide the sending municipality a credit against its fair share for housing to be provided through the agreement in the manner provided in this section.

37 38 The agreement shall be entered into prior to the entry of a final 39 judgment in the litigation. In cases in which a final judgment was 40 entered prior to the date [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 takes effect and 41 in which an appeal is pending, a municipality may request 42 consideration of a regional contribution agreement; provided that it is 43 entered into within 120 days after [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 takes 44 effect. In a case in which a final judgment has been entered, the court 45 shall consider whether or not the agreement constitutes an expeditious means of providing part of the fair share. 46

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c. Regional contribution agreements shall be approved by the council, after review by the county planning board or agency of the county in which the receiving municipality is located. The council shall determine whether or not the agreement provides a realistic opportunity for the provision of low and moderate income housing within convenient access to employment opportunities. The council shall refer the agreement to the county planning board or agency which shall review whether or not the transfer agreement is in accordance with sound, comprehensive regional planning. In its review, the county planning board or agency shall consider the master plan and zoning ordinance of the sending and receiving municipalities, its own county master plan, and the State development and redevelopment plan. In the event that there is no county planning board or agency in the county in which the receiving municipality is located, the council shall also determine whether or not the agreement is in accordance with sound, comprehensive regional planning. After it has been determined that the agreement provides a realistic opportunity for low and moderate income housing within convenient access to employment opportunities, and that the agreement is consistent with sound, comprehensive regional planning, the council shall approve the regional contribution agreement by resolution. All determinations of a county planning board or agency shall be in writing and shall be made within such time limits as the council may prescribe, beyond which the council shall make those determinations and no fee shall be paid to the county planning board or agency pursuant to this subsection.

d. In approving a regional contribution agreement, the council shall set forth in its resolution a schedule of the contributions to be appropriated annually by the sending municipality. A copy of the adopted resolution shall be filed promptly with the Director of the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs, and the director shall thereafter not approve an annual budget of a sending municipality if it does not include appropriations necessary to meet the terms of the resolution. Amounts appropriated by a sending municipality for a regional contribution agreement pursuant to this section are exempt from the limitations or increases in final appropriations imposed under P.L.1976, c.68 (C.40A:4-45.1 et seq.).

e. The council shall maintain current lists of municipalities which have stated an intent to enter into regional contribution agreements as receiving municipalities, and shall establish procedures for filing statements of intent with the council. No receiving municipality shall be required to accept a greater number of low and moderate income units through an agreement than it has expressed a willingness to accept in its statement, but the number stated shall not be less than a reasonable minimum number of units, not to exceed 100, as established

1 by the council. The council shall require a project plan from a

- 2 receiving municipality prior to the entering into of the agreement, and
- 3 shall submit the project plan to the agency for its review as to the
- 4 feasibility of the plan prior to the council's approval of the agreement.
- 5 The agency may recommend and the council may approve as part of
- 6 the project plan a provision that the time limitations for contractual
- 7 guarantees or resale controls for low and moderate income units
- 8 included in the project shall be less than 30 years, if it is determined
- 9 that modification is necessary to assure the economic viability of the
- 10 project.
- 11 f. The council shall establish guidelines for the duration and 12 amount of contributions in regional contribution agreements. In doing 13 so, the council shall give substantial consideration to the average of: 14 (1) the median amount required to rehabilitate a low and moderate 15 income unit up to code enforcement standards; (2) the average internal subsidization required for a developer to provide a low income 16 17 housing unit in an inclusionary development; (3) the average internal 18 subsidization required for a developer to provide a moderate income 19 housing unit in an inclusionary development. Contributions may be 20 prorated in municipal appropriations occurring over a period not to 21 exceed [six] ten years and may include an amount agreed upon to 22 compensate or partially compensate the receiving municipality for 23 infrastructure or other costs generated to the receiving municipality by 24 the development. Appropriations shall be made and paid directly to
 - g. The council shall require receiving municipalities to file annual reports with the agency setting forth the progress in implementing a project funded under a regional contribution agreement, and the agency shall provide the council with its evaluation of each report. The council shall take such actions as may be necessary to enforce a regional contribution agreement with respect to the timely implementation of the project by the receiving municipality.

the receiving municipality or municipalities or to the agency or other governmental entity designated by the council, as the case may be.

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(cf: P.L.1995, c.83, s.2)

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- 5. Section 13 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-313) is amended to read as follows:
- 13. a. A municipality which has filed a housing element may, at 38 any time during a two-year period following the filing of the housing 39 element, petition the council for a ¹[ten-year] 40 certification of its element and ordinances or institute an action for 41 42 declaratory judgment granting it [six-year] ¹[ten-year] ¹ repose in the 43 Superior Court ¹, but in no event shall a grant of substantive 44 certification extend beyond a 10-year period starting on the date the 45 municipality files its housing element with the council¹. The 46 municipality shall publish notice of its petition in a newspaper of

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general circulation within the municipality and county and shall make available to the public information on the element and ordinances in accordance with such procedures as the council shall establish. The council shall also establish a procedure for providing public notice of each petition which it receives.

6 b. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of this section, 7 a municipality which filed a housing element prior to the effective date 8 of [this 1990 amendatory act] P.L.1990, c.121, shall be permitted to 9 petition for substantive certification at any time within two years 10 following that filing, or within one year following the effective date of 11 [this 1990 amendatory act] P.L.1990, c.121, whichever shall result in 12 permitting the municipality the longer period of time within which to petition. 13

¹The Council shall establish procedures for a realistic opportunity review at the midpoint of the certification period and shall provide for notice to the public.¹

17 (cf: P.L.1990, c.121, s.1)

18 (ci. 1.L.1), c.121,

6. The change in the calculation of a municipality's determination of present and prospective share of housing need as provided in P.L., c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall apply to the methodology employed by the council for the certification period beginning June 7, 2000 and thereafter.

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7. This act shall take effect immediately.

ASSEMBLY, No. 2375

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 8, 2000

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman JOHN V. KELLY
District 36 (Bergen, Essex and Passaic)
Assemblyman LEONARD LANCE
District 23 (Warren, Hunterdon and Mercer)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblyman Gibson

SYNOPSIS

Increases certification period governing COAH from six to ten years under "Fair Housing Act."

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



1 **AN ACT** concerning affordable housing, amending and supplementing P.L.1985, c.222.

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4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 7 1. Section 7 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-307) is amended to 8 read as follows:
- 7. It shall be the duty of the council, seven months after the confirmation of the last member initially appointed to the council, or January 1, 1986, whichever is earlier, and from time to time thereafter, to:
- a. Determine housing regions of the State;
 - b. Estimate the present and prospective need for low and moderate income housing at the State and regional levels;
- 16 c. Adopt criteria and guidelines for:
- 17 (1) Municipal determination of its present and prospective fair 18 share of the housing need in a given region. Municipal fair share shall 19 be determined after crediting on a one-to-one basis each current unit of low and moderate income housing of adequate standard, including 20 21 any such housing constructed or acquired as part of a housing program 22 specifically intended to provide housing for low and moderate income 23 households. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a 24 municipality shall be entitled to a credit for a unit if it demonstrates 25 that (a) the municipality issued a certificate of occupancy for the unit, 26 which was either newly constructed or rehabilitated between April 1, 27 1980 and December 15, 1986; (b) a construction code official certifies, 28 based upon a visual exterior survey, that the unit is in compliance with 29 pertinent construction code standards with respect to structural 30 elements, roofing, siding, doors and windows; (c) the household 31 occupying the unit certifies in writing, under penalty of perjury, that 32 it receives no greater income than that established pursuant to section 33 4 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-304) to qualify for moderate income 34 housing; and (d) the unit for which credit is sought is affordable to low 35 and moderate income households under the standards established by 36 the council at the time of filing of the petition for substantive 37 certification. It shall be sufficient if the certification required in subparagraph (c) is signed by one member of the household. A 38 39 certification submitted pursuant to this paragraph shall be reviewable 40 only by the council or its staff and shall not be a public record;
 - EXPLANATION Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Nothing in P.L.1995, c.81 shall affect the validity of substantive

certification granted by the council prior to November 21, 1994, or to

a judgment of compliance entered by any court of competent

- 1 jurisdiction prior to that date. Additionally, any municipality that
- 2 received substantive certification or a judgment of compliance prior to
- 3 November 21, 1994 and filed a motion prior to November 21, 1994 to
- 4 amend substantive certification or a judgment of compliance for the
- 5 purpose of obtaining credits, shall be entitled to a determination of its
- 6 right to credits pursuant to the standards established by the Legislature
- 7 prior to P.L.1995, c.81. Any municipality that filed a motion prior to
- 8 November 21, 1994 for the purpose of obtaining credits, which motion
- 9 was supported by the results of a completed survey performed
- 10 pursuant to council rules, shall be entitled to a determination of its
- 11 right to credits pursuant to the standards established by the Legislature
- 12 prior to P.L.1995, c.81;

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- (2) Municipal adjustment of the present and prospective fair share based upon available vacant and developable land, infrastructure considerations or environmental or historic preservation factors and adjustments shall be made whenever:
- (a) The preservation of historically or important architecture and sites and their environs or environmentally sensitive lands may be jeopardized,
- (b) The established pattern of development in the community would be drastically altered,
- (c) Adequate land for recreational, conservation or agricultural and farmland preservation purposes would not be provided,
 - (d) Adequate open space would not be provided,
- 25 (e) The pattern of development is contrary to the planning 26 designations in the State Development and Redevelopment Plan 27 prepared pursuant to sections 1 through 12 of P.L.1985, c.398 28 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.),
- 29 (f) Vacant and developable land is not available in the municipality, 30 and
- 31 (g) Adequate public facilities and infrastructure capacities are not 32 available, or would result in costs prohibitive to the public if provided; 33 and
- 34 (3) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1993, c.31);
- d. Provide population and household projections for the State andhousing regions;
- e. In its discretion, place a limit, based on a percentage of existing housing stock in a municipality and any other criteria including employment opportunities which the council deems appropriate, upon
- 40 the aggregate number of units which may be allocated to a
- 41 municipality as its fair share of the region's present and prospective
- 42 need for low and moderate income housing. No municipality shall be
- 43 required to address a fair share beyond 1,000 units within [six] ten
- 44 years from the grant of substantive certification, unless it is
- 45 demonstrated, following objection by an interested party and an
- 46 evidentiary hearing, based upon the facts and circumstances of the

- 1 affected municipality that it is likely that the municipality through its
- 2 zoning powers could create a realistic opportunity for more than 1,000
- low and moderate income units within that [six-year] ten-year period. 3
- 4 For the purposes of this section, the facts and circumstances which
- 5 shall determine whether a municipality's fair share shall exceed 1,000
- 6 units, as provided above, shall be a finding that the municipality has
- 7 issued more than 5,000 certificates of occupancy for residential units
- 8 in the [six-year] ten-year period preceding the petition for substantive
- 9 certification in connection with which the objection was filed.
 - For the purpose of crediting low and moderate income housing units in order to arrive at a determination of present and prospective fair share, as set forth in paragraph (1) of subsection c. of this section,
- 13 housing units comprised in a community residence for the 14 developmentally disabled, as defined in section 2 of P.L.1977, c.448
- 15 (C.30:11B-2), shall be fully credited pursuant to rules promulgated or
- to be promulgated by the council, to the extent that the units are 16
- 17 affordable to persons of low and moderate income and are available to
- 18 the general public.

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- 19 In carrying out the above duties, including, but not limited to, present and prospective need estimations the council shall give 20
- 21 appropriate weight to pertinent research studies, government reports,
- 22 decisions of other branches of government, implementation of the
- 23 State Development and Redevelopment Plan prepared pursuant to
- 24 sections 1 through 12 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.) and
- 25 public comment. To assist the council, the State Planning Commission
- 26 established under that act shall provide the council annually with
- 27 economic growth, development and decline projections for each
- 28 housing region for the next [six] ten years. The council shall develop
- 29 procedures for periodically adjusting regional need based upon the low
- 30 and moderate income housing that is provided in the region through
- 31 any federal, State, municipal or private housing program.
- 32 (cf: P.L.1995, c.344, s.1)

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- 2. Section 10 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-310) is amended to read as follows:
- 10. A municipality's housing element shall be designed to achieve the goal of access to affordable housing to meet present and prospective housing needs, with particular attention to low and moderate income housing, and shall contain at least:
- 40 An inventory of the municipality's housing stock by age,
- condition, purchase or rental value, occupancy characteristics, and 41
- 42 type, including the number of units affordable to low and moderate 43
- income households and substandard housing capable of being
- 44 rehabilitated, and in conducting this inventory the municipality shall 45
- have access, on a confidential basis for the sole purpose of conducting 46 the inventory, to all necessary property tax assessment records and

1 information in the assessor's office, including but not limited to the 2 property record cards;

- b. A projection of the municipality's housing stock, including the probable future construction of low and moderate income housing, for the next [six] ten years, taking into account, but not necessarily limited to, construction permits issued, approvals of applications for development and probable residential development of lands;
- 8 c. An analysis of the municipality's demographic characteristics, 9 including but not necessarily limited to, household size, income level 10 and age;
 - d. An analysis of the existing and probable future employment characteristics of the municipality;
- e. A determination of the municipality's present and prospective fair share for low and moderate income housing and its capacity to accommodate its present and prospective housing needs, including its fair share for low and moderate income housing; and
- f. A consideration of the lands that are most appropriate for construction of low and moderate income housing and of the existing structures most appropriate for conversion to, or rehabilitation for, low and moderate income housing, including a consideration of lands of developers who have expressed a commitment to provide low and moderate income housing.

23 (cf: P.L.1985, c.222, s.10)

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- 25 3. Section 11 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-311) is amended to 26 read as follows:
- 27 11. a. In adopting its housing element, the municipality may 28 provide for its fair share of low and moderate income housing by 29 means of any technique or combination of techniques which provide a realistic opportunity for the provision of the fair share. The housing 30 31 element shall contain an analysis demonstrating that it will provide 32 such a realistic opportunity, and the municipality shall establish that its 33 land use and other relevant ordinances have been revised to 34 incorporate the provisions for low and moderate income housing. In 35 preparing the housing element, the municipality shall consider the following techniques for providing low and moderate income housing 36 37 within the municipality, as well as such other techniques as may be 38 published by the council or proposed by the municipality:
 - (1) Rezoning for densities necessary to assure the economic viability of any inclusionary developments, either through mandatory set-asides or density bonuses, as may be necessary to meet all or part of the municipality's fair share;
 - (2) Determination of the total residential zoning necessary to assure that the municipality's fair share is achieved;
- 45 (3) Determination of measures that the municipality will take to 46 assure that low and moderate income units remain affordable to low

and moderate income households for an appropriate period of not less
than six years;

- 3 (4) A plan for infrastructure expansion and rehabilitation if 4 necessary to assure the achievement of the municipality's fair share of 5 low and moderate income housing;
- 6 (5) Donation or use of municipally owned land or land condemned 7 by the municipality for purposes of providing low and moderate 8 income housing;
- 9 (6) Tax abatements for purposes of providing low and moderate income housing;
 - (7) Utilization of funds obtained from any State or federal subsidy toward the construction of low and moderate income housing; and
 - (8) Utilization of municipally generated funds toward the construction of low and moderate income housing.
- b. The municipality may provide for a phasing schedule for the achievement of its fair share of low and moderate income housing which is not inconsistent with section 23 of [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-323).
 - c. The municipality may propose that a portion of its fair share be met through a regional contribution agreement. The housing element shall demonstrate, however, the manner in which that portion will be provided within the municipality if the regional contribution agreement is not entered into. The municipality shall provide a statement of its reasons for the proposal.
 - d. Nothing in [this act] <u>P.L.1985</u>, <u>c.222</u> shall require a municipality to raise or expend municipal revenues in order to provide low and moderate income housing.
- 28 e. When a municipality's housing element includes the provision of 29 rental housing units in a community residence for the developmentally disabled, as defined in section 2 of P.L.1977, c.448 (C.30:11B-2), 30 31 which will be affordable to persons of low and moderate income, and 32 for which adequate measures to retain such affordability pursuant to 33 paragraph (3) of subsection a. of this section are included in the 34 housing element, those housing units shall be fully credited as permitted under the rules of the council towards the fulfillment of the 35 36 municipality's fair share of low and moderate income housing.
- f. It having been determined by the Legislature that the provision of housing under this act is a public purpose, a municipality or municipalities may utilize public monies to make donations, grants or loans of public funds for the rehabilitation of deficient housing units and the provision of new or substantially rehabilitated housing for low and moderate income persons, providing that any private advantage is incidental.
- 44 (cf: P.L.1998, c.89, c.1)

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46 4. Section 12 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-312) is amended to

1 read as follows:

12. a. A municipality may propose the transfer of up to 50% of its fair share to another municipality within its housing region by means of a contractual agreement into which two municipalities voluntarily enter. A municipality may also propose a transfer by contracting with the agency or another governmental entity designated by the council if the council determines that the municipality has exhausted all possibilities within its housing region. A municipality proposing to transfer to another municipality, whether directly or by means of a contract with the agency or another governmental entity designated by the council, shall provide the council with the housing element and statement required under subsection c. of section 11 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-311), and shall request the council to determine a match with a municipality filing a statement of intent pursuant to subsection e. of this section. Except as provided in subsection b. of this section, the agreement may be entered into upon obtaining substantive certification under section 14 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-314), or anytime thereafter. The regional contribution agreement entered into shall specify how the housing shall be provided by the second municipality, hereinafter the receiving municipality, and the amount of contributions to be made by the first municipality, hereinafter the sending municipality.

b. A municipality which is a defendant in an exclusionary zoning suit and which has not obtained substantive certification pursuant to [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 may request the court to be permitted to fulfill a portion of its fair share by entering into a regional contribution agreement. If the court believes the request to be reasonable, the court shall request the council to review the proposed agreement and to determine a match with a receiving municipality or municipalities pursuant to this section. The court may establish time limitations for the council's review, and shall retain jurisdiction over the matter during the period of council review. If the court determines that the agreement provides a realistic opportunity for the provision of low and moderate income housing within the housing region, it shall provide the sending municipality a credit against its fair share for housing to be provided through the agreement in the manner provided in this section.

The agreement shall be entered into prior to the entry of a final judgment in the litigation. In cases in which a final judgment was entered prior to the date [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 takes effect and in which an appeal is pending, a municipality may request consideration of a regional contribution agreement; provided that it is entered into within 120 days after [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 takes effect. In a case in which a final judgment has been entered, the court shall consider whether or not the agreement constitutes an expeditious means of providing part of the fair share.

c. Regional contribution agreements shall be approved by the

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council, after review by the county planning board or agency of the county in which the receiving municipality is located. The council shall determine whether or not the agreement provides a realistic opportunity for the provision of low and moderate income housing within convenient access to employment opportunities. The council shall refer the agreement to the county planning board or agency which shall review whether or not the transfer agreement is in accordance with sound, comprehensive regional planning. In its review, the county planning board or agency shall consider the master plan and zoning ordinance of the sending and receiving municipalities, its own county master plan, and the State development and redevelopment plan. In the event that there is no county planning board or agency in the county in which the receiving municipality is located, the council shall also determine whether or not the agreement is in accordance with sound, comprehensive regional planning. After it has been determined that the agreement provides a realistic opportunity for low and moderate income housing within convenient access to employment opportunities, and that the agreement is consistent with sound, comprehensive regional planning, the council shall approve the regional contribution agreement by resolution. All determinations of a county planning board or agency shall be in writing and shall be made within such time limits as the council may prescribe, beyond which the council shall make those determinations and no fee shall be paid to the county planning board or agency pursuant to this subsection.

d. In approving a regional contribution agreement, the council shall set forth in its resolution a schedule of the contributions to be appropriated annually by the sending municipality. A copy of the adopted resolution shall be filed promptly with the Director of the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs, and the director shall thereafter not approve an annual budget of a sending municipality if it does not include appropriations necessary to meet the terms of the resolution. Amounts appropriated by a sending municipality for a regional contribution agreement pursuant to this section are exempt from the limitations or increases in final appropriations imposed under P.L.1976, c.68 (C.40A:4-45.1 et seq.).

e. The council shall maintain current lists of municipalities which have stated an intent to enter into regional contribution agreements as receiving municipalities, and shall establish procedures for filing statements of intent with the council. No receiving municipality shall be required to accept a greater number of low and moderate income units through an agreement than it has expressed a willingness to accept in its statement, but the number stated shall not be less than a reasonable minimum number of units, not to exceed 100, as established by the council. The council shall require a project plan from a

1 receiving municipality prior to the entering into of the agreement, and

- 2 shall submit the project plan to the agency for its review as to the
- 3 feasibility of the plan prior to the council's approval of the agreement.
- 4 The agency may recommend and the council may approve as part of
- 5 the project plan a provision that the time limitations for contractual
- 6 guarantees or resale controls for low and moderate income units
- 7 included in the project shall be less than 30 years, if it is determined
- 8 that modification is necessary to assure the economic viability of the
- 9 project.

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- f. The council shall establish guidelines for the duration and amount of contributions in regional contribution agreements. In doing so, the council shall give substantial consideration to the average of: (1) the median amount required to rehabilitate a low and moderate income unit up to code enforcement standards; (2) the average internal subsidization required for a developer to provide a low income housing unit in an inclusionary development; (3) the average internal subsidization required for a developer to provide a moderate income housing unit in an inclusionary development. Contributions may be prorated in municipal appropriations occurring over a period not to exceed [six] ten years and may include an amount agreed upon to compensate or partially compensate the receiving municipality for infrastructure or other costs generated to the receiving municipality by the development. Appropriations shall be made and paid directly to the receiving municipality or municipalities or to the agency or other governmental entity designated by the council, as the case may be.
 - g. The council shall require receiving municipalities to file annual reports with the agency setting forth the progress in implementing a project funded under a regional contribution agreement, and the agency shall provide the council with its evaluation of each report. The council shall take such actions as may be necessary to enforce a regional contribution agreement with respect to the timely implementation of the project by the receiving municipality.
- 33 (cf: P.L.1995, c.83, s.2)

- 35 5. Section 13 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-313) is amended to read as follows:
- 37 13. a. A municipality which has filed a housing element may, at 38 any time during a two-year period following the filing of the housing 39 element, petition the council for a ten-year substantive certification of 40 its element and ordinances or institute an action for declaratory judgment granting it [six-year] ten-year repose in the Superior Court. 41 42 The municipality shall publish notice of its petition in a newspaper of 43 general circulation within the municipality and county and shall make 44 available to the public information on the element and ordinances in 45 accordance with such procedures as the council shall establish. The council shall also establish a procedure for providing public notice of 46

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1 each petition which it receives. 2 b. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of this section, 3 a municipality which filed a housing element prior to the effective date 4 of [this 1990 amendatory act] P.L.1990, c.121, shall be permitted to 5 petition for substantive certification at any time within two years 6 following that filing, or within one year following the effective date of 7 [this 1990 amendatory act] P.L.1990, c.121, whichever shall result in 8 permitting the municipality the longer period of time within which to 9 petition. 10 (cf: P.L.1990, c.121, s.1) 11 12 6. The change in the calculation of a municipality's determination 13 of present and prospective share of housing need as provided in 14 P.L., c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall apply to the methodology employed by the council for the certification 15 period beginning June 7, 2000 and thereafter. 16 17 18 7. This act shall take effect immediately. 19 20 **STATEMENT** 21 22 23 This bill would increase from six to ten years the certification period under the "Fair Housing Act," P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-301 24 25 et al.). 26 Under the "Fair Housing Act" as originally enacted, municipalities 27 were to be assigned fair share housing obligations by the Council on 28 Affordable Housing on a six year cycle, consistent with the master 29 planning cycle provided for under the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.). At that time it seemed to make 30 31 logical sense to tie the planning requirements of the two laws together, 32 given that the municipality's fair share requirement would be provided 33 for in the housing element of the municipal master plan, as amended 34 by the "Fair Housing Act." 35 Fifteen years after the adoption of the "Fair Housing Act," it has 36 become clear that since COAH's calculation of fair share housing 37 obligations is heavily dependent on census data, it makes more sense for cycles to reflect the ten year census cycle rather than the six year 38 39 master planning cycle. 40 Accordingly, this bill increases the housing cycles under the "Fair 41 Housing Act" from six to ten years. 42 The bill does not amend the duration of the housing element under 43 the "Municipal Land Use Law," even though it will now be the only 44 plan element readopted outside the six year planning cycle. The

current COAH housing cycles, however, do not necessarily correspond perfectly to each municipality's master plan reexamination schedule

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- 1 pursuant to 76 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-89). It is anticipated
- 2 that since the housing plan element ties into the substantive
- 3 certification process under COAH regulations, it will be periodically
- 4 reexamined and updated as necessary in accordance with those
- 5 regulations.

ASSEMBLY HOUSING COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 2375

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 8, 2000

The Assembly Housing Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 2375.

This bill, as amended by the committee, would increase from six to ten years the certification period under the "Fair Housing Act," P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-301 et al.).

Under the "Fair Housing Act" as originally enacted, municipalities were to be assigned fair share housing obligations by the Council on Affordable Housing on a six year cycle, consistent with the master planning cycle provided for under the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 et seq.). At that time it seemed to make logical sense to tie the planning requirements of the two laws together, given that the municipality's fair share requirement would be provided for in the housing element of the municipal master plan, as amended by the "Fair Housing Act."

Fifteen years after the adoption of the "Fair Housing Act," it has become clear that since COAH's calculation of fair share housing obligations is heavily dependent on census data, it makes more sense for cycles to reflect the ten year census cycle rather than the six year master planning cycle.

Accordingly, this bill increases the housing cycles under the "Fair Housing Act" from six to ten years.

The bill does not amend the duration of the housing element under the "Municipal Land Use Law," even though it will now be the only plan element readopted outside the six year master plan cycle. The current COAH housing cycles, however, do not necessarily correspond perfectly to each municipality's master plan reexamination schedule pursuant to 76 of P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-89). It is anticipated that since the housing plan element ties into the substantive certification process under COAH regulations, it will be periodically reexamined and updated as necessary in accordance with those regulations.

The committee amended the bill to require that a municipality's determination of its present and prospective fair share of the housing need in a given region be computed for a ten-year period, to correspond with the ten-year certification period under the bill. The

committee also amended the bill to ensure that a grant of substantive certification cannot extend beyond a ten-year period starting on the date a municipality files its housing element with the council.

[First Reprint]

ASSEMBLY, No. 2375

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 8, 2000

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman JOHN V. KELLY
District 36 (Bergen, Essex and Passaic)
Assemblyman LEONARD LANCE
District 23 (Warren, Hunterdon and Mercer)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblyman Gibson

SYNOPSIS

Increases certification period governing COAH from six to ten years under "Fair Housing Act."

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Assembly Housing Committee on June 8, 2000, with amendments.

1 **AN ACT** concerning affordable housing, amending and supplementing P.L.1985, c.222.

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4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 7 1. Section 7 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-307) is amended to 8 read as follows:
- 7. It shall be the duty of the council, seven months after the confirmation of the last member initially appointed to the council, or January 1, 1986, whichever is earlier, and from time to time thereafter, to:
- a. Determine housing regions of the State;
 - b. Estimate the present and prospective need for low and moderate income housing at the State and regional levels;
- 16 c. Adopt criteria and guidelines for:
- 17 (1) Municipal determination of its present and prospective fair 18 share of the housing need in a given region ¹which shall be computed 19 for a 10-year period¹. Municipal fair share shall be determined after 20 crediting on a one-to-one basis each current unit of low and moderate income housing of adequate standard, including any such housing 21 constructed or acquired as part of a housing program specifically 22 23 intended to provide housing for low and moderate income households. 24 Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a municipality shall be 25 entitled to a credit for a unit if it demonstrates that (a) the municipality 26 issued a certificate of occupancy for the unit, which was either newly constructed or rehabilitated between April 1, 1980 and December 15, 27 28 1986; (b) a construction code official certifies, based upon a visual 29 exterior survey, that the unit is in compliance with pertinent 30 construction code standards with respect to structural elements, 31 roofing, siding, doors and windows; (c) the household occupying the 32 unit certifies in writing, under penalty of perjury, that it receives no 33 greater income than that established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-304) to qualify for moderate income housing; and (d) 34 35 the unit for which credit is sought is affordable to low and moderate 36 income households under the standards established by the council at 37 the time of filing of the petition for substantive certification. It shall be sufficient if the certification required in subparagraph (c) is signed 38 39 by one member of the household. A certification submitted pursuant 40 to this paragraph shall be reviewable only by the council or its staff 41 and shall not be a public record;
- Nothing in P.L.1995, c.81 shall affect the validity of substantive

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Assembly AHO committee amendments adopted June 8, 2000.

- 1 certification granted by the council prior to November 21, 1994, or to
- 2 a judgment of compliance entered by any court of competent
- 3 jurisdiction prior to that date. Additionally, any municipality that
- 4 received substantive certification or a judgment of compliance prior to
- 5 November 21, 1994 and filed a motion prior to November 21, 1994 to
- 6 amend substantive certification or a judgment of compliance for the
- 7 purpose of obtaining credits, shall be entitled to a determination of its
- 8 right to credits pursuant to the standards established by the Legislature
- 9 prior to P.L.1995, c.81. Any municipality that filed a motion prior to
- 10 November 21, 1994 for the purpose of obtaining credits, which motion
- 11 was supported by the results of a completed survey performed
- 12 pursuant to council rules, shall be entitled to a determination of its
- right to credits pursuant to the standards established by the Legislature
- 14 prior to P.L.1995, c.81;

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- (2) Municipal adjustment of the present and prospective fair share based upon available vacant and developable land, infrastructure considerations or environmental or historic preservation factors and adjustments shall be made whenever:
- 19 (a) The preservation of historically or important architecture and 20 sites and their environs or environmentally sensitive lands may be 21 jeopardized,
 - (b) The established pattern of development in the community would be drastically altered,
 - (c) Adequate land for recreational, conservation or agricultural and farmland preservation purposes would not be provided,
 - (d) Adequate open space would not be provided,
 - (e) The pattern of development is contrary to the planning designations in the State Development and Redevelopment Plan prepared pursuant to sections 1 through 12 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.),
- 31 (f) Vacant and developable land is not available in the municipality, 32 and
- (g) Adequate public facilities and infrastructure capacities are not
 available, or would result in costs prohibitive to the public if provided;
 and
 - (3) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1993, c.31);
- d. Provide population and household projections for the State andhousing regions;
- e. In its discretion, place a limit, based on a percentage of existing
- 40 housing stock in a municipality and any other criteria including
- 41 employment opportunities which the council deems appropriate, upon
- 42 the aggregate number of units which may be allocated to a
- 43 municipality as its fair share of the region's present and prospective
- 44 need for low and moderate income housing. No municipality shall be
- 45 required to address a fair share beyond 1,000 units within [six] ten
- 46 years from the grant of substantive certification, unless it is

- 1 demonstrated, following objection by an interested party and an
- 2 evidentiary hearing, based upon the facts and circumstances of the
- 3 affected municipality that it is likely that the municipality through its
- 4 zoning powers could create a realistic opportunity for more than 1,000
- 5 low and moderate income units within that [six-year] ten-year period.
- For the purposes of this section, the facts and circumstances which 6
- 7 shall determine whether a municipality's fair share shall exceed 1,000
- 8 units, as provided above, shall be a finding that the municipality has
- 9 issued more than 5,000 certificates of occupancy for residential units
- 10 in the [six-year] ten-year period preceding the petition for substantive
- certification in connection with which the objection was filed. 11
- 12 For the purpose of crediting low and moderate income housing 13 units in order to arrive at a determination of present and prospective
- 14 fair share, as set forth in paragraph (1) of subsection c. of this section,
- 15 housing units comprised in a community residence for the
- developmentally disabled, as defined in section 2 of P.L.1977, c.448 16
- 17 (C.30:11B-2), shall be fully credited pursuant to rules promulgated or
- 18 to be promulgated by the council, to the extent that the units are
- 19 affordable to persons of low and moderate income and are available to
- 20 the general public.
- 21 In carrying out the above duties, including, but not limited to,
- 22 present and prospective need estimations the council shall give
- 23 appropriate weight to pertinent research studies, government reports,
- 24 decisions of other branches of government, implementation of the
- 25 State Development and Redevelopment Plan prepared pursuant to
- 26 sections 1 through 12 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.) and
- 27 public comment. To assist the council, the State Planning Commission
- 28 established under that act shall provide the council annually with
- 29 economic growth, development and decline projections for each
- 30 housing region for the next [six] ten years. The council shall develop
- 31 procedures for periodically adjusting regional need based upon the low
- 32 and moderate income housing that is provided in the region through
- 33 any federal, State, municipal or private housing program.
- 34 (cf: P.L.1995, c.344, s.1)

- 36 2. Section 10 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-310) is amended to 37 read as follows:
- 38 10. A municipality's housing element shall be designed to achieve
- 39 the goal of access to affordable housing to meet present and 40
- prospective housing needs, with particular attention to low and
- 41 moderate income housing, and shall contain at least:
- An inventory of the municipality's housing stock by age, 42
- 43 condition, purchase or rental value, occupancy characteristics, and
- 44 type, including the number of units affordable to low and moderate
- 45 income households and substandard housing capable of being
- rehabilitated, and in conducting this inventory the municipality shall 46

- 1 have access, on a confidential basis for the sole purpose of conducting
- 2 the inventory, to all necessary property tax assessment records and
- 3 information in the assessor's office, including but not limited to the
- 4 property record cards;
- b. A projection of the municipality's housing stock, including the
 probable future construction of low and moderate income housing, for
- 7 the next [six] ten years, taking into account, but not necessarily
- 8 limited to, construction permits issued, approvals of applications for
- 9 development and probable residential development of lands;
- 10 c. An analysis of the municipality's demographic characteristics, 11 including but not necessarily limited to, household size, income level 12 and age;
- d. An analysis of the existing and probable future employment characteristics of the municipality;
- e. A determination of the municipality's present and prospective fair share for low and moderate income housing and its capacity to accommodate its present and prospective housing needs, including its fair share for low and moderate income housing; and
- f. A consideration of the lands that are most appropriate for construction of low and moderate income housing and of the existing structures most appropriate for conversion to, or rehabilitation for, low and moderate income housing, including a consideration of lands of developers who have expressed a commitment to provide low and
- 25 (cf: P.L.1985, c.222, s.10)

moderate income housing.

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27 3. Section 11 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-311) is amended to 28 read as follows:

11. a. In adopting its housing element, the municipality may

- provide for its fair share of low and moderate income housing by means of any technique or combination of techniques which provide a realistic opportunity for the provision of the fair share. The housing element shall contain an analysis demonstrating that it will provide such a realistic opportunity, and the municipality shall establish that its land use and other relevant ordinances have been revised to incorporate the provisions for low and moderate income housing. In preparing the housing element, the municipality shall consider the following techniques for providing low and moderate income housing
- following techniques for providing low and moderate income housing within the municipality, as well as such other techniques as may be
- 40 published by the council or proposed by the municipality:
- 41 (1) Rezoning for densities necessary to assure the economic 42 viability of any inclusionary developments, either through mandatory 43 set-asides or density bonuses, as may be necessary to meet all or part 44 of the municipality's fair share;
- 45 (2) Determination of the total residential zoning necessary to 46 assure that the municipality's fair share is achieved;

- 1 (3) Determination of measures that the municipality will take to 2 assure that low and moderate income units remain affordable to low 3 and moderate income households for an appropriate period of not less 4 than six years;
- 5 (4) A plan for infrastructure expansion and rehabilitation if 6 necessary to assure the achievement of the municipality's fair share of 7 low and moderate income housing;
- 8 (5) Donation or use of municipally owned land or land condemned 9 by the municipality for purposes of providing low and moderate 10 income housing;
- 11 (6) Tax abatements for purposes of providing low and moderate income housing;
 - (7) Utilization of funds obtained from any State or federal subsidy toward the construction of low and moderate income housing; and
 - (8) Utilization of municipally generated funds toward the construction of low and moderate income housing.
- b. The municipality may provide for a phasing schedule for the achievement of its fair share of low and moderate income housing which is not inconsistent with section 23 of [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-323).
 - c. The municipality may propose that a portion of its fair share be met through a regional contribution agreement. The housing element shall demonstrate, however, the manner in which that portion will be provided within the municipality if the regional contribution agreement is not entered into. The municipality shall provide a statement of its reasons for the proposal.
- d. Nothing in [this act] <u>P.L.1985</u>, c.222 shall require a municipality to raise or expend municipal revenues in order to provide low and moderate income housing.
 - e. When a municipality's housing element includes the provision of rental housing units in a community residence for the developmentally disabled, as defined in section 2 of P.L.1977, c.448 (C.30:11B-2), which will be affordable to persons of low and moderate income, and for which adequate measures to retain such affordability pursuant to paragraph (3) of subsection a. of this section are included in the housing element, those housing units shall be fully credited as permitted under the rules of the council towards the fulfillment of the municipality's fair share of low and moderate income housing.
- f. It having been determined by the Legislature that the provision of housing under this act is a public purpose, a municipality or municipalities may utilize public monies to make donations, grants or loans of public funds for the rehabilitation of deficient housing units and the provision of new or substantially rehabilitated housing for low and moderate income persons, providing that any private advantage is incidental.
- 46 (cf: P.L.1998, c.89, c.1)

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4. Section 12 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-312) is amended to 2 read as follows:

3 12. a. A municipality may propose the transfer of up to 50% of its 4 fair share to another municipality within its housing region by means 5 of a contractual agreement into which two municipalities voluntarily 6 enter. A municipality may also propose a transfer by contracting with the agency or another governmental entity designated by the council 7 8 if the council determines that the municipality has exhausted all 9 possibilities within its housing region. A municipality proposing to 10 transfer to another municipality, whether directly or by means of a 11 contract with the agency or another governmental entity designated by 12 the council, shall provide the council with the housing element and 13 statement required under subsection c. of section 11 of P.L.1985, 14 c.222 (C.52:27D-311), and shall request the council to determine a 15 match with a municipality filing a statement of intent pursuant to subsection e. of this section. Except as provided in subsection b. of 16 17 this section, the agreement may be entered into upon obtaining substantive certification under section 14 of P.L.1985, c.222 18 19 (C.52:27D-314), or anytime thereafter. The regional contribution 20 agreement entered into shall specify how the housing shall be provided 21 by the second municipality, hereinafter the receiving municipality, and 22 the amount of contributions to be made by the first municipality, 23 hereinafter the sending municipality.

b. A municipality which is a defendant in an exclusionary zoning suit and which has not obtained substantive certification pursuant to [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 may request the court to be permitted to fulfill a portion of its fair share by entering into a regional contribution agreement. If the court believes the request to be reasonable, the court shall request the council to review the proposed agreement and to determine a match with a receiving municipality or municipalities pursuant to this section. The court may establish time limitations for the council's review, and shall retain jurisdiction over the matter during the period of council review. If the court determines that the agreement provides a realistic opportunity for the provision of low and moderate income housing within the housing region, it shall provide the sending municipality a credit against its fair share for housing to be provided through the agreement in the manner provided in this section.

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37 38 The agreement shall be entered into prior to the entry of a final 39 judgment in the litigation. In cases in which a final judgment was 40 entered prior to the date [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 takes effect and 41 in which an appeal is pending, a municipality may request 42 consideration of a regional contribution agreement; provided that it is 43 entered into within 120 days after [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 takes 44 effect. In a case in which a final judgment has been entered, the court 45 shall consider whether or not the agreement constitutes an expeditious means of providing part of the fair share. 46

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c. Regional contribution agreements shall be approved by the council, after review by the county planning board or agency of the county in which the receiving municipality is located. The council shall determine whether or not the agreement provides a realistic opportunity for the provision of low and moderate income housing within convenient access to employment opportunities. The council shall refer the agreement to the county planning board or agency which shall review whether or not the transfer agreement is in accordance with sound, comprehensive regional planning. In its review, the county planning board or agency shall consider the master plan and zoning ordinance of the sending and receiving municipalities, its own county master plan, and the State development and redevelopment plan. In the event that there is no county planning board or agency in the county in which the receiving municipality is located, the council shall also determine whether or not the agreement is in accordance with sound, comprehensive regional planning. After it has been determined that the agreement provides a realistic opportunity for low and moderate income housing within convenient access to employment opportunities, and that the agreement is consistent with sound, comprehensive regional planning, the council shall approve the regional contribution agreement by resolution. All determinations of a county planning board or agency shall be in writing and shall be made within such time limits as the council may prescribe, beyond which the council shall make those determinations and no fee shall be paid to the county planning board or agency pursuant to this subsection.

d. In approving a regional contribution agreement, the council shall set forth in its resolution a schedule of the contributions to be appropriated annually by the sending municipality. A copy of the adopted resolution shall be filed promptly with the Director of the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs, and the director shall thereafter not approve an annual budget of a sending municipality if it does not include appropriations necessary to meet the terms of the resolution. Amounts appropriated by a sending municipality for a regional contribution agreement pursuant to this section are exempt from the limitations or increases in final appropriations imposed under P.L.1976, c.68 (C.40A:4-45.1 et seq.).

e. The council shall maintain current lists of municipalities which have stated an intent to enter into regional contribution agreements as receiving municipalities, and shall establish procedures for filing statements of intent with the council. No receiving municipality shall be required to accept a greater number of low and moderate income units through an agreement than it has expressed a willingness to accept in its statement, but the number stated shall not be less than a reasonable minimum number of units, not to exceed 100, as established

- 1 by the council. The council shall require a project plan from a
- 2 receiving municipality prior to the entering into of the agreement, and
- 3 shall submit the project plan to the agency for its review as to the
- 4 feasibility of the plan prior to the council's approval of the agreement.
- 5 The agency may recommend and the council may approve as part of
- 6 the project plan a provision that the time limitations for contractual
- 7 guarantees or resale controls for low and moderate income units
- 8 included in the project shall be less than 30 years, if it is determined
- 9 that modification is necessary to assure the economic viability of the
- 10 project.

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- f. The council shall establish guidelines for the duration and amount of contributions in regional contribution agreements. In doing
- so, the council shall give substantial consideration to the average of:
 (1) the median amount required to rehabilitate a low and moderate
- income unit up to code enforcement standards; (2) the average internal
- subsidization required for a developer to provide a low income
- housing unit in an inclusionary development; (3) the average internal
- subsidization required for a developer to provide a moderate income
- housing unit in an inclusionary development. Contributions may be
- prorated in municipal appropriations occurring over a period not to
- 21 exceed [six] ten years and may include an amount agreed upon to
- compensate or partially compensate the receiving municipality for
- infrastructure or other costs generated to the receiving municipality by
- 24 the development. Appropriations shall be made and paid directly to
- 25 the receiving municipality or municipalities or to the agency or other
- 26 governmental entity designated by the council, as the case may be.
- g. The council shall require receiving municipalities to file annual
- 28 reports with the agency setting forth the progress in implementing a
- 29 project funded under a regional contribution agreement, and the
- agency shall provide the council with its evaluation of each report.
 The council shall take such actions as may be necessary to enforce a
- 32 regional contribution agreement with respect to the timely
- 33 implementation of the project by the receiving municipality.
- 34 (cf: P.L.1995, c.83, s.2)

- 5. Section 13 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-313) is amended toread as follows:
- 38 13. a. A municipality which has filed a housing element may, at
- 39 any time during a two-year period following the filing of the housing
- 40 element, petition the council for a [ten-year] substantive
- 41 certification of its element and ordinances or institute an action for
- 42 declaratory judgment granting it [six-year] ¹[ten-year] ¹ repose in the
- 43 Superior Court ¹, but in no event shall a grant of substantive
- 44 <u>certification extend beyond a 10-year period starting on the date the</u>
- 45 <u>municipality files its housing element with the council</u>¹. The
- 46 municipality shall publish notice of its petition in a newspaper of

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general circulation within the municipality and county and shall make available to the public information on the element and ordinances in accordance with such procedures as the council shall establish. The council shall also establish a procedure for providing public notice of each petition which it receives. b. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a, of this section.

b. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of this section, a municipality which filed a housing element prior to the effective date of [this 1990 amendatory act] P.L.1990, c.121, shall be permitted to petition for substantive certification at any time within two years following that filing, or within one year following the effective date of [this 1990 amendatory act] P.L.1990, c.121, whichever shall result in permitting the municipality the longer period of time within which to petition.

(cf: P.L.1990, c.121, s.1)

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6. The change in the calculation of a municipality's determination of present and prospective share of housing need as provided in P.L., c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall apply to the methodology employed by the council for the certification period beginning June 7, 2000 and thereafter.

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7. This act shall take effect immediately.

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] **ASSEMBLY, No. 2375**

with Assembly Floor Amendments (Proposed By Assemblyman KELLY)

ADOPTED: JULY 13, 2000

These amendments require the Council on Affordable Housing (COAH) to establish procedures for a realistic opportunity review at the midpoint of the certification period, and to provide notice to the public. This amendment is necessary due to the longer period of substantive certification, from six years to 10 years, provided under the bill.

[Second Reprint]

ASSEMBLY, No. 2375

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 8, 2000

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman JOHN V. KELLY
District 36 (Bergen, Essex and Passaic)
Assemblyman LEONARD LANCE
District 23 (Warren, Hunterdon and Mercer)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblyman Gibson

SYNOPSIS

Increases certification period governing COAH from six to ten years under "Fair Housing Act."

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As amended by the General Assembly on July 13, 2000.



1 **AN ACT** concerning affordable housing, amending and supplementing P.L.1985, c.222.

3

4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 7 1. Section 7 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-307) is amended to 8 read as follows:
- 7. It shall be the duty of the council, seven months after the confirmation of the last member initially appointed to the council, or January 1, 1986, whichever is earlier, and from time to time thereafter, to:
- a. Determine housing regions of the State;
 - b. Estimate the present and prospective need for low and moderate income housing at the State and regional levels;
- 16 c. Adopt criteria and guidelines for:
- 17 (1) Municipal determination of its present and prospective fair share of the housing need in a given region ¹which shall be computed 18 19 for a 10-year period¹. Municipal fair share shall be determined after 20 crediting on a one-to-one basis each current unit of low and moderate income housing of adequate standard, including any such housing 21 constructed or acquired as part of a housing program specifically 22 23 intended to provide housing for low and moderate income households. 24 Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a municipality shall be 25 entitled to a credit for a unit if it demonstrates that (a) the municipality 26 issued a certificate of occupancy for the unit, which was either newly 27 constructed or rehabilitated between April 1, 1980 and December 15, 28 1986; (b) a construction code official certifies, based upon a visual 29 exterior survey, that the unit is in compliance with pertinent 30 construction code standards with respect to structural elements, 31 roofing, siding, doors and windows; (c) the household occupying the 32 unit certifies in writing, under penalty of perjury, that it receives no 33 greater income than that established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-304) to qualify for moderate income housing; and (d) 34 35 the unit for which credit is sought is affordable to low and moderate 36 income households under the standards established by the council at 37 the time of filing of the petition for substantive certification. It shall be sufficient if the certification required in subparagraph (c) is signed 38 39 by one member of the household. A certification submitted pursuant 40 to this paragraph shall be reviewable only by the council or its staff

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

and shall not be a public record;

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Assembly AHO committee amendments adopted June 8, 2000.

² Assembly floor amendments adopted July 13, 2000.

- 1 Nothing in P.L.1995, c.81 shall affect the validity of substantive 2 certification granted by the council prior to November 21, 1994, or to 3 a judgment of compliance entered by any court of competent
- jurisdiction prior to that date. Additionally, any municipality that 4
- received substantive certification or a judgment of compliance prior to 5
- 6 November 21, 1994 and filed a motion prior to November 21, 1994 to
- 7 amend substantive certification or a judgment of compliance for the
- 8 purpose of obtaining credits, shall be entitled to a determination of its
- 9 right to credits pursuant to the standards established by the Legislature
- prior to P.L.1995, c.81. Any municipality that filed a motion prior to 10
- 11 November 21, 1994 for the purpose of obtaining credits, which motion
- 12 was supported by the results of a completed survey performed
- 13 pursuant to council rules, shall be entitled to a determination of its
- 14 right to credits pursuant to the standards established by the Legislature
- 15 prior to P.L.1995, c.81;

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- (2) Municipal adjustment of the present and prospective fair share based upon available vacant and developable land, infrastructure considerations or environmental or historic preservation factors and adjustments shall be made whenever:
- (a) The preservation of historically or important architecture and sites and their environs or environmentally sensitive lands may be jeopardized,
- (b) The established pattern of development in the community would be drastically altered,
- 25 (c) Adequate land for recreational, conservation or agricultural and 26 farmland preservation purposes would not be provided,
 - (d) Adequate open space would not be provided,
 - The pattern of development is contrary to the planning designations in the State Development and Redevelopment Plan prepared pursuant to sections 1 through 12 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.),
- 32 (f) Vacant and developable land is not available in the municipality, and 33
- 34 (g) Adequate public facilities and infrastructure capacities are not available, or would result in costs prohibitive to the public if provided; 35 36 and
- 37 (3) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1993, c.31);
- 38 d. Provide population and household projections for the State and 39 housing regions;
- e. In its discretion, place a limit, based on a percentage of existing housing stock in a municipality and any other criteria including employment opportunities which the council deems appropriate, upon 43 the aggregate number of units which may be allocated to a 44 municipality as its fair share of the region's present and prospective need for low and moderate income housing. No municipality shall be required to address a fair share beyond 1,000 units within [six] ten 46

years from the grant of substantive certification, unless it is 1 2 demonstrated, following objection by an interested party and an 3 evidentiary hearing, based upon the facts and circumstances of the 4 affected municipality that it is likely that the municipality through its 5 zoning powers could create a realistic opportunity for more than 1,000 low and moderate income units within that [six-year] ten-year period. 6 7 For the purposes of this section, the facts and circumstances which 8 shall determine whether a municipality's fair share shall exceed 1,000 9 units, as provided above, shall be a finding that the municipality has 10 issued more than 5,000 certificates of occupancy for residential units 11 in the [six-year] ten-year period preceding the petition for substantive

certification in connection with which the objection was filed.

For the purpose of crediting low and moderate income housing units in order to arrive at a determination of present and prospective fair share, as set forth in paragraph (1) of subsection c. of this section, housing units comprised in a community residence for the developmentally disabled, as defined in section 2 of P.L.1977, c.448 (C.30:11B-2), shall be fully credited pursuant to rules promulgated or to be promulgated by the council, to the extent that the units are affordable to persons of low and moderate income and are available to the general public.

In carrying out the above duties, including, but not limited to, present and prospective need estimations the council shall give appropriate weight to pertinent research studies, government reports, decisions of other branches of government, implementation of the State Development and Redevelopment Plan prepared pursuant to sections 1 through 12 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.) and public comment. To assist the council, the State Planning Commission established under that act shall provide the council annually with economic growth, development and decline projections for each housing region for the next [six] ten years. The council shall develop procedures for periodically adjusting regional need based upon the low and moderate income housing that is provided in the region through any federal, State, municipal or private housing program.

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(cf: P.L.1995, c.344, s.1)

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2. Section 10 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-310) is amended to read as follows:

- 10. A municipality's housing element shall be designed to achieve the goal of access to affordable housing to meet present and prospective housing needs, with particular attention to low and moderate income housing, and shall contain at least:
- a. An inventory of the municipality's housing stock by age, condition, purchase or rental value, occupancy characteristics, and 45 type, including the number of units affordable to low and moderate income households and substandard housing capable of being

- 1 rehabilitated, and in conducting this inventory the municipality shall
- 2 have access, on a confidential basis for the sole purpose of conducting
- 3 the inventory, to all necessary property tax assessment records and
- 4 information in the assessor's office, including but not limited to the
- 5 property record cards;
- b. A projection of the municipality's housing stock, including the
 probable future construction of low and moderate income housing, for
- 8 the next [six] ten years, taking into account, but not necessarily
- 9 limited to, construction permits issued, approvals of applications for
- 10 development and probable residential development of lands;
- 11 c. An analysis of the municipality's demographic characteristics,
- 12 including but not necessarily limited to, household size, income level
- 13 and age;
- d. An analysis of the existing and probable future employment
- 15 characteristics of the municipality;
- 16 e. A determination of the municipality's present and prospective
- 17 fair share for low and moderate income housing and its capacity to
- 18 accommodate its present and prospective housing needs, including its
- 19 fair share for low and moderate income housing; and
- f. A consideration of the lands that are most appropriate for
- 21 construction of low and moderate income housing and of the existing
- 22 structures most appropriate for conversion to, or rehabilitation for,
- 23 low and moderate income housing, including a consideration of lands
- 24 of developers who have expressed a commitment to provide low and
- 25 moderate income housing.
- 26 (cf: P.L.1985, c.222, s.10)
- 27
- 28 3. Section 11 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-311) is amended to 29 read as follows:
- 30 11. a. In adopting its housing element, the municipality may
- 31 provide for its fair share of low and moderate income housing by
- 32 means of any technique or combination of techniques which provide
- a realistic opportunity for the provision of the fair share. The housing
- 34 element shall contain an analysis demonstrating that it will provide
- 35 such a realistic opportunity, and the municipality shall establish that its
- 36 land use and other relevant ordinances have been revised to
- 37 incorporate the provisions for low and moderate income housing. In
- 38 preparing the housing element, the municipality shall consider the
- 39 following techniques for providing low and moderate income housing
- 40 within the municipality, as well as such other techniques as may be
- 41 published by the council or proposed by the municipality:
- 42 (1) Rezoning for densities necessary to assure the economic
- 43 viability of any inclusionary developments, either through mandatory
- set-asides or density bonuses, as may be necessary to meet all or part
- 45 of the municipality's fair share;
- 46 (2) Determination of the total residential zoning necessary to

- 1 assure that the municipality's fair share is achieved;
- 2 (3) Determination of measures that the municipality will take to 3 assure that low and moderate income units remain affordable to low 4 and moderate income households for an appropriate period of not less 5 than six years;
- 6 (4) A plan for infrastructure expansion and rehabilitation if 7 necessary to assure the achievement of the municipality's fair share of 8 low and moderate income housing;
- 9 (5) Donation or use of municipally owned land or land condemned 10 by the municipality for purposes of providing low and moderate 11 income housing;
- 12 (6) Tax abatements for purposes of providing low and moderate income housing;
- 14 (7) Utilization of funds obtained from any State or federal subsidy 15 toward the construction of low and moderate income housing; and
- 16 (8) Utilization of municipally generated funds toward the construction of low and moderate income housing.
- b. The municipality may provide for a phasing schedule for the achievement of its fair share of low and moderate income housing which is not inconsistent with section 23 of [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-323).
- c. The municipality may propose that a portion of its fair share be met through a regional contribution agreement. The housing element shall demonstrate, however, the manner in which that portion will be provided within the municipality if the regional contribution agreement is not entered into. The municipality shall provide a statement of its reasons for the proposal.
- d. Nothing in [this act] <u>P.L.1985</u>, c.222 shall require a municipality to raise or expend municipal revenues in order to provide low and moderate income housing.
- 31 e. When a municipality's housing element includes the provision of 32 rental housing units in a community residence for the developmentally 33 disabled, as defined in section 2 of P.L.1977, c.448 (C.30:11B-2), 34 which will be affordable to persons of low and moderate income, and 35 for which adequate measures to retain such affordability pursuant to paragraph (3) of subsection a. of this section are included in the 36 37 housing element, those housing units shall be fully credited as 38 permitted under the rules of the council towards the fulfillment of the 39 municipality's fair share of low and moderate income housing.
- f. It having been determined by the Legislature that the provision of housing under this act is a public purpose, a municipality or municipalities may utilize public monies to make donations, grants or loans of public funds for the rehabilitation of deficient housing units and the provision of new or substantially rehabilitated housing for low and moderate income persons, providing that any private advantage is incidental.
- 47 (cf: P.L.1998, c.89, c.1)

4. Section 12 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-312) is amended to 2 read as follows:

3 12. a. A municipality may propose the transfer of up to 50% of its 4 fair share to another municipality within its housing region by means 5 of a contractual agreement into which two municipalities voluntarily 6 enter. A municipality may also propose a transfer by contracting with the agency or another governmental entity designated by the council 7 8 if the council determines that the municipality has exhausted all 9 possibilities within its housing region. A municipality proposing to 10 transfer to another municipality, whether directly or by means of a 11 contract with the agency or another governmental entity designated by 12 the council, shall provide the council with the housing element and 13 statement required under subsection c. of section 11 of P.L.1985, 14 c.222 (C.52:27D-311), and shall request the council to determine a 15 match with a municipality filing a statement of intent pursuant to subsection e. of this section. Except as provided in subsection b. of 16 17 this section, the agreement may be entered into upon obtaining substantive certification under section 14 of P.L.1985, c.222 18 19 (C.52:27D-314), or anytime thereafter. The regional contribution 20 agreement entered into shall specify how the housing shall be provided 21 by the second municipality, hereinafter the receiving municipality, and 22 the amount of contributions to be made by the first municipality, 23 hereinafter the sending municipality.

b. A municipality which is a defendant in an exclusionary zoning suit and which has not obtained substantive certification pursuant to [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 may request the court to be permitted to fulfill a portion of its fair share by entering into a regional contribution agreement. If the court believes the request to be reasonable, the court shall request the council to review the proposed agreement and to determine a match with a receiving municipality or municipalities pursuant to this section. The court may establish time limitations for the council's review, and shall retain jurisdiction over the matter during the period of council review. If the court determines that the agreement provides a realistic opportunity for the provision of low and moderate income housing within the housing region, it shall provide the sending municipality a credit against its fair share for housing to be provided through the agreement in the manner provided in this section.

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37 38 The agreement shall be entered into prior to the entry of a final 39 judgment in the litigation. In cases in which a final judgment was 40 entered prior to the date [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 takes effect and 41 in which an appeal is pending, a municipality may request 42 consideration of a regional contribution agreement; provided that it is 43 entered into within 120 days after [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 takes 44 effect. In a case in which a final judgment has been entered, the court 45 shall consider whether or not the agreement constitutes an expeditious means of providing part of the fair share. 46

c. Regional contribution agreements shall be approved by the council, after review by the county planning board or agency of the county in which the receiving municipality is located. The council shall determine whether or not the agreement provides a realistic opportunity for the provision of low and moderate income housing within convenient access to employment opportunities. The council shall refer the agreement to the county planning board or agency which shall review whether or not the transfer agreement is in accordance with sound, comprehensive regional planning. In its review, the county planning board or agency shall consider the master plan and zoning ordinance of the sending and receiving municipalities, its own county master plan, and the State development and redevelopment plan. In the event that there is no county planning board or agency in the county in which the receiving municipality is located, the council shall also determine whether or not the agreement is in accordance with sound, comprehensive regional planning. After it has been determined that the agreement provides a realistic opportunity for low and moderate income housing within convenient access to employment opportunities, and that the agreement is consistent with sound, comprehensive regional planning, the council shall approve the regional contribution agreement by resolution. All determinations of a county planning board or agency shall be in writing and shall be made within such time limits as the council may prescribe, beyond which the council shall make those determinations and no fee shall be paid to the county planning board or agency pursuant to this subsection.

d. In approving a regional contribution agreement, the council shall set forth in its resolution a schedule of the contributions to be appropriated annually by the sending municipality. A copy of the adopted resolution shall be filed promptly with the Director of the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs, and the director shall thereafter not approve an annual budget of a sending municipality if it does not include appropriations necessary to meet the terms of the resolution. Amounts appropriated by a sending municipality for a regional contribution agreement pursuant to this section are exempt from the limitations or increases in final appropriations imposed under P.L.1976, c.68 (C.40A:4-45.1 et seq.).

e. The council shall maintain current lists of municipalities which have stated an intent to enter into regional contribution agreements as receiving municipalities, and shall establish procedures for filing statements of intent with the council. No receiving municipality shall be required to accept a greater number of low and moderate income units through an agreement than it has expressed a willingness to accept in its statement, but the number stated shall not be less than a reasonable minimum number of units, not to exceed 100, as established

1 by the council. The council shall require a project plan from a

- 2 receiving municipality prior to the entering into of the agreement, and
- 3 shall submit the project plan to the agency for its review as to the
- 4 feasibility of the plan prior to the council's approval of the agreement.
- 5 The agency may recommend and the council may approve as part of
- 6 the project plan a provision that the time limitations for contractual
- 7 guarantees or resale controls for low and moderate income units
- 8 included in the project shall be less than 30 years, if it is determined
- 9 that modification is necessary to assure the economic viability of the
- 10 project.

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- f. The council shall establish guidelines for the duration and amount of contributions in regional contribution agreements. In doing so, the council shall give substantial consideration to the average of:

 (1) the median amount required to rehabilitate a low and moderate income unit up to code enforcement standards; (2) the average internal subsidization required for a developer to provide a low income housing unit in an inclusionary development; (3) the average internal subsidization required for a developer to provide a moderate income housing unit in an inclusionary development. Contributions may be prorated in municipal appropriations occurring over a period not to exceed [six] ten years and may include an amount agreed upon to compensate or partially compensate the receiving municipality for infrastructure or other costs generated to the receiving municipality by the development. Appropriations shall be made and paid directly to
- g. The council shall require receiving municipalities to file annual reports with the agency setting forth the progress in implementing a project funded under a regional contribution agreement, and the agency shall provide the council with its evaluation of each report. The council shall take such actions as may be necessary to enforce a regional contribution agreement with respect to the timely implementation of the project by the receiving municipality.

the receiving municipality or municipalities or to the agency or other governmental entity designated by the council, as the case may be.

34 (cf: P.L.1995, c.83, s.2)

- 36 5. Section 13 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-313) is amended to read as follows:
- 13. a. A municipality which has filed a housing element may, at 38 any time during a two-year period following the filing of the housing 39 element, petition the council for a ¹[ten-year]¹ substantive 40 certification of its element and ordinances or institute an action for 41 42 declaratory judgment granting it [six-year] ¹[ten-year] ¹ repose in the 43 Superior Court¹, but in no event shall a grant of substantive certification extend beyond a 10-year period starting on the date the 44 45 municipality files its housing element with the council¹. The 46 municipality shall publish notice of its petition in a newspaper of

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general circulation within the municipality and county and shall make available to the public information on the element and ordinances in accordance with such procedures as the council shall establish. The council shall also establish a procedure for providing public notice of each petition which it receives.

6 b. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of this section, 7 a municipality which filed a housing element prior to the effective date 8 of [this 1990 amendatory act] P.L.1990, c.121, shall be permitted to 9 petition for substantive certification at any time within two years 10 following that filing, or within one year following the effective date of 11 [this 1990 amendatory act] P.L.1990, c.121, whichever shall result in 12 permitting the municipality the longer period of time within which to petition. 13

²The Council shall establish procedures for a realistic opportunity review at the midpoint of the certification period and shall provide for notice to the public.²

17 (cf: P.L.1990, c.121, s.1)

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6. The change in the calculation of a municipality's determination of present and prospective share of housing need as provided in P.L. , c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall apply to the methodology employed by the council for the certification period beginning June 7, 2000 and thereafter.

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7. This act shall take effect immediately.

P.L. 2001, CHAPTER 435, approved January 10, 2002 Senate, No. 1319 (First Reprint)

1 AN ACT concerning affordable housing, amending and supplementing 2 P.L.1985, c.222.

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4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey:

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- 7 1. Section 7 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-307) is amended to 8 read as follows:
- 9 7. It shall be the duty of the council, seven months after the 10 confirmation of the last member initially appointed to the council, or January 1, 1986, whichever is earlier, and from time to time thereafter, 11 12 to:
 - a. Determine housing regions of the State;
- 14 Estimate the present and prospective need for low and 15 moderate income housing at the State and regional levels;
 - c. Adopt criteria and guidelines for:
- 16 (1) Municipal determination of its present and prospective fair 17 18 share of the housing need in a given region ¹which shall be computed for a 10-year period¹. Municipal fair share shall be determined after 19 crediting on a one-to-one basis each current unit of low and moderate 20 21 income housing of adequate standard, including any such housing 22 constructed or acquired as part of a housing program specifically 23 intended to provide housing for low and moderate income households. 24 Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a municipality shall be entitled to a credit for a unit if it demonstrates that (a) the municipality 25 26 issued a certificate of occupancy for the unit, which was either newly 27 constructed or rehabilitated between April 1, 1980 and December 15, 28 1986; (b) a construction code official certifies, based upon a visual 29 exterior survey, that the unit is in compliance with pertinent 30 construction code standards with respect to structural elements, roofing, siding, doors and windows; (c) the household occupying the 31 32 unit certifies in writing, under penalty of perjury, that it receives no 33 greater income than that established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1985, 34 c.222 (C.52:27D-304) to qualify for moderate income housing; and (d) the unit for which credit is sought is affordable to low and moderate 35 income households under the standards established by the council at 36 37 the time of filing of the petition for substantive certification. It shall 38 be sufficient if the certification required in subparagraph (c) is signed 39 by one member of the household. A certification submitted pursuant

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

to this paragraph shall be reviewable only by the council or its staff

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Senate SCU committee amendments adopted September 14, 2000.

1 and shall not be a public record;

prior to P.L.1995, c.81;

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Nothing in P.L.1995, c.81 shall affect the validity of substantive 2 3 certification granted by the council prior to November 21, 1994, or to 4 a judgment of compliance entered by any court of competent 5 jurisdiction prior to that date. Additionally, any municipality that received substantive certification or a judgment of compliance prior to 6 7 November 21, 1994 and filed a motion prior to November 21, 1994 to amend substantive certification or a judgment of compliance for the 8 9 purpose of obtaining credits, shall be entitled to a determination of its 10 right to credits pursuant to the standards established by the Legislature prior to P.L.1995, c.81. Any municipality that filed a motion prior to 11 November 21, 1994 for the purpose of obtaining credits, which motion 12 13 was supported by the results of a completed survey performed 14 pursuant to council rules, shall be entitled to a determination of its 15 right to credits pursuant to the standards established by the Legislature

- (2) Municipal adjustment of the present and prospective fair share based upon available vacant and developable land, infrastructure considerations or environmental or historic preservation factors and adjustments shall be made whenever:
- 21 (a) The preservation of historically or important architecture and 22 sites and their environs or environmentally sensitive lands may be 23 jeopardized,
- 24 (b) The established pattern of development in the community would be drastically altered,
 - (c) Adequate land for recreational, conservation or agricultural and farmland preservation purposes would not be provided,
 - (d) Adequate open space would not be provided,
- 29 (e) The pattern of development is contrary to the planning 30 designations in the State Development and Redevelopment Plan 31 prepared pursuant to sections 1 through 12 of P.L.1985, c.398 32 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.),
- 33 (f) Vacant and developable land is not available in the 34 municipality, and
- 35 (g) Adequate public facilities and infrastructure capacities are not 36 available, or would result in costs prohibitive to the public if provided; 37 and
- 38 (3) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1993, c.31);
- d. Provide population and household projections for the State and housing regions;
- e. In its discretion, place a limit, based on a percentage of existing housing stock in a municipality and any other criteria including employment opportunities which the council deems appropriate, upon the aggregate number of units which may be allocated to a municipality as its fair share of the region's present and prospective need for low and moderate income housing. No municipality shall be

required to address a fair share beyond 1,000 units within [six] ten years from the grant of substantive certification, unless it is demonstrated, following objection by an interested party and an evidentiary hearing, based upon the facts and circumstances of the affected municipality that it is likely that the municipality through its zoning powers could create a realistic opportunity for more than 1,000 low and moderate income units within that [six-year] ten-year period. For the purposes of this section, the facts and circumstances which shall determine whether a municipality's fair share shall exceed 1,000 units, as provided above, shall be a finding that the municipality has issued more than 5,000 certificates of occupancy for residential units in the [six-year] ten-year period preceding the petition for substantive certification in connection with which the objection was filed.

For the purpose of crediting low and moderate income housing units in order to arrive at a determination of present and prospective fair share, as set forth in paragraph (1) of subsection c. of this section, housing units comprised in a community residence for the developmentally disabled, as defined in section 2 of P.L.1977, c.448 (C.30:11B-2), shall be fully credited pursuant to rules promulgated or to be promulgated by the council, to the extent that the units are affordable to persons of low and moderate income and are available to the general public.

In carrying out the above duties, including, but not limited to, present and prospective need estimations the council shall give appropriate weight to pertinent research studies, government reports, decisions of other branches of government, implementation of the State Development and Redevelopment Plan prepared pursuant to sections 1 through 12 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.) and public comment. To assist the council, the State Planning Commission established under that act shall provide the council annually with economic growth, development and decline projections for each housing region for the next [six] ten years. The council shall develop procedures for periodically adjusting regional need based upon the low and moderate income housing that is provided in the region through any federal, State, municipal or private housing program.

(cf: P.L.1995, c.344, s.1)

2. Section 10 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-310) is amended to read as follows:

- 10. A municipality's housing element shall be designed to achieve the goal of access to affordable housing to meet present and prospective housing needs, with particular attention to low and moderate income housing, and shall contain at least:
- a. An inventory of the municipality's housing stock by age, condition, purchase or rental value, occupancy characteristics, and type, including the number of units affordable to low and moderate

- 1 income households and substandard housing capable of being
- 2 rehabilitated, and in conducting this inventory the municipality shall
- 3 have access, on a confidential basis for the sole purpose of conducting
- 4 the inventory, to all necessary property tax assessment records and
- 5 information in the assessor's office, including but not limited to the
- 6 property record cards;
- b. A projection of the municipality's housing stock, including the probable future construction of low and moderate income housing, for
- 9 the next [six] ten years, taking into account, but not necessarily
- limited to, construction permits issued, approvals of applications for development and probable residential development of lands;
- 12 c. An analysis of the municipality's demographic characteristics, 13 including but not necessarily limited to, household size, income level 14 and age;
- d. An analysis of the existing and probable future employment characteristics of the municipality;
- e. A determination of the municipality's present and prospective fair share for low and moderate income housing and its capacity to accommodate its present and prospective housing needs, including its fair share for low and moderate income housing; and
 - f. A consideration of the lands that are most appropriate for construction of low and moderate income housing and of the existing structures most appropriate for conversion to, or rehabilitation for, low and moderate income housing, including a consideration of lands of developers who have expressed a commitment to provide low and moderate income housing.
- 27 (cf: P.L.1985, c.222, s.10)

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- 29 3. Section 11 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-311) is amended to 30 read as follows:
 - 11. a. In adopting its housing element, the municipality may provide for its fair share of low and moderate income housing by means of any technique or combination of techniques which provide a realistic opportunity for the provision of the fair share. The housing element shall contain an analysis demonstrating that it will provide such a realistic opportunity, and the municipality shall establish that its land use and other relevant ordinances have been revised to incorporate the provisions for low and moderate income housing. In preparing the housing element, the municipality shall consider the following techniques for providing low and moderate income housing within the municipality, as well as such other techniques as may be
 - (1) Rezoning for densities necessary to assure the economic viability of any inclusionary developments, either through mandatory set-asides or density bonuses, as may be necessary to meet all or part of the municipality's fair share;

published by the council or proposed by the municipality:

1 (2) Determination of the total residential zoning necessary to 2 assure that the municipality's fair share is achieved;

- (3) Determination of measures that the municipality will take to assure that low and moderate income units remain affordable to low and moderate income households for an appropriate period of not less than six years;
- 7 (4) A plan for infrastructure expansion and rehabilitation if 8 necessary to assure the achievement of the municipality's fair share of 9 low and moderate income housing;
 - (5) Donation or use of municipally owned land or land condemned by the municipality for purposes of providing low and moderate income housing;
 - (6) Tax abatements for purposes of providing low and moderate income housing;
 - (7) Utilization of funds obtained from any State or federal subsidy toward the construction of low and moderate income housing; and
 - (8) Utilization of municipally generated funds toward the construction of low and moderate income housing.
 - b. The municipality may provide for a phasing schedule for the achievement of its fair share of low and moderate income housing which is not inconsistent with section 23 of [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-323).
 - c. The municipality may propose that a portion of its fair share be met through a regional contribution agreement. The housing element shall demonstrate, however, the manner in which that portion will be provided within the municipality if the regional contribution agreement is not entered into. The municipality shall provide a statement of its reasons for the proposal.
 - d. Nothing in [this act] <u>P.L.1985</u>, <u>c.222</u> shall require a municipality to raise or expend municipal revenues in order to provide low and moderate income housing.
 - e. When a municipality's housing element includes the provision of rental housing units in a community residence for the developmentally disabled, as defined in section 2 of P.L.1977, c.448 (C.30:11B-2), which will be affordable to persons of low and moderate income, and for which adequate measures to retain such affordability pursuant to paragraph (3) of subsection a. of this section are included in the housing element, those housing units shall be fully credited as permitted under the rules of the council towards the fulfillment of the municipality's fair share of low and moderate income housing.
- f. It having been determined by the Legislature that the provision of housing under this act is a public purpose, a municipality or municipalities may utilize public monies to make donations, grants or loans of public funds for the rehabilitation of deficient housing units and the provision of new or substantially rehabilitated housing for low and moderate income persons, providing that any private advantage is

incidental.
 (cf: P.L.1998, c.89, s.1)

- 4. Section 12 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-312) is amended to read as follows:
- 12. a. A municipality may propose the transfer of up to 50% of its fair share to another municipality within its housing region by means of a contractual agreement into which two municipalities voluntarily enter. A municipality may also propose a transfer by contracting with the agency or another governmental entity designated by the council if the council determines that the municipality has exhausted all possibilities within its housing region. A municipality proposing to transfer to another municipality, whether directly or by means of a contract with the agency or another governmental entity designated by the council, shall provide the council with the housing element and statement required under subsection c. of section 11 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-311), and shall request the council to determine a match with a municipality filing a statement of intent pursuant to subsection e. of this section. Except as provided in subsection b. of this section, the agreement may be entered into upon obtaining substantive certification under section 14 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-314), or anytime thereafter. The regional contribution agreement entered into shall specify how the housing shall be provided by the second municipality, hereinafter the receiving municipality, and the amount of contributions to be made by the first municipality, hereinafter the sending municipality.
 - b. A municipality which is a defendant in an exclusionary zoning suit and which has not obtained substantive certification pursuant to [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 may request the court to be permitted to fulfill a portion of its fair share by entering into a regional contribution agreement. If the court believes the request to be reasonable, the court shall request the council to review the proposed agreement and to determine a match with a receiving municipality or municipalities pursuant to this section. The court may establish time limitations for the council's review, and shall retain jurisdiction over the matter during the period of council review. If the court determines that the agreement provides a realistic opportunity for the provision of low and moderate income housing within the housing region, it shall provide the sending municipality a credit against its fair share for housing to be provided through the agreement in the manner provided in this section.

The agreement shall be entered into prior to the entry of a final judgment in the litigation. In cases in which a final judgment was entered prior to the date [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 takes effect and in which an appeal is pending, a municipality may request consideration of a regional contribution agreement; provided that it is entered into within 120 days after [this act] P.L.1985, c.222 takes

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effect. In a case in which a final judgment has been entered, the court shall consider whether or not the agreement constitutes an expeditious means of providing part of the fair share.

4 c. Regional contribution agreements shall be approved by the 5 council, after review by the county planning board or agency of the county in which the receiving municipality is located. The council 6 7 shall determine whether or not the agreement provides a realistic 8 opportunity for the provision of low and moderate income housing 9 within convenient access to employment opportunities. The council 10 shall refer the agreement to the county planning board or agency which 11 shall review whether or not the transfer agreement is in accordance 12 with sound, comprehensive regional planning. In its review, the 13 county planning board or agency shall consider the master plan and 14 zoning ordinance of the sending and receiving municipalities, its own 15 county master plan, and the State development and redevelopment plan. In the event that there is no county planning board or agency in 16 17 the county in which the receiving municipality is located, the council 18 shall also determine whether or not the agreement is in accordance 19 with sound, comprehensive regional planning. After it has been 20 determined that the agreement provides a realistic opportunity for low 21 and moderate income housing within convenient access to employment 22 opportunities, and that the agreement is consistent with sound, 23 comprehensive regional planning, the council shall approve the 24 regional contribution agreement by resolution. All determinations of 25 a county planning board or agency shall be in writing and shall be 26 made within such time limits as the council may prescribe, beyond 27 which the council shall make those determinations and no fee shall be 28 paid to the county planning board or agency pursuant to this 29 subsection.

d. In approving a regional contribution agreement, the council shall set forth in its resolution a schedule of the contributions to be appropriated annually by the sending municipality. A copy of the adopted resolution shall be filed promptly with the Director of the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs, and the director shall thereafter not approve an annual budget of a sending municipality if it does not include appropriations necessary to meet the terms of the resolution. Amounts appropriated by a sending municipality for a regional contribution agreement pursuant to this section are exempt from the limitations or increases in final appropriations imposed under P.L.1976, c.68 (C.40A:4-45.1 et seq.).

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e. The council shall maintain current lists of municipalities which have stated an intent to enter into regional contribution agreements as receiving municipalities, and shall establish procedures for filing statements of intent with the council. No receiving municipality shall be required to accept a greater number of low and moderate income

1 units through an agreement than it has expressed a willingness to 2 accept in its statement, but the number stated shall not be less than a 3 reasonable minimum number of units, not to exceed 100, as established 4 by the council. The council shall require a project plan from a 5 receiving municipality prior to the entering into of the agreement, and shall submit the project plan to the agency for its review as to the 6 7 feasibility of the plan prior to the council's approval of the agreement. 8 The agency may recommend and the council may approve as part of 9 the project plan a provision that the time limitations for contractual 10 guarantees or resale controls for low and moderate income units 11 included in the project shall be less than 30 years, if it is determined that modification is necessary to assure the economic viability of the 12 13 project.

- f. The council shall establish guidelines for the duration and amount of contributions in regional contribution agreements. In doing so, the council shall give substantial consideration to the average of: (1) the median amount required to rehabilitate a low and moderate income unit up to code enforcement standards; (2) the average internal subsidization required for a developer to provide a low income housing unit in an inclusionary development; (3) the average internal subsidization required for a developer to provide a moderate income housing unit in an inclusionary development. Contributions may be prorated in municipal appropriations occurring over a period not to exceed [six] ten years and may include an amount agreed upon to compensate or partially compensate the receiving municipality for infrastructure or other costs generated to the receiving municipality by the development. Appropriations shall be made and paid directly to the receiving municipality or municipalities or to the agency or other governmental entity designated by the council, as the case may be.
- g. The council shall require receiving municipalities to file annual reports with the agency setting forth the progress in implementing a project funded under a regional contribution agreement, and the agency shall provide the council with its evaluation of each report. The council shall take such actions as may be necessary to enforce a regional contribution agreement with respect to the timely implementation of the project by the receiving municipality.

37 (cf: P.L.1995, c.83, s.2)

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- 39 5. Section 13 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-313) is amended to 40 read as follows:
- 13. a. A municipality which has filed a housing element may, at any time during a two-year period following the filing of the housing element, petition the council for a ¹[ten-year]¹ substantive certification of its element and ordinances or institute an action for declaratory judgment granting it [six-year] ¹[ten-year] ¹ repose in the Superior Court ¹, but in no event shall a grant of substantive

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certification extend beyond a 10-year period starting on the date the municipality files its housing element with the council¹. municipality shall publish notice of its petition in a newspaper of general circulation within the municipality and county and shall make available to the public information on the element and ordinances in accordance with such procedures as the council shall establish. The council shall also establish a procedure for providing public notice of each petition which it receives.

b. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of this section, a municipality which filed a housing element prior to the effective date of [this 1990 amendatory act] P.L.1990, c.121, shall be permitted to petition for substantive certification at any time within two years following that filing, or within one year following the effective date of [this 1990 amendatory act] P.L.1990, c.121, whichever shall result in permitting the municipality the longer period of time within which to petition.

¹The Council shall establish procedures for a realistic opportunity review at the midpoint of the certification period and shall provide for notice to the public.¹

(cf: P.L.1990, c.121, s.1)

6. The change in the calculation of a municipality's determination of present and prospective share of housing need as provided in P.L., c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall apply to the methodology employed by the council for the certification period beginning June 7, 2000 and thereafter.

7. This act shall take effect immediately.

Increases certification period governing COAH from six to ten yearsunder "Fair Housing Act."

CHAPTER 435

AN ACT concerning affordable housing, amending and supplementing P.L.1985, c.222.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. Section 7 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-307) is amended to read as follows:

C.52:27D-307 Duties of council.

- 7. It shall be the duty of the council, seven months after the confirmation of the last member initially appointed to the council, or January 1, 1986, whichever is earlier, and from time to time thereafter, to:
 - a. Determine housing regions of the State;
- b. Estimate the present and prospective need for low and moderate income housing at the State and regional levels;
 - c. Adopt criteria and guidelines for:
- (1) Municipal determination of its present and prospective fair share of the housing need in a given region which shall be computed for a 10-year period. Municipal fair share shall be determined after crediting on a one-to-one basis each current unit of low and moderate income housing of adequate standard, including any such housing constructed or acquired as part of a housing program specifically intended to provide housing for low and moderate income households. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a municipality shall be entitled to a credit for a unit if it demonstrates that (a) the municipality issued a certificate of occupancy for the unit, which was either newly constructed or rehabilitated between April 1, 1980 and December 15, 1986; (b) a construction code official certifies, based upon a visual exterior survey, that the unit is in compliance with pertinent construction code standards with respect to structural elements, roofing, siding, doors and windows; (c) the household occupying the unit certifies in writing, under penalty of perjury, that it receives no greater income than that established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-304) to qualify for moderate income housing; and (d) the unit for which credit is sought is affordable to low and moderate income households under the standards established by the council at the time of filing of the petition for substantive certification. It shall be sufficient if the certification required in subparagraph (c) is signed by one member of the household. A certification submitted pursuant to this paragraph shall be reviewable only by the council or its staff and shall not be a public

Nothing in P.L.1995, c.81 shall affect the validity of substantive certification granted by the council prior to November 21, 1994, or to a judgment of compliance entered by any court of competent jurisdiction prior to that date. Additionally, any municipality that received substantive certification or a judgment of compliance prior to November 21, 1994 and filed a motion prior to November 21, 1994 to amend substantive certification or a judgment of compliance for the purpose of obtaining credits, shall be entitled to a determination of its right to credits pursuant to the standards established by the Legislature prior to P.L.1995, c.81. Any municipality that filed a motion prior to November 21, 1994 for the purpose of obtaining credits, which motion was supported by the results of a completed survey performed pursuant to council rules, shall be entitled to a determination of its right to credits pursuant to the standards established by the Legislature prior to P.L.1995, c.81;

- (2) Municipal adjustment of the present and prospective fair share based upon available vacant and developable land, infrastructure considerations or environmental or historic preservation factors and adjustments shall be made whenever:
- (a) The preservation of historically or important architecture and sites and their environs or environmentally sensitive lands may be jeopardized,
 - (b) The established pattern of development in the community would be drastically altered,
- (c) Adequate land for recreational, conservation or agricultural and farmland preservation purposes would not be provided,
 - (d) Adequate open space would not be provided,
- (e) The pattern of development is contrary to the planning designations in the State Development and Redevelopment Plan prepared pursuant to sections 1 through 12 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.),
 - (f) Vacant and developable land is not available in the municipality, and

- (g) Adequate public facilities and infrastructure capacities are not available, or would result in costs prohibitive to the public if provided; and
 - (3) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1993, c.31).
 - d. Provide population and household projections for the State and housing regions;
- e. In its discretion, place a limit, based on a percentage of existing housing stock in a municipality and any other criteria including employment opportunities which the council deems appropriate, upon the aggregate number of units which may be allocated to a municipality as its fair share of the region's present and prospective need for low and moderate income housing. No municipality shall be required to address a fair share beyond 1,000 units within ten years from the grant of substantive certification, unless it is demonstrated, following objection by an interested party and an evidentiary hearing, based upon the facts and circumstances of the affected municipality that it is likely that the municipality through its zoning powers could create a realistic opportunity for more than 1,000 low and moderate income units within that ten-year period. For the purposes of this section, the facts and circumstances which shall determine whether a municipality's fair share shall exceed 1,000 units, as provided above, shall be a finding that the municipality has issued more than 5,000 certificates of occupancy for residential units in the ten-year period preceding the petition for substantive certification in connection with which the objection was filed.

For the purpose of crediting low and moderate income housing units in order to arrive at a determination of present and prospective fair share, as set forth in paragraph (1) of subsection c. of this section, housing units comprised in a community residence for the developmentally disabled, as defined in section 2 of P.L.1977, c.448 (C.30:11B-2), shall be fully credited pursuant to rules promulgated or to be promulgated by the council, to the extent that the units are affordable to persons of low and moderate income and are available to the general public.

In carrying out the above duties, including, but not limited to, present and prospective need estimations the council shall give appropriate weight to pertinent research studies, government reports, decisions of other branches of government, implementation of the State Development and Redevelopment Plan prepared pursuant to sections 1 through 12 of P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.) and public comment. To assist the council, the State Planning Commission established under that act shall provide the council annually with economic growth, development and decline projections for each housing region for the next ten years. The council shall develop procedures for periodically adjusting regional need based upon the low and moderate income housing that is provided in the region through any federal, State, municipal or private housing program.

2. Section 10 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-310) is amended to read as follows:

C.52:27D-310 Essential components of municipality's housing element.

- 10. A municipality's housing element shall be designed to achieve the goal of access to affordable housing to meet present and prospective housing needs, with particular attention to low and moderate income housing, and shall contain at least:
- a. An inventory of the municipality's housing stock by age, condition, purchase or rental value, occupancy characteristics, and type, including the number of units affordable to low and moderate income households and substandard housing capable of being rehabilitated, and in conducting this inventory the municipality shall have access, on a confidential basis for the sole purpose of conducting the inventory, to all necessary property tax assessment records and information in the assessor's office, including but not limited to the property record cards;
- b. A projection of the municipality's housing stock, including the probable future construction of low and moderate income housing, for the next ten years, taking into account, but not necessarily limited to, construction permits issued, approvals of applications for development and probable residential development of lands;
- c. An analysis of the municipality's demographic characteristics, including but not necessarily limited to, household size, income level and age;
- d. An analysis of the existing and probable future employment characteristics of the municipality;

- e. A determination of the municipality's present and prospective fair share for low and moderate income housing and its capacity to accommodate its present and prospective housing needs, including its fair share for low and moderate income housing; and
- f. A consideration of the lands that are most appropriate for construction of low and moderate income housing and of the existing structures most appropriate for conversion to, or rehabilitation for, low and moderate income housing, including a consideration of lands of developers who have expressed a commitment to provide low and moderate income housing.
 - 3. Section 11 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-311) is amended to read as follows:

C.52:27D-311 Provision of fair share by municipality.

- 11. a. In adopting its housing element, the municipality may provide for its fair share of low and moderate income housing by means of any technique or combination of techniques which provide a realistic opportunity for the provision of the fair share. The housing element shall contain an analysis demonstrating that it will provide such a realistic opportunity, and the municipality shall establish that its land use and other relevant ordinances have been revised to incorporate the provisions for low and moderate income housing. In preparing the housing element, the municipality shall consider the following techniques for providing low and moderate income housing within the municipality, as well as such other techniques as may be published by the council or proposed by the municipality:
- (1) Rezoning for densities necessary to assure the economic viability of any inclusionary developments, either through mandatory set-asides or density bonuses, as may be necessary to meet all or part of the municipality's fair share;
- (2) Determination of the total residential zoning necessary to assure that the municipality's fair share is achieved;
- (3) Determination of measures that the municipality will take to assure that low and moderate income units remain affordable to low and moderate income households for an appropriate period of not less than six years;
- (4) A plan for infrastructure expansion and rehabilitation if necessary to assure the achievement of the municipality's fair share of low and moderate income housing;
- (5) Donation or use of municipally owned land or land condemned by the municipality for purposes of providing low and moderate income housing;
 - (6) Tax abatements for purposes of providing low and moderate income housing;
- (7) Utilization of funds obtained from any State or federal subsidy toward the construction of low and moderate income housing;
- (8) Utilization of municipally generated funds toward the construction of low and moderate income housing; and
- (9) The purchase of privately owned real property used for residential purposes at the value of all liens secured by the property, excluding any tax liens, notwithstanding that the total amount of debt secured by liens exceeds the appraised value of the property, pursuant to regulations promulgated by the Commissioner of Community Affairs pursuant to subsection b. of section 41 of P.L.2000, c.126 (C.52:27D-311.2).
- b. The municipality may provide for a phasing schedule for the achievement of its fair share of low and moderate income housing which is not inconsistent with section 23 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-323).
- c. The municipality may propose that a portion of its fair share be met through a regional contribution agreement. The housing element shall demonstrate, however, the manner in which that portion will be provided within the municipality if the regional contribution agreement is not entered into. The municipality shall provide a statement of its reasons for the proposal.
- d. Nothing in P.L.1985, c.222 shall require a municipality to raise or expend municipal revenues in order to provide low and moderate income housing.
- e. When a municipality's housing element includes the provision of rental housing units in a community residence for the developmentally disabled, as defined in section 2 of P.L.1977, c.448 (C.30:11B-2), which will be affordable to persons of low and moderate income, and for which adequate measures to retain such affordability pursuant to paragraph (3) of subsection a.

of this section are included in the housing element, those housing units shall be fully credited as permitted under the rules of the council towards the fulfillment of the municipality's fair share of low and moderate income housing.

- f. It having been determined by the Legislature that the provision of housing under this act is a public purpose, a municipality or municipalities may utilize public monies to make donations, grants or loans of public funds for the rehabilitation of deficient housing units and the provision of new or substantially rehabilitated housing for low and moderate income persons, providing that any private advantage is incidental.
 - 4. Section 12 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-312) is amended to read as follows:

C.52:27D-312 Regional contribution agreements.

- 12. a. A municipality may propose the transfer of up to 50% of its fair share to another municipality within its housing region by means of a contractual agreement into which two municipalities voluntarily enter. A municipality may also propose a transfer by contracting with the agency or another governmental entity designated by the council if the council determines that the municipality has exhausted all possibilities within its housing region. A municipality proposing to transfer to another municipality, whether directly or by means of a contract with the agency or another governmental entity designated by the council, shall provide the council with the housing element and statement required under subsection c. of section 11 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-311), and shall request the council to determine a match with a municipality filing a statement of intent pursuant to subsection e. of this section. Except as provided in subsection b. of this section, the agreement may be entered into upon obtaining substantive certification under section 14 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-314), or anytime thereafter. The regional contribution agreement entered into shall specify how the housing shall be provided by the second municipality, hereinafter the receiving municipality, and the amount of contributions to be made by the first municipality, hereinafter the sending municipality.
- b. A municipality which is a defendant in an exclusionary zoning suit and which has not obtained substantive certification pursuant to P.L.1985, c.222 may request the court to be permitted to fulfill a portion of its fair share by entering into a regional contribution agreement. If the court believes the request to be reasonable, the court shall request the council to review the proposed agreement and to determine a match with a receiving municipality or municipalities pursuant to this section. The court may establish time limitations for the council's review, and shall retain jurisdiction over the matter during the period of council review. If the court determines that the agreement provides a realistic opportunity for the provision of low and moderate income housing within the housing region, it shall provide the sending municipality a credit against its fair share for housing to be provided through the agreement in the manner provided in this section.

The agreement shall be entered into prior to the entry of a final judgment in the litigation. In cases in which a final judgment was entered prior to the date P.L.1985, c.222 takes effect and in which an appeal is pending, a municipality may request consideration of a regional contribution agreement; provided that it is entered into within 120 days after P.L.1985, c.222 takes effect. In a case in which a final judgment has been entered, the court shall consider whether or not the agreement constitutes an expeditious means of providing part of the fair share.

c. Regional contribution agreements shall be approved by the council, after review by the county planning board or agency of the county in which the receiving municipality is located. The council shall determine whether or not the agreement provides a realistic opportunity for the provision of low and moderate income housing within convenient access to employment opportunities. The council shall refer the agreement to the county planning board or agency which shall review whether or not the transfer agreement is in accordance with sound, comprehensive regional planning. In its review, the county planning board or agency shall consider the master plan and zoning ordinance of the sending and receiving municipalities, its own county master plan, and the State development and redevelopment plan. In the event that there is no county planning board or agency in the county in which the receiving municipality is

located, the council shall also determine whether or not the agreement is in accordance with sound, comprehensive regional planning. After it has been determined that the agreement provides a realistic opportunity for low and moderate income housing within convenient access to employment opportunities, and that the agreement is consistent with sound, comprehensive regional planning, the council shall approve the regional contribution agreement by resolution. All determinations of a county planning board or agency shall be in writing and shall be made within such time limits as the council may prescribe, beyond which the council shall make those determinations and no fee shall be paid to the county planning board or agency pursuant to this subsection.

- d. In approving a regional contribution agreement, the council shall set forth in its resolution a schedule of the contributions to be appropriated annually by the sending municipality. A copy of the adopted resolution shall be filed promptly with the Director of the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs, and the director shall thereafter not approve an annual budget of a sending municipality if it does not include appropriations necessary to meet the terms of the resolution. Amounts appropriated by a sending municipality for a regional contribution agreement pursuant to this section are exempt from the limitations or increases in final appropriations imposed under P.L.1976, c.68 (C.40A:4-45.1 et seq.).
- e. The council shall maintain current lists of municipalities which have stated an intent to enter into regional contribution agreements as receiving municipalities, and shall establish procedures for filing statements of intent with the council. No receiving municipality shall be required to accept a greater number of low and moderate income units through an agreement than it has expressed a willingness to accept in its statement, but the number stated shall not be less than a reasonable minimum number of units, not to exceed 100, as established by the council. The council shall require a project plan from a receiving municipality prior to the entering into of the agreement, and shall submit the project plan to the agency for its review as to the feasibility of the plan prior to the council's approval of the agreement. The agency may recommend and the council may approve as part of the project plan a provision that the time limitations for contractual guarantees or resale controls for low and moderate income units included in the project shall be less than 30 years, if it is determined that modification is necessary to assure the economic viability of the project.
- f. The council shall establish guidelines for the duration and amount of contributions in regional contribution agreements. In doing so, the council shall give substantial consideration to the average of: (1) the median amount required to rehabilitate a low and moderate income unit up to code enforcement standards; (2) the average internal subsidization required for a developer to provide a low income housing unit in an inclusionary development; (3) the average internal subsidization required for a developer to provide a moderate income housing unit in an inclusionary development. Contributions may be prorated in municipal appropriations occurring over a period not to exceed ten years and may include an amount agreed upon to compensate or partially compensate the receiving municipality for infrastructure or other costs generated to the receiving municipality by the development. Appropriations shall be made and paid directly to the receiving municipality or municipalities or to the agency or other governmental entity designated by the council, as the case may be.
- g. The council shall require receiving municipalities to file annual reports with the agency setting forth the progress in implementing a project funded under a regional contribution agreement, and the agency shall provide the council with its evaluation of each report. The council shall take such actions as may be necessary to enforce a regional contribution agreement with respect to the timely implementation of the project by the receiving municipality.
 - 5. Section 13 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-313) is amended to read as follows:

C.52:27D-313 Petition for substantive certification.

13. a. A municipality which has filed a housing element may, at any time during a two-year period following the filing of the housing element, petition the council for a substantive certification of its element and ordinances or institute an action for declaratory judgment granting it repose in the Superior Court, but in no event shall a grant of substantive certification

extend beyond a 10-year period starting on the date the municipality files its housing element with the council. The municipality shall publish notice of its petition in a newspaper of general circulation within the municipality and county and shall make available to the public information on the element and ordinances in accordance with such procedures as the council shall establish. The council shall also establish a procedure for providing public notice of each petition which it receives.

b. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of this section, a municipality which filed a housing element prior to the effective date of P.L.1990, c.121, shall be permitted to petition for substantive certification at any time within two years following that filing, or within one year following the effective date of P.L.1990, c.121, whichever shall result in permitting the municipality the longer period of time within which to petition.

The Council shall establish procedures for a realistic opportunity review at the midpoint of the certification period and shall provide for notice to the public.

C.52:27D-307.6 Methodology for change in calculation for loss on June 7, 2000 and after.

- 6. The change in the calculation of a municipality's determination of present and prospective share of housing need as provided in P.L.2001,c.435 shall apply to the methodology employed by the council for the certification period beginning June 7, 2000 and thereafter.
 - 7. This act shall take effect immediately.

Approved January 10, 2002.