#### 2C:33-14

#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

Compiled by the NJ State Law Library

**LAWS OF:** 2001 **CHAPTER:** 413

NJSA: 2C:33-14 (Protection of Railroad Property)
BILL NO: A2480 (Substituted for S2312/2638)

**SPONSOR(S):** DeCroce and Merkt

**DATE INTRODUCED**: May 22, 2000

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Transportation

**SENATE:** Transportation

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: January 7, 2002

**SENATE:** December 17, 2001

DATE OF APPROVAL: January 8, 2002 FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE: FINAL TEXT OF BILL (3rd reprint enacted)

(Amendments during passage denoted by superscript numbers)

A2480

SPONSORS STATEMENT: (Begins on page 2 of original bill)

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:

ASSEMBLY:
SENATE:
Yes

**FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS:** Yes 12-6-2001

11-26-2001

No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:

S2312/S2638

SPONSORS STATEMENT (S2312): (Begins on page 4 of original bill)

SPONSORS STATEMENT (S2638): (Begins on page 2 of original bill)

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:

SENATE:

Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS:

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:

No
FINAL VERSION (Senate Committee Substitute):

Yes

VETO MESSAGE: No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING: No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

To check for circulating copies, contact New Jersey State Government

Publications at the State Library (609) 278-2640 ext.103 or mailto:refdesk@njstatelib.org

REPORTS:
No
HEARINGS:
No
NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:
No

## ASSEMBLY, No. 2480

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

### 209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 22, 2000

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman ALEX DECROCE
District 26 (Essex, Morris and Passaic)
Assemblyman RICK MERKT
District 25 (Morris)

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Increases penalties for interference with facilities of transportation.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



1	AN ACT concerning certain offenses committed by persons on or near
2	any facility of transportation and amending N.J.S.2C:33-14.
3	
4	BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
5	of New Jersey:
6	
7	1. N.J.S.2C:33-14 is amended to read as follows:
8	2C:33-14. a. Any person who casts, shoots or throws anything at,
9	against or into any vehicle, railroad car, airplane, or other facility of
10	transportation, or places any stick, stone or other substance upon any
11	street railway track, trolley track or railroad track, or who unlawfully
12	climbs into or upon any railroad car, either in motion or standing on
13	the track of any railroad company in this State, [is guilty of a
14	disorderly persons offense] or who knowingly, purposefully or
15	recklessly disrupts, delays or prevents the operation of any train, bus,
16	jitney, trolley, subway, airplane or any other facility of transportation,
17	is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
18	b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person
19	violates subsection a. of this section and this violation creates a risk of
20	widespread danger or of injury to any person or of damage to property
21	or results in bodily injury to another person.
22	c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person
23	violates subsection a. of this section and this violation results in
24	serious bodily injury to another person.
25	(cf: N.J.S.2C:33-14)
26	
27	2. This act shall take effect immediately.
28	
29	
30	STATEMENT
31	
32	This bill would amend N.J.S.2C:33-14 to increase the penalty for
33	any person interfering with facilities of transportation by upgrading the
34	offense from a disorderly persons offense to a crime of the fourth
35	degree.
36	It is a disorderly persons offense under current law for any person
37	to cast, shoot or throw anything at, against or into a vehicle, railroad
38	car, airplane, or other facility of transportation or interfere with the
39	functioning of a rail or trolley car either by placing a substance in the
40	vehicle's path or climbing on or into the vehicle.
41	This bill would amend the law to include, as a fourth degree
42	offense, the act of knowingly, purposefully or recklessly disrupting,
43	delaying or preventing the operation of any train, bus, jitney, trolley,

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

#### A2480 DECROCE, MERKT

- subway, airplane or any other facility of transportation. The bill would also increase the penalty by making it a crime of the third degree if the person's actions create a risk of widespread danger, injury or damage to property or result in bodily injury to another person. In addition, this bill would also provide that a crime of the second degree has been
- 6 committed if the person's actions result in serious bodily injury.
  7 A crime of the fourth degree is punishable by up to 18 months
  8 imprisonment, a fine not to exceed \$10,000, or both. A crime of the
  9 third degree carries a possible term of three-to-five years in prison, a
  10 fine not to exceed \$15,000, or both. A crime of the second degree is
  11 punishable by five-to-10 years in prison, a fine not to exceed
  12 \$150,000, or both.

#### ASSEMBLY TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

#### ASSEMBLY, No. 2480

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

**DATED: JUNE 8. 2000** 

The Assembly Transportation Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 2480.

This bill would amend N.J.S.2C:33-14 to increase the penalty for any person interfering with facilities of transportation by upgrading the offense from a disorderly persons offense to a crime of the fourth degree.

It is a disorderly persons offense under current law for any person to cast, shoot or throw anything at, against or into a vehicle, railroad car, airplane, or other facility of transportation or interfere with the functioning of a rail or trolley car either by placing a substance in the vehicle's path or climbing on or into the vehicle.

This bill would amend the law to include, as a fourth degree offense, the act of knowingly, purposefully or recklessly disrupting, delaying or preventing the operation of any train, bus, jitney, trolley, subway, airplane or any other facility of transportation. The bill would also increase the penalty by making it a crime of the third degree if the person's actions create a risk of widespread danger, injury or damage to property or result in bodily injury to another person. In addition, this bill would also provide that a crime of the second degree has been committed if the person's actions result in serious bodily injury.

A crime of the fourth degree is punishable by up to 18 months imprisonment, a fine not to exceed \$10,000, or both. A crime of the third degree carries a possible term of three-to-five years in prison, a fine not to exceed \$15,000, or both. A crime of the second degree is punishable by five-to-10 years in prison, a fine not to exceed \$150,000, or both.

#### SENATE TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

#### ASSEMBLY, No. 2480

with committee amendments

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: NOVEMBER 19, 2001

The Senate Transportation Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 2480 with committee amendments.

The first part of this amended bill deals with railroad protection and vandalism. Purposefully, knowingly or recklessly placing anything upon any railroad track or purposefully or knowingly unlawfully disrupting, delaying or preventing the operation of a railroad will be a disorderly persons offense.

Purposefully, knowingly or recklessly throwing or shooting anything at railroad equipment or damaging, defacing, removing or otherwise impairing railroad property, equipment or a signal system will be fourth degree crimes. If any of these acts causes bodily injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000, the crime becomes third degree. If the result is a death, the crime becomes second degree. If the damage to railroad property includes graffiti, restitution and community service, including removal of the graffiti, may be added to any penalty. Rights to restitution and other civil actions are not impaired by this bill.

The bill creates a separate penalty for anyone who, while violating the provisions of this bill concerning railroads, purposely or knowingly causes widespread injury or damage.

Section 1 of P.L.1970, c.246 (C.2A:53A-16) has been amended by this bill to increase parental liability for damage to railroad property maliciously or willfully caused by a minor from \$1,000 to \$5,000. N.J.S.2C:33-14 has been amended to remove certain references to railroads because the prohibited conduct is included in this bill. R.S.48:12-167 and P.L.1991, c.335 (C.2C:33-14.1 et seq.) are repealed by this bill.

In addition to the provisions of the bill which specifically address railroad protection and vandalism, this bill would amend N.J.S.2C:33-14 to include the act of knowingly, purposefully or recklessly unlawfully disrupting, delaying or preventing the operation of any bus, jitney, trolley, subway, airplane or any other facility of transportation.

The bill would also increase the penalty by making it a crime of the fourth degree if the person's actions created a risk of widespread danger, injury or damage to property or result in bodily injury to

another person. If the person's actions result in serious bodily injury, the bill provides that a crime of the third degree has been committed.

The railroad provisions of this bill are based upon the Model State Railroad Vandalism Prevention Bill which is intended to prevent the vandalism of railroad property that could jeopardize the safety of the traveling public, railroad employees and communities near railroads. Existing New Jersey laws cover some of the conduct addressed in the model bill; however, the sections are in numerous locations throughout the statutes and sometimes are written in general terms rather than specifically addressing railroad vandalism. The railroad provisions of the bill are adapted from the model bill and provide a unified approach specifically for railroad vandalism. Modifications have been made to the model bill to make it consistent with New Jersey statutes. Existing statutes have been amended or repealed as necessary.

The committee amendments add the provisions of S2312 concerning the protection of railroad property to A-2480. The committee amendments remove some references to railroads from N.J.S.2C:33-14 because the prohibited conduct is included in the added provisions of S-2312.

The committee also amended A-2480 by changing the prohibition against knowingly, purposefully or recklessly disrupting, delaying or preventing the operation of any bus, subway, etc. to knowingly, purposefully or recklessly unlawfully disrupting, delaying or preventing the operation of any bus, subway, etc. The committee amended the bill to change the violation of section a. of N.J.S.2C:33-14 back to a disorderly persons offense and lowering the penalties in section b. from third degree to fourth degree and in section c. from second degree to third degree.

This amended bill is identical to the Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill Nos. 2312 and 2638 as reported by the committee today.

### [First Reprint]

### ASSEMBLY, No. 2480

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

### 209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 22, 2000

**Sponsored by:** 

Assemblyman ALEX DECROCE
District 26 (Essex, Morris and Passaic)
Assemblyman RICK MERKT
District 25 (Morris)

Co-Sponsored by:

Senators Ciesla, Allen, Turner, Sacco and McNamara

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Establishes offenses concerning the protection of railroad property and interference with transportation.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As reported by the Senate Transportation Committee on November 19, 2001, with amendments.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 11/27/2001)

1 AN ACT concerning <sup>1</sup> [certain offenses committed by persons on or 2 near any facility of transportation <u>railroad protection</u>, <u>prevention</u> 3 of railroad vandalism, and interference with transportation, supplementing Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes, [and]<sup>1</sup> 4 amending N.J.S.2C:33-14 <sup>1</sup>and P.L.1970, c.246 and repealing 5 P.L.1991, c.335 (C.2C:33-14.1 et seq.) and R.S. 48:12-167. 6 7 8 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 9 of New Jersey: 10 11 <sup>1</sup>[1. N.J.S.2C:33-14 is amended to read as follows: 2C:33-14. a. Any person who casts, shoots or throws anything at, 12 against or into any vehicle, railroad car, airplane, or other facility of 13 14 transportation, or places any stick, stone or other substance upon any street railway track, trolley track or railroad track, or who unlawfully 15 climbs into or upon any railroad car, either in motion or standing on 16 17 the track of any railroad company in this State, [is guilty of a disorderly persons offense] or who knowingly, purposefully or 18 19 recklessly disrupts, delays or prevents the operation of any train, bus, 20 jitney, trolley, subway, airplane or any other facility of transportation, 21 is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree. 22 b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person 23 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation creates a risk of 24 widespread danger or of injury to any person or of damage to property 25 or results in bodily injury to another person. 26 c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person 27 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation results in 28 serious bodily injury to another person. (cf: N.J.S.2C:33-14)]<sup>1</sup> 29 30 31 <sup>1</sup>1. (New section) Sections 1 through 7 of this act shall be known 32 and may be cited as the "Railroad Protection and Vandalism Prevention Act."<sup>1</sup> 33 34 <sup>1</sup>2. (New section) As used in this act: 35 "Railroad equipment" means all equipment owned, leased, or used 36 in the operation of any railroad including, but not limited to, a train, 37 38 locomotive, engine, railroad car, work equipment, rolling stock, or 39 safety device. "Railroad equipment" does not include administrative 40 equipment. 41 "Railroad property" means all property owned, leased, or operated

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Senate STR committee amendments adopted November 19, 2001.

1 by a railroad including, but not limited to, track, roadbed, right-of-2 way, bridge, yard, shop, station, tunnel, viaduct, trestle, depot, 3 warehouse, terminal, or any other structure or appurtenance used in 4 the operation of any railroad. "Railroad property" does not include 5 administrative buildings or administrative offices. "Railroad signal system" means all equipment owned, leased or used 6 7 in the operation of any railroad for the purposes of controlling trains 8 and providing warnings including, but not limited to, a signal system, 9 train control system, centralized dispatching system, or any highway-10 railroad grade crossing warning signal or protection device including, but not limited to, safety gates, electric bell, electric sign or any other 11 alarm or protection system authorized by the Commissioner of 12 13 Transportation, which is required under the provisions of R.S.48:12-14 54 or R.S.48:2-29. 15 "Widespread damage" means damage to 10 or more habitations or to a building which would normally contain 50 or more persons at the 16 17 time of the offense. 18 "Widespread injury" means serious bodily injury to 10 or more 19 people.<sup>1</sup> 20 21 <sup>1</sup>3. (New section) a. Any person who purposely, knowingly or 22 recklessly places any stick, stone or other substance upon any railroad 23 track is guilty of a disorderly persons offense. 24 b. A person is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree if the person 25 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation disrupts, delays or prevents the operation of any railroad. 26 c. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person 27 28 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily 29 injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000. 30 d. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person 31 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death.<sup>1</sup> 32 33 <sup>1</sup>4. (New section) a. Any person who purposely, knowingly or 34 recklessly casts, shoots or throws anything at, against or into any railroad equipment is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree. 35 36 b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person 37 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000. 38 39 c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death.<sup>1</sup> 40 41 42 <sup>1</sup>5. (New section) a. Any person who purposely, knowingly or 43 recklessly defaces, damages, removes or otherwise impairs any 44 railroad property, railroad equipment or railroad signal system is guilty 45 of a crime of the fourth degree. 46 b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person

#### A2480 [1R] DECROCE, MERKT

4

violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily
 injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000.

- c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death.
- 4 5 d. A person convicted of a violation of this section that involves graffiti may, in addition to any other penalty imposed by the court, be 6 required to pay to the owner of the damaged property monetary 7 8 restitution in the amount of the pecuniary damage caused by the act of 9 graffiti and to perform community service, which shall include 10 removing the graffiti from the property, if appropriate. If community service is ordered, it shall be for either not less than 20 days or not less 11 than the number of days necessary to remove the graffiti from the 12 property. As used in this section, "graffiti" means the drawing, 13 14 painting or making of any mark or inscription on public or private real

or personal property without the permission of the owner.<sup>1</sup>

15 16 17

18

1920

21

22

23

24

3

- <sup>1</sup>6. (New section) a. Any person who purposely or knowingly unlawfully disrupts, delays or prevents the operation of any railroad, other than as set forth in sections 3 through 5 of this act, is guilty of a disorderly persons offense.
- b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000.
- c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death. <sup>1</sup>

252627

28

29

30

31

32

- <sup>1</sup>7. (New section) a. Any person who, while violating the provisions of this act, purposely or knowingly causes widespread injury or damage is guilty of a crime of the second degree.
- b. Notwithstanding the provisions of N.J.S.2C:1-8 or any other provisions of law, a conviction arising under this section shall not merge with a conviction for a violation of sections 3 through 6 of this act.<sup>1</sup>

3334

- <sup>1</sup>8. Section 1 of P.L. 1970, c.246 (C.2A:53A-16) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. The parents of any [infant] minor who shall maliciously or willfully injure any property of a railroad, street railway, traction railway or autobus public utility shall be liable for damages in the amount of the injury to a limit of [\$1,000.00]\$5,000, to be collected by the [public utility] property owner in [any court of competent jurisdiction] the Superior Court, together with costs of suit.
- 43 (cf: P.L.1970, c.246, s.1)<sup>1</sup>

- 45 <sup>1</sup>9. N.J.S.2C:33-14 is amended to read as follows:
- 46 2C:33-14. <u>a.</u> Interference with Transportation. Any person who

#### A2480 [1R] DECROCE, MERKT

5

casts, shoots or throws anything at, against or into any vehicle, 1 2 [railroad car,] airplane, or other facility of transportation, or places 3 any stick, stone or other substance upon any street railway track [,] or 4 [trolly]trolley track [or railroad track], or who unlawfully climbs into 5 or upon any railroad car, either in motion or standing on the track of any railroad company in this State, [is guilty of a disorderly persons 6 7 offense] or who knowingly, purposefully or recklessly unlawfully disrupts, delays or prevents the operation of any bus, jitney, trolley, 8 9 subway, airplane or any other facility of transportation, is guilty of a 10 disorderly persons offense. b. A person is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree if the person 11 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation creates a risk of 12 13 widespread danger or of injury to any person or of damage to property 14 or results in bodily injury to another person. 15 c. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person 16 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation results in serious bodily injury to another person. 17 18 (cf: P.L.1978, c.95, s.2C:33-14) $^{1}$ 19 20 <sup>1</sup>10. P.L.1991, c.335 (C.2C:33-14.1 et seq.) and R.S.48:12-167 are repealed.<sup>1</sup> 21 22 23

<sup>1</sup>[2.] 11. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### STATEMENT TO

## [First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 2480

with Senate Floor Amendments (Proposed By Senators CIESLA and ALLEN)

ADOPTED: NOVEMBER 26, 2001

These Senate amendments to Assembly Bill No. 2480 (1R) add specific language to the prohibitions regarding disrupting, delaying or preventing the operation of any railroad or other facility of transportation to clarify that the prohibitions do not apply to conduct growing out of a labor dispute as defined in N.J.S. 2A:15-58.

## [Second Reprint]

## ASSEMBLY, No. 2480

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 22, 2000

**Sponsored by:** 

Assemblyman ALEX DECROCE
District 26 (Essex, Morris and Passaic)
Assemblyman RICK MERKT
District 25 (Morris)

Co-Sponsored by:

Senators Ciesla, Allen, Turner, Sacco and McNamara

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Establishes offenses concerning the protection of railroad property and interference with transportation.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As amended by the General Assembly on November 26, 2001.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 11/27/2001)

1 AN ACT concerning <sup>1</sup> [certain offenses committed by persons on or near any facility of transportation <u>railroad protection</u>, <u>prevention</u> 2 3 of railroad vandalism, and interference with transportation, supplementing Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes, [and]<sup>1</sup> 4 amending N.J.S.2C:33-14 <sup>1</sup>and P.L.1970, c.246 and repealing 5 P.L.1991, c.335 (C.2C:33-14.1 et seq.) and R.S. 48:12-167.1 6 7 8 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 9 of New Jersey: 10 11 <sup>1</sup>[1. N.J.S.2C:33-14 is amended to read as follows: 2C:33-14. a. Any person who casts, shoots or throws anything at, 12 against or into any vehicle, railroad car, airplane, or other facility of 13 14 transportation, or places any stick, stone or other substance upon any street railway track, trolley track or railroad track, or who unlawfully 15 climbs into or upon any railroad car, either in motion or standing on 16 17 the track of any railroad company in this State, [is guilty of a disorderly persons offense] or who knowingly, purposefully or 18 19 recklessly disrupts, delays or prevents the operation of any train, bus, 20 jitney, trolley, subway, airplane or any other facility of transportation, 21 is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree. 22 b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person 23 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation creates a risk of 24 widespread danger or of injury to any person or of damage to property 25 or results in bodily injury to another person. 26 c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person 27 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation results in 28 serious bodily injury to another person. (cf: N.J.S.2C:33-14)]<sup>1</sup> 29 30 31 <sup>1</sup>1. (New section) Sections 1 through 7 of this act shall be known 32 and may be cited as the "Railroad Protection and Vandalism Prevention Act."<sup>1</sup> 33 34 <sup>1</sup>2. (New section) As used in this act: 35 "Railroad equipment" means all equipment owned, leased, or used 36 in the operation of any railroad including, but not limited to, a train, 37 38 locomotive, engine, railroad car, work equipment, rolling stock, or 39 safety device. "Railroad equipment" does not include administrative 40 equipment.

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Senate STR committee amendments adopted November 19, 2001.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Assembly floor amendments adopted November 26, 2001.

1	"Railroad property" means all property owned, leased, or operated
2	by a railroad including, but not limited to, track, roadbed, right-of-
3	way, bridge, yard, shop, station, tunnel, viaduct, trestle, depot,
4	warehouse, terminal, or any other structure or appurtenance used in
5	the operation of any railroad. "Railroad property" does not include
6	administrative buildings or administrative offices.
7	"Railroad signal system" means all equipment owned, leased or used
8	in the operation of any railroad for the purposes of controlling trains
9	and providing warnings including, but not limited to, a signal system,
10	train control system, centralized dispatching system, or any highway-
11	railroad grade crossing warning signal or protection device including,
12	but not limited to, safety gates, electric bell, electric sign or any other
13	alarm or protection system authorized by the Commissioner of
14	Transportation, which is required under the provisions of R.S.48:12-
15	<u>54 or R.S.48:2-29.</u>
16	"Widespread damage" means damage to 10 or more habitations or
17	to a building which would normally contain 50 or more persons at the
18	time of the offense.
19	"Widespread injury" means serious bodily injury to 10 or more
20	people. <sup>1</sup>
21	
22	<sup>1</sup> 3. (New section) a. Any person who purposely, knowingly or
23	recklessly places any stick, stone or other substance upon any railroad
24	track is guilty of a disorderly persons offense.
25	b. A person is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree if the person
26	violates subsection a. of this section and this violation disrupts, delays
27	or prevents the operation of any railroad.
28	c. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person
29	violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily
30	injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000.
31	d. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person
32	violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death.
33	14 27
34	<sup>1</sup> 4. (New section) a. Any person who purposely, knowingly or
35	recklessly casts, shoots or throws anything at, against or into any
36	railroad equipment is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
37	b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person
38	violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily
39	injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000.
40	c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person
41	violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death.
42	15 (Navy section) a Any norman who numberely knowingly or
43 44	<sup>1</sup> 5. (New section) a. Any person who purposely, knowingly or
44 45	recklessly defaces, damages, removes or otherwise impairs any railroad property, railroad equipment or railroad signal system is guilty
46	of a crime of the fourth degree.
TU	of a crime of the fourth degree.

#### A2480 [2R] DECROCE, MERKT

4

- b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person
  violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily
  injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000.
  c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person
  violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death.
  d. A person convicted of a violation of this section that involves
  graffiti may, in addition to any other penalty imposed by the court, be
- required to pay to the owner of the damaged property monetary
  restitution in the amount of the pecuniary damage caused by the act of
  graffiti and to perform community service, which shall include
  removing the graffiti from the property, if appropriate. If community
  service is ordered, it shall be for either not less than 20 days or not less
  than the number of days necessary to remove the graffiti from the
- property. As used in this section, "graffiti" means the drawing, painting or making of any mark or inscription on public or private real

or personal property without the permission of the owner.<sup>1</sup>

1718

19

20

2122

23

24

25

2627

- <sup>1</sup>6. (New section) a. <sup>2</sup>Except in the course of picketing, patrolling, or concerted conduct involving or growing out of a labor dispute as defined in N.J.S.2A:15-58, <sup>2</sup> <sup>2</sup> [Any] any <sup>2</sup> person who purposely or knowingly unlawfully disrupts, delays or prevents the operation of any railroad, other than as set forth in sections 3 through 5 of this act, is guilty of a disorderly persons offense.
- b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000.
  - c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death.<sup>1</sup>

282930

3132

3334

35

- <sup>1</sup>7. (New section) a. Any person who, while violating the provisions of this act, purposely or knowingly causes widespread injury or damage is guilty of a crime of the second degree.
- b. Notwithstanding the provisions of N.J.S.2C:1-8 or any other provisions of law, a conviction arising under this section shall not merge with a conviction for a violation of sections 3 through 6 of this act.<sup>1</sup>

- <sup>1</sup>8. Section 1 of P.L. 1970, c.246 (C.2A:53A-16) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. The parents of any [infant] minor who shall maliciously or willfully injure any property of a railroad, street railway, traction railway or autobus public utility shall be liable for damages in the amount of the injury to a limit of [\$1,000.00]\$5,000, to be collected by the [public utility] property owner in [any court of competent
- 45 jurisdiction the Superior Court, together with costs of suit.
- 46 (cf: P.L.1970, c.246, s.1)<sup>1</sup>

#### A2480 [2R] DECROCE, MERKT

5

<sup>1</sup>9. N.J.S.2C:33-14 is amended to read as follows: 1 2 2C:33-14. a. Interference with Transportation. Any person who 3 casts, shoots or throws anything at, against or into any vehicle, 4 [railroad car,] airplane, or other facility of transportation, or places 5 any stick, stone or other substance upon any street railway track [,] or [trolly]trolley track [or railroad track], or who unlawfully climbs into 6 7 or upon any railroad car, either in motion or standing on the track of any railroad company in this State, [is guilty of a disorderly persons 8 9 offense] or who knowingly, purposefully or recklessly unlawfully disrupts, delays or prevents the operation of any bus, jitney, trolley, 10 subway, airplane or any other facility of transportation, <sup>2</sup>except in the 11 course of picketing, patrolling, or concerted conduct involving or 12 growing out of a labor dispute as defined in N.J.S.2A:15-58,<sup>2</sup> is guilty 13 14 of a disorderly persons offense. b. A person is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree if the person 15 16 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation creates a risk of 17 widespread danger or of injury to any person or of damage to property 18 or results in bodily injury to another person. 19 c. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person 20 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation results in 21 serious bodily injury to another person. (cf: P.L.1978, c.95, s.2C:33-14)<sup>1</sup> 22 23 <sup>1</sup>10. P.L.1991, c.335 (C.2C:33-14.1 et seq.) and R.S.48:12-167 24 are repealed.<sup>1</sup> 25 26

<sup>1</sup>[2.] 11. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### STATEMENT TO

## [First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 2480

with Senate Floor Amendments (Proposed By Senators CIESLA and ALLEN)

ADOPTED: NOVEMBER 26, 2001

These Senate amendments to Assembly Bill No. 2480 (1R) add specific language to the prohibitions regarding disrupting, delaying or preventing the operation of any railroad or other facility of transportation to clarify that the prohibitions do not apply to conduct growing out of a labor dispute as defined in N.J.S. 2A:15-58.

## [Second Reprint]

## ASSEMBLY, No. 2480

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 22, 2000

**Sponsored by:** 

Assemblyman ALEX DECROCE
District 26 (Essex, Morris and Passaic)
Assemblyman RICK MERKT
District 25 (Morris)

Co-Sponsored by:

Senators Ciesla, Allen, Turner, Sacco and McNamara

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Establishes offenses concerning the protection of railroad property and interference with transportation.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As amended by the General Assembly on November 26, 2001.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 11/27/2001)

1 AN ACT concerning <sup>1</sup> [certain offenses committed by persons on or near any facility of transportation <u>railroad protection</u>, <u>prevention</u> 2 3 of railroad vandalism, and interference with transportation, supplementing Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes, [and]<sup>1</sup> 4 amending N.J.S.2C:33-14 <sup>1</sup>and P.L.1970, c.246 and repealing 5 P.L.1991, c.335 (C.2C:33-14.1 et seq.) and R.S. 48:12-167.1 6 7 8 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 9 of New Jersey: 10 11 <sup>1</sup>[1. N.J.S.2C:33-14 is amended to read as follows: 2C:33-14. a. Any person who casts, shoots or throws anything at, 12 against or into any vehicle, railroad car, airplane, or other facility of 13 14 transportation, or places any stick, stone or other substance upon any street railway track, trolley track or railroad track, or who unlawfully 15 climbs into or upon any railroad car, either in motion or standing on 16 17 the track of any railroad company in this State, [is guilty of a disorderly persons offense] or who knowingly, purposefully or 18 19 recklessly disrupts, delays or prevents the operation of any train, bus, 20 jitney, trolley, subway, airplane or any other facility of transportation, 21 is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree. 22 b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person 23 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation creates a risk of 24 widespread danger or of injury to any person or of damage to property 25 or results in bodily injury to another person. 26 c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person 27 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation results in 28 serious bodily injury to another person. (cf: N.J.S.2C:33-14)]<sup>1</sup> 29 30 31 <sup>1</sup>1. (New section) Sections 1 through 7 of this act shall be known 32 and may be cited as the "Railroad Protection and Vandalism Prevention Act."<sup>1</sup> 33 34 <sup>1</sup>2. (New section) As used in this act: 35 "Railroad equipment" means all equipment owned, leased, or used 36 in the operation of any railroad including, but not limited to, a train, 37 38 locomotive, engine, railroad car, work equipment, rolling stock, or 39 safety device. "Railroad equipment" does not include administrative 40 equipment.

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Senate STR committee amendments adopted November 19, 2001.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Assembly floor amendments adopted November 26, 2001.

1	"Railroad property" means all property owned, leased, or operated
2	by a railroad including, but not limited to, track, roadbed, right-of-
3	way, bridge, yard, shop, station, tunnel, viaduct, trestle, depot,
4	warehouse, terminal, or any other structure or appurtenance used in
5	the operation of any railroad. "Railroad property" does not include
6	administrative buildings or administrative offices.
7	"Railroad signal system" means all equipment owned, leased or used
8	in the operation of any railroad for the purposes of controlling trains
9	and providing warnings including, but not limited to, a signal system,
10	train control system, centralized dispatching system, or any highway-
11	railroad grade crossing warning signal or protection device including,
12	but not limited to, safety gates, electric bell, electric sign or any other
13	alarm or protection system authorized by the Commissioner of
14	Transportation, which is required under the provisions of R.S.48:12-
15	<u>54 or R.S.48:2-29.</u>
16	"Widespread damage" means damage to 10 or more habitations or
17	to a building which would normally contain 50 or more persons at the
18	time of the offense.
19	"Widespread injury" means serious bodily injury to 10 or more
20	people. <sup>1</sup>
21	
22	<sup>1</sup> 3. (New section) a. Any person who purposely, knowingly or
23	recklessly places any stick, stone or other substance upon any railroad
24	track is guilty of a disorderly persons offense.
25	b. A person is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree if the person
26	violates subsection a. of this section and this violation disrupts, delays
27	or prevents the operation of any railroad.
28	c. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person
29	violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily
30	injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000.
31	d. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person
32	violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death.
33	14 27
34	<sup>1</sup> 4. (New section) a. Any person who purposely, knowingly or
35	recklessly casts, shoots or throws anything at, against or into any
36	railroad equipment is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
37	b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person
38	violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily
39	injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000.
40	c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person
41	violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death.
42	15 (Navy section) a Any norman who numberely knowingly or
43 44	<sup>1</sup> 5. (New section) a. Any person who purposely, knowingly or
44 45	recklessly defaces, damages, removes or otherwise impairs any railroad property, railroad equipment or railroad signal system is guilty
46	of a crime of the fourth degree.
TU	of a crime of the fourth degree.

#### A2480 [2R] DECROCE, MERKT

4

- b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person
  violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily
  injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000.
  c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person
  violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death.
  d. A person convicted of a violation of this section that involves
  graffiti may, in addition to any other penalty imposed by the court, be
- required to pay to the owner of the damaged property monetary
  restitution in the amount of the pecuniary damage caused by the act of
  graffiti and to perform community service, which shall include
  removing the graffiti from the property, if appropriate. If community
  service is ordered, it shall be for either not less than 20 days or not less
  than the number of days necessary to remove the graffiti from the
- property. As used in this section, "graffiti" means the drawing, painting or making of any mark or inscription on public or private real

or personal property without the permission of the owner.<sup>1</sup>

1718

19

20

2122

23

24

25

2627

- <sup>1</sup>6. (New section) a. <sup>2</sup>Except in the course of picketing, patrolling, or concerted conduct involving or growing out of a labor dispute as defined in N.J.S.2A:15-58, <sup>2</sup> <sup>2</sup> [Any] any <sup>2</sup> person who purposely or knowingly unlawfully disrupts, delays or prevents the operation of any railroad, other than as set forth in sections 3 through 5 of this act, is guilty of a disorderly persons offense.
- b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000.
  - c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death.<sup>1</sup>

282930

3132

3334

35

- <sup>1</sup>7. (New section) a. Any person who, while violating the provisions of this act, purposely or knowingly causes widespread injury or damage is guilty of a crime of the second degree.
- b. Notwithstanding the provisions of N.J.S.2C:1-8 or any other provisions of law, a conviction arising under this section shall not merge with a conviction for a violation of sections 3 through 6 of this act.<sup>1</sup>

- <sup>1</sup>8. Section 1 of P.L. 1970, c.246 (C.2A:53A-16) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. The parents of any [infant] minor who shall maliciously or willfully injure any property of a railroad, street railway, traction railway or autobus public utility shall be liable for damages in the amount of the injury to a limit of [\$1,000.00]\$5,000, to be collected by the [public utility] property owner in [any court of competent
- 45 jurisdiction the Superior Court, together with costs of suit.
- 46 (cf: P.L.1970, c.246, s.1)<sup>1</sup>

#### A2480 [2R] DECROCE, MERKT

5

<sup>1</sup>9. N.J.S.2C:33-14 is amended to read as follows: 1 2 2C:33-14. a. Interference with Transportation. Any person who 3 casts, shoots or throws anything at, against or into any vehicle, 4 [railroad car,] airplane, or other facility of transportation, or places 5 any stick, stone or other substance upon any street railway track [,] or [trolly]trolley track [or railroad track], or who unlawfully climbs into 6 7 or upon any railroad car, either in motion or standing on the track of any railroad company in this State, [is guilty of a disorderly persons 8 9 offense] or who knowingly, purposefully or recklessly unlawfully disrupts, delays or prevents the operation of any bus, jitney, trolley, 10 subway, airplane or any other facility of transportation, <sup>2</sup>except in the 11 course of picketing, patrolling, or concerted conduct involving or 12 growing out of a labor dispute as defined in N.J.S.2A:15-58,<sup>2</sup> is guilty 13 14 of a disorderly persons offense. b. A person is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree if the person 15 16 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation creates a risk of 17 widespread danger or of injury to any person or of damage to property 18 or results in bodily injury to another person. 19 c. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person 20 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation results in 21 serious bodily injury to another person. (cf: P.L.1978, c.95, s.2C:33-14)<sup>1</sup> 22 23 <sup>1</sup>10. P.L.1991, c.335 (C.2C:33-14.1 et seq.) and R.S.48:12-167 24 are repealed.<sup>1</sup> 25 26

<sup>1</sup>[2.] 11. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### STATEMENT TO

## [Second Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 2480

with Senate Floor Amendments (Proposed By Senator Ciesla)

ADOPTED: DECEMBER 6, 2001

These Senate amendments remove the sections of the bill known as the "Railroad Protection and Vandalism Prevention Act" and reinstate the language concerning railroads previously removed from N.J.S. 2C:33-14 which concerns interference with transportation.

The amendments add endangering or obstructing the safe operation of motor vehicles by casting, shooting, throwing or otherwise placing any stick, stone, object or other substance upon any highway or roadway to the list of acts which constitute interference with transportation.

The amendments modify the penalty provisions in N.J.S. 2C:33-14 by adding the requirement that the person purposely, knowingly or recklessly cause injury, risk of injury or pecuniary loss. Causing pecuniary loss is added to the prohibited conduct. The act of creating a risk of widespread danger or injury is removed from the fourth degree penalty provisions in the amended bill and creating a risk of significant bodily injury is added to the third degree penalty provisions. The amendments add a crime of the second degree for interference with transportation if the person purposely, knowingly or recklessly causes serious bodily injury to another person.

The amendments eliminate the repeal of section 1 of P.L. 1991, c.335 (C.2C:33-14.1) which deals with vandalizing railroad warning signals or protection devices and expand the coverage of the section. The act of removing such devices is added to the list of prohibited actions, which currently includes defacing, damaging, obstructing or otherwise impairing the operation of railroad crossing warning signals or protection devices. The amendments also expand the class of property covered by the section to include any other railroad property and equipment, other than administrative.

The third degree criminal penalties in section 1 of P.L. 1991, c.335 (C.2C:33-14.1) would be modified by these amendments by removing damage to property and adding the causation of pecuniary loss of \$2000 or more. Causing serious bodily injury would be added to the second degree penalty provisions.

These Senate amendments would add provisions concerning acts of graffiti to section 1 of P.L. 1991, c.335 (C.2C:33-14.1).

These Senate amendments modify the language concerning conduct involving or growing out of a labor dispute.

# [Third Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 2480

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 22, 2000

**Sponsored by:** 

Assemblyman ALEX DECROCE
District 26 (Essex, Morris and Passaic)
Assemblyman RICK MERKT
District 25 (Morris)

Co-Sponsored by:

Senators Ciesla, Allen, Turner, Sacco and McNamara

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Establishes offenses concerning the protection of railroad property and interference with transportation.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As amended by the Senate on December 6, 2001.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 11/27/2001)

AN ACT concerning <sup>1</sup> [certain offenses committed by persons on or 1 near any facility of transportation]<sup>3</sup>[ railroad protection. 2 prevention of railroad vandalism, and 13 interference with 3 transportation <sup>3</sup>facilities<sup>3</sup>, <sup>3</sup>[supplementing Title 2C of the New 4 Jersey Statutes, [and]<sup>1</sup>]<sup>3</sup> amending N.J.S. 2C:33-14,<sup>1</sup> <sup>3</sup>[ and],<sup>3</sup> 5 P.L.1970, c. 246 <sup>3</sup> and P.L.1991, c.335 <sup>3</sup> and repealing 6 <sup>3</sup>[P.L.1991, c.335 (C.2C:33-14.1 et seq.) and] <sup>3</sup> R.S. 48:12-167. <sup>1</sup> 7 8 9 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 10 of New Jersey: 11 12 <sup>1</sup>[1. N.J.S.2C:33-14 is amended to read as follows: 13 2C:33-14. a. Any person who casts, shoots or throws anything at, 14 against or into any vehicle, railroad car, airplane, or other facility of 15 transportation, or places any stick, stone or other substance upon any street railway track, trolley track or railroad track, or who unlawfully 16 17 climbs into or upon any railroad car, either in motion or standing on the track of any railroad company in this State, [is guilty of a 18 disorderly persons offense] or who knowingly, purposefully or 19 recklessly disrupts, delays or prevents the operation of any train, bus, 20 21 jitney, trolley, subway, airplane or any other facility of transportation, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree. 22 23 b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation creates a risk of 24 25 widespread danger or of injury to any person or of damage to property or results in bodily injury to another person. 26 27 c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation results in 28 29 serious bodily injury to another person. (cf: N.J.S.2C:33-14)]<sup>1</sup> 30 31 <sup>3</sup>[1. (New section) Sections 1 through 7 of this act shall be 32 known and may be cited as the "Railroad Protection and Vandalism 33 Prevention Act."<sup>1</sup>]<sup>3</sup> 34 35 36 <sup>3</sup>[<sup>1</sup>2. (New section) As used in this act: 37 "Railroad equipment" means all equipment owned, leased, or used in the operation of any railroad including, but not limited to, a train, 38 39 locomotive, engine, railroad car, work equipment, rolling stock, or

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

- <sup>1</sup> Senate STR committee amendments adopted November 19, 2001.
- <sup>2</sup> Assembly floor amendments adopted November 26, 2001.
- <sup>3</sup> Senate floor amendments adopted December 6, 2001.

safety device. "Railroad equipment" does not include administrative 1 2 equipment. 3 "Railroad property" means all property owned, leased, or operated 4 by a railroad including, but not limited to, track, roadbed, right-ofway, bridge, yard, shop, station, tunnel, viaduct, trestle, depot, 5 6 warehouse, terminal, or any other structure or appurtenance used in the operation of any railroad. "Railroad property" does not include 7 8 administrative buildings or administrative offices. 9 "Railroad signal system" means all equipment owned, leased or used 10 in the operation of any railroad for the purposes of controlling trains and providing warnings including, but not limited to, a signal system, 11 12 train control system, centralized dispatching system, or any highway-13 railroad grade crossing warning signal or protection device including. 14 but not limited to, safety gates, electric bell, electric sign or any other 15 alarm or protection system authorized by the Commissioner of 16 Transportation, which is required under the provisions of R.S.48:12-54 or R.S.48:2-29. 17 18 "Widespread damage" means damage to 10 or more habitations or 19 to a building which would normally contain 50 or more persons at the 20 time of the offense. 21 "Widespread injury" means serious bodily injury to 10 or more people.<sup>1</sup>]<sup>3</sup> 22 23 24 <sup>3</sup>[13. (New section) a. Any person who purposely, knowingly or 25 recklessly places any stick, stone or other substance upon any railroad track is guilty of a disorderly persons offense. 26 b. A person is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree if the person 27 28 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation disrupts, delays 29 or prevents the operation of any railroad. 30 c. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person 31 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily 32 injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000. 33 d. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person 34 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death.<sup>1</sup>]<sup>3</sup> 35 36 37 <sup>3</sup>[<sup>1</sup>4. (New section) a. Any person who purposely, knowingly or recklessly casts, shoots or throws anything at, against or into any 38 railroad equipment is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree. 39 40 b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person 41 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily 42 injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000. 43 c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person 44 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a 45 death.<sup>1</sup>]<sup>3</sup>

#### A2480 [3R] DECROCE, MERKT

- 1 <sup>3</sup>[15. (New section) a. Any person who purposely, knowingly or 2 recklessly defaces, damages, removes or otherwise impairs any 3 railroad property, railroad equipment or railroad signal system is guilty 4 of a crime of the fourth degree. 5 b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily 6 7 injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000. 8 c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person 9 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death. 10 d. A person convicted of a violation of this section that involves graffiti may, in addition to any other penalty imposed by the court, be 11 required to pay to the owner of the damaged property monetary 12 13 restitution in the amount of the pecuniary damage caused by the act of 14 graffiti and to perform community service, which shall include 15 removing the graffiti from the property, if appropriate. If community 16 service is ordered, it shall be for either not less than 20 days or not less than the number of days necessary to remove the graffiti from the 17 property. As used in this section, "graffiti" means the drawing, 18 19 painting or making of any mark or inscription on public or private real or personal property without the permission of the owner. 1]3 20 21 <sup>3</sup>[16. (New section) a. <sup>2</sup>Except in the course of picketing. 22 patrolling, or concerted conduct involving or growing out of a labor 23 dispute as defined in N.J.S.2A:15-58,<sup>2</sup> <sup>2</sup>[Any]any<sup>2</sup> person who 24 purposely or knowingly unlawfully disrupts, delays or prevents the 25 26 operation of any railroad, other than as set forth in sections 3 through 27 5 of this act, is guilty of a disorderly persons offense. 28 b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person 29 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily 30 injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000. c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person 31 32 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death.<sup>1</sup>]<sup>3</sup> 33 34 35 <sup>3</sup>[<sup>1</sup>7. (New section) a. Any person who, while violating the 36 provisions of this act, purposely or knowingly causes widespread 37 injury or damage is guilty of a crime of the second degree. 38 b. Notwithstanding the provisions of N.J.S.2C:1-8 or any other 39 provisions of law, a conviction arising under this section shall not 40 merge with a conviction for a violation of sections 3 through 6 of this <u>act.</u><sup>1</sup>]<sup>3</sup> 41 42  ${}^{3}$ [ ${}^{1}$ 8.] 1. ${}^{3}$  Section 1 of P.L. 1970, c.246 (C.2A:53A-16) is 43
- amended to read as follows: 45 1. The parents of any [infant] minor who shall maliciously or

- 1 willfully injure any property of a railroad, street railway, traction 2 railway or autobus public utility shall be liable for damages in the amount of the injury to a limit of [\$1,000.00]\$5,000, to be collected 3 4 by the [public utility]property owner in [any court of competent jurisdiction the Superior Court, together with costs of suit. 5  $(cf: P.L.1970, c.246, s.1)^{1}$ 6 7 8 <sup>3</sup> [<sup>1</sup>9.] <u>2.</u><sup>3</sup> N.J.S. 2C:33-14 is amended to read as follows: 9 <sup>3</sup>[2C:33-14. <u>a.</u> Interference with Transportation. Any person who 10 casts, shoots or throws anything at, against or into any vehicle, [railroad car,] airplane, or other facility of transportation, or places 11 12 any stick, stone or other substance upon any street railway track[,]or [trolly]trolley track [or railroad track], or who unlawfully climbs 13 14 into or upon any railroad car, either in motion or standing on the 15 track of any railroad company in this State, [is guilty of a disorderly persons offense] or who knowingly, purposefully or recklessly 16 17 unlawfully disrupts, delays or prevents the operation of any bus, jitney, trolley, subway, airplane or any other facility of transportation, 18 19 <sup>2</sup>except in the course of picketing, patrolling, or concerted conduct 20 involving or growing out of a labor dispute as defined in N.J.S. 2A:15-21 58,<sup>2</sup> is guilty of a disorderly persons offense. 22 b. A person is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree if the person 23 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation creates a risk of widespread danger or of injury to any person or of damage to property 24 25 or results in bodily injury to another person. 26 c. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation results in 27 28 serious bodily injury to another person.] 29 2C:33-14. <u>a.</u> Interference with Transportation. [Any person who] 30 A person is guilty of interference with transportation if the person 31 purposely or knowingly: 32 (1) casts, shoots or throws anything at, against or into any vehicle, 33 railroad car, trolley car, subway car, ferry, airplane, or other facility of 34 transportation [,]; or (2) casts, shoots, throws or otherwise places any stick, stone, 35 object or other substance upon any street railway track, [trolly] 36 37 trolley track or railroad track [,] :or 38 (3) endangers or obstructs the safe operation of motor vehicles by 39 casting, shooting, throwing or otherwise placing any stick, stone, 40 object or other substance upon any highway or roadway; or [who] 41 (4) unlawfully climbs into or upon any railroad car, either in 42 motion or standing on the track of any railroad company in this 43 State[, is guilty of a disorderly persons offense.] : or
- 44 (5) unlawfully disrupts, delays or prevents the operation of any 45 train, bus, jitney, trolley, subway, airplane or any other facility of

- 1 <u>transportation</u>. The term "unlawfully disrupts, delays or prevents the
- 2 operation of does not include non-violent conduct growing out of a
- 3 <u>labor dispute as defined in N.J.S.2A:15-58.</u>
- 4 <u>b. Interference with transportation is a disorderly persons offense.</u>
- 5 <u>c. Interference with transportation is a crime of the fourth degree</u>
- 6 if the person purposely, knowingly or recklessly causes bodily injury
- 7 to another person or causes pecuniary loss in excess of \$500 but less
- 8 than \$2000.
- 9 <u>d. Interference with transportation is a crime of the third degree</u>
- 10 if the person purposely, knowingly or recklessly causes significant
- bodily injury to another person or causes pecuniary loss of \$2000 or
- 12 more, or if the person purposely or knowingly creates a risk of
- 13 <u>significant bodily injury to another person.</u>
- e. Interference with transportation is a crime of the second degree
- 15 <u>if the person purposely, knowingly or recklessly causes serious bodily</u>
- 16 <u>injury to another person.</u> <sup>3</sup>
- 17 (cf: N.J.S.2C:33-14)

- <sup>3</sup>3. Section 1 of P.L.1991, c.335 (C.2C:33-14.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 21 1. Vandalizing Railroad Crossing Devices; Grading of Offenses.
- 22 a. Any person who purposely, knowingly or recklessly defaces,
- 23 damages, obstructs <u>, removes</u> or otherwise impairs the operation of
- 24 any railroad crossing warning signal or protection device, including,
- but not limited to safety gates, electric bell, electric sign or any other
- 26 alarm or protection system authorized by the Commissioner of
- 27 Transportation, which is required under the provisions of
- 28 R.S.48:12-54 or R.S.48:2-29, or any other railroad property or
- 29 equipment, other than administrative buildings, offices or equipment,
- 30 shall, for a first offense, be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree;
- however, if the defacement, damage, obstruction, <u>removal</u> or impediment of the crossing warning signal or protection device <u>.</u>
- 33 <u>property or equipment</u> recklessly causes bodily injury or [damage to
- 23 property of equipment recklessiy causes bodily injury of Luamage to
- property] pecuniary loss of \$2000 or more, the actor is guilty of a
- 35 crime of the third degree, or if it recklessly causes a death <u>or serious</u>
- 36 <u>bodily injury</u>, the actor is guilty of a crime of the second degree.
- 37 <u>b. A person convicted of a violation of this section that involves an</u>
- act of graffiti may, in addition to any other penalty imposed by the
- 39 court, be required to pay to the owner of the damaged property
- 40 monetary restitution in the amount of the pecuniary damage caused by 41 the act of graffiti and to perform community service, which shall
- 42 include removing the graffiti from the property, if appropriate. If
- 43 community service is ordered, it shall be for either not less than 20
- 44 days or not less than the number of days necessary to remove the
- 45 graffiti from the property. As used in this section, "act of graffiti"
- 46 means the drawing, painting or making of any mark or inscription on

## **A2480** [3R] DECROCE, MERKT 7

```
1 public or private real or personal property without the permission of
2 the owner.<sup>3</sup>
3 (cf: P.L.1998, c.54, s.2)
        <sup>3</sup>[10. P.L.1991,c.335 (C.2C:33-14.1 et seq.) and] <u>4.</u><sup>3</sup>
5
6 R.S.48:12-167 <sup>3</sup> [are] <u>is</u> <sup>3</sup> repealed.
7
        <sup>1</sup>[2.] ^{3}[11.] ^{1}] ^{5}. This act shall take effect immediately.
```

## SENATE, No. 2312

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

### 209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED APRIL 20, 2001

**Sponsored by:** 

**Senator NICHOLAS J. SACCO** 

**District 32 (Bergen and Hudson)** 

**Senator SHIRLEY K. TURNER** 

District 15 (Mercer)

#### **SYNOPSIS**

"Railroad Protection and Vandalism Prevention Act"

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



1	AN ACT concerning prevention of railroad vandalism, supplementing
2	Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes, amending P.L.1970, c.246 and
3	N.J.S.2C:33-14 and repealing P.L.1991, c.335 (C.2C:33-14.1 et
4	seq.) and R.S. 48:12-167.
5	
6	BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
7	of New Jersey:
8	
9	1. (New section) Sections 1 through 7 and section 11 of this act
10	shall be known and may be cited as the "Railroad Protection and
11	Vandalism Prevention Act."
12	
13	2. (New section) As used in this act:
14	"Railroad equipment" means all equipment owned, leased, or used
15	in the operation of any railroad including, but not limited to, a train,
16	locomotive, engine, railroad car, work equipment, rolling stock, or
17	safety device. "Railroad equipment" does not include administrative
18	equipment.
19	"Railroad property" means all property owned, leased, or operated
20	by a railroad including, but not limited to, track, roadbed, right-of-
21	way, bridge, yard, shop, station, tunnel, viaduct, trestle, depot,
22	warehouse, terminal, or any other structure or appurtenance used in
23	the operation of any railroad. "Railroad property" does not include
24	administrative buildings or administrative offices.
25	"Railroad signal system" means all equipment owned, leased or used
26	in the operation of any railroad for the purposes of controlling trains
27	and providing warnings including, but not limited to, a signal system,
28	train control system, centralized dispatching system, or any highway-
29	railroad grade crossing warning signal or protection device including,
30	but not limited to, safety gates, electric bell, electric sign or any other
31	alarm or protection system authorized by the Commissioner of
32	Transportation, which is required under the provisions of R.S.48:12-
33	54 or R.S.48:2-29.
34	"Widespread damage" means damage to 10 or more habitations or
35	to a building which would normally contain 50 or more persons at the
36	time of the offense.
37	"Widespread injury" means serious bodily injury to 10 or more
38	people.
39	
40	3. (New section) a. Any person who purposely, knowingly or
41	recklessly places any stick, stone or other substance upon any railroad
42	track is guilty of a disorderly persons offense.

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

- b. A person is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree if the person
  violates subsection a. of this section and this violation disrupts, delays
  or prevents the operation of any railroad.
  - c. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000.
  - d. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death.

- 4. (New section) a. Any person who purposely, knowingly or recklessly casts, shoots or throws anything at, against or into any railroad equipment is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000.
- c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death.

- 5. (New section) a. Any person who purposely, knowingly or recklessly defaces, damages, removes or otherwise impairs any railroad property, railroad equipment or railroad signal system is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000.
- c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death.
- d. A person convicted of a violation of this section that involves graffiti may, in addition to any other penalty imposed by the court, be required to pay to the owner of the damaged property monetary restitution in the amount of the pecuniary damage caused by the act of graffiti and to perform community service, which shall include removing the graffiti from the property, if appropriate. If community service is ordered, it shall be for either not less than 20 days or not less than the number of days necessary to remove the graffiti from the property. As used in this section, "graffiti" means the drawing, painting or making of any mark or inscription on public or private real or personal property without the permission of the owner.

- 6. (New section) a. Any person who purposely or knowingly disrupts, delays or prevents the operation of any railroad, other than as set forth in sections 3 through 5 of this act, is guilty of a disorderly persons offense.
- b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000.

#### **S2312** SACCO, TURNER

1	c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person
2	violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death.
3	
4	7. (New section) a. Any person who, while violating the provisions
5	of this act, purposely or knowingly causes widespread injury or
6	damage is guilty of a crime of the second degree.
7	b. Notwithstanding the provisions of N.J.S.2C:1-8 or any other
8	provisions of law, a conviction arising under this section shall not
9	merge with a conviction for a violation of sections 3 through 6 of this
10	act.
11	
12	8. Section 1 of P.L.1970, c.246 (C.2A:53A-16) is amended to
13	read as follows:
14	1. The parents of any [infant] minor who shall maliciously or
15	willfully injure any property of a railroad, street railway, traction
16	railway or autobus public utility shall be liable for damages in the
17	amount of the injury to a limit of [\$1,000.00]\$5,000, to be collected
18	by the [public utility] property owner in [any court of competent
19	jurisdiction]the Superior Court, together with costs of suit.
20	(cf: P.L.1970, c.246, s.1)
21	
22	9. N.J.S.2C:33-14 is amended to read as follows:
23	2C:33-14. Interference with Transportation. Any person who
24	casts, shoots or throws anything at, against or into any vehicle,
25	[railroad car,] airplane, or other facility of transportation, or places
26	any stick, stone or other substance upon any street railway track[,]or
27	[trolly]trolley track [or railroad track], or who unlawfully climbs
28	into or upon any railroad car, either in motion or standing on the track
29	of any railroad company in this State, is guilty of a disorderly persons
30	offense.
31	(cf: P.L.1978, c.95, s.2C:33-14)
32	
33	10. P.L.1991, c.335 (C.2C:33-14.1 et seq.) and R.S.48:12-167 are
34	repealed.
35	
36	11. This act shall take effect immediately.
37	
38	
39	STATEMENT
40	
41	Concerned about the number of deaths and injuries on railroad
42	property, Congress passed the Federal Railroad Safety Authorization
43	Act of 1994 requiring the Secretary of Transportation to develop
44	model state legislation about vandalism of railroad property. The
45	purpose of the Model State Railroad Vandalism Prevention Bill
46	developed pursuant to the federal act is to prevent the vandalism of
	<b>-</b>

railroad property which would jeopardize the safety of the traveling public, railroad employees and communities near railroads.

Existing New Jersey laws cover some of the conduct addressed in the model bill; however, the sections are in numerous locations throughout the statutes and sometimes are written in general terms rather than specifically addressing railroad vandalism. This bill is adapted from the model bill and provides a unified approach specifically for railroad vandalism. Modifications have been made to the model bill to make it consistent with New Jersey statutes.

10 Under this bill, purposefully, knowingly or recklessly throwing or shooting anything at railroad equipment; placing anything upon 11 railroad property; damaging, defacing, removing or otherwise 12 13 impairing railroad property, equipment or a signal system are fourth 14 degree crimes. Purposefully or knowingly disrupting, delaying or 15 preventing the operation of a railroad will be a disorderly persons offense. If any of these acts causes bodily injury or property damage 16 17 in excess of \$2,000, the crime becomes third degree. If the result is a death, the crime becomes second degree. If the property damage 18 19 includes graffiti, restitution and community service, including removal 20 of the graffiti, may be added to any penalty. Rights to restitution and 21 other civil actions are not impaired by this bill.

The bill creates a separate penalty for anyone who, while violating the provisions of this bill, purposely or knowingly causes widespread injury or damage.

22

23

24

Existing statutes have been amended or repealed as necessary.

Section 1 of P.L.1970, c.246 (C.2A:53A-16) has been amended to increase parental liability for damage to railroad property maliciously or willfully caused by a minor from \$1,000 to \$5,000. N.J.S.2C:33-14 has been amended to remove references to railroads because the prohibited conduct is included in this bill. R.S.48:12-167 and P.L.1991, c.335 (C.2C:33-14.1 et seq.) are repealed by this bill.

# SENATE, No. 2638

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

**INTRODUCED NOVEMBER 8, 2001** 

Sponsored by:

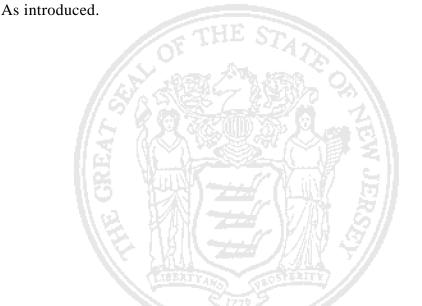
Senator ANDREW R. CIESLA
District 10 (Monmouth and Ocean)
Senator DIANE ALLEN
District 7 (Burlington and Camden)

Co-Sponsored by: Senator McNamara

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Increases penalties for interference with facilities of transportation.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**



1	AN ACT concerning certain offenses committed by persons on or near
2 3	any facility of transportation and amending N.J.S.2C:33-14.
	Dr. In End Copp by the Constant and Consul Assembly of the State
4 5	<b>BE IT ENACTED</b> by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:
6	of New Jersey.
7	1. N.J.S.2C:33-14 is amended to read as follows:
8	2C:33-14. a. Any person who casts, shoots or throws anything at,
9	against or into any vehicle, railroad car, airplane, or other facility of
10	transportation, or places any stick, stone or other substance upon any
11	street railway track, trolley track or railroad track, or who unlawfully
12	climbs into or upon any railroad car, either in motion or standing on
13	the track of any railroad company in this State, [is guilty of a
14	disorderly persons offense] or who knowingly, purposefully or
15	recklessly disrupts, delays or prevents the operation of any train, bus,
16	jitney, trolley, subway, airplane or any other facility of transportation,
17	is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
18	b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person
19	violates subsection a. of this section and this violation creates a risk of
20	widespread danger or of injury to any person or of damage to property
21	or results in bodily injury to another person.
22	c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person
23	violates subsection a. of this section and this violation results in
24	serious bodily injury to another person.
25	(cf: N.J.S.2C:33-14)
26	
27	2. This act shall take effect immediately.
28	
29	
30	STATEMENT
31	
32	This bill would amend N.J.S.2C:33-14 to increase the penalty for
33	any person interfering with facilities of transportation by upgrading the
34	offense from a disorderly persons offense to a crime of the fourth
35	degree.
36	It is a disorderly persons offense under current law for any person
37	to cast, shoot or throw anything at, against or into a vehicle, railroad
38	car, airplane, or other facility of transportation or interfere with the
39	functioning of a rail or trolley car either by placing a substance in the
40 41	vehicle's path or climbing on or into the vehicle.  This bill would amond the law to include as a fourth degree
41	This bill would amend the law to include, as a fourth degree offense, the act of knowingly, purposefully or recklessly disrupting,
42	delaying or preventing the operation of any train, bus, jitney, trolley,
+3	deraying of preventing the operation of any train, bus, juney, troney,

 $\label{lem:explanation} \textbf{EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.}$ 

#### S2638 CIESLA, ALLEN

1

subway, airplane or any other facility of transportation. The bill would also increase the penalty by making it a crime of the third degree if the person's actions create a risk of widespread danger, injury or damage to property or result in bodily injury to another person. In addition, this bill would also provide that a crime of the second degree has been

committed if the person's actions result in serious bodily injury.

A crime of the fourth degree is punishable by up to 18 months imprisonment, a fine not to exceed \$10,000, or both. A crime of the third degree carries a possible term of three-to-five years in prison, a fine not to exceed \$15,000, or both. A crime of the second degree is punishable by five-to-10 years in prison, a fine not to exceed \$150,000, or both.

# SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, Nos. 2312 and 2638

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

## 209th LEGISLATURE

ADOPTED NOVEMBER 19, 2001

Sponsored by:

Senator ANDREW R. CIESLA

**District 10 (Monmouth and Ocean)** 

**Senator DIANE ALLEN** 

**District 7 (Burlington and Camden)** 

**Senator SHIRLEY K. TURNER** 

**District 15 (Mercer)** 

Senator NICHOLAS J. SACCO

**District 32 (Bergen and Hudson)** 

Co-Sponsored by:

**Senator McNamara** 

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Establishes offenses concerning the protection of railroad property and interference with transportation.

# CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Substitute as adopted by the Senate Transportation Committee.



AN ACT concerning railroad protection, prevention of railroad vandalism, and interference with transportation, supplementing Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes, amending N.J.S.2C:33-14 and P.L.1970, c.246 and repealing P.L.1991, c.335 (C.2C:33-14.1 et seq.) and R.S. 48:12-167.

6 7

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

8 9 10

11

12

1. (New section) Sections 1 through 7 of this act shall be known and may be cited as the "Railroad Protection and Vandalism Prevention Act."

13 14

15

16 17

18

19

20

2122

23

24

25

26

2728

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

2. (New section) As used in this act:

"Railroad equipment" means all equipment owned, leased, or used in the operation of any railroad including, but not limited to, a train, locomotive, engine, railroad car, work equipment, rolling stock, or safety device. "Railroad equipment" does not include administrative equipment.

"Railroad property" means all property owned, leased, or operated by a railroad including, but not limited to, track, roadbed, right-ofway, bridge, yard, shop, station, tunnel, viaduct, trestle, depot, warehouse, terminal, or any other structure or appurtenance used in the operation of any railroad. "Railroad property" does not include administrative buildings or administrative offices.

"Railroad signal system" means all equipment owned, leased or used in the operation of any railroad for the purposes of controlling trains and providing warnings including, but not limited to, a signal system, train control system, centralized dispatching system, or any highway-railroad grade crossing warning signal or protection device including, but not limited to, safety gates, electric bell, electric sign or any other alarm or protection system authorized by the Commissioner of Transportation, which is required under the provisions of R.S.48:12-54 or R.S.48:2-29.

"Widespread damage" means damage to 10 or more habitations or to a building which would normally contain 50 or more persons at the time of the offense.

"Widespread injury" means serious bodily injury to 10 or more people.

3940

3. (New section) a. Any person who purposely, knowingly or recklessly places any stick, stone or other substance upon any railroad track is guilty of a disorderly persons offense.

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

- b. A person is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation disrupts, delays 3 or prevents the operation of any railroad.
  - c. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000.
  - d. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death.

8 9 10

11

12

13

14

15

16

1

2

4

5

6

7

- 4. (New section) a. Any person who purposely, knowingly or recklessly casts, shoots or throws anything at, against or into any railroad equipment is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000.
- c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death.

17 18 19

20

21

22

23

24 25

26

27

28

29

30 31

32

33

34

35

36 37

- 5. (New section) a. Any person who purposely, knowingly or recklessly defaces, damages, removes or otherwise impairs any railroad property, railroad equipment or railroad signal system is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000.
- c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death.
- d. A person convicted of a violation of this section that involves graffiti may, in addition to any other penalty imposed by the court, be required to pay to the owner of the damaged property monetary restitution in the amount of the pecuniary damage caused by the act of graffiti and to perform community service, which shall include removing the graffiti from the property, if appropriate. If community service is ordered, it shall be for either not less than 20 days or not less than the number of days necessary to remove the graffiti from the property. As used in this section, "graffiti" means the drawing, painting or making of any mark or inscription on public or private real or personal property without the permission of the owner.

38 39

40

41

42 43

44

45

- 6. (New section) a. Any person who purposely or knowingly unlawfully disrupts, delays or prevents the operation of any railroad, other than as set forth in sections 3 through 5 of this act, is guilty of a disorderly persons offense.
- b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000.

#### SCS for S2312 CIESLA, ALLEN

4

1 c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person 2 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death.

3

5

6

7

8

9

- 7. (New section) a. Any person who, while violating the provisions of this act, purposely or knowingly causes widespread injury or damage is guilty of a crime of the second degree.
- b. Notwithstanding the provisions of N.J.S. 2C:1-8 or any other provisions of law, a conviction arising under this section shall not merge with a conviction for a violation of sections 3 through 6 of this act.

1011

- 12 8. Section 1 of P.L.1970, c.246 (C.2A:53A-16) is amended to 13 read as follows:
- 1. The parents of any [infant] minor who shall maliciously or willfully injure any property of a railroad, street railway, traction railway or autobus public utility shall be liable for damages in the amount of the injury to a limit of [\$1,000.00]\$5,000, to be collected by the [public utility] property owner in [any court of competent jurisdiction] the Superior Court, together with costs of suit.
- 20 (cf: P.L.1970, c.246, s.1)

2122

- 9. N.J.S. 2C:33-14 is amended to read as follows:
- 22 2C:33-14. <u>a.</u> Interference with Transportation. Any person who casts, shoots or throws anything at, against or into any vehicle,
- 25 [railroad car,] airplane, or other facility of transportation, or places
- 26 any stick, stone or other substance upon any street railway track [,] or
- 27 [trolly]trolley track [or railroad track], or who unlawfully climbs
- 28 into or upon any railroad car, either in motion or standing on the
- 29 track of any railroad company in this State, [is guilty of a disorderly
- 30 persons offense] or who knowingly, purposefully or recklessly
- 31 unlawfully disrupts, delays or prevents the operation of any bus, jitney,
- trolley, subway, airplane or any other facility of transportation, is
- 33 guilty of a disorderly persons offense.
  - b. A person is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation creates a risk of widespread danger or of injury to any person or of damage to property or results in bodily injury to another person.
- c. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person
   violates subsection a. of this section and this violation results in
   serious bodily injury to another person.
- 41 (cf: P.L.1978, c.95, s.2C:33-14)

42

34

3536

37

43 10. P.L.1991, c.335 (C.2C:33-14.1 et seq.) and R.S.48:12-167 44 are repealed.

45 46

11. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### SENATE TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE

#### STATEMENT TO

# SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE, Nos. 2312 and 2638

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: NOVEMBER 19, 2001

The Senate Transportation Committee reports favorably Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill Nos. 2312 and 2638.

The first part of this substitute bill deals with railroad protection and vandalism. Purposely, knowingly or recklessly placing anything upon any railroad track or purposefully or knowingly unlawfully disrupting, delaying or preventing the operation of a railroad will be a disorderly persons offense.

Purposefully, knowingly or recklessly throwing or shooting anything at railroad equipment or damaging, defacing, removing or otherwise impairing railroad property, equipment or a signal system will be fourth degree crimes. If any of these acts causes bodily injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000, the crime becomes third degree. If the result is a death, the crime becomes second degree. If the damage to railroad property includes graffiti, restitution and community service, including removal of the graffiti, may be added to any penalty. Rights to restitution and other civil actions are not impaired by this bill.

The bill creates a separate penalty for anyone who, while violating the provisions of this bill concerning railroads, purposely or knowingly causes widespread injury or damage.

Section 1 of P.L. 1970, c. 246 (C.2A:53A-16) has been amended by this bill to increase parental liability for damage to railroad property maliciously or willfully caused by a minor from \$1,000 to \$5,000. N.J.S. 2C:33-14 has been amended to remove certain references to railroads because the prohibited conduct is included in this bill. R.S. 48:12-167 and P.L. 1991, c. 335 (C. 2C:33-14.1 et seq.) are repealed by this bill.

In addition to the provisions of the bill which specifically address railroad protection and vandalism, this bill would amend N.J.S. 2C:33-14 to include the act of knowingly, purposefully or recklessly unlawfully disrupting, delaying or preventing the operation of any bus, jitney, trolley, subway, airplane or any other facility of transportation.

The bill would also increase the penalty by making it a crime of the fourth degree if the person's actions created a risk of widespread danger, injury or damage to property or result in bodily injury to another person. If the person's actions result in serious bodily injury, the bill provides that a crime of the third degree has been committed.

The railroad provisions of this bill are based upon the Model State Railroad Vandalism Prevention Bill which is intended to prevent the vandalism of railroad property that could jeopardize the safety of the traveling public, railroad employees and communities near railroads. Existing New Jersey laws cover some of the conduct addressed in the model bill; however, the sections are in numerous locations throughout the statutes and sometimes are written in general terms rather than specifically addressing railroad vandalism. The railroad provisions of the bill are adapted from the model bill and provide a unified approach specifically for railroad vandalism. Modifications have been made to the model bill to make it consistent with New Jersey statutes. Existing statutes have been amended or repealed as necessary.

This substitute bill is identical to Assembly Bill No. 2480 as amended and reported by the committee today.

#### P.L. 2001, CHAPTER 413, approved January 8, 2002 Assembly, No. 2480 (Third Reprint)

1 AN ACT concerning <sup>1</sup> [certain offenses committed by persons on or near any facility of transportation]<sup>3</sup>[ railroad protection. 2 prevention of railroad vandalism, and]<sup>3</sup> interference with 3 transportation <sup>3</sup>facilities<sup>3</sup>, <sup>3</sup>[supplementing Title 2C of the New 4 Jersey Statutes, [and]<sup>1</sup>]<sup>3</sup> amending N.J.S. 2C:33-14,<sup>1</sup> <sup>3</sup>[ and],<sup>3</sup> 5 P.L.1970, c. 246 <sup>3</sup> and P.L.1991, c.335 <sup>3</sup> and repealing 6 <sup>3</sup>[P.L.1991, c.335 (C.2C:33-14.1 et seq.) and] <sup>3</sup> R.S. 48:12-167. <sup>1</sup> 7 8 9 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 10 of New Jersey: 11 12 <sup>1</sup>[1. N.J.S.2C:33-14 is amended to read as follows: 13 2C:33-14. a. Any person who casts, shoots or throws anything at, against or into any vehicle, railroad car, airplane, or other facility of 14 15 transportation, or places any stick, stone or other substance upon any 16 street railway track, trolley track or railroad track, or who unlawfully 17 climbs into or upon any railroad car, either in motion or standing on the track of any railroad company in this State, [is guilty of a 18 19 disorderly persons offense] or who knowingly, purposefully or 20 recklessly disrupts, delays or prevents the operation of any train, bus, jitney, trolley, subway, airplane or any other facility of transportation, 21 22 is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree. 23 b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person 24 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation creates a risk of 25 widespread danger or of injury to any person or of damage to property or results in bodily injury to another person. 26 27 c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person 28 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation results in 29 serious bodily injury to another person. (cf: N.J.S.2C:33-14)]<sup>1</sup> 30 31 <sup>3</sup>[1. (New section) Sections 1 through 7 of this act shall be 32 known and may be cited as the "Railroad Protection and Vandalism 33 Prevention Act."<sup>1</sup>]<sup>3</sup> 34 35 <sup>3</sup>[<sup>1</sup>2. (New section) As used in this act: 36 37 "Railroad equipment" means all equipment owned, leased, or used in the operation of any railroad including, but not limited to, a train, 38

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Senate STR committee amendments adopted November 19, 2001.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 2}$  Assembly floor amendments adopted November 26, 2001.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Senate floor amendments adopted December 6, 2001.

- locomotive, engine, railroad car, work equipment, rolling stock, or
   safety device. "Railroad equipment" does not include administrative
   equipment.
   "Railroad property" means all property owned, leased, or operated
- by a railroad including, but not limited to, track, roadbed, right-of way, bridge, yard, shop, station, tunnel, viaduct, trestle, depot,
   warehouse, terminal, or any other structure or appurtenance used in
   the operation of any railroad. "Railroad property" does not include
   administrative buildings or administrative offices.
- 10 "Railroad signal system" means all equipment owned, leased or used 11 in the operation of any railroad for the purposes of controlling trains and providing warnings including, but not limited to, a signal system, 12 13 train control system, centralized dispatching system, or any highway-14 railroad grade crossing warning signal or protection device including, 15 but not limited to, safety gates, electric bell, electric sign or any other alarm or protection system authorized by the Commissioner of 16 17 Transportation, which is required under the provisions of R.S.48:12-18 54 or R.S.48:2-29.
- "Widespread damage" means damage to 10 or more habitations or
   to a building which would normally contain 50 or more persons at the
   time of the offense.
- 22 <u>"Widespread injury" means serious bodily injury to 10 or more</u> 23 <u>people.</u><sup>1</sup>]<sup>3</sup>

25 <sup>3</sup>[<sup>1</sup>3. (New section) a. Any person who purposely, knowingly or 26 recklessly places any stick, stone or other substance upon any railroad 27 track is guilty of a disorderly persons offense.

b. A person is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree if the person
 violates subsection a. of this section and this violation disrupts, delays
 or prevents the operation of any railroad.

c. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000.

d. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death. 13

3738

39

40

31

32

3334

35

36

- <sup>3</sup>[<sup>1</sup>4. (New section) a. Any person who purposely, knowingly or recklessly casts, shoots or throws anything at, against or into any railroad equipment is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person
   violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily
   injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000.
- c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person
   violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a
   death. 1]<sup>3</sup>

3[15. (New section) a. Any person who purposely, knowingly or
 recklessly defaces, damages, removes or otherwise impairs any
 railroad property, railroad equipment or railroad signal system is guilty
 of a crime of the fourth degree.
 b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person

b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000.

c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death.

d. A person convicted of a violation of this section that involves graffiti may, in addition to any other penalty imposed by the court, be required to pay to the owner of the damaged property monetary restitution in the amount of the pecuniary damage caused by the act of graffiti and to perform community service, which shall include removing the graffiti from the property, if appropriate. If community service is ordered, it shall be for either not less than 20 days or not less than the number of days necessary to remove the graffiti from the property. As used in this section, "graffiti" means the drawing, painting or making of any mark or inscription on public or private real or personal property without the permission of the owner. <sup>1</sup>]<sup>3</sup>

<sup>3</sup>[<sup>1</sup>6. (New section) a. <sup>2</sup>Except in the course of picketing, patrolling, or concerted conduct involving or growing out of a labor dispute as defined in N.J.S.2A:15-58, <sup>2</sup> <sup>2</sup>[Any]any <sup>2</sup> person who purposely or knowingly unlawfully disrupts, delays or prevents the operation of any railroad, other than as set forth in sections 3 through 5 of this act, is guilty of a disorderly persons offense.

b. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes bodily injury or property damage in excess of \$2,000.

c. A person is guilty of a crime of the second degree if the person violates subsection a. of this section and this violation causes a death. 13

<sup>3</sup>[<sup>1</sup>7. (New section) a. Any person who, while violating the provisions of this act, purposely or knowingly causes widespread injury or damage is guilty of a crime of the second degree.

b. Notwithstanding the provisions of N.J.S.2C:1-8 or any other provisions of law, a conviction arising under this section shall not merge with a conviction for a violation of sections 3 through 6 of this act. <sup>1</sup>]<sup>3</sup>

43 <sup>3</sup>[<sup>1</sup>8.] <u>1.</u><sup>3</sup> Section 1 of P.L. 1970, c.246 (C.2A:53A-16) is 44 amended to read as follows:

1. The parents of any [infant] minor who shall maliciously or

\_

```
1
     willfully injure any property of a railroad, street railway, traction
 2
     railway or autobus public utility shall be liable for damages in the
     amount of the injury to a limit of [$1,000.00]$5,000, to be collected
 3
 4
     by the [public utility]property owner in [any court of competent
 5
     jurisdiction]the Superior Court, together with costs of suit.
     (cf: P.L.1970, c.246, s.1)<sup>1</sup>
 6
 7
 8
     <sup>3</sup> [<sup>1</sup>9.] <u>2.</u><sup>3</sup> N.J.S. 2C:33-14 is amended to read as follows:
 9
        <sup>3</sup>[2C:33-14. <u>a.</u> Interference with Transportation. Any person who
     casts, shoots or throws anything at, against or into any vehicle,
10
11
     [railroad car,] airplane, or other facility of transportation, or places
12
     any stick, stone or other substance upon any street railway track[,]or
13
      [trolly]trolley track [or railroad track], or who unlawfully climbs
14
     into or upon any railroad car, either in motion or standing on the
15
     track of any railroad company in this State, [is guilty of a disorderly
     persons offense] or who knowingly, purposefully or recklessly
16
17
     unlawfully disrupts, delays or prevents the operation of any bus, jitney,
     trolley, subway, airplane or any other facility of transportation,
18
     <sup>2</sup>except in the course of picketing, patrolling, or concerted conduct
19
     involving or growing out of a labor dispute as defined in N.J.S. 2A:15-
20
21
     58,<sup>2</sup> is guilty of a disorderly persons offense.
22
        b. A person is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree if the person
23
     violates subsection a. of this section and this violation creates a risk of
24
     widespread danger or of injury to any person or of damage to property
25
     or results in bodily injury to another person.
        c. A person is guilty of a crime of the third degree if the person
26
27
     violates subsection a. of this section and this violation results in
28
     serious bodily injury to another person.]
29
        2C:33-14. <u>a.</u> Interference with Transportation. [Any person who]
30
     A person is guilty of interference with transportation if the person
31
     purposely or knowingly:
32
        (1) casts, shoots or throws anything at, against or into any vehicle,
     railroad car, trolley car, subway car, ferry, airplane, or other facility of
33
34
     transportation [,]; or
35
        (2) casts, shoots, throws or otherwise places any stick, stone,
     object or other substance upon any street railway track, [trolly]
36
37
     trolley track or railroad track [,] ;or
        (3) endangers or obstructs the safe operation of motor vehicles by
38
39
     casting, shooting, throwing or otherwise placing any stick, stone,
40
     object or other substance upon any highway or roadway; or [who]
```

State[, is guilty of a disorderly persons offense.]; or
 (5) unlawfully disrupts, delays or prevents the operation of any
 train, bus, jitney, trolley, subway, airplane or any other facility of

(4) unlawfully climbs into or upon any railroad car, either in

motion or standing on the track of any railroad company in this

41

- 1 transportation. The term "unlawfully disrupts, delays or prevents the
- 2 operation of" does not include non-violent conduct growing out of a
- 3 <u>labor dispute as defined in N.J.S.2A:15-58.</u>
- 4 <u>b. Interference with transportation is a disorderly persons offense.</u>
- 5 <u>c. Interference with transportation is a crime of the fourth degree</u>
- 6 if the person purposely, knowingly or recklessly causes bodily injury
- 7 to another person or causes pecuniary loss in excess of \$500 but less
- 8 than \$2000.
- 9 <u>d. Interference with transportation is a crime of the third degree</u>
- 10 <u>if the person purposely, knowingly or recklessly causes significant</u>
- bodily injury to another person or causes pecuniary loss of \$2000 or
- 12 more, or if the person purposely or knowingly creates a risk of
- 13 <u>significant bodily injury to another person.</u>
- e. Interference with transportation is a crime of the second degree
- 15 <u>if the person purposely, knowingly or recklessly causes serious bodily</u>
- 16 <u>injury to another person.</u> <sup>3</sup>
- 17 (cf: N.J.S.2C:33-14)

- <sup>3</sup>3. Section 1 of P.L.1991, c.335 (C.2C:33-14.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 21 1. Vandalizing Railroad Crossing Devices; Grading of Offenses.
- 22 a. Any person who purposely, knowingly or recklessly defaces,
- damages, obstructs <u>, removes</u> or otherwise impairs the operation of
- 24 any railroad crossing warning signal or protection device, including,
- but not limited to safety gates, electric bell, electric sign or any other
- 26 alarm or protection system authorized by the Commissioner of
- Transportation, which is required under the provisions of R.S.48:12-54 or R.S.48:2-29, or any other railroad property or
- 29 equipment, other than administrative buildings, offices or equipment,
- 30 shall, for a first offense, be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree;
- 31 however, if the defacement, damage, obstruction, removal or
- 32 impediment of the crossing warning signal or protection device.
- 33 property or equipment recklessly causes bodily injury or [damage to
- 34 property] pecuniary loss of \$2000 or more, the actor is guilty of a
- 35 crime of the third degree, or if it recklessly causes a death or serious
- 36 <u>bodily injury</u>, the actor is guilty of a crime of the second degree.
- 37 <u>b. A person convicted of a violation of this section that involves an</u>
- 38 act of graffiti may, in addition to any other penalty imposed by the
- 39 court, be required to pay to the owner of the damaged property
- 40 monetary restitution in the amount of the pecuniary damage caused by
- the act of graffiti and to perform community service, which shall include removing the graffiti from the property, if appropriate. If
- 43 community service is ordered, it shall be for either not less than 20
- days or not less than the number of days necessary to remove the
- 45 graffiti from the property. As used in this section, "act of graffiti"
- 46 means the drawing, painting or making of any mark or inscription on

### A2480 [3R]

interference with transportation.

public or private real or personal property without the permission of the owner.<sup>3</sup> (cf: P.L.1998, c.54, s.2)  $^{3}$ [10. P.L.1991,c.335 (C.2C:33-14.1 et seq.) and]  $\underline{4}$ . R.S.48:12-167  ${}^{3}$  [are] <u>is</u>  ${}^{3}$  repealed.  $^{1}$ [2.]  $^{3}$ [11. $^{1}$ ] 5. $^{3}$  This act shall take effect immediately. Establishes offenses concerning the protection of railroad property and

#### **CHAPTER 413**

AN ACT concerning interference with transportation facilities, amending N.J.S. 2C:33-14, P.L.1970, c. 246 and P.L.1991, c.335 and repealing R.S. 48:12-167.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. Section 1 of P.L.1970, c.246 (C.2A:53A-16) is amended to read as follows:

#### C.2A:53A-16 Parental liability for certain acts of minor.

- 1. The parents of any minor who shall maliciously or willfully injure any property of a railroad, street railway, traction railway or autobus public utility shall be liable for damages in the amount of the injury to a limit of\$5,000, to be collected by the property owner in the Superior Court, together with costs of suit.
  - 2. N.J.S. 2C:33-14 is amended to read as follows:

Interference with transportation.

- 2C:33-14. a. Interference with Transportation. A person is guilty of interference with transportation if the person purposely or knowingly:
- (1) casts, shoots or throws anything at, against or into any vehicle, railroad car, trolley car, subway car, ferry, airplane, or other facility of transportation; or
- (2) casts, shoots, throws or otherwise places any stick, stone, object or other substance upon any street railway track, trolley track or railroad track; or
- (3) endangers or obstructs the safe operation of motor vehicles by casting, shooting, throwing or otherwise placing any stick, stone, object or other substance upon any highway or roadway; or
- (4) unlawfully climbs into or upon any railroad car, either in motion or standing on the track of any railroad company in this State; or
- (5) unlawfully disrupts, delays or prevents the operation of any train, bus, jitney, trolley, subway, airplane or any other facility of transportation. The term "unlawfully disrupts, delays or prevents the operation of" does not include non-violent conduct growing out of a labor dispute as defined in N.J.S.2A:15-58.
  - b. Interference with transportation is a disorderly persons offense.
- c. Interference with transportation is a crime of the fourth degree if the person purposely, knowingly or recklessly causes bodily injury to another person or causes pecuniary loss in excess of \$500 but less than \$2000.
- d. Interference with transportation is a crime of the third degree if the person purposely, knowingly or recklessly causes significant bodily injury to another person or causes pecuniary loss of \$2000 or more, or if the person purposely or knowingly creates a risk of significant bodily injury to another person.
- e. Interference with transportation is a crime of the second degree if the person purposely, knowingly or recklessly causes serious bodily injury to another person.
  - 3. Section 1 of P.L.1991, c.335 (C.2C:33-14.1) is amended to read as follows:

#### C.2C:33-14.1 Vandalizing railrod crossing devices, property; gradin of offenses; graffiti.

- 1. a. Any person who purposely, knowingly or recklessly defaces, damages, obstructs, removes or otherwise impairs the operation of any railroad crossing warning signal or protection device, including, but not limited to safety gates, electric bell, electric sign or any other alarm or protection system authorized by the Commissioner of Transportation, which is required under the provisions of R.S.48:12-54 or R.S.48:2-29, or any other railroad property or equipment, other than administrative buildings, offices or equipment, shall, for a first offense, be guilty of a crime of the fourth degree; however, if the defacement, damage, obstruction, removal or impediment of the crossing warning signal or protection device, property or equipment recklessly causes bodily injury or pecuniary loss of \$2000 or more, the actor is guilty of a crime of the third degree, or if it recklessly causes a death or serious bodily injury, the actor is guilty of a crime of the second degree.
  - b. A person convicted of a violation of this section that involves an act of graffiti may, in

addition to any other penalty imposed by the court, be required to pay to the owner of the damaged property monetary restitution in the amount of the pecuniary damage caused by the act of graffiti and to perform community service, which shall include removing the graffiti from the property, if appropriate. If community service is ordered, it shall be for either not less than 20 days or not less than the number of days necessary to remove the graffiti from the property. As used in this section, "act of graffiti" means the drawing, painting or making of any mark or inscription on public or private real or personal property without the permission of the owner.

#### Repealer.

- 4. R.S.48:12-167 is repealed.
- 5. This act shall take effect immediately.

Approved January 8, 2002.