2A:42A-8.1

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF:	2001	CHAPTER:	265		
NJSA:	2A:42A-8.1	(Limits liability	of landowners)		
BILL NO:	A3035	(Substituted for	S1958)		
SPONSOR(S)	: Lance				
DATE INTRO	DUCED: Dec	ember 11, 2000			
COMMITTEE:	ASSE	MBLY: Agricu	llture and Natural Resources; Ju	udiciary	
	SENAT	E:			
AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes					
DATE OF PAS	SSAGE:	ASSEMBLY:	June 21, 2001		
	S	SENATE: N	lovember 26, 2001		
DATE OF API	PROVAL:	December 11,	2001		
FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:					
FINAL TEXT OF BILL (2nd reprint enacted)					
	(Amendments o	luring passage d	enoted by superscript numbers))	
A3035					
	SPONSORS S	TATEMENT: (Be	gins on page 3 of original bill)	Yes	
2001(Agricultu	COMMITTEE S	TATEMENT:	ASSEMBLY:	Yes	1-23-
				5-7-20	001(Judiciary)
			SENATE:	No	
	FLOOR AMEN	DMENT STATE	MENTS:	No	
	LEGISLATIVE	FISCAL ESTIMA	ATE:	No	

S1958

SPONSORS STATEMENT: (Begins on page 3 of original bill) Yes

Bill and Sponsors Statement identical to A3035

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:	ASSEMBLY:	No
	SENATE:	Yes
FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS:		No
LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:		No
VETO MESSAGE:		No
GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:		No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

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REPORTS:	No
HEARINGS:	No
NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:	No

ASSEMBLY, No. 3035 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED DECEMBER 11, 2000

Sponsored by: Assemblyman LEONARD LANCE District 23 (Warren, Hunterdon and Mercer)

SYNOPSIS

Limits liability of landowners who convey, to government entities or certain nonprofit organizations, conservation easements on lands upon which public access is allowed.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT As introduced.



1 AN ACT concerning the limitation of liability of owners, lessees and 2 occupants of certain premises subject to conservation restrictions, 3 and supplementing Title 2A of the New Jersey Statutes. 4 5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 6 of New Jersey: 7 8 1. a. An owner, lessee or occupant of premises for which a 9 conservation restriction has been acquired by the State, a local unit, or 10 a charitable conservancy and upon which premises subject to the 11 conservation restriction public access is allowed, and regardless of 12 whether public notice is provided, shall be liable only for:

(1) willful or malicious failure to guard, or to warn against, adangerous condition, use, structure or activity; or

(2) injury caused by acts of negligence on the part of the owner,
lessee or occupant of the premises to any person where permission to
engage in sport or recreational activity on the premises was granted
for a consideration other than the consideration, if any, paid to the
landowner by the State, local unit, or charitable conservancy; or

(3) injury caused by acts of gross negligence on the part of the
owner, lessee, or occupant of the premises to any person entering or
using the land for a use or purpose unrelated to public access
purposes.

b. For the purposes of this section:

25 "Acquire" means by purchase, installment purchase agreement, gift,26 donation, eminent domain, or devise;

"Charitable conservancy" means the same as that term is defined
pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1979, c.378 (C.13:8B-2), or a "qualifying
tax exempt nonprofit organization" as defined pursuant to section 3 of
P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-3);

"Conservation restriction" means the same as that term is defined
pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1979, c.378 (C.13:8B-2);

33 "Local unit" means the same as that term is defined pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1979, c.378 (C.13:8B-2), or a "local government 34 unit" as defined pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-3); 35 36 "Premises" means any land in the State (1) regardless of location or 37 characterization or classification of location including but not limited to land characterized or classified as being located in an urban, 38 39 suburban, rural, semi-rural, populous, developed, undeveloped, 40 unpopulous, residential, nonresidential, commercial, or industrial area, 41 and (2) regardless of whether or not the land is improved or 42 maintained in a natural condition, or used as part of a commercial 43 enterprise; and

44 "Sport or recreational activity" means a "sport and recreational
45 activity" as defined pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1968, c.73
46 (C.2A:42A-2).

1	2. This act shall take effect immediately.
2	
3	
4	STATEMENT
5	
6	This bill would limit the liability of landowners, who convey to
7	government entities or certain nonprofit organizations conservation
8	easements on lands upon which public access is also allowed, for
9	injuries which occur on those lands.
10	Specifically, the bill would provide that an owner, lessee or
11	occupant of premises for which a conservation restriction has been
12	acquired by the State, a local government, or a nonprofit land
13	conservancy and upon which premises subject to the conservation
14	restriction public access is allowed, and regardless of whether public
15	notice is provided, shall be liable only for:
16	(1) willful or malicious failure to guard, or to warn against, a
17	dangerous condition, use, structure or activity; or
18	(2) injury caused by acts of negligence on the part of the owner,
19	lessee or occupant of the premises to any person where permission to
20	engage in sport or recreational activity on the premises was granted
21	for a consideration other than the consideration, if any, paid to the
22	landowner by the State, local government, or nonprofit land
23	conservancy; or
24	(3) injury caused by acts of gross negligence on the part of the
25	owner, lessee, or occupant of the premises to any person entering or
26	using the land for a use or purpose unrelated to public access
27	purposes.
28	The bill defines "premises" to mean any land in the State (1)
29	regardless of location or characterization or classification of location
30	including but not limited to land characterized or classified as being
31	located in an urban, suburban, rural, semi-rural, populous, developed,
32	undeveloped, unpopulous, residential, nonresidential, commercial, or
33	industrial area, and (2) regardless of whether or not the land is
34	improved or maintained in a natural condition, or used as part of a
35	commercial enterprise. The express purpose of this definition is to
36	avoid any possible interpretation by a court or administrative agency
37	that the immunities provided by the bill apply only in rural or semi-
38	rural areas of the State. Thus, the bill applies to any and all land in the
39	State for which a conservation restriction has been acquired by a
40	government entity or nonprofit land conservancy and upon which land
41	public access is allowed.
42	The purpose of this bill is to provide appropriate protection from
43	tort liability to landowners who serve an important public interest and
44	provide a valued public benefit by conveying conservation easements
45	on their lands and allowing public access to those lands for public
46	sport and recreational activities. This bill should help encourage more
47	individuals to sell or donate conservation easements, thereby helping

- 1 to preserve open space and provide more opportunities for public
- 2 outdoor recreation throughout the entire State.

ASSEMBLY AGRICULTURE AND NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 3035

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JANUARY 23, 2001

The Assembly Agriculture and Natural Resources Committee favorably reports Assembly Bill No. 3035 with committee amendments.

This bill, as amended by the committee, would limit the liability of landowners who allow public access on lands subject to conservation or trail easements held by government entities or certain nonprofit organizations.

Specifically, the bill would provide that an owner, lessee or occupant of premises on which a conservation restriction is held by the State, a local government, or a nonprofit land conservancy and upon which premises subject to the conservation restriction public access is allowed, or of premises upon which public access is allowed pursuant to a public pathway or trail easement held by the State, a local unit, or a charitable conservancy, and regardless of whether public notice is provided, shall be liable only for:

(1) willful or malicious failure to guard, or to warn against, a dangerous condition, use, structure or activity; or

(2) injury caused by acts of negligence on the part of the owner, lessee or occupant of the premises to any person where permission to engage in sport or recreational activity on the premises was granted for a consideration other than the consideration, if any, paid to the landowner by the State, local government, or nonprofit land conservancy; or

(3) injury caused by acts of gross negligence on the part of the owner, lessee, or occupant of the premises to any person entering or using the land for a use or purpose unrelated to public access purposes.

The bill defines "premises" to mean any land in the State (1) regardless of location or characterization or classification of location including but not limited to land characterized or classified as being located in an urban, suburban, rural, semi-rural, populous, developed, undeveloped, unpopulous, residential, nonresidential, commercial, or industrial area, and (2) regardless of whether or not the land is

improved or maintained in a natural condition, or used as part of a commercial enterprise. The express purpose of this definition is to avoid any possible interpretation by a court or administrative agency that the immunities provided by the bill apply only in rural or semirural areas of the State. Thus, the bill applies to any and all land in the State for which a conservation or trail easement is held by a government entity or nonprofit land conservancy and upon which land public access is allowed.

The committee amended the bill to provide that the provisions would also apply to land subject to a public pathway or trail easement, and to delete the definition of "acquire" so that the bill would apply to any land for which a conservation or trail easement is held by a government entity or nonprofit land conservancy and upon which land public access is allowed.

[First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 3035 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED DECEMBER 11, 2000

Sponsored by: Assemblyman LEONARD LANCE District 23 (Warren, Hunterdon and Mercer)

SYNOPSIS

Limits liability of landowners who allow public access on lands subject to conservation or trail easements held by government entities or certain nonprofit organizations.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Assembly Agriculture and Natural Resources Committee on January 23, 2001, with amendments.



1 AN ACT concerning the limitation of liability of owners, lessees and 2 occupants of certain premises subject to conservation restrictions ¹<u>or certain other interests</u>¹, and supplementing Title 2A of the New 3 4 Jersey Statutes. 5 6 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 7 of New Jersey: 8 1. a. An owner, lessee or occupant of premises 1 [for] <u>on</u>¹ which 9 a conservation restriction ¹[has been acquired] <u>is held</u>¹ by the State, 10 a local unit, or a charitable conservancy and upon which premises 11 12 subject to the conservation restriction public access is allowed, ¹or of premises upon which public access is allowed pursuant to a public 13 14 pathway or trail easement held by the State, a local unit, or a charitable conservancy,¹ and regardless of whether public notice is 15 provided, shall be liable only for: 16 17 (1) willful or malicious failure to guard, or to warn against, a dangerous condition, use, structure or activity; or 18 19 (2) injury caused by acts of negligence on the part of the owner, 20 lessee or occupant of the premises to any person where permission to 21 engage in sport or recreational activity on the premises was granted 22 for a consideration other than the consideration, if any, paid to the 23 landowner by the State, local unit, or charitable conservancy; or 24 (3) injury caused by acts of gross negligence on the part of the 25 owner, lessee, or occupant of the premises to any person entering or using the land for a use or purpose unrelated to public access 26 27 purposes. 28 b. For the purposes of this section: 29 ¹["Acquire" means by purchase, installment purchase agreement, gift, donation, eminent domain, or devise;]¹ 30 "Charitable conservancy" means the same as that term is defined 31 32 pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1979, c.378 (C.13:8B-2), or a "qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization" as defined pursuant to section 3 of 33 P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-3); 34 35 "Conservation restriction" means the same as that term is defined 36 pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1979, c.378 (C.13:8B-2); 37 "Local unit" means the same as that term is defined pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1979, c.378 (C.13:8B-2), or a "local government 38 39 unit" as defined pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-3); "Premises" means any land in the State (1) regardless of location or 40 characterization or classification of location including but not limited 41 to land characterized or classified as being located in an urban, 42

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

Assembly AAN committee amendments adopted January 23, 2001.

suburban, rural, semi-rural, populous, developed, undeveloped, 1 unpopulous, residential, nonresidential, commercial, or industrial area, 2 and (2) regardless of whether or not the land is improved or 3 4 maintained in a natural condition, or used as part of a commercial enterprise; and 5 6 "Sport or recreational activity" means a "sport and recreational 7 activity" as defined pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1968, c.73 8 (C.2A:42A-2). 9

10 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

ASSEMBLY JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 3035

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 7, 2001

The Assembly Judiciary Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 3035 (1R).

This bill would limit the liability of landowners who allow public access on lands subject to conservation or trail easements held by government entities or certain nonprofit organizations.

Specifically, the bill would provide that an owner, lessee or occupant of premises on which a conservation restriction is held by the State, a local government, or a nonprofit land conservancy and upon which premises subject to the conservation restriction public access is allowed, or of premises upon which public access is allowed pursuant to a public pathway or trail easement held by the State, a local unit, or a charitable conservancy, and regardless of whether public notice is provided, shall be liable only for:

(1) willful or malicious failure to guard, or to warn against, a dangerous condition, use, structure or activity; or

(2) injury caused by acts of negligence on the part of the owner, lessee or occupant of the premises to any person where permission to engage in sport or recreational activity on the premises was granted for a consideration other than the consideration, if any, paid to the landowner by the State, local government, or nonprofit land conservancy; or

(3) injury caused by acts of gross negligence on the part of the owner, lessee, or occupant of the premises to any person entering or using the land for a use or purpose unrelated to public access purposes.

The bill defines "premises" to mean any land in the State (1) regardless of location or characterization or classification of location including but not limited to land characterized or classified as being located in an urban, suburban, rural, semi-rural, populous, developed, undeveloped, unpopulous, residential, nonresidential, commercial, or industrial area, and (2) regardless of whether or not the land is improved or maintained in a natural condition, or used as part of a commercial enterprise.

The committee amended the bill to clarify that the liability addressed by the bill applies to a person injured on the premises. See that addition in subsection a. of section 1. The provisions of the bill do not limit or waive any immunity available to a public entity pursuant to the "New Jersey Tort Claims Act." Further, the provisions of the bill do not limit the liability of an owner, lessee or occupant of a premises under any environmental statute.

As amended, this bill is identical to Senate, No. 1958 (1R).

[Second Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 3035 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED DECEMBER 11, 2000

Sponsored by: Assemblyman LEONARD LANCE District 23 (Warren, Hunterdon and Mercer)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblywoman Heck and Senator Schluter

SYNOPSIS

Limits liability of landowners who allow public access on lands subject to conservation or trail easements held by government entities or certain nonprofit organizations.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Assembly Judiciary Committee on May 7, 2001, with amendments.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 11/27/2001)

1 AN ACT concerning the limitation of liability of owners, lessees and 2 occupants of certain premises subject to conservation restrictions ¹<u>or certain other interests</u>¹, and supplementing Title 2A of the New 3 4 Jersey Statutes. 5 6 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 7 of New Jersey: 8 1. a. An owner, lessee or occupant of premises 1 [for] <u>on</u>¹ which 9 a conservation restriction ¹[has been acquired] is held¹ by the State, 10 a local unit, or a charitable conservancy and upon which premises 11 subject to the conservation restriction public access is allowed, ¹or of 12 premises upon which public access is allowed pursuant to a public 13 14 pathway or trail easement held by the State, a local unit, or a charitable conservancy,¹ and regardless of whether public notice is 15 provided, shall be liable ²to a person injured on the premises² only 16 17 for: (1) willful or malicious failure to guard, or to warn against, a 18 dangerous condition, use, structure or activity; or 19 20 (2) injury caused by acts of negligence on the part of the owner, 21 lessee or occupant of the premises to any person where permission to 22 engage in sport or recreational activity on the premises was granted 23 for a consideration other than the consideration, if any, paid to the 24 landowner by the State, local unit, or charitable conservancy; or 25 (3) injury caused by acts of gross negligence on the part of the owner, lessee, or occupant of the premises to any person entering or 26 27 using the land for a use or purpose unrelated to public access 28 purposes. 29 b. For the purposes of this section: ¹["Acquire" means by purchase, installment purchase agreement, 30 gift, donation, eminent domain, or devise;]¹ 31 "Charitable conservancy" means the same as that term is defined 32 pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1979, c.378 (C.13:8B-2), or a "qualifying 33 tax exempt nonprofit organization" as defined pursuant to section 3 of 34 35 P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-3); 36 "Conservation restriction" means the same as that term is defined 37 pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1979, c.378 (C.13:8B-2); 38 "Local unit" means the same as that term is defined pursuant to 39 section 2 of P.L.1979, c.378 (C.13:8B-2), or a "local government 40 unit" as defined pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-3); "Premises" means any land in the State (1) regardless of location or 41 42 characterization or classification of location including but not limited

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced brackets** [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Assembly AAN committee amendments adopted January 23, 2001.

² Assembly AJU committee amendments adopted May 7, 2001.

1 to land characterized or classified as being located in an urban, 2 suburban, rural, semi-rural, populous, developed, undeveloped, unpopulous, residential, nonresidential, commercial, or industrial area, 3 4 and (2) regardless of whether or not the land is improved or 5 maintained in a natural condition, or used as part of a commercial 6 enterprise; and 7 "Sport or recreational activity" means a "sport and recreational 8 activity" as defined pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1968, c.73 9 (C.2A:42A-2).

10

11 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

SENATE, No. 1958 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED DECEMBER 14, 2000

Sponsored by: Senator WILLIAM E. SCHLUTER District 23 (Warren, Hunterdon and Mercer)

SYNOPSIS

Limits liability of landowners who convey, to government entities or certain nonprofit organizations, conservation easements on lands upon which public access is allowed.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT As introduced.



AN ACT concerning the limitation of liability of owners, lessees and
 occupants of certain premises subject to conservation restrictions,
 and supplementing Title 2A of the New Jersey Statutes.

4 5

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

6 7

8 1. a. An owner, lessee or occupant of premises for which a 9 conservation restriction has been acquired by the State, a local unit, or 10 a charitable conservancy and upon which premises subject to the 11 conservation restriction public access is allowed, and regardless of 12 whether public notice is provided, shall be liable only for:

(1) willful or malicious failure to guard, or to warn against, adangerous condition, use, structure or activity; or

(2) injury caused by acts of negligence on the part of the owner,
lessee or occupant of the premises to any person where permission to
engage in sport or recreational activity on the premises was granted
for a consideration other than the consideration, if any, paid to the
landowner by the State, local unit, or charitable conservancy; or

(3) injury caused by acts of gross negligence on the part of the
owner, lessee, or occupant of the premises to any person entering or
using the land for a use or purpose unrelated to public access
purposes.

b. For the purposes of this section:

25 "Acquire" means by purchase, installment purchase agreement, gift,26 donation, eminent domain, or devise;

"Charitable conservancy" means the same as that term is defined
pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1979, c.378 (C.13:8B-2), or a "qualifying
tax exempt nonprofit organization" as defined pursuant to section 3 of
P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-3);

"Conservation restriction" means the same as that term is defined
pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1979, c.378 (C.13:8B-2);

33 "Local unit" means the same as that term is defined pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1979, c.378 (C.13:8B-2), or a "local government 34 unit" as defined pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-3); 35 36 "Premises" means any land in the State (1) regardless of location or 37 characterization or classification of location including but not limited to land characterized or classified as being located in an urban, 38 39 suburban, rural, semi-rural, populous, developed, undeveloped, 40 unpopulous, residential, nonresidential, commercial, or industrial area, 41 and (2) regardless of whether or not the land is improved or 42 maintained in a natural condition, or used as part of a commercial 43 enterprise; and

44 "Sport or recreational activity" means a "sport and recreational
45 activity" as defined pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1968, c.73
46 (C.2A:42A-2).

1	2. This act shall take effect immediately.
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3	
4	STATEMENT
5	
6	This bill would limit the liability of landowners, who convey to
7	government entities or certain nonprofit organizations conservation
8	easements on lands upon which public access is also allowed, for
9	injuries which occur on those lands.
10	Specifically, the bill would provide that an owner, lessee or
11	occupant of premises for which a conservation restriction has been
12	acquired by the State, a local government, or a nonprofit land
13	conservancy and upon which premises subject to the conservation
14	restriction public access is allowed, and regardless of whether public
15	notice is provided, shall be liable only for:
16	(1) willful or malicious failure to guard, or to warn against, a
17	dangerous condition, use, structure or activity; or
18	(2) injury caused by acts of negligence on the part of the owner,
19 20	lessee or occupant of the premises to any person where permission to
20 21	engage in sport or recreational activity on the premises was granted for a consideration other than the consideration, if any, paid to the
21	landowner by the State, local government, or nonprofit land
22	conservancy; or
23 24	(3) injury caused by acts of gross negligence on the part of the
25	owner, lessee, or occupant of the premises to any person entering or
26	using the land for a use or purpose unrelated to public access
27	purposes.
28	The bill defines "premises" to mean any land in the State (1)
29	regardless of location or characterization or classification of location
30	including but not limited to land characterized or classified as being
31	located in an urban, suburban, rural, semi-rural, populous, developed,
32	undeveloped, unpopulous, residential, nonresidential, commercial, or
33	industrial area, and (2) regardless of whether or not the land is
34	improved or maintained in a natural condition, or used as part of a
35	commercial enterprise. The express purpose of this definition is to
36	avoid any possible interpretation by a court or administrative agency
37	that the immunities provided by the bill apply only in rural or semi-
38	rural areas of the State. Thus, the bill applies to any and all land in the
39	State for which a conservation restriction has been acquired by a
40	government entity or nonprofit land conservancy and upon which land
41	public access is allowed.
42	The purpose of this bill is to provide appropriate protection from
43	tort liability to landowners who serve an important public interest and
44	provide a valued public benefit by conveying conservation easements
45	on their lands and allowing public access to those lands for public
46	sport and recreational activities. This bill should help encourage more

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- 1 individuals to sell or donate conservation easements, thereby helping
- 2 to preserve open space and provide more opportunities for public
- 3 outdoor recreation throughout the entire State.

SENATE ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 1958

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 8, 2001

The Senate Environment Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 1958 with committee amendments.

This bill, as amended, would limit the liability of landowners of premises, on which a conservation easement is held by a government entity or certain nonprofit organizations, upon which public access is also allowed, for injuries to persons which occur on those lands.

Specifically, the bill would provide that an owner, lessee or occupant of premises on which a conservation restriction is held by the State, a local government, or a nonprofit land conservancy and upon which premises subject to the conservation restriction public access is allowed, and regardless of whether public notice is provided, shall be liable to a person injured on the premises only for:

(1) willful or malicious failure to guard, or to warn against, a dangerous condition, use, structure or activity; or

(2) injury caused by acts of negligence on the part of the owner, lessee or occupant of the premises to any person where permission to engage in sport or recreational activity on the premises was granted for a consideration other than the consideration, if any, paid to the landowner by the State, local government, or nonprofit land conservancy; or

(3) injury caused by acts of gross negligence on the part of the owner, lessee, or occupant of the premises to any person entering or using the land for a use or purpose unrelated to public access purposes.

The bill defines "premises" to mean any land in the State (1) regardless of location or characterization or classification of location including but not limited to land characterized or classified as being located in an urban, suburban, rural, semi-rural, populous, developed, undeveloped, unpopulous, residential, nonresidential, commercial, or industrial area, and (2) regardless of whether or not the land is improved or maintained in a natural condition, or used as part of a commercial enterprise. The express purpose of this definition is to avoid any possible interpretation by a court or administrative agency that the immunities provided by the bill apply only in rural or semi-

rural areas of the State. Thus, the bill applies to any and all land in the State on which a conservation restriction is held by a government entity or nonprofit land conservancy and upon which land public access is allowed. The provisions of the bill do not limit or waive any immunity available to a public entity pursuant to the "New Jersey Tort Claims Act." Further, the provisions of the bill do not limit the liability of an owner, lessee, or occupant of a premises under any environmental statute.

The purpose of this bill is to provide appropriate protection from tort liability to landowners who serve an important public interest and provide a valued public benefit by conveying conservation easements on their lands and allowing public access to those lands for public sport and recreational activities. This bill should help encourage more individuals to sell or donate conservation easements, thereby helping to preserve open space and provide more opportunities for public outdoor recreation throughout the entire State.

The committee amendments provide that the provisions would also apply to land subject to a public pathway or trail easement, and delete the definition of "acquire" so that the bill would apply to any land for which a conservation or trail easement is held by a government entity or nonprofit land conservancy and upon which land public access is allowed. The committee amendments also clarify that the liability limitations apply to persons injured on the premises.

[First Reprint] SENATE, No. 1958 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED DECEMBER 14, 2000

Sponsored by: Senator WILLIAM E. SCHLUTER District 23 (Warren, Hunterdon and Mercer)

SYNOPSIS

Limits liability of landowners who allow public access on lands subject to conservation or trail easements held by government entities or certain nonprofit organizations.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Senate Environment Committee on February 8, 2001, with amendments.



1 AN ACT concerning the limitation of liability of owners, lessees and 2 occupants of certain premises subject to conservation restrictions ¹<u>or certain other interests</u>¹, and supplementing Title 2A of the New 3 4 Jersey Statutes. 5 6 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 7 of New Jersey: 8 1. a. An owner, lessee or occupant of premises 1 [for] <u>on</u>¹ which 9 a conservation restriction ¹[has been acquired] <u>is held</u>¹ by the State, 10 a local unit, or a charitable conservancy and upon which premises 11 12 subject to the conservation restriction public access is allowed, ¹or of premises upon which public access is allowed pursuant to a public 13 14 pathway or trail easement held by the State, a local unit, or a charitable conservancy,¹ and regardless of whether public notice is 15 provided, shall be liable ¹to a person injured on the premises¹ only for: 16 17 (1) willful or malicious failure to guard, or to warn against, a 18 dangerous condition, use, structure or activity; or 19 (2) injury caused by acts of negligence on the part of the owner, 20 lessee or occupant of the premises to any person where permission to 21 engage in sport or recreational activity on the premises was granted 22 for a consideration other than the consideration, if any, paid to the 23 landowner by the State, local unit, or charitable conservancy; or 24 (3) injury caused by acts of gross negligence on the part of the 25 owner, lessee, or occupant of the premises to any person entering or using the land for a use or purpose unrelated to public access 26 27 purposes. 28 b. For the purposes of this section: 29 ¹["Acquire" means by purchase, installment purchase agreement, gift, donation, eminent domain, or devise;]¹ 30 "Charitable conservancy" means the same as that term is defined 31 32 pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1979, c.378 (C.13:8B-2), or a "qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization" as defined pursuant to section 3 of 33 P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-3); 34 35 "Conservation restriction" means the same as that term is defined 36 pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1979, c.378 (C.13:8B-2); 37 "Local unit" means the same as that term is defined pursuant to 38 section 2 of P.L.1979, c.378 (C.13:8B-2), or a "local government 39 unit" as defined pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-3); "Premises" means any land in the State (1) regardless of location or 40 characterization or classification of location including but not limited 41 to land characterized or classified as being located in an urban, 42

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Senate SEN committee amendments adopted February 8, 2001.

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suburban, rural, semi-rural, populous, developed, undeveloped, 1 unpopulous, residential, nonresidential, commercial, or industrial area, 2 and (2) regardless of whether or not the land is improved or 3 4 maintained in a natural condition, or used as part of a commercial enterprise; and 5 6 "Sport or recreational activity" means a "sport and recreational 7 activity" as defined pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1968, c.73 8 (C.2A:42A-2). 9

10 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

P.L. 2001, CHAPTER 265, approved December 11, 2001 Assembly, No. 3035 (Second Reprint)

1 AN ACT concerning the limitation of liability of owners, lessees and 2 occupants of certain premises subject to conservation restrictions ¹<u>or certain other interests</u>¹, and supplementing Title 2A of the New 3 4 Jersey Statutes. 5 6 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 7 of New Jersey: 8 1. a. An owner, lessee or occupant of premises 1 [for] <u>on</u>¹ which 9 a conservation restriction ¹[has been acquired] is held¹ by the State, 10 a local unit, or a charitable conservancy and upon which premises 11 subject to the conservation restriction public access is allowed, ¹or of 12 premises upon which public access is allowed pursuant to a public 13 14 pathway or trail easement held by the State, a local unit, or a charitable conservancy,¹ and regardless of whether public notice is 15 provided, shall be liable ²to a person injured on the premises² only 16 17 for: 18 (1) willful or malicious failure to guard, or to warn against, a 19 dangerous condition, use, structure or activity; or 20 (2) injury caused by acts of negligence on the part of the owner, 21 lessee or occupant of the premises to any person where permission to 22 engage in sport or recreational activity on the premises was granted for a consideration other than the consideration, if any, paid to the 23 24 landowner by the State, local unit, or charitable conservancy; or 25 (3) injury caused by acts of gross negligence on the part of the owner, lessee, or occupant of the premises to any person entering or 26 using the land for a use or purpose unrelated to public access 27 28 purposes. 29 b. For the purposes of this section: ¹["Acquire" means by purchase, installment purchase agreement, 30 31 gift, donation, eminent domain, or devise;]¹ "Charitable conservancy" means the same as that term is defined 32 pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1979, c.378 (C.13:8B-2), or a "qualifying 33 tax exempt nonprofit organization" as defined pursuant to section 3 of 34 35 P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-3); 36 "Conservation restriction" means the same as that term is defined 37 pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1979, c.378 (C.13:8B-2); 38 "Local unit" means the same as that term is defined pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1979, c.378 (C.13:8B-2), or a "local government 39

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

Assembly AAN committee amendments adopted January 23, 2001.

² Assembly AJU committee amendments adopted May 7, 2001.

unit" as defined pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-3); 1 "Premises" means any land in the State (1) regardless of location or 2 3 characterization or classification of location including but not limited 4 to land characterized or classified as being located in an urban, suburban, rural, semi-rural, populous, developed, undeveloped, 5 unpopulous, residential, nonresidential, commercial, or industrial area, 6 7 and (2) regardless of whether or not the land is improved or 8 maintained in a natural condition, or used as part of a commercial 9 enterprise; and

"Sport or recreational activity" means a "sport and recreational
activity" as defined pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1968, c.73
(C.2A:42A-2).

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14 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

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19 Limits liability of landowners who allow public access on lands subject

to conservation or trail easements held by government entities orcertain nonprofit organizations.

CHAPTER 265

AN ACT concerning the limitation of liability of owners, lessees and occupants of certain premises subject to conservation restrictions or certain other interests, and supplementing Title 2A of the New Jersey Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

C.2A:42A-8.1 Liability of owners of certain premises which allow public access.

1. a. An owner, lessee or occupant of premises on which a conservation restriction is held by the State, a local unit, or a charitable conservancy and upon which premises subject to the conservation restriction public access is allowed, or of premises upon which public access is allowed pursuant to a public pathway or trail easement held by the State, a local unit, or a charitable conservancy, and regardless of whether public notice is provided, shall be liable to a person injured on the premises only for:

(1) willful or malicious failure to guard, or to warn against, a dangerous condition, use, structure or activity; or

(2) injury caused by acts of negligence on the part of the owner, lessee or occupant of the premises to any person where permission to engage in sport or recreational activity on the premises was granted for a consideration other than the consideration, if any, paid to the landowner by the State, local unit, or charitable conservancy; or

(3) injury caused by acts of gross negligence on the part of the owner, lessee, or occupant of the premises to any person entering or using the land for a use or purpose unrelated to public access purposes.

b. For the purposes of this section:

"Charitable conservancy" means the same as that term is defined pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1979, c.378 (C.13:8B-2), or a "qualifying tax exempt nonprofit organization" as defined pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-3);

"Conservation restriction" means the same as that term is defined pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1979, c.378 (C.13:8B-2);

"Local unit" means the same as that term is defined pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1979, c.378 (C.13:8B-2), or a "local government unit" as defined pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1999, c.152 (C.13:8C-3);

"Premises" means any land in the State (1) regardless of location or characterization or classification of location including but not limited to land characterized or classified as being located in an urban, suburban, rural, semi-rural, populous, developed, undeveloped, unpopulous, residential, nonresidential, commercial, or industrial area, and (2) regardless of whether or not the land is improved or maintained in a natural condition, or used as part of a commercial enterprise; and

"Sport or recreational activity" means a "sport and recreational activity" as defined pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1968, c.73 (C.2A:42A-2).

2. This act shall take effect immediately.

Approved December 11, 2001.