## 3B:12A-1

#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF:	2001	CHAPTER:	250		
NJSA:	3B:12A-1	(Court-awarde	d kinship legal guardianship)		
BILL NO:	S1813	(Substituted for	A3673)		
SPONSOR(S)	: Cafiero and A	llen			
DATE INTROI	DUCED: June	21, 2001			
COMMITTEE:	ASSE	MBLY:			
	SENATI	E: Budget a	and Appropriations; Womens Issue	es	
AMENDED DU	JRING PASSAG	GE: Yes			
DATE OF PAS	SSAGE:	ASSEMBLY:	June 28, 2001; reenacted Octol	ber 3, 20	001
	S	SENATE: J	une 28, 2001; reenacted October	3, 2001	
DATE OF APF	PROVAL:	October 11, 20	001		
FOLLOWING	ARE ATTACHE	D IF AVAILABL	.E:		
FINAL	TEXT OF BILL	(1st reprint enac	ted)		
	(Amendments c	luring passage d	enoted by superscript numbers)		
S1813					
	SPONSORS ST	TATEMENT: (Be	gins on page 11 of original bill)		Yes
	COMMITTEE S	TATEMENT:	ASSEMBLY	N	0
			SENATE:	Yes	6-25-01 (Womens
lss.)					6-25-01 (Budget)
		DMENT STATE	MENTO.	N	
		DMENT STATE			10
	LEGISLATIVE	FISCAL ESTIMA	AIE:	Ye	es

A3673

SPONSORS STATEMENT: (Begins on page 11 of original bill)		Yes
COMMITTEE STATEMENT:	ASSEMBLY:	Yes
	SENATE:	No
FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS	:	No
LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:		Yes
Identical to fiscal estimate	e for S1813	
VETO MESSAGE:		Yes
GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNIN	IG:	No
FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:		
To check for circulating copies, contact New Je	rsey State Government	
Publications at the State Library (609) 278-264	0 ext.103 or <u>mailto:refd</u>	esk@njstatelib.org
REPORTS:		No
HEARINGS:		No
NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:		Yes
"New law lets caregivers become legal guardiar	ns," 10-12-2001 Asbury ו	Park Press, pA4
"Kinship care' bill signed into law," 10-12-2001T	he Record, p.A9	
"New law ensures rights of kin raising children,"	The Press, p.A6	

# SENATE, No. 1813 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 21, 2001

Sponsored by: Senator JAMES S. CAFIERO District 1 (Cape May, Atlantic and Cumberland) Senator DIANE ALLEN District 7 (Burlington and Camden)

Co-Sponsored by: Senators Turner, Vitale, Furnari and Assemblyman Pennacchio

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Establishes court awarded kinship legal guardianship status and creates three additional judgeships.

### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/29/2001)

AN ACT establishing kinship legal guardianship, supplementing Title
 3B of the New Jersey Statutes and Title 30 of the Revised Statutes
 and amending N.J.S.2B:2-1.
 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
 of New Jersey:

7 8

1. (New section) The Legislature finds and declares that:

a. There is an increase in the number of children who cannot reside
with their parents due to the parents' incapacity or inability to perform
the regular and expected functions of care and support of the child;

12 b. An increasing number of relatives, including grandparents, find 13 themselves providing care on a long-term basis to these children 14 without court approved legal guardianship status because the caregivers either are unable or unwilling to seek termination of the 15 16 legal relationships between the birth parent and the child, particularly 17 when it is the caregiver's own child or sibling who is the parent. In 18 these cases, adoption of the child is neither feasible nor likely, and it 19 is imperative that the State create an alternative, permanent legal 20 arrangement for children and their caregivers. One such alternative arrangement, which does not require the termination of parental rights, 21 is a court awarded kinship legal guardianship that is intended to be 22 23 permanent and self-sustaining, as evidenced by the transfer to the 24 caregiver of certain parental rights, but retains the birth parents' rights 25 to consent to adoption, the obligation to pay child support, and the 26 parents' right to have some ongoing contact with the child;

c. In considering kinship legal guardianship, the State is seeking to
add another alternative, permanent placement option, beyond custody,
without rising to the level of termination of parental rights, for
caregivers in relationships where adoption is neither feasible nor likely;
and

d. Therefore, it is in the public interest to create a new type of legal
guardianship that addresses the needs of children and caregivers in
long-term kinship relationships.

35

36 2. (New section) As used in sections 1 through 6 of P.L., c.
37 (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this bill):

"Caregiver" means a person over 18 years of age, other than a
child's parent, who has a kinship relationship with the child and has
been providing care and support for the child, while the child has been
residing in the caregiver's home, for at least the last 12 consecutive
months.

43 "Child" means a person under 18 years of age, except as otherwise

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

1 provided in P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this 2 bill).

3 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Human Services.

4 "Court" means the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family Part.

5 "Department" means the Department of Human Services.

6 "Division" means the Division of Youth and Family Services in the7 Department of Human Services.

8 "Family friend" means a person who is connected to a child or the 9 child's parent by an established positive psychological or emotional 10 relationship that is not a biological or legal relationship.

"Home review" means the basic review of the information provided
by the petitioner and a visit to the petitioner's home where the child
will continue to reside, in accordance with the provisions of P.L., c.
(C.)(pending before the Legislature as this bill) and pursuant to
regulations adopted by the commissioner.

"Kinship caregiver assessment" means a written report prepared in
accordance with the provisions of P.L., c. (C.)(pending before
the Legislature as this bill) and pursuant to regulations adopted by the
commissioner.

"Kinship legal guardian" means a caregiver who is willing to assume
care of a child due to parental incapacity, with the intent to raise the
child to adulthood, and who is appointed the kinship legal guardian of
the child by the court pursuant to P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the
Legislature as this bill). A kinship legal guardian shall be responsible
for the care and protection of the child and for providing for the child's
health, education and maintenance.

27 "Kinship relationship" means a family friend or a person with a28 biological or legal relationship with the child.

"Parental incapacity" means incapacity of such a serious nature as
to demonstrate that the parent is unable, unavailable or unwilling to
perform the regular and expected functions of care and support of the
child.

33

34 3. (New section) The Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family
35 Part shall have jurisdiction under sections 1 through 6 of P.L., c.
36 (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this bill). Venue of a kinship

37 legal guardianship action shall be determined in accordance with the38 applicable Rules of Court.

39

40 4. (New section) a. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this 41 subsection, a kinship legal guardian shall have the same rights, 42 responsibilities and authority relating to the child as a birth parent, 43 including, but not limited to: making decisions concerning the child's 44 care and well-being; consenting to routine and emergency medical and 45 mental health needs; arranging and consenting to educational plans for 46 the child; applying for financial assistance and social services for which 1 the child is eligible; applying for a motor vehicle operator's license;

2 applying for admission to college; responsibility for activities necessary

3 to ensure the child's safety, permanency and well-being; and ensuring

4 the maintenance and protection of the child.

5 (2) A kinship legal guardian may not consent to the adoption of the 6 child or a name change for the child. The birth parent of the child shall

7 retain the authority to consent to the adoption of the child or a name8 change for the child.

9 (3) The birth parent of the child shall retain the obligation to pay10 child support.

(4) The birth parent of the child shall retain the right to visitationor parenting time with the child, as determined by the court.

(5) The appointment of a kinship legal guardian does not limit or
terminate any rights or benefits derived from the child's parents,
including, but not limited to, those relating to inheritance or eligibility
for benefits or insurance.

(6) Kinship legal guardianship terminates when the child reaches
18 years of age or when the child is no longer continuously enrolled
in a secondary education program, whichever event occurs later, or
when kinship legal guardianship is otherwise terminated.

b. There shall be no filing fee charged for kinship legalguardianship complaints or motions in the court.

c. For the purposes of P.L., c. (C.)(pending before the
Legislature as this bill), a kinship legal guardian shall have the same
meaning as the term "legal guardian" as defined in 42 U.S.C. s. 675,
except that the process, procedure and ruling for kinship legal
guardianship shall be apart from, and shall not amend, supplant or
contravene, the provisions of Chapter 12 of Title 3B of the New Jersey
Statutes.

d. (1) The provisions of P.L., c. (C.)(pending before the
Legislature as this bill) shall not be construed to grant or confer upon
any person appointed kinship legal guardian of a child any of the
additional rights or privileges accorded to persons appointed guardian
of a minor's person or estate by a Surrogate or the Superior Court,
Chancery Division, Probate Part pursuant to the provisions of Chapter
of Title 3B of the New Jersey Statutes.

37 (2) The provisions of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the
38 Legislature as this bill) shall not be construed to preclude an
39 application to the court for guardianship of the person or estate of a
40 minor by any person appointed kinship legal guardian of a child.

41

42 5. (New section) a. Upon petition of a caregiver, the court may
43 appoint the caregiver as kinship legal guardian of a child residing in
44 the caregiver's home pursuant to the provisions of P.L., c. (C.)
45 (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

b. A petition for the appointment of a kinship legal guardian shall

1 include a kinship caregiver assessment, which shall contain: 2 (1) the full name and address of the person seeking to become the 3 kinship legal guardian; 4 (2) the circumstances of the kinship relationship; 5 (3) the whereabouts of the child's parents, if known; 6 (4) the nature of the parents' incapacitation, if known; (5) the wishes of the parents, if known; 7 8 (6) the ability of the kinship caregiver family to assume permanent 9 care of the child; 10 (7) the child's property and assets, if known; (8) the wishes of the child, if appropriate; 11 12 (9) any current involvement of a child with the division if the child 13 has an open division case and is actively receiving services; (10) certification from the caregiver that the caregiver has been 14 15 providing care and support for the child, while the child has been residing in the caregiver's home, for at least the last 12 consecutive 16 17 months; (11) the results from a criminal history record background check 18 and a domestic violence central registry check of the caregiver and any 19 20 adult residing in the caregiver's household conducted pursuant to 21 section 9 of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this 22 bill); 23 (12) the results from a child abuse record check arranged for and coordinated by the division pursuant to section 9 of P.L., c. (C.) 24 25 (pending before the Legislature as this bill); and 26 (13) the results of the caregiver's home review. 27 28 6. (New section) a. In making its determination about whether to 29 appoint the caregiver as kinship legal guardian, the court shall 30 consider: 31 (1) if proper notice was provided to the child's parents; 32 (2) the best interests of the child; 33 (3) the kinship caregiver assessment; 34 (4) in cases in which the division is involved with the child as provided in subsection a. of section 8 of P.L., c. (C. 35 )(pending before the Legislature as this bill), the recommendation of the division, 36 37 including any parent time or visitation restrictions; 38 (5) the potential kinship legal guardian's ability to provide a safe 39 and permanent home for the child; 40 (6) the wishes of the child's parents, if known to the court; (7) the wishes of the child if the child is 12 years of age or older, 41 42 unless unique circumstances exist that make the child's age irrelevant; 43 (8) the suitability of the kinship caregiver and the caregiver's family 44 to raise the child; 45 (9) the ability of the kinship caregiver to assume full legal responsibility for the child; 46

family to raise the child to adulthood;

(10) the commitment of the kinship caregiver and the caregiver's

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3 (11) the results from the child abuse record check conducted 4 pursuant to section 9 of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this bill); and 5 6 (12) the results from the criminal history record background check 7 and domestic violence check conducted pursuant to section 9 of 8 P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this bill). In any 9 case in which the caregiver petitioning for kinship legal guardianship, or any adult residing in the prospective caregiver's home, has a record 10 11 of criminal history, the court shall review the record with respect to 12 the type and date of the criminal offense and make a determination as 13 to the suitability of the person to become a kinship legal guardian. For 14 the purposes of this paragraph, the court shall consider convictions for 15 offenses specified in subsections c., d. and e. of section 1 of P.L.1985, c.396 (C.30:4C-26.8). 16 17 b. The court shall not award kinship legal guardianship of the child unless proper notice was served upon the parents of the child and any 18 19 other party to whom the court has awarded custody or parenting time 20 for that child, in accordance with the Rules of Court. 21 c. The court shall not award kinship legal guardianship of the child 22 solely because of parental incapacity. 23 d. The court shall appoint the caregiver as a kinship legal guardian 24 if, based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds that: 25 (1) each parent's incapacity is of such a serious nature as to 26 demonstrate that the parents are unable, unavailable or unwilling to 27 perform the regular and expected functions of care and support of the 28 child; 29 (2) the parents' inability to perform those functions is unlikely to 30 change in the foreseeable future; 31 (3) in cases in which the division is involved with the child as 32 provided in subsection a. of section 8 of P.L., c. (C. )(pending 33 before the Legislature as this bill), (a) the division exercised reasonable 34 efforts to reunify the child with the birth parents and these reunification efforts have proven unsuccessful or unnecessary; and (b) 35 adoption of the child is neither feasible nor likely; and 36 37 (4) awarding kinship legal guardianship is in the child's best 38 interests. 39 e. The court order appointing the kinship legal guardian shall 40 specify, as appropriate, that: 41 (1) a kinship legal guardian shall have the same rights, responsibilities and authority relating to the child as a birth parent, 42 43 including, but not limited to: making decisions concerning the child's 44 care and well-being; consenting to routine and emergency medical and 45 mental health needs; arranging and consenting to educational plans for the child; applying for financial assistance and social services for which 46

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1 the child is eligible; applying for a motor vehicle operator's license; 2 applying for admission to college; responsibility for activities necessary 3 to ensure the child's safety, permanency and well-being; and ensuring 4 the maintenance and protection of the child; except that a kinship legal guardian may not consent to the adoption of the child or a name 5 6 change for the child; 7 (2) the birth parent of the child retains the authority to consent to 8 the adoption of the child or a name change for the child; 9 (3) the birth parent of the child retains the obligation to pay child 10 support; 11 (4) the birth parent of the child retains the right to visitation or 12 parenting time with the child, as determined by the court; 13 (5) the appointment of a kinship legal guardian does not limit or 14 terminate any rights or benefits derived from the child's parents, 15 including, but not limited to, those relating to inheritance or eligibility for benefits or insurance; and 16 17 (6) kinship legal guardianship terminates when the child reaches 18 years of age or when the child is no longer continuously enrolled in a 18 19 secondary education program, whichever event occurs later, or when 20 kinship legal guardianship is otherwise terminated. 21 f. An order or judgment awarding kinship legal guardianship may 22 be vacated by the court prior to the child's 18th birthday if the court 23 finds that the kinship legal guardianship is no longer in the best interests of the child or, based upon clear and convincing evidence, the 24 25 court finds that the parental incapacity or inability to care for the child 26 that led to the original award of kinship legal guardianship is no longer 27 the case and termination of kinship legal guardianship is in the child's 28 best interests. 29 In cases in which the division was involved, when determining 30 whether a child should be returned to a parent, the court may refer a 31 parent for an assessment prepared by the division, in accordance with 32 regulations adopted by the commissioner. g. An order or judgment awarding kinship legal guardianship may 33 34 be vacated by the court if, based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds that the guardian failed or is unable, unavailable or 35 unwilling to provide proper care and custody of the child, or that the 36 37 guardianship is no longer in the child's best interests. 38 39 7. (New section) As used in sections 7 through 10 of P.L., c. 40 (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill): 41 "Caregiver" means a person over 18 years of age, other than a 42 child's parent, who has a kinship relationship with the child and has 43 been providing care and support for the child, while the child has been 44 residing in the caregiver's home, for at least the last 12 consecutive 45 months. 46 "Child" means a person under 18 years of age, except as otherwise

1 provided in P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this 2 bill).

3 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Human Services.

4 "Court" means the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family Part.

5 "Division" means the Division of Youth and Family Services in the

6 Department of Human Services.

7 "Kinship caregiver assessment" means a written report prepared in
8 accordance with the provisions of P.L., c. (C.)(pending before
9 the Legislature as this bill) and pursuant to regulations adopted by the
10 commissioner.

"Kinship legal guardian" means a caregiver who is willing to assume care of a child due to parental incapacity, with the intent to raise the child to adulthood, and who is appointed the kinship legal guardian of the child by the court pursuant to P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). A kinship legal guardian shall be responsible for the care and protection of the child and for providing for the child's health, education and maintenance.

18 "Kinship relationship" means a family friend or a person with a19 biological or legal relationship with the child.

20

8. (New section) a. In the case of a child who has been removed
from his home by the division within the last 12 months, or for whom
the division has an open or currently active case:

(1) The kinship caregiver assessment required pursuant to section
5 of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall
be conducted by the division, at no cost to the caregiver.

(2) An indigent parent and child shall be afforded the same right to
legal counsel and representation as actions under P.L.1974, c.119
(C.9:6-8.21 et seq.) and section 54 of P.L.1999, c.53 (C.30:4C-15.4).

(3) In cases where the child has been placed in the caregiver's home
by the division and the child has resided in the caregiver's home for at
least the last 12 consecutive months, the caregiver shall obtain the
consent of the division in order to petition the court for the
appointment of the caregiver as kinship legal guardian of the child.
The appointment of a kinship legal guardian for a child shall be
considered by the court as the permanent placement for the child.

b. In all cases other than those specified in subsection a. of thissection:

39 (1) The kinship caregiver assessment required pursuant to section
40 5 of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall
41 be conducted by an agency in accordance with regulations adopted by
42 the commissioner.

(2) The costs for the kinship caregiver assessment shall be born by
the department in cases where a financially eligible individual is
applying for cash assistance under a kinship care program or pilot
program provided by the department, for which kinship legal

3 all of the costs of the kinship caregiver assessment.

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5 9. (New section) a. Prior to the submission of a petition for 6 appointment as a kinship legal guardian, the caregiver and any adult 7 residing in the caregiver's household shall undergo:

8 (1) a criminal history record background check, which shall be 9 conducted by the Division of State Police in the Department of Law 10 and Public Safety and shall include an examination of its own files and 11 the obtaining of a similar examination by the Federal Bureau of 12 Investigation; and

(2) a domestic violence central registry check, which shall be
conducted by the Division of State Police. The Division of State
Police shall provide a report on all incidents of domestic violence
involving the caregiver and any adult in the caregiver's household.

17 The Division of State Police shall provide the results of the 18 criminal history background and central registry checks to the 19 commissioner or his designee.

b. Prior to the submission of a petition for appointment as a kinship
legal guardian, the division shall arrange for and coordinate a division
child abuse registry record check. The division shall report the results
of the registry check directly to the court.

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10. (New section) With respect to a complaint initiated by the
division pursuant to P.L.1974, c.119 (C9:6-8.21 et seq.) and section
15 of P.L.1951, c.138 (30:4C-15):

28 a. Only the division or the court shall have legal standing to seek 29 a kinship legal guardianship arrangement as an alternative disposition. The parents of the child who is the subject of the complaint may 30 request, with appropriate notice to the division, that the court consider 31 32 a kinship legal guardianship arrangement as an alternative disposition. If the division agrees to a kinship legal guardianship arrangement as an 33 34 alternative disposition, the division shall not be required to file a new petition, but may amend the pending complaint in accordance with the 35 Rules of Court. 36 37 b. If the court appoints a kinship legal guardian as an alternative

disposition, the court shall consider such an appointment as the finaldisposition of the complaint.

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11. The Commissioner of Human Services, pursuant to the
"Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et
seq.), shall adopt rules and regulations to effectuate the purposes of
this act.

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46 12. The Supreme Court of New Jersey may adopt court rules to

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1 2	effectuate the purposes of this act.
2	13. N.J.S.2B:2-1 is amended to read as follows:
4	2B:2-1. Number of Judges.
5	a. The Superior Court shall consist of [428] <u>431</u> judges.
6	b. (1) The Superior Court shall at all times consist of the following
7	number of judges, who at the time of their appointment and
8	reappointment were resident of each county:
9	Atlantic11
10	Bergen
11	Burlington10
12	Camden16
13	Cape May4
14	Cumberland7
15	Essex
16	Gloucester
17	Hudson
18	Hunterdon
19 20	Mercer
20	Middlesex
21	Monmouth
22	Morris
23 24	Ocean
24 25	Salem
23 26	Somerset
20 27	Sussex
27	Union
28 29	Warren
30	(2) Additionally, the following number of those judges of the
31	Superior Court satisfying the residency requirements set forth above
32	shall at all times sit in the county in which they reside:
33	Atlantic
34	Bergen
35	Burlington
36	Camden
37	Cape May2
38	Cumberland4
39	Essex
40	Gloucester
41	Hudson
42	Hunterdon
43	Mercer
44	Middlesex
45	Monmouth4
46	Morris
-	······

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1	Ocean	8		
2	Passaic	6		
3	Salem	2		
4	Somerset.	4		
5	Sussex	2		
6	Union	6		
7	Warren	2		
8	(cf: P.L.1999	9, c.104, s.1)		
9				
10	14. This a	act shall take effect 180 days after the date of enactment.		
11				
12				
13		STATEMENT		
14	TTI ' 1 '11			
15		stablishes a new type of guardianship called kinship legal		
16 17	•	to address the needs of children who cannot reside with due to the parents' incapacity or inability. Kinship legal		
17	1	e caregivers who have a biological, legal, extended or		
18 19	0	motional or psychological relationship with a child and		
20		ng to assume care of the child due to parental incapacity		
20		with the intent to raise the child to adulthood. Kinship		
22	•	nship does not terminate parental rights. A kinship legal		
23	0 0	esponsible for the care and protection of the child and for		
24	•	the child's health, education and maintenance, while the		
25		s retain the right to visitation and to consent to adoption.		
26	Kinship legal	guardianship terminates when a child reaches 18 years of		
27	age, or whe	n the child is no longer continuously enrolled in a		
28	secondary ed	lucation program, whichever occurs later.		
29	Upon pet	ition of a caregiver, the Superior Court, Chancery		
30	Division, Family Part may appoint the caregiver as kinship legal			
31	guardian of a	child who has resided in the caregiver's home for at least		
32		onsecutive months.		
33	-	for the appointment of a kinship legal guardian must		
34		ship caregiver assessment, which contains:		
35		l name and address of the person seeking to become the		
36	kinship legal			
37		cumstances of the kinship relationship;		
38 20		hereabouts of the child's parents, if known;		
39 40		ture of the parents' incapacitation, if known; shes of the parents, if known;		
40 41		lity of the kinship family to assume permanent care of the		
42	child;	ity of the kinship family to assume permanent care of the		
43	,	ild's property and assets, if known;		
44		shes of the child, if appropriate;		
45		rrent involvement of a child with the Division of Youth		
46		ervices (DYFS) if the child has an open DYFS case and		
	<u> </u>			

1 is actively receiving services; 2 (10) certification from the caregiver that the caregiver has been 3 providing care and support for the child, while the child has been 4 residing in the caregiver's home, for at least the last 12 consecutive months; 5 (11) the results from a criminal history record background check 6 and a domestic violence central registry check of the caregiver and any 7 8 adult residing in the caregiver's household; 9 (12) the results from a child abuse record check arranged for and 10 coordinated by DYFS; and (13) the results of the caregiver's home review. 11 In making its determination about whether to appoint the caregiver 12 13 as kinship legal guardian, the court shall consider: 14 (1) if proper notice was provided to the child's parents; 15 (2) the best interests of the child; 16 (3) the kinship caregiver assessment; (4) in cases in which DYFS is involved with the child, the 17 recommendation of DYFS, including any parent time or visitation 18 19 restrictions; 20 (5) the potential kinship legal guardian's ability to provide a safe 21 and permanent home for the child; (6) the wishes of the child's parents, if known to the court; 22 (7) the wishes of the child if the child is 12 years of age or older, 23 unless unique circumstances exist that make the child's age irrelevant; 24 (8) the suitability of the kinship caregiver and the caregiver's family 25 26 to raise the child; 27 (9) the ability of the kinship caregiver to assume full legal 28 responsibility for the child; 29 (10) the commitment of the kinship caregiver and the caregiver's family to raise the child to adulthood; 30 31 (11) the results from the child abuse record check; and 32 (12) the results from the criminal history record background check and domestic violence check. 33 34 The bill specifies that the court shall not award kinship legal guardianship unless proper notice was served upon the parties 35 pursuant to court rules. Also, kinship legal guardianship shall not be 36 awarded solely because of parental incapacity. 37 38 The court shall appoint the caregiver as a kinship legal guardian if, 39 based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds that: 40 (1) each parent's incapacity is of such a serious nature as to demonstrate that the parents are unable, unavailable or unwilling to 41 perform the regular and expected functions of care and support of the 42 43 child: 44 (2) the parents' inability to perform those functions is unlikely to 45 change in the foreseeable future; 46 (3) in cases in which DYFS is involved with the child: (a) DYFS

exercised reasonable efforts to reunify the child with the birth parents
 and these reunification efforts have proven unsuccessful or
 unnecessary; and (b) adoption of the child is neither feasible nor likely;
 and

5 (4) awarding kinship legal guardianship is in the child's best6 interests.

7 The court order appointing the kinship legal guardian shall specify,8 as appropriate, that:

9 (1) a kinship legal guardian shall have the same rights, 10 responsibilities and authority related to the child as a birth parent, 11 including, but not limited to: making decisions concerning the child's 12 care and well-being; consenting to routine and emergency medical and 13 mental health needs; arranging and consenting to educational plans for 14 the child; applying for financial assistance and social services for which 15 the child is eligible; applying for a motor vehicle operator's license; applying for admission to college; responsibility for activities necessary 16 17 to ensure the child's safety, permanency and well-being; and ensuring 18 the maintenance and protection of the child; except that a kinship legal 19 guardian may not consent to the adoption of the child or a name 20 change for the child;

(2) the authority to consent to the adoption of the child or a namechange for the child is retained by the birth parent of the child;

(3) the birth parent of the child retains the obligation to pay childsupport;

(4) the birth parent of the child retains the right to visitation orparenting time with the child, as determined by the court;

(5) the appointment of a kinship legal guardian does not limit or
terminate any rights or benefits derived from the child's parents,
including but not limited to, those relating to inheritance or eligibility
for benefits or insurance; and

(6) kinship legal guardianship terminates when the child reaches 18
years of age or when the child is no longer continuously enrolled in a
secondary education program, whichever event occurs later, or when
kinship legal guardianship is otherwise terminated.

An order or judgment awarding kinship legal guardianship may be 35 vacated by the court prior to the child's 18th birthday if the court finds 36 37 that the kinship legal guardianship is no longer in the best interests of 38 the child or, based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds 39 that the parental incapacity or inability to care for the child that led to 40 the original award of kinship legal guardianship is no longer the case 41 and termination of kinship legal guardianship is in the child's best 42 interests. The order or judgment also may be vacated by the court if, 43 based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds that the 44 guardian failed or is unable, unavailable or unwilling to provide proper 45 care and custody of the child, or that the guardianship is no longer in the child's best interest. 46

1 In cases in which DYFS has removed the child from his home 2 within the last 12 months, or DYFS has an open or currently active 3 case, DYFS will conduct the kinship caregiver assessment required in 4 this bill and will not charge a fee for the assessment. In all other cases, an agency will conduct the assessment in accordance with regulations 5 6 adopted by the Commissioner of Human Services. In these cases, the 7 caregiver will be responsible for the costs of the assessment; however, 8 there will be no charge for the assessment in cases where a financially 9 eligible individual is applying to the department for cash assistance 10 under a kinship care program or pilot program for which kinship legal guardianship is a requirement. 11 12 The bill also provides that for pending litigation under N.J.S.A.9:6-13 8.21 et seq. (adjudication of child abuse or neglect) or N.J.S.A.30:4C-14 15 (termination of parental rights), DYFS is not required to file a new 15 petition, but may amend the pending litigation upon notice to the parents. The bill provides that only DYFS has legal standing to seek 16 17 a kinship legal guardianship arrangement as an alternative disposition. The parent, with appropriate notice to DYFS, may request that the 18 19 court consider a kinship legal guardianship arrangement as a final 20 disposition of the litigation. In a case that originated under

N.J.S.A.9:6-8.21 et seq. or N.J.S.A.30:4C-15 in which an appointment
of kinship legal guardianship is made, the bill provides that the court
will view the kinship legal guardianship appointment as the final
disposition of the case.

Finally, this bill amends N.J.S.2B:2-1 to create three additional judgeships in the Superior Court to implement the kinship legal guardianship process.

## SENATE WOMEN'S ISSUES, CHILDREN AND FAMILY SERVICES COMMITTEE

### STATEMENT TO

## **SENATE, No. 1813**

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

#### DATED: JUNE 25, 2001

The Senate Women's Issues, Children and Family Services Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 1813.

This bill establishes a new type of guardianship called kinship legal guardianship to address the needs of children who cannot reside with their parents due to the parents' incapacity or inability. Kinship legal guardians are caregivers who have a biological, legal, extended or committed emotional or psychological relationship with a child and who are willing to assume care of the child due to parental incapacity or inability, with the intent to raise the child to adulthood. Kinship legal guardianship does not terminate parental rights. A kinship legal guardian is responsible for the care and protection of the child and for providing for the child's health, education and maintenance, while the child's parents retain the right to visitation and to consent to adoption. Kinship legal guardianship terminates when a child reaches 18 years of age, or when the child is no longer continuously enrolled in a secondary education program, whichever occurs later.

Upon petition of a caregiver, the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family Part may appoint the caregiver as kinship legal guardian of a child who has resided in the caregiver's home for at least the last 12 consecutive months.

A petition for the appointment of a kinship legal guardian must include a kinship caregiver assessment, which contains:

(1) the full name and address of the person seeking to become the kinship legal guardian;

- (2) the circumstances of the kinship relationship;
- (3) the whereabouts of the child's parents, if known;
- (4) the nature of the parents' incapacitation, if known;
- (5) the wishes of the parents, if known;

(6) the ability of the kinship family to assume permanent care of the child;

(7) the child's property and assets, if known;

(8) the wishes of the child, if appropriate;

(9) any current involvement of a child with the Division of Youth and Family Services (DYFS) if the child has an open DYFS case and is actively receiving services; (10) certification from the caregiver that the caregiver has been providing care and support for the child, while the child has been residing in the caregiver's home, for at least the last 12 consecutive months;

(11) the results from a criminal history record background check and a domestic violence central registry check of the caregiver and any adult residing in the caregiver's household;

(12) the results from a child abuse record check arranged for and coordinated by DYFS; and

(13) the results of the caregiver's home review.

In making its determination about whether to appoint the caregiver as kinship legal guardian, the court shall consider:

(1) if proper notice was provided to the child's parents;

(2) the best interests of the child;

(3) the kinship caregiver assessment;

(4) in cases in which DYFS is involved with the child, the recommendation of DYFS, including any parent time or visitation restrictions;

(5) the potential kinship legal guardian's ability to provide a safe and permanent home for the child;

(6) the wishes of the child's parents, if known to the court;

(7) the wishes of the child if the child is 12 years of age or older, unless unique circumstances exist that make the child's age irrelevant;

(8) the suitability of the kinship caregiver and the caregiver's family to raise the child;

(9) the ability of the kinship caregiver to assume full legal responsibility for the child;

(10) the commitment of the kinship caregiver and the caregiver's family to raise the child to adulthood;

(11) the results from the child abuse record check; and

(12) the results from the criminal history record background check and domestic violence check.

The bill specifies that the court shall not award kinship legal guardianship unless proper notice was served upon the parties pursuant to court rules. Also, kinship legal guardianship shall not be awarded solely because of parental incapacity.

The court shall appoint the caregiver as a kinship legal guardian if, based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds that:

(1) each parent's incapacity is of such a serious nature as to demonstrate that the parents are unable, unavailable or unwilling to perform the regular and expected functions of care and support of the child;

(2) the parents' inability to perform those functions is unlikely to change in the foreseeable future;

(3) in cases in which DYFS is involved with the child: (a) DYFS exercised reasonable efforts to reunify the child with the birth parents and these reunification efforts have proven unsuccessful or

unnecessary; and (b) adoption of the child is neither feasible nor likely; and

(4) awarding kinship legal guardianship is in the child's best interests.

The court order appointing the kinship legal guardian shall specify, as appropriate, that:

(1) a kinship legal guardian shall have the same rights, responsibilities and authority related to the child as a birth parent, including, but not limited to: making decisions concerning the child's care and well-being; consenting to routine and emergency medical and mental health needs; arranging and consenting to educational plans for the child; applying for financial assistance and social services for which the child is eligible; applying for a motor vehicle operator's license; applying for admission to college; responsibility for activities necessary to ensure the child's safety, permanency and well-being; and ensuring the maintenance and protection of the child; except that a kinship legal guardian may not consent to the adoption of the child or a name change for the child;

(2) the authority to consent to the adoption of the child or a name change for the child is retained by the birth parent of the child;

(3) the birth parent of the child retains the obligation to pay child support;

(4) the birth parent of the child retains the right to visitation or parenting time with the child, as determined by the court;

(5) the appointment of a kinship legal guardian does not limit or terminate any rights or benefits derived from the child's parents, including, but not limited to, those relating to inheritance or eligibility for benefits or insurance; and

(6) kinship legal guardianship terminates when the child reaches 18 years of age or when the child is no longer continuously enrolled in a secondary education program, whichever event occurs later, or when kinship legal guardianship is otherwise terminated.

An order or judgment awarding kinship legal guardianship may be vacated by the court prior to the child's 18th birthday if the court finds that the kinship legal guardianship is no longer in the best interests of the child or, based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds that the parental incapacity or inability to care for the child that led to the original award of kinship legal guardianship is no longer the case and termination of kinship legal guardianship is in the child's best interests. The order or judgment also may be vacated by the court if, based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds that the guardian failed or is unable, unavailable or unwilling to provide proper care and custody of the child, or that the guardianship is no longer in the child's best interest.

In cases in which DYFS has removed the child from his home within the last 12 months, or DYFS has an open or currently active case, DYFS will conduct the kinship caregiver assessment required in this bill and will not charge a fee for the assessment. In all other cases, an agency will conduct the assessment in accordance with regulations adopted by the Commissioner of Human Services. In these cases, the caregiver will be responsible for the costs of the assessment; however, there will be no charge for the assessment in cases where a financially eligible individual is applying to the department for cash assistance under a kinship care program or pilot program for which kinship legal guardianship is a requirement.

The bill also provides that for pending litigation under N.J.S.A.9:6-8.21 et seq. (adjudication of child abuse or neglect) or N.J.S.A.30:4C-15 (termination of parental rights), DYFS is not required to file a new petition, but may amend the pending litigation upon notice to the parents. The bill provides that only DYFS has legal standing to seek a kinship legal guardianship arrangement as an alternative disposition. The parent, with appropriate notice to DYFS, may request that the court consider a kinship legal guardianship arrangement as a final disposition of the litigation. In a case that originated under N.J.S.A.9:6-8.21 et seq. or N.J.S.A.30:4C-15 in which an appointment of kinship legal guardianship is made, the bill provides that the court will view the kinship legal guardianship appointment as the final disposition of the case.

Finally, this bill amends N.J.S.2B:2-1 to create three additional judgeships in the Superior Court to implement the kinship legal guardianship process.

This bill is identical to Assembly Bill No. 3673 (Pennacchio), which is on second reading in the General Assembly.

## STATEMENT TO

## **SENATE, No. 1813**

## **STATE OF NEW JERSEY**

#### DATED: JUNE 25, 2001

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 1813.

This bill establishes a new type of guardianship called kinship legal guardianship to address the needs of children who cannot reside with their parents due to the parents' incapacity or inability. Kinship legal guardians are caregivers who have a biological, legal, extended or committed emotional or psychological relationship with a child and who are willing to assume care of the child due to parental incapacity or inability, with the intent to raise the child to adulthood. Kinship legal guardianship does not terminate parental rights. A kinship legal guardian is responsible for the care and protection of the child and for providing for the child's health, education and maintenance, while the child's parents retain the right to visitation and to consent to adoption. Kinship legal guardianship terminates when a child reaches 18 years of age, or when the child is no longer continuously enrolled in a secondary education program, whichever occurs later.

Upon petition of a caregiver, the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family Part may appoint the caregiver as kinship legal guardian of a child who has resided in the caregiver's home for at least the last 12 consecutive months.

A petition for the appointment of a kinship legal guardian must include a kinship caregiver assessment, which contains:

(1) the full name and address of the person seeking to become the kinship legal guardian;

(2) the circumstances of the kinship relationship;

(3) the whereabouts of the child's parents, if known;

(4) the nature of the parents' incapacitation, if known;

(5) the wishes of the parents, if known;

(6) the ability of the kinship family to assume permanent care of the child;

(7) the child's property and assets, if known;

(8) the wishes of the child, if appropriate;

(9) any current involvement of a child with the Division of Youth and Family Services (DYFS) if the child has an open DYFS case and is actively receiving services;

(10) certification from the caregiver that the caregiver has been providing care and support for the child, while the child has been

residing in the caregiver's home, for at least the last 12 consecutive months;

(11) the results from a criminal history record background check and a domestic violence central registry check of the caregiver and any adult residing in the caregiver's household;

(12) the results from a child abuse record check arranged for and coordinated by DYFS; and

(13) the results of the caregiver's home review.

In making its determination about whether to appoint the caregiver as kinship legal guardian, the court shall consider:

(1) if proper notice was provided to the child's parents;

(2) the best interests of the child;

(3) the kinship caregiver assessment;

(4) in cases in which DYFS is involved with the child, the recommendation of DYFS, including any parent time or visitation restrictions;

(5) the potential kinship legal guardian's ability to provide a safe and permanent home for the child;

(6) the wishes of the child's parents, if known to the court;

(7) the wishes of the child if the child is 12 years of age or older, unless unique circumstances exist that make the child's age irrelevant;

(8) the suitability of the kinship caregiver and the caregiver's family to raise the child;

(9) the ability of the kinship caregiver to assume full legal responsibility for the child;

(10) the commitment of the kinship caregiver and the caregiver's family to raise the child to adulthood;

(11) the results from the child abuse record check; and

(12) the results from the criminal history record background check and domestic violence check.

The bill specifies that the court shall not award kinship legal guardianship unless proper notice was served upon the parties pursuant to court rules. Also, kinship legal guardianship shall not be awarded solely because of parental incapacity.

The court shall appoint the caregiver as a kinship legal guardian if, based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds that:

(1) each parent's incapacity is of such a serious nature as to demonstrate that the parents are unable, unavailable or unwilling to perform the regular and expected functions of care and support of the child;

(2) the parents' inability to perform those functions is unlikely to change in the foreseeable future;

(3) in cases in which DYFS is involved with the child: (a) DYFS exercised reasonable efforts to reunify the child with the birth parents and these reunification efforts have proven unsuccessful or unnecessary; and (b) adoption of the child is neither feasible nor likely; and

(4) awarding kinship legal guardianship is in the child's best interests.

The court order appointing the kinship legal guardian shall specify, as appropriate, that:

(1) a kinship legal guardian shall have the same rights, responsibilities and authority related to the child as a birth parent, including, but not limited to: making decisions concerning the child's care and well-being; consenting to routine and emergency medical and mental health needs; arranging and consenting to educational plans for the child; applying for financial assistance and social services for which the child is eligible; applying for a motor vehicle operator's license; applying for admission to college; responsibility for activities necessary to ensure the child's safety, permanency and well-being; and ensuring the maintenance and protection of the child; except that a kinship legal guardian may not consent to the adoption of the child or a name change for the child;

(2) the authority to consent to the adoption of the child or a name change for the child is retained by the birth parent of the child;

(3) the birth parent of the child retains the obligation to pay child support;

(4) the birth parent of the child retains the right to visitation or parenting time with the child, as determined by the court;

(5) the appointment of a kinship legal guardian does not limit or terminate any rights or benefits derived from the child's parents, including but not limited to, those relating to inheritance or eligibility for benefits or insurance; and

(6) kinship legal guardianship terminates when the child reaches 18 years of age or when the child is no longer continuously enrolled in a secondary education program, whichever event occurs later, or when kinship legal guardianship is otherwise terminated.

An order or judgment awarding kinship legal guardianship may be vacated by the court prior to the child's 18th birthday if the court finds that the kinship legal guardianship is no longer in the best interests of the child or, based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds that the parental incapacity or inability to care for the child that led to the original award of kinship legal guardianship is no longer the case and termination of kinship legal guardianship is in the child's best interests. The order or judgment also may be vacated by the court if, based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds that the guardian failed or is unable, unavailable or unwilling to provide proper care and custody of the child, or that the guardianship is no longer in the child's best interest.

In cases in which DYFS has removed the child from his home within the last 12 months, or DYFS has an open or currently active case, DYFS will conduct the kinship caregiver assessment required in this bill and will not charge a fee for the assessment. In all other cases, an agency will conduct the assessment in accordance with regulations adopted by the Commissioner of Human Services. In these cases, the caregiver will be responsible for the costs of the assessment; however, there will be no charge for the assessment in cases where a financially eligible individual is applying to the department for cash assistance under a kinship care program or pilot program for which kinship legal guardianship is a requirement.

The bill also provides that for pending litigation under N.J.S.A.9:6-8.21 et seq. (adjudication of child abuse or neglect) or N.J.S.A.30:4C-15 (termination of parental rights), DYFS is not required to file a new petition, but may amend the pending litigation upon notice to the parents. The bill provides that only DYFS has legal standing to seek a kinship legal guardianship arrangement as an alternative disposition. The parent, with appropriate notice to DYFS, may request that the court consider a kinship legal guardianship arrangement as a final disposition of the litigation. In a case that originated under N.J.S.A.9:6-8.21 et seq. or N.J.S.A.30:4C-15 in which an appointment of kinship legal guardianship is made, the bill provides that the court will view the kinship legal guardianship appointment as the final disposition of the case.

Finally, this bill amends N.J.S.2B:2-1 to create three additional judgeships in the Superior Court to implement the kinship legal guardianship process.

#### FISCAL IMPACT:

The proposed FY2002 Appropriations Act includes an appropriation to the Judiciary in the amount of \$970,000 for Kinship Legal Guardianship, subject to the enactment of legislation establishing the program.

## LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE SENATE, No. 1813 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

DATED: JULY 19, 2001

### SUMMARY

Synopsis:	Establishes court awarded kinship legal guardianship status and creates three additional judgeships.	
Type of Impact:	General Fund expenditure increase.	
Agencies Affected:	Department of Human Services (DHS) and the courts.	

	Office of Legislative Sel	vices Estimate	
Fiscal Impact	<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 2</u>	<u>Year 3</u>
State Cost			
Judiciary Costs	The cost for the three new Judgeships would be about \$1 million annually.		ationary Increases nments Below
DHS Costs	Indeterminate		

### **Office of Legislative Services Estimate**

! The number of "caregivers" that will petition the court to be appointed "kinship legal guardian" is not known. The amount of time DHS will need to conduct the various functions assigned to the department cannot be determined, as it is not known how many caregivers that will seek guardianship are already known to DHS and how many are not known to DHS.

### **BILL DESCRIPTION**

Senate Bill No. 1813 of 2001 establishes a program of court awarded legal guardianship status and creates three additional judgeships.

Under the terms of the legislation, a caregiver who has a kinship relationship with the child and has been providing care and support for the child for at least 12 consecutive months may petition the court to be appointed as a "kinship legal guardian." DHS would be required to provide the court with various information on the petition, including a kinship caregiver assessment and a home review for certain cases in which the Division of Youth and Family Services (DYFS) is or has been involved with child. In other cases, DHS may designate another agency to conduct the assessment and home review, the cost of which will be assumed by the caregiver.



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### FISCAL ANALYSIS

#### **OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES**

The Office of Legislative Services estimates that the legislation would cost a minimum of \$1.0 million during the first year as follows:

**Judiciary Costs** - The estimated cost per judgeship, including support staff, is about \$340,000 annually. As three new judgeships would be established under the legislation, the annual cost is approximately \$1,020,000.

**DHS Costs** - The additional costs DHS may incur cannot be determined as the number of caregivers (known to DYFS) who will petition the court to become a kinship legal guardian is not known. If the caregiver is known to DHS, additional costs may be incurred to prepare the caregiver assessment, home review and to arrange for a criminal history record background check. The cost to conduct a home review and kinship caregiver assessment is not known as the amount of staff time required to conduct such functions is not known. At present, the State Police charges about \$50 to conduct an individual criminal history record background check.

Section:	Human Services; Judiciary.
Analyst:	Jay Hershberg Principal Fiscal Analyst Anne Raughley Lead Fiscal Analyst
Approved:	Alan R. Kooney Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67.

# [First Reprint] SENATE, No. 1813 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 21, 2001

Sponsored by: Senator JAMES S. CAFIERO District 1 (Cape May, Atlantic and Cumberland) Senator DIANE ALLEN District 7 (Burlington and Camden)

Co-Sponsored by: Senators Turner, Vitale, Furnari and Assemblyman Pennacchio

### **SYNOPSIS**

Establishes court awarded kinship legal guardianship status, creates seven additional judgeships; appropriates \$2,737,716.

### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As amended on October 3, 2001 by the Senate pursuant to the Governor's recommendations.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/29/2001)

1 AN ACT establishing kinship legal guardianship, supplementing Title 2 3B of the New Jersey Statutes and Title 30 of the Revised Statutes <sup>1</sup>[and],<sup>1</sup> amending N.J.S.2B:2-1 <sup>1</sup>and making an appropriation<sup>1</sup>. 3 4 5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey: 6 7 8 1. (New section) The Legislature finds and declares that: 9 a. There is an increase in the number of children who cannot reside 10 with their parents due to the parents' incapacity or inability to perform 11 the regular and expected functions of care and support of the child; 12 b. An increasing number of relatives, including grandparents, find 13 themselves providing care on a long-term basis to these children 14 without court approved legal guardianship status because the caregivers either are unable or unwilling to seek termination of the 15 16 legal relationships between the birth parent and the child, particularly 17 when it is the caregiver's own child or sibling who is the parent. In 18 these cases, adoption of the child is neither feasible nor likely, and it 19 is imperative that the State create an alternative, permanent legal 20 arrangement for children and their caregivers. One such alternative 21 arrangement, which does not require the termination of parental rights, 22 is a court awarded kinship legal guardianship that is intended to be permanent and self-sustaining, as evidenced by the transfer to the 23 caregiver of certain parental rights, but retains the birth parents' rights 24 25 to consent to adoption, the obligation to pay child support, and the parents' right to have some ongoing contact with the child; 26 27 c. In considering kinship legal guardianship, the State is seeking to add another alternative, permanent placement option, beyond custody, 28 29 without rising to the level of termination of parental rights, for 30 caregivers in relationships where adoption is neither feasible nor likely; 31 and 32 d. Therefore, it is in the public interest to create a new type of legal 33 guardianship that addresses the needs of children and caregivers in 34 long-term kinship relationships. 35 36 2. (New section) As used in sections 1 through 6 of P.L., c. )(pending before the Legislature as this bill): 37 (C. 38 "Caregiver" means a person over 18 years of age, other than a 39 child's parent, who has a kinship relationship with the child and has 40 been providing care and support for the child, while the child has been residing in the caregiver's home, for at least the last 12 consecutive 41 EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

<sup>1</sup> Senate amendments adopted in accordance with Governor's

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

recommendations October 3, 2001.

1 months.

2 "Child" means a person under 18 years of age, except as otherwise

3 provided in P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this 4 bill).

5 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Human Services.

6 "Court" means the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family Part.

7 "Department" means the Department of Human Services.

8 "Division" means the Division of Youth and Family Services in the9 Department of Human Services.

"Family friend" means a person who is connected to a child or the
child's parent by an established positive psychological or emotional
relationship that is not a biological or legal relationship.

"Home review" means the basic review of the information provided
by the petitioner and a visit to the petitioner's home where the child
will continue to reside, in accordance with the provisions of P.L.

16 c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this bill) and pursuant
17 to regulations adopted by the commissioner.

18 "Kinship caregiver assessment" means a written report prepared in
19 accordance with the provisions of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before
20 the Legislature as this bill) and pursuant to regulations adopted by the
21 commissioner.

22 "Kinship legal guardian" means a caregiver who is willing to assume 23 care of a child due to parental incapacity, with the intent to raise the child to adulthood, and who is appointed the kinship legal guardian of 24 25 the child by the court pursuant to P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending 26 before the Legislature as this bill). A kinship legal guardian shall be 27 responsible for the care and protection of the child and for providing 28 for the child's health, education and maintenance.

29 "Kinship relationship" means a family friend or a person with a30 biological or legal relationship with the child.

"Parental incapacity" means incapacity of such a serious nature as
to demonstrate that the parent is unable, unavailable or unwilling to
perform the regular and expected functions of care and support of the
child.

35

36 3. (New section) The Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family
37 Part shall have jurisdiction under sections 1 through 6 of P.L., c.
38 (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this bill). Venue of a
39 kinship legal guardianship action shall be determined in accordance
40 with the applicable Rules of Court.

41

42 4. (New section) a. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of
43 this subsection, a kinship legal guardian shall have the same rights,
44 responsibilities and authority relating to the child as a birth parent,
45 including, but not limited to: making decisions concerning the child's
46 care and well-being; consenting to routine and emergency medical and

1 mental health needs; arranging and consenting to educational plans for

2 the child; applying for financial assistance and social services for which

3 the child is eligible; applying for a motor vehicle operator's license;

4 applying for admission to college; responsibility for activities necessary

5 to ensure the child's safety, permanency and well-being; and ensuring

6 the maintenance and protection of the child.

7 (2) A kinship legal guardian may not consent to the adoption of the
8 child or a name change for the child. The birth parent of the child shall
9 retain the authority to consent to the adoption of the child or a name
10 change for the child.

(3) The birth parent of the child shall retain the obligation to paychild support.

(4) The birth parent of the child shall retain the right to visitationor parenting time with the child, as determined by the court.

(5) The appointment of a kinship legal guardian does not limit or
terminate any rights or benefits derived from the child's parents,
including, but not limited to, those relating to inheritance or eligibility
for benefits or insurance.

(6) Kinship legal guardianship terminates when the child reaches
18 years of age or when the child is no longer continuously enrolled
in a secondary education program, whichever event occurs later, or
when kinship legal guardianship is otherwise terminated.

b. There shall be no filing fee charged for kinship legalguardianship complaints or motions in the court.

25 c. For the purposes of P.L. , c. (C. )(pending before the 26 Legislature as this bill), a kinship legal guardian shall have the same 27 meaning as the term "legal guardian" as defined in 42 U.S.C. s. 675, 28 except that the process, procedure and ruling for kinship legal 29 guardianship shall be apart from, and shall not amend, supplant or 30 contravene, the provisions of Chapter 12 of Title 3B of the New Jersey 31 Statutes.

d. (1) The provisions of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the
Legislature as this bill) shall not be construed to grant or confer upon
any person appointed kinship legal guardian of a child any of the
additional rights or privileges accorded to persons appointed guardian
of a minor's person or estate by a Surrogate or the Superior Court,
Chancery Division, Probate Part pursuant to the provisions of
Chapter 12 of Title 3B of the New Jersey Statutes.

39 (2) The provisions of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the
40 Legislature as this bill) shall not be construed to preclude an
41 application to the court for guardianship of the person or estate of a
42 minor by any person appointed kinship legal guardian of a child.

43

44 5. (New section) a. Upon petition of a caregiver, the court may45 appoint the caregiver as kinship legal guardian of a child residing in

1 the caregiver's home pursuant to the provisions of P.L. . c. 2 (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). 3 b. A petition for the appointment of a kinship legal guardian shall 4 include a kinship caregiver assessment, which shall contain: (1) the full name and address of the person seeking to become the 5 6 kinship legal guardian; 7 (2) the circumstances of the kinship relationship; 8 (3) the whereabouts of the child's parents, if known; 9 (4) the nature of the parents' incapacitation, if known; 10 (5) the wishes of the parents, if known; 11 (6) the ability of the kinship caregiver family to assume permanent 12 care of the child; 13 (7) the child's property and assets, if known; 14 (8) the wishes of the child, if appropriate; 15 (9) any current involvement of a child with the division if the child has an open division case and is actively receiving services; 16 17 (10) certification from the caregiver that the caregiver has been providing care and support for the child, while the child has been 18 19 residing in the caregiver's home, for at least the last 12 consecutive 20 months; 21 (11) the results from a criminal history record background check 22 and a domestic violence central registry check of the caregiver and any 23 adult residing in the caregiver's household conducted pursuant to 24 section 9 of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as 25 this bill); 26 (12) the results from a child abuse record check arranged for and 27 coordinated by the division pursuant to section 9 of P.L. , c. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill); and 28 (C. 29 (13) the results of the caregiver's home review. 30 31 6. (New section) a. In making its determination about whether to 32 appoint the caregiver as kinship legal guardian, the court shall 33 consider: 34 (1) if proper notice was provided to the child's parents; (2) the best interests of the child; 35 (3) the kinship caregiver assessment; 36 37 (4) in cases in which the division is involved with the child as 38 provided in subsection a. of section 8 of P.L., c. (C. )(pending 39 before the Legislature as this bill), the recommendation of the division, including any parent time or visitation restrictions; 40 (5) the potential kinship legal guardian's ability to provide a safe 41 42 and permanent home for the child; 43 (6) the wishes of the child's parents, if known to the court; 44 (7) the wishes of the child if the child is 12 years of age or older, 45 unless unique circumstances exist that make the child's age irrelevant; (8) the suitability of the kinship caregiver and the caregiver's family 46

1 to raise the child;

2 (9) the ability of the kinship caregiver to assume full legal3 responsibility for the child;

4 (10) the commitment of the kinship caregiver and the caregiver's5 family to raise the child to adulthood;

6 (11) the results from the child abuse record check conducted 7 pursuant to section 9 of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the 8 Legislature as this bill); and

9 (12) the results from the criminal history record background check and domestic violence check conducted pursuant to section 9 of 10 11 P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this bill). In 12 any case in which the caregiver petitioning for kinship legal 13 guardianship, or any adult residing in the prospective caregiver's home, 14 has a record of criminal history <sup>1</sup>or a record of being subjected to a final domestic violence restraining order under P.L.1991, c.261 15  $(C.2C:25-17 \text{ et seq.})^{1}$ , the court shall review the record with respect 16 to the type and date of the criminal offense <sup>1</sup><u>or the provisions and date</u> 17 of the final domestic violence restraining order<sup>1</sup> and make a 18 determination as to the suitability of the person to become a kinship 19 legal guardian. For the purposes of this paragraph, <sup>1</sup><u>with respect to</u> 20 21 criminal history.<sup>1</sup> the court shall consider convictions for offenses 22 specified in subsections c., d. and e. of section 1 of P.L.1985, c.396 23 (C.30:4C-26.8).

b. The court shall not award kinship legal guardianship of the child
unless proper notice was served upon the parents of the child and any
other party to whom the court has awarded custody or parenting time
for that child, in accordance with the Rules of Court.

c. The court shall not award kinship legal guardianship of the childsolely because of parental incapacity.

d. The court shall appoint the caregiver as a kinship legal guardianif, based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds that:

(1) each parent's incapacity is of such a serious nature as to
demonstrate that the parents are unable, unavailable or unwilling to
perform the regular and expected functions of care and support of the
child;

36 (2) the parents' inability to perform those functions is unlikely to37 change in the foreseeable future;

(3) in cases in which the division is involved with the child as
provided in subsection a. of section 8 of P.L., c. (C. )(pending
before the Legislature as this bill), (a) the division exercised reasonable
efforts to reunify the child with the birth parents and these
reunification efforts have proven unsuccessful or unnecessary; and (b)
adoption of the child is neither feasible nor likely; and

44 (4) awarding kinship legal guardianship is in the child's best45 interests.

46 e. The court order appointing the kinship legal guardian shall

1 specify, as appropriate, that: 2 (1) a kinship legal guardian shall have the same rights, 3 responsibilities and authority relating to the child as a birth parent, 4 including, but not limited to: making decisions concerning the child's care and well-being; consenting to routine and emergency medical and 5 6 mental health needs; arranging and consenting to educational plans for the child; applying for financial assistance and social services for which 7 8 the child is eligible; applying for a motor vehicle operator's license; 9 applying for admission to college; responsibility for activities necessary 10 to ensure the child's safety, permanency and well-being; and ensuring 11 the maintenance and protection of the child; except that a kinship legal 12 guardian may not consent to the adoption of the child or a name 13 change for the child; 14 (2) the birth parent of the child retains the authority to consent to 15 the adoption of the child or a name change for the child; (3) the birth parent of the child retains the obligation to pay child 16 17 support; 18 (4) the birth parent of the child retains the right to visitation or 19 parenting time with the child, as determined by the court; 20 (5) the appointment of a kinship legal guardian does not limit or 21 terminate any rights or benefits derived from the child's parents, 22 including, but not limited to, those relating to inheritance or eligibility 23 for benefits or insurance; and 24 (6) kinship legal guardianship terminates when the child reaches 25 18 years of age or when the child is no longer continuously enrolled 26 in a secondary education program, whichever event occurs later, or 27 when kinship legal guardianship is otherwise terminated. 28 f. An order or judgment awarding kinship legal guardianship may 29 be vacated by the court prior to the child's 18th birthday if the court 30 finds that the kinship legal guardianship is no longer in the best 31 interests of the child or, based upon clear and convincing evidence, the 32 court finds that the parental incapacity or inability to care for the child 33 that led to the original award of kinship legal guardianship is no longer 34 the case and termination of kinship legal guardianship is in the child's 35 best interests. 36 In cases in which the division was involved, when determining whether a child should be returned to a parent, the court may refer a 37 38 parent for an assessment prepared by the division, in accordance with 39 regulations adopted by the commissioner. 40 g. An order or judgment awarding kinship legal guardianship may 41 be vacated by the court if, based upon clear and convincing evidence, 42 the court finds that the guardian failed or is unable, unavailable or 43 unwilling to provide proper care and custody of the child, or that the 44 guardianship is no longer in the child's best interests.

1 7. (New section) As used in sections 7 through 10 of P.L., c. 2 ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill): (C. 3 "Caregiver" means a person over 18 years of age, other than a 4 child's parent, who has a kinship relationship with the child and has 5 been providing care and support for the child, while the child has been 6 residing in the caregiver's home, for at least the last 12 consecutive months. 7 8 "Child" means a person under 18 years of age, except as otherwise 9 provided in P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as 10 this bill). "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Human Services. 11 12 "Court" means the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family Part. 13 "Division" means the Division of Youth and Family Services in the 14 Department of Human Services. 15 "Kinship caregiver assessment" means a written report prepared in accordance with the provisions of P.L., c. (C. 16 )(pending before the Legislature as this bill) and pursuant to regulations adopted by the 17 18 commissioner. 19 "Kinship legal guardian" means a caregiver who is willing to assume 20 care of a child due to parental incapacity, with the intent to raise the 21 child to adulthood, and who is appointed the kinship legal guardian of the child by the court pursuant to P.L. 22 , c. (C. ) (pending 23 before the Legislature as this bill). A kinship legal guardian shall be responsible for the care and protection of the child and for providing 24 25 for the child's health, education and maintenance. 26 "Kinship relationship" means a family friend or a person with a 27 biological or legal relationship with the child. 28 29 8. (New section) a. In the case of a child who has been removed 30 from his home by the division within the last 12 months, or for whom the division has an open or currently active case <sup>1</sup>and where legal 31 32 representation is currently being provided by the Office of the Public Defender either through its Law Guardian Program or Parental 33 34 <u>Representation Unit</u><sup>1</sup>: (1) The kinship caregiver assessment required pursuant to section 35 36 5 of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall 37 be conducted by the division, at no cost to the caregiver. 38 (2) An indigent parent and child shall be afforded the same right to 39 legal counsel and representation as actions under P.L.1974, c.119 40 (C.9:6-8.21 et seq.) and section 54 of P.L.1999, c.53 (C.30:4C-15.4). 41 (3) In cases where the child has been placed in the caregiver's home 42 by the division and the child has resided in the caregiver's home for at 43 least the last 12 consecutive months, the caregiver shall obtain the 44 consent of the division in order to petition the court for the 45 appointment of the caregiver as kinship legal guardian of the child. The appointment of a kinship legal guardian for a child shall be 46

1 considered by the court as the permanent placement for the child.

b. In all cases other than those specified in subsection a. of thissection:

4 (1) The kinship caregiver assessment required pursuant to section
5 of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this bill)
6 shall be conducted by an agency in accordance with regulations
7 adopted by the commissioner.

8 (2) The costs for the kinship caregiver assessment shall be born by 9 the department in cases where a financially eligible individual is 10 applying for cash assistance under a kinship care program or pilot 11 program provided by the department, for which kinship legal 12 guardianship is a requirement for receiving such assistance. For all 13 other cases under this subsection, the caregiver shall be responsible for 14 all of the costs of the kinship caregiver assessment.

15

9. (New section) a. Prior to the submission of a petition for
appointment as a kinship legal guardian, the caregiver and any adult
residing in the caregiver's household shall undergo:

(1) a criminal history record background check, which shall be
conducted by the Division of State Police in the Department of Law
and Public Safety and shall include an examination of its own files and
the obtaining of a similar examination by the Federal Bureau of
Investigation; and

(2) a domestic violence central registry check, which shall be
conducted by the Division of State Police. The Division of State
Police shall provide a report on all incidents of domestic violence
<sup>1</sup>[involving] perpetrated by<sup>1</sup> the caregiver and any adult in the
caregiver's household.

The Division of State Police shall provide the results of the criminal history background and central registry checks to the commissioner or his designee.

b. Prior to the submission of a petition for appointment as a kinship
legal guardian, the division shall arrange for and coordinate a division
child abuse registry record check. The division shall report the results
of the registry check directly to the court.

36

10. (New section) With respect to a complaint initiated by the
division pursuant to P.L.1974, c.119 (C9:6-8.21 et seq.) and section
15 of P.L.1951, c.138 (30:4C-15):

a. Only the division or the court shall have legal standing to seek
a kinship legal guardianship arrangement as an alternative disposition.
The parents of the child who is the subject of the complaint may
request, with appropriate notice to the division, that the court consider
a kinship legal guardianship arrangement as an alternative disposition.
If the division agrees to a kinship legal guardianship arrangement as an
alternative disposition, the division shall not be required to file a new

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1	petition, but may amend the pending complaint in accordance with the
2	Rules of Court.
3	b. If the court appoints a kinship legal guardian as an alternative
4	disposition, the court shall consider such an appointment as the final
5	disposition of the complaint.
6	
7	11. The Commissioner of Human Services, pursuant to the
8	"Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et
9	seq.), shall adopt rules and regulations to effectuate the purposes of
10	this act.
11	
12	12. The Supreme Court of New Jersey may adopt court rules to
13	effectuate the purposes of this act.
14	
15	13. N.J.S.2B:2-1 is amended to read as follows:
16	2B:2-1. Number of Judges.
17	a. The Superior Court shall consist of [428] <sup>1</sup> [431] 435 <sup>1</sup> judges.
18	b. (1) The Superior Court shall at all times consist of the following
19	number of judges, who at the time of their appointment and
20	reappointment were resident of each county:
21	Atlantic11
22	Bergen27
23	Burlington10
24	Camden16
25	Cape May4
26	Cumberland7
27	Essex
28	Gloucester10
29	Hudson
30	Hunterdon
31	Mercer
32	Middlesex24
33	Monmouth17
34	Morris15
35	Ocean15
36	Passaic17
37	Salem
38	Somerset
39	Sussex
40	Union
41	Warren
42	(2) Additionally, the following number of those judges of the
43	Superior Court satisfying the residency requirements set forth above
44	shall at all times sit in the county in which they reside:
45	Atlantic
46	Bergen
ŦŪ	Dergen

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1	Burlington4
2	Camden8
3	Cape May2
4	Cumberland4
5	Essex14
6	Gloucester6
7	Hudson6
8	Hunterdon2
9	Mercer6
10	Middlesex8
11	Monmouth4
12	Morris6
13	Ocean
14	Passaic6
15	Salem2
16	Somerset4
17	Sussex2
18	Union6
19	Warren
20	(cf: P.L.1999, c.104, s.1)
21	
22	<sup>1</sup> 14. a. There is appropriated to the Administrative Office of the
23	Courts from the General Fund \$464,000 for costs associated with the
24	additional judgeships created by this act.
25	b. There is appropriated to the Administrative Office of the Courts
26	from the General Fund \$1,401,000 for staff associated with the
27	operation of the additional judgeships created by this act.
28	c. There is appropriated to the Office of the Public Defender from
29	the General Fund \$872,716 for costs associated with implementation
30	of the kinship legal guardianship program. <sup>1</sup>
31	
32	<sup>1</sup> [14.] <u>15.</u> <sup>1</sup> This act shall take effect <sup>1</sup> [180 days after the date of
33	enactment] January 1, 2002, except that sections 13 and 14 shall take
34	effect December 1, 2001 <sup>1</sup> .

# ASSEMBLY, No. 3673 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 21, 2001

Sponsored by: Assemblyman JOSEPH PENNACCHIO District 26 (Essex, Morris and Passaic)

### SYNOPSIS

Establishes court awarded kinship legal guardianship status and creates three additional judgeships.

### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



AN ACT establishing kinship legal guardianship, supplementing Title 2 3B of the New Jersey Statutes and Title 30 of the Revised Statutes 3 and amending N.J.S.2B:2-1. 4 5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 6 of New Jersey: 7 8 1. (New section) The Legislature finds and declares that:

9 a. There is an increase in the number of children who cannot reside 10 with their parents due to the parents' incapacity or inability to perform 11 the regular and expected functions of care and support of the child; 12 b. An increasing number of relatives, including grandparents, find 13 themselves providing care on a long-term basis to these children 14 without court approved legal guardianship status because the caregivers either are unable or unwilling to seek termination of the 15

16 legal relationships between the birth parent and the child, particularly 17 when it is the caregiver's own child or sibling who is the parent. In 18 these cases, adoption of the child is neither feasible nor likely, and it 19 is imperative that the State create an alternative, permanent legal 20 arrangement for children and their caregivers. One such alternative arrangement, which does not require the termination of parental rights, 21 22 is a court awarded kinship legal guardianship that is intended to be 23 permanent and self-sustaining, as evidenced by the transfer to the 24 caregiver of certain parental rights, but retains the birth parents' rights 25 to consent to adoption, the obligation to pay child support, and the 26 parents' right to have some ongoing contact with the child;

27 c. In considering kinship legal guardianship, the State is seeking to 28 add another alternative, permanent placement option, beyond custody, 29 without rising to the level of termination of parental rights, for 30 caregivers in relationships where adoption is neither feasible nor likely; 31 and

32 d. Therefore, it is in the public interest to create a new type of legal 33 guardianship that addresses the needs of children and caregivers in 34 long-term kinship relationships.

35

1

36 2. (New section) As used in sections 1 through 6 of P.L., c. 37 (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this bill):

38 "Caregiver" means a person over 18 years of age, other than a 39 child's parent, who has a kinship relationship with the child and has 40 been providing care and support for the child, while the child has been 41 residing in the caregiver's home, for at least the last 12 consecutive 42 months.

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

"Child" means a person under 18 years of age, except as otherwise
 provided in P.L., c. (C.)(pending before the Legislature as this
 bill).

4 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Human Services.

5 "Court" means the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family Part.

6 "Department" means the Department of Human Services.

7 "Division" means the Division of Youth and Family Services in the8 Department of Human Services.

9 "Family friend" means a person who is connected to a child or the
10 child's parent by an established positive psychological or emotional
11 relationship that is not a biological or legal relationship.

"Home review" means the basic review of the information provided
by the petitioner and a visit to the petitioner's home where the child
will continue to reside, in accordance with the provisions of P.L., c.
(C.)(pending before the Legislature as this bill) and pursuant to
regulations adopted by the commissioner.

17 "Kinship caregiver assessment" means a written report prepared in
18 accordance with the provisions of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before
19 the Legislature as this bill) and pursuant to regulations adopted by the
20 commissioner.

21 "Kinship legal guardian" means a caregiver who is willing to assume 22 care of a child due to parental incapacity, with the intent to raise the 23 child to adulthood, and who is appointed the kinship legal guardian of 24 the child by the court pursuant to P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the 25 Legislature as this bill). A kinship legal guardian shall be responsible 26 for the care and protection of the child and for providing for the child's 27 health, education and maintenance.

28 "Kinship relationship" means a family friend or a person with a29 biological or legal relationship with the child.

"Parental incapacity" means incapacity of such a serious nature as
to demonstrate that the parent is unable, unavailable or unwilling to
perform the regular and expected functions of care and support of the
child.

34

35 3. (New section) The Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family
36 Part shall have jurisdiction under sections 1 through 6 of P.L., c.
37 (C.)(pending before the Legislature as this bill). Venue of a kinship
38 legal guardianship action shall be determined in accordance with the
39 applicable Rules of Court.

40

4. (New section) a. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this
subsection, a kinship legal guardian shall have the same rights,
responsibilities and authority relating to the child as a birth parent,
including, but not limited to: making decisions concerning the child's
care and well-being; consenting to routine and emergency medical and
mental health needs; arranging and consenting to educational plans for

1 the child; applying for financial assistance and social services for which

2 the child is eligible; applying for a motor vehicle operator's license;

3 applying for admission to college; responsibility for activities necessary

4 to ensure the child's safety, permanency and well-being; and ensuring

5 the maintenance and protection of the child.

6 (2) A kinship legal guardian may not consent to the adoption of the
7 child or a name change for the child. The birth parent of the child shall
8 retain the authority to consent to the adoption of the child or a name
9 change for the child.

(3) The birth parent of the child shall retain the obligation to paychild support.

(4) The birth parent of the child shall retain the right to visitationor parenting time with the child, as determined by the court.

(5) The appointment of a kinship legal guardian does not limit or
terminate any rights or benefits derived from the child's parents,
including, but not limited to, those relating to inheritance or eligibility
for benefits or insurance.

(6) Kinship legal guardianship terminates when the child reaches 18
years of age or when the child is no longer continuously enrolled in a
secondary education program, whichever event occurs later, or when
kinship legal guardianship is otherwise terminated.

b. There shall be no filing fee charged for kinship legal guardianshipcomplaints or motions in the court.

24 c. For the purposes of P.L. , c. (C. )(pending before the 25 Legislature as this bill), a kinship legal guardian shall have the same 26 meaning as the term "legal guardian" as defined in 42 U.S.C. s. 675, 27 except that the process, procedure and ruling for kinship legal 28 guardianship shall be apart from, and shall not amend, supplant or 29 contravene, the provisions of Chapter 12 of Title 3B of the New Jersey 30 Statutes.

d. (1) The provisions of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the
Legislature as this bill) shall not be construed to grant or confer upon
any person appointed kinship legal guardian of a child any of the
additional rights or privileges accorded to persons appointed guardian
of a minor's person or estate by a Surrogate or the Superior Court,
Chancery Division, Probate Part pursuant to the provisions of Chapter
12 of Title 3B of the New Jersey Statutes.

(2) The provisions of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the
Legislature as this bill) shall not be construed to preclude an
application to the court for guardianship of the person or estate of a
minor by any person appointed kinship legal guardian of a child.

42

5. (New section) a. Upon petition of a caregiver, the court may
appoint the caregiver as kinship legal guardian of a child residing in
the caregiver's home pursuant to the provisions of P.L., c.
(C.)(pending before the Legislature as this bill).

1 b. A petition for the appointment of a kinship legal guardian shall 2 include a kinship caregiver assessment, which shall contain: 3 (1) the full name and address of the person seeking to become the 4 kinship legal guardian; (2) the circumstances of the kinship relationship; 5 6 (3) the whereabouts of the child's parents, if known; 7 (4) the nature of the parents' incapacitation, if known; 8 (5) the wishes of the parents, if known; 9 (6) the ability of the kinship caregiver family to assume permanent 10 care of the child; 11 (7) the child's property and assets, if known; 12 (8) the wishes of the child, if appropriate; 13 (9) any current involvement of a child with the division if the child 14 has an open division case and is actively receiving services; 15 (10) certification from the caregiver that the caregiver has been providing care and support for the child, while the child has been 16 17 residing in the caregiver's home, for at least the last 12 consecutive 18 months; 19 (11) the results from a criminal history record background check 20 and a domestic violence central registry check of the caregiver and any 21 adult residing in the caregiver's household conducted pursuant to 22 section 9 of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this 23 bill); (12) the results from a child abuse record check arranged for and 24 25 coordinated by the division pursuant to section 9 of P.L. , c. 26 (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this bill); and 27 (13) the results of the caregiver's home review. 28 29 6. (New section) a. In making its determination about whether to appoint the caregiver as kinship legal guardian, the court shall 30 31 consider: 32 (1) if proper notice was provided to the child's parents; 33 (2) the best interests of the child; 34 (3) the kinship caregiver assessment; 35 (4) in cases in which the division is involved with the child as provided in subsection a. of section 8 of P.L., c. (C. )(pending 36 37 before the Legislature as this bill), the recommendation of the division, 38 including any parent time or visitation restrictions; 39 (5) the potential kinship legal guardian's ability to provide a safe 40 and permanent home for the child; (6) the wishes of the child's parents, if known to the court; 41 42 (7) the wishes of the child if the child is 12 years of age or older, 43 unless unique circumstances exist that make the child's age irrelevant; 44 (8) the suitability of the kinship caregiver and the caregiver's family 45 to raise the child; (9) the ability of the kinship caregiver to assume full legal 46

1 responsibility for the child;

2 (10) the commitment of the kinship caregiver and the caregiver's3 family to raise the child to adulthood;

4 (11) the results from the child abuse record check conducted
5 pursuant to section 9 of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the
6 Legislature as this bill); and

(12) the results from the criminal history record background check 7 8 and domestic violence check conducted pursuant to section 9 of 9 P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this bill). In any case in which the caregiver petitioning for kinship legal guardianship, 10 or any adult residing in the prospective caregiver's home, has a record 11 12 of criminal history, the court shall review the record with respect to 13 the type and date of the criminal offense and make a determination as 14 to the suitability of the person to become a kinship legal guardian. For 15 the purposes of this paragraph, the court shall consider convictions for offenses specified in subsections c., d. and e. of section 1 of P.L.1985, 16 17 c.396 (C.30:4C-26.8).

b. The court shall not award kinship legal guardianship of the child
unless proper notice was served upon the parents of the child and any
other party to whom the court has awarded custody or parenting time
for that child, in accordance with the Rules of Court.

c. The court shall not award kinship legal guardianship of the childsolely because of parental incapacity.

d. The court shall appoint the caregiver as a kinship legal guardianif, based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds that:

(1) each parent's incapacity is of such a serious nature as to
demonstrate that the parents are unable, unavailable or unwilling to
perform the regular and expected functions of care and support of the
child;

30 (2) the parents' inability to perform those functions is unlikely to31 change in the foreseeable future;

(3) in cases in which the division is involved with the child as
provided in subsection a. of section 8 of P.L., c. (C. )(pending
before the Legislature as this bill), (a) the division exercised reasonable
efforts to reunify the child with the birth parents and these
reunification efforts have proven unsuccessful or unnecessary; and (b)
adoption of the child is neither feasible nor likely; and

38 (4) awarding kinship legal guardianship is in the child's best39 interests.

40 e. The court order appointing the kinship legal guardian shall41 specify, as appropriate, that:

(1) a kinship legal guardian shall have the same rights,
responsibilities and authority relating to the child as a birth parent,
including, but not limited to: making decisions concerning the child's
care and well-being; consenting to routine and emergency medical and
mental health needs; arranging and consenting to educational plans for

1 the child; applying for financial assistance and social services for which 2 the child is eligible; applying for a motor vehicle operator's license; 3 applying for admission to college; responsibility for activities necessary 4 to ensure the child's safety, permanency and well-being; and ensuring the maintenance and protection of the child; except that a kinship legal 5 6 guardian may not consent to the adoption of the child or a name 7 change for the child; 8 (2) the birth parent of the child retains the authority to consent to 9 the adoption of the child or a name change for the child; 10 (3) the birth parent of the child retains the obligation to pay child 11 support; 12 (4) the birth parent of the child retains the right to visitation or 13 parenting time with the child, as determined by the court; 14 (5) the appointment of a kinship legal guardian does not limit or 15 terminate any rights or benefits derived from the child's parents, including, but not limited to, those relating to inheritance or eligibility 16 17 for benefits or insurance; and 18 (6) kinship legal guardianship terminates when the child reaches 18 19 years of age or when the child is no longer continuously enrolled in a 20 secondary education program, whichever event occurs later, or when 21 kinship legal guardianship is otherwise terminated. 22 f. An order or judgment awarding kinship legal guardianship may 23 be vacated by the court prior to the child's 18th birthday if the court 24 finds that the kinship legal guardianship is no longer in the best 25 interests of the child or, based upon clear and convincing evidence, the 26 court finds that the parental incapacity or inability to care for the child 27 that led to the original award of kinship legal guardianship is no longer 28 the case and termination of kinship legal guardianship is in the child's 29 best interests. 30 In cases in which the division was involved, when determining 31 whether a child should be returned to a parent, the court may refer a 32 parent for an assessment prepared by the division, in accordance with regulations adopted by the commissioner. 33 34 g. An order or judgment awarding kinship legal guardianship may be vacated by the court if, based upon clear and convincing evidence, 35 the court finds that the guardian failed or is unable, unavailable or 36 37 unwilling to provide proper care and custody of the child, or that the 38 guardianship is no longer in the child's best interests. 39 40 7. (New section) As used in sections 7 through 10 of P.L., c. 41 (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this bill): 42 "Caregiver" means a person over 18 years of age, other than a 43 child's parent, who has a kinship relationship with the child and has 44 been providing care and support for the child, while the child has been 45 residing in the caregiver's home, for at least the last 12 consecutive months. 46

"Child" means a person under 18 years of age, except as otherwise
 provided in P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this
 bill).

4 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Human Services.

5 "Court" means the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family Part.

<sup>6</sup> "Division" means the Division of Youth and Family Services in the7 Department of Human Services.

8 "Kinship caregiver assessment" means a written report prepared in 9 accordance with the provisions of P.L., c. (C.)(pending before 10 the Legislature as this bill) and pursuant to regulations adopted by the 11 commissioner.

"Kinship legal guardian" means a caregiver who is willing to assume care of a child due to parental incapacity, with the intent to raise the child to adulthood, and who is appointed the kinship legal guardian of the child by the court pursuant to P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). A kinship legal guardian shall be responsible for the care and protection of the child and for providing for the child's health, education and maintenance.

19 "Kinship relationship" means a family friend or a person with a20 biological or legal relationship with the child.

21

8. (New section) a. In the case of a child who has been removed
from his home by the division within the last 12 months, or for whom
the division has an open or currently active case:

(1) The kinship caregiver assessment required pursuant to section
5 of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall
be conducted by the division, at no cost to the caregiver.

28 (2) An indigent parent and child shall be afforded the same right to 29 legal counsel and representation as actions under P.L.1974, c.119 (C.9:6-8.21 et seq.) and section 54of P.L.1999, c.53 (C.30:4C-15.4). 30 31 (3) In cases where the child has been placed in the caregiver's home 32 by the division and the child has resided in the caregiver's home for at least the last 12 consecutive months, the caregiver shall obtain the 33 34 consent of the division in order to petition the court for the appointment of the caregiver as kinship legal guardian of the child. 35 The appointment of a kinship legal guardian for a child shall be 36 37 considered by the court as the permanent placement for the child.

38 b. In all cases other than those specified in subsection a. of this39 section:

40 (1) The kinship caregiver assessment required pursuant to section
41 5 of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall
42 be conducted by an agency in accordance with regulations adopted by
43 the commissioner.

44 (2) The costs for the kinship caregiver assessment shall be born by
45 the department in cases where a financially eligible individual is
46 applying for cash assistance under a kinship care program or pilot

program provided by the department, for which kinship legal
 guardianship is a requirement for receiving such assistance. For all
 other cases under this subsection, the caregiver shall be responsible for
 all of the costs of the kinship caregiver assessment.

5

6 9. (New section) a. Prior to the submission of a petition for
7 appointment as a kinship legal guardian, the caregiver and any adult
8 residing in the caregiver's household shall undergo:

9 (1) a criminal history record background check, which shall be 10 conducted by the Division of State Police in the Department of Law 11 and Public Safety and shall include an examination of its own files and 12 the obtaining of a similar examination by the Federal Bureau of 13 Investigation; and

(2) a domestic violence central registry check, which shall be
conducted by the Division of State Police. The Division of State
Police shall provide a report on all incidents of domestic violence
involving the caregiver and any adult in the caregiver's household.

18 The Division of State Police shall provide the results of the 19 criminal history background and central registry checks to the 20 commissioner or his designee.

b. Prior to the submission of a petition for appointment as a kinship
legal guardian, the division shall arrange for and coordinate a division
child abuse registry record check. The division shall report the results
of the registry check directly to the court.

25

10. (New section) With respect to a complaint initiated by the
division pursuant to P.L.1974, c.119 (C9:6-8.21 et seq.) and section
15 of P.L.1951, c.138 (30:4C-15):

29 a. Only the division or the court shall have legal standing to seek 30 a kinship legal guardianship arrangement as an alternative disposition. 31 The parents of the child who is the subject of the complaint may 32 request, with appropriate notice to the division, that the court consider 33 a kinship legal guardianship arrangement as an alternative disposition. 34 If the division agrees to a kinship legal guardianship arrangement as an alternative disposition, the division shall not be required to file a new 35 petition, but may amend the pending complaint in accordance with the 36 37 Rules of Court.

b. If the court appoints a kinship legal guardian as an alternative
disposition, the court shall consider such an appointment as the final
disposition of the complaint.

41

11. The Commissioner of Human Services, pursuant to the
"Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et
seq.), shall adopt rules and regulations to effectuate the purposes of
this act.

### **A3673** PENNACCHIO 10

1 12. The Supreme Court of New Jersey may adopt court rules to 2 effectuate the purposes of this act. 3 4 13. N.J.S.2B:2-1 is amended to read as follows: 2B:2-1. Number of Judges. 5 6 a. The Superior Court shall consist of [428] <u>431</u> judges. 7 b. (1) The Superior Court shall at all times consist of the following 8 number of judges, who at the time of their appointment and 9 reappointment were resident of each county: Atlantic.....11 10 Bergen......27 11 Burlington......10 12 13 Camden......16 14 Cape May......4 15 Cumberland......7 Essex 16 17 18 Hudson 19 20 Mercer 21 Middlesex......24 22 Monmouth......17 23 Morris 24 Ocean 25 Passaic Salem 26 27 28 Sussex 29 Union 30 Warren (2) Additionally, the following number of those judges of the 31 32 Superior Court satisfying the residency requirements set forth above 33 shall at all times sit in the county in which they reside: 34 Atlantic 35 Bergen Burlington......4 36 37 Cape May......2 38 39 40 Essex 41 42 Hudson 43 44 Mercer 45 46

# **A3673** PENNACCHIO 11

1	Morris6
2	Ocean
3	Passaic6
4	Salem2
5	Somerset4
6	Sussex2
7	Union6
8	Warren
9	(cf:P.L.1999, c.104, s.1)
10	
11	14. This act shall take effect 180 days after the date of enactment.
12	
13	
14	STATEMENT
15	
16	This bill establishes a new type of guardianship called kinship legal
17	guardianship to address the needs of children who cannot reside with
18	their parents due to the parents' incapacity or inability. Kinship legal
19	guardians are caregivers who have a biological, legal, extended or
20	committed emotional or psychological relationship with a child and
21	who are willing to assume care of the child due to parental incapacity
22	or inability, with the intent to raise the child to adulthood. Kinship
23	legal guardianship does not terminate parental rights. A kinship legal
24	guardian is responsible for the care and protection of the child and for
25	providing for the child's health, education and maintenance, while the
26	child's parents retain the right to visitation and to consent to adoption.
27	Kinship legal guardianship terminates when a child reaches 18 years of
28	age, or when the child is no longer continuously enrolled in a
29	secondary education program, whichever occurs later.
30	Upon petition of a caregiver, the Superior Court, Chancery
31	Division, Family Part may appoint the caregiver as kinship legal
32	guardian of a child who has resided in the caregiver's home for at least
33	the last 12 consecutive months.
34	A petition for the appointment of a kinship legal guardian must
35	include a kinship caregiver assessment, which contains:
36	(1) the full name and address of the person seeking to become the
37	kinship legal guardian;
38	(2) the circumstances of the kinship relationship;
39	(3) the whereabouts of the child's parents, if known;
40	(4) the nature of the parents' incapacitation, if known;
41	(5) the wishes of the parents, if known;
42	(6) the ability of the kinship family to assume permanent care of the
43	child;
44	(7) the child's property and assets, if known;
45	(8) the wishes of the child, if appropriate;

1 (9) any current involvement of a child with the Division of Youth 2 and Family Services (DYFS) if the child has an open DYFS case and 3 is actively receiving services; 4 (10) certification from the caregiver that the caregiver has been providing care and support for the child, while the child has been 5 6 residing in the caregiver's home, for at least the last 12 consecutive 7 months; 8 (11) the results from a criminal history record background check 9 and a domestic violence central registry check of the caregiver and any adult residing in the caregiver's household; 10 (12) the results from a child abuse record check arranged for and 11 12 coordinated by DYFS; and 13 (13) the results of the caregiver's home review. 14 In making its determination about whether to appoint the caregiver 15 as kinship legal guardian, the court shall consider: (1) if proper notice was provided to the child's parents; 16 17 (2) the best interests of the child; (3) the kinship caregiver assessment; 18 19 (4) in cases in which DYFS is involved with the child, the 20 recommendation of DYFS, including any parent time or visitation 21 restrictions; (5) the potential kinship legal guardian's ability to provide a safe 22 and permanent home for the child; 23 (6) the wishes of the child's parents, if known to the court; 24 (7) the wishes of the child if the child is 12 years of age or older, 25 26 unless unique circumstances exist that make the child's age irrelevant; 27 (8) the suitability of the kinship caregiver and the caregiver's family 28 to raise the child; 29 (9) the ability of the kinship caregiver to assume full legal 30 responsibility for the child; 31 (10) the commitment of the kinship caregiver and the caregiver's 32 family to raise the child to adulthood; 33 (11) the results from the child abuse record check; and 34 (12) the results from the criminal history record background check and domestic violence check. 35 The bill specifies that the court shall not award kinship legal 36 37 guardianship unless proper notice was served upon the parties 38 pursuant to court rules. Also, kinship legal guardianship shall not be 39 awarded solely because of parental incapacity. 40 The court shall appoint the caregiver as a kinship legal guardian if, 41 based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds that: (1) each parent's incapacity is of such a serious nature as to 42 demonstrate that the parents are unable, unavailable or unwilling to 43 44 perform the regular and expected functions of care and support of the 45 child; 46 (2) the parents' inability to perform those functions is unlikely to

1 change in the foreseeable future; 2 (3) in cases in which DYFS is involved with the child: (a) DYFS 3 exercised reasonable efforts to reunify the child with the birth parents 4 and these reunification efforts have proven unsuccessful or unnecessary; and (b) adoption of the child is neither feasible nor likely; 5 6 and 7 (4) awarding kinship legal guardianship is in the child's best 8 interests. 9 The court order appointing the kinship legal guardian shall specify, 10 as appropriate, that: 11 (1) a kinship legal guardian shall have the same rights, 12 responsibilities and authority related to the child as a birth parent, 13 including, but not limited to: making decisions concerning the child's 14 care and well-being; consenting to routine and emergency medical and 15 mental health needs; arranging and consenting to educational plans for the child; applying for financial assistance and social services for which 16 17 the child is eligible; applying for a motor vehicle operator's license; 18 applying for admission to college; responsibility for activities necessary 19 to ensure the child's safety, permanency and well-being; and ensuring 20 the maintenance and protection of the child; except that a kinship legal 21 guardian may not consent to the adoption of the child or a name 22 change for the child; 23 (2) the authority to consent to the adoption of the child or a name 24 change for the child is retained by the birth parent of the child; 25 (3) the birth parent of the child retains the obligation to pay child 26 support; 27 (4) the birth parent of the child retains the right to visitation or 28 parenting time with the child, as determined by the court; 29 (5) the appointment of a kinship legal guardian does not limit or 30 terminate any rights or benefits derived from the child's parents, 31 including but not limited to, those relating to inheritance or eligibility 32 for benefits or insurance; and 33 (6) kinship legal guardianship terminates when the child reaches 18 34 years of age or when the child is no longer continuously enrolled in a secondary education program, whichever event occurs later, or when 35 kinship legal guardianship is otherwise terminated. 36 37 An order or judgment awarding kinship legal guardianship may be 38 vacated by the court prior to the child's 18th birthday if the court finds 39 that the kinship legal guardianship is no longer in the best interests of 40 the child or, based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds 41 that the parental incapacity or inability to care for the child that led to 42 the original award of kinship legal guardianship is no longer the case 43 and termination of kinship legal guardianship is in the child's best 44 interests. The order or judgment also may be vacated by the court if, 45 based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds that the 46 guardian failed or is unable, unavailable or unwilling to provide proper

care and custody of the child, or that the guardianship is no longer in
 the child's best interest.

3 In cases in which DYFS has removed the child from his home 4 within the last 12 months, or DYFS has an open or currently active case, DYFS will conduct the kinship caregiver assessment required in 5 6 this bill and will not charge a fee for the assessment. In all other cases, 7 an agency will conduct the assessment in accordance with regulations 8 adopted by the Commissioner of Human Services. In these cases, the 9 caregiver will be responsible for the costs of the assessment; however, 10 there will be no charge for the assessment in cases where a financially 11 eligible individual is applying to the department for cash assistance 12 under a kinship care program or pilot program for which kinship legal 13 guardianship is a requirement. 14 The bill also provides that for pending litigation under N.J.S.A.9:6-15 8.21 et seq. (adjudication of child abuse or neglect) or N.J.S.A.30:4C-15 (termination of parental rights), DYFS is not required to file a new 16 17 petition, but may amend the pending litigation upon notice to the parents. The bill provides that only DYFS has legal standing to seek 18 19 a kinship legal guardianship arrangement as an alternative disposition. 20 The parent, with appropriate notice to DYFS, may request that the 21 court consider a kinship legal guardianship arrangement as a final 22 disposition of the litigation. In a case that originated under 23 N.J.S.A.9:6-8.21 et seq. or N.J.S.A.30:4C-15 in which an appointment 24 of kinship legal guardianship is made, the bill provides that the court 25 will view the kinship legal guardianship appointment as the final 26 disposition of the case. 27

Finally, this bill amends N.J.S.2B:2-1 to create three additional judgeships in the Superior Court to implement the kinship legal guardianship process.

### STATEMENT TO

### ASSEMBLY, No. 3673

# **STATE OF NEW JERSEY**

### DATED: JUNE 21, 2001

The Assembly Appropriations Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 3673.

Assembly Bill No. 3673 establishes a new type of guardianship called kinship legal guardianship to address the needs of children who cannot reside with their parents due to the parents' incapacity or inability.

Kinship legal guardians are caregivers who have a biological, legal, extended or committed emotional or psychological relationship with a child and who are willing to assume care of the child due to parental incapacity or inability, with the intent to raise the child to adulthood. Kinship legal guardianship does not terminate parental rights. A kinship legal guardian is responsible for the care and protection of the child and for providing for the child's health, education and maintenance, while the child's parents retain the right to visitation and to consent to adoption. Kinship legal guardianship terminates when a child reaches 18 years of age, or when the child is no longer continuously enrolled in a secondary education program, whichever occurs later.

The bill allows the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family Part, to appoint, upon petition of a caregiver, the caregiver as kinship legal guardian of a child who has resided in the caregiver's home for at least the last 12 consecutive months.

The bill requires a petition for the appointment of a kinship legal guardian to include a kinship caregiver assessment, which contains:

(1) the full name and address of the person seeking to become the kinship legal guardian;

(2) the circumstances of the kinship relationship;

(3) the whereabouts of the child's parents, if known;

(4) the nature of the parents' incapacitation, if known;

(5) the wishes of the parents, if known;

(6) the ability of the kinship family to assume permanent care of the child;

(7) the child's property and assets, if known;

(8) the wishes of the child, if appropriate;

(9) any current involvement of a child with the Division of Youth and Family Services (DYFS) of the Department of Human Services if the child has an open DYFS case and is actively receiving services; (10) certification from the caregiver that the caregiver has been providing care and support for the child, while the child has been residing in the caregiver's home, for at least the last 12 consecutive months;

(11) the results from a criminal history record background check and a domestic violence central registry check of the caregiver and any adult residing in the caregiver's household;

(12) the results from a child abuse record check arranged for and coordinated by DYFS; and

(13) the results of the caregiver's home review.

The bill requires the court to consider in making its determination about whether to appoint the caregiver as kinship legal guardian:

(1) if proper notice was provided to the child's parents;

(2) the best interests of the child;

(3) the kinship caregiver assessment;

(4) in cases in which DYFS is involved with the child, the recommendation of DYFS, including any parent time or visitation restrictions;

(5) the potential kinship legal guardian's ability to provide a safe and permanent home for the child;

(6) the wishes of the child's parents, if known to the court;

(7) the wishes of the child if the child is 12 years of age or older, unless unique circumstances exist that make the child's age irrelevant;

(8) the suitability of the kinship caregiver and the caregiver's family to raise the child;

(9) the ability of the kinship caregiver to assume full legal responsibility for the child;

(10) the commitment of the kinship caregiver and the caregiver's family to raise the child to adulthood;

(11) the results from the child abuse record check; and

(12) the results from the criminal history record background check and domestic violence check.

The bill specifies that the court shall not award kinship legal guardianship unless proper notice was served upon the parties pursuant to court rules. Also, kinship legal guardianship shall not be awarded solely because of parental incapacity.

Under the bill, the court shall appoint the caregiver as a kinship legal guardian if, based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds that:

(1) each parent's incapacity is of such a serious nature as to demonstrate that the parents are unable, unavailable or unwilling to perform the regular and expected functions of care and support of the child;

(2) the parents' inability to perform those functions is unlikely to change in the foreseeable future;

(3) in cases in which DYFS is involved with the child: (a) DYFS exercised reasonable efforts to reunify the child with the birth parents and these reunification efforts have proven unsuccessful or

unnecessary; and (b) adoption of the child is neither feasible nor likely; and

(4) awarding kinship legal guardianship is in the child's best interests.

The bill requires that the court order appointing the kinship legal guardian to specify, as appropriate, that:

(1) a kinship legal guardian shall have the same rights, responsibilities and authority related to the child as a birth parent, including, but not limited to: making decisions concerning the child's care and well-being; consenting to routine and emergency medical and mental health needs; arranging and consenting to educational plans for the child; applying for financial assistance and social services for which the child is eligible; applying for a motor vehicle operator's license; applying for admission to college; responsibility for activities necessary to ensure the child's safety, permanency and well-being; and ensuring the maintenance and protection of the child; except that a kinship legal guardian may not consent to the adoption of the child or a name change for the child;

(2) the authority to consent to the adoption of the child or a name change for the child is retained by the birth parent of the child;

(3) the birth parent of the child retains the obligation to pay child support;

(4) the birth parent of the child retains the right to visitation or parenting time with the child, as determined by the court;

(5) the appointment of a kinship legal guardian does not limit or terminate any rights or benefits derived from the child's parents, including but not limited to, those relating to inheritance or eligibility for benefits or insurance; and

(6) kinship legal guardianship terminates when the child reaches 18 years of age or when the child is no longer continuously enrolled in a secondary education program, whichever event occurs later, or when kinship legal guardianship is otherwise terminated.

Under the bill, an order or judgment awarding kinship legal guardianship may be vacated by the court prior to the child's 18th birthday if the court finds that the kinship legal guardianship is no longer in the best interests of the child or, based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds that the parental incapacity or inability to care for the child that led to the original award of kinship legal guardianship is no longer the case and termination of kinship legal guardianship is in the child's best interests. The order or judgment also may be vacated by the court if, based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds that the guardian failed or is unable, unavailable or unwilling to provide proper care and custody of the child, or that the guardianship is no longer in the child's best interest.

In cases in which DYFS has removed the child from the child's home within the last 12 months, or DYFS has an open or currently active case, DYFS will conduct the kinship caregiver assessment required in this bill and will not charge a fee for the assessment. In all other cases, an agency will conduct the assessment in accordance with regulations adopted by the Commissioner of Human Services. In these cases, the caregiver will be responsible for the costs of the assessment; however, there will be no charge for the assessment in cases where a financially eligible individual is applying to the department for cash assistance under a kinship care program or pilot program for which kinship legal guardianship is a requirement.

The bill also provides that for pending litigation under N.J.S.A.9:6-8.21 et seq. (adjudication of child abuse or neglect) or N.J.S.A.30:4C-15 (termination of parental rights), DYFS is not required to file a new petition, but may amend the pending litigation upon notice to the parents. The bill provides that only DYFS has legal standing to seek a kinship legal guardianship arrangement as an alternative disposition. The parent, with appropriate notice to DYFS, may request that the court consider a kinship legal guardianship arrangement as a final disposition of the litigation. In a case that originated under N.J.S.A.9:6-8.21 et seq. or N.J.S.A.30:4C-15 in which an appointment of kinship legal guardianship is made, the bill provides that the court will view the kinship legal guardianship appointment as the final disposition of the case.

Finally, this bill amends N.J.S.2B:2-1 to create three additional judgeships in the Superior Court to implement the kinship legal guardianship process.

### FISCAL IMPACT:

The Office of Legislative Services has estimated the cost of the three new judgeships, including support staff, at \$340,000 per judgeship or a total of \$1,020,000 annually.

The additional costs that the Department of Human Services may incur cannot be determined as the number of caregivers who will petition the court to become kinship legal guardians, the costs of conducting a home review, and the costs of conducting a kinship caregiver assessment are not known.

# LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE **ASSEMBLY, No. 3673** STATE OF NEW JERSEY **209th LEGISLATURE**

DATED: JULY 11, 2001

### **SUMMARY**

Synopsis:	Establishes court awarded kinship legal guardianship status and creates three additional judgeships.
Type of Impact:	General Fund expenditure increase.
Agencies Affected:	Department of Human Services (DHS) and the courts.

	Office of Legislative Se	I VICES Estimate	
Fiscal Impact	<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 2</u>	<u>Year 3</u>
State Cost			
Judiciary Costs	The cost for the three new Judgeships would be about \$1 million annually.		ationary Increases nments Below
DHS Costs	Indeterminate		

### Office of Logicletive Convises Estimate

! The number of "caregivers" that will petition the court to be appointed "kinship legal guardian" is not known. The amount of time DHS will need to conduct the various functions assigned to the department cannot be determined, as it is not known how many caregivers that will seek guardianship are already known to DHS and how many are not known to DHS.

### **BILL DESCRIPTION**

Assembly Bill No. 3673 of 2001 establishes a program of court awarded legal guardianship status and creates three additional judgeships.

Under the terms of the legislation, a caregiver who has a kinship relationship with the child and has been providing care and support for the child for at least 12 consecutive months may petition the court to be appointed as a "kinship legal guardian." DHS would be required to provide the court with various information on the petition, including a kinship caregiver assessment and a home review for certain cases in which the Division of Youth and Family Services (DYFS) is or has been involved with child. In other cases, DHS may designate another agency to conduct the assessment and home review, the cost of which will be assumed by the caregiver.

Office of Legislative Services State House Annex P.O. Box 068 Trenton, New Jersey 08625



Legislative Budget and Finance Office Phone (609) 292-8030 Fax (609) 777-2442 www.njleg.state.nj.us

### FISCAL ANALYSIS

### **OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES**

The Office of Legislative Services estimates that the legislation would cost a minimum of \$1.0 million during the first year as follows:

**Judiciary Costs** - The estimated cost per judgeship, including support staff, is about \$340,000 annually. As three new judgeships would be established under the legislation, the annual cost is approximately \$1,020,000.

**DHS Costs** - The additional costs DHS may incur cannot be determined as the number of caregivers (known to DYFS) who will petition the court to become a kinship legal guardian is not known. If the caregiver is known to DHS, additional costs may be incurred to prepare the caregiver assessment, home review and to arrange for a criminal history record background check. The cost to conduct a home review and kinship caregiver assessment is not known as the amount of staff time required to conduct such functions is not known. At present, the State Police charges about \$50 to conduct an individual criminal history record background check.

Section:	Human Services; Judiciary.
Analyst:	Jay Hershberg and Anne Raughley
Approved:	Alan R. Kooney Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67.

### SENATE BILL NO. 1813

To the Senate:

Pursuant to Article V, Section I, Paragraph 14 of the New Jersey Constitution, I am returning Senate Bill No. 1813 with my recommendations for reconsideration.

### A.Summary of Bill

This bill establishes a new type of legal guardianship to address the needs of children who cannot reside with their parents due to their parents' incapacity or inability. Kinship legal guardianship does not terminate parental rights. Instead, it allows kinship caregivers to assume full responsibility for the child in providing for the child's health, protection, education and maintenance. Biological parents retain the right to visitation and the duty to pay support, as determined by the court. Finally, this bill, as drafted, creates three additional judgeships in the Superior Court to implement the kinship legal guardianship process.

Following a properly executed petition to the court, a caregiver will only be awarded legal guardianship of a child when that caregiver has demonstrated that he or she satisfies several requirements. For example, a kinship caregiver must present and satisfy the following criteria: a kinship caregiver assessment detailing the relationship between the caregiver and the child; the circumstances of the biological parents' incapacitation, if known; the wishes of the biological parents, if known; the wishes of the child, if appropriate; any current involvement of a child with the State's Division of Youth and Family Services (DYFS) in the Department of Human Services; the results of a criminal background check of the caregiver and a domestic violence central registry check of the caregiver and any adult residing in the caregiver's household; and the results of a caregiver's home review and child abuse record check administered by DYFS.

Additionally, the court shall consider several factors in determining whether to appoint the caregiver as a kinship legal guardian including: the best interests of the child; whether proper notice was given to the biological parents; the recommendation of DYFS, if applicable; whether the criteria mentioned above have been satisfied; and the suitability and commitment of the caregiver to raise the child.

The court shall appoint the caregiver as kinship legal guardian if, based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds that each parent's incapacity is of such a serious nature as to demonstrate that the parents are unable, unavailable or unwilling to perform the regular and expected functions of care and support of the child and if each parent's inability to perform those functions is unlikely to change in the foreseeable future. Additionally, in cases in which DYFS is involved with the child, the court shall appoint the caregiver as the kinship legal guardian if the court finds that: DYFS exercised reasonable efforts to reunify the child with the birth parents and these reunification efforts have proven unsuccessful or unnecessary; adoption of the child is neither feasible nor likely; and awarding kinship legal guardianship is in the child's best interests.

### B. <u>Recommended Action</u>

I commend the sponsors of this bill for their commitment to improving the lives of New Jersey's children and caregivers. I believe that kinship legal guardianship is an important and innovative initiative that will greatly improve the lives of children and caregivers throughout the State of New Jersey by offering more permanent, stable and secure home environments. Kinship legal guardianship will provide stability and permanency to children whose parents are unable or unwilling to care for them by allowing the caregiver to raise, protect, educate and care for them. This legislation is intended to require thorough background checks for all potential kinship legal guardians. Therefore, I recommend that criminal background checks of potential caregivers include an examination of acts of domestic violence. A technical change is also recommended to ensure that perpetrators of domestic violence, and not their victims, are barred from consideration as a kinship caregiver.

I have been advised that the number of judges in the bill must be increased from three to seven in order to administer the kinship legal guardianship program most effectively. As a result, I have recommended an appropriation to address the costs associated with creating the additional judgeships and requisite staff. I also

2

recommend that the bill clarify the role of the Office of the Public Defender in kinship legal guardianship cases. Accordingly, an appropriation to fund the additional responsibilities of the Office of the Public Defender is also recommended.

Finally, because kinship legal guardianship is such an important and necessary program, and has long been anticipated by many caregivers and children throughout the State of New Jersey, I recommend the effective date of the bill be amended to allow for the earliest possible commencement of the judgeships and the program.

Therefore, I herewith return Senate Bill No. 1813 and recommend that it be amended as follows:

Page 1, Title, Line, 2:	After "Revised Statutes" insert ","
Page 1, Title, Line, 3:	Delete "and"; after "N.J.S.2B:2-1" Insert "and making an appropriation"
Page 6, Section 6. a. (12), Line 11:	After "of criminal history," insert "or a record of being subjected to a final domestic violence restraining order under P.L.1991, c.261 (c.2C:25-17 et seq.),"
Page 6, Section 6. a. (12), Line 12:	After "criminal offense" insert "or the provisions and date of the final domestic violence restraining order"
Page 6, Section 6. a. (12), Line 14:	After "this paragraph" insert "with respect to criminal history,"
Page 8, Section 8. a., Line 23:	After "active case" insert "and where legal representation is currently being provided by the Office of the Public Defender either
throu	gn its Law Guardian Program or Parental Representation Unit"
Page 9 , Section 9.a.(2), Line 16:	Delete "involving" insert "perpetrated by"
Page 10, Section 13, Line 5:	Delete "431" insert "435"
<u>Page 11, After Line 8:</u>	Insert New Section 14 as follows: "14.a. There is appropriated to the Administrative Office of the Courts from the General Fund \$464,000 for costs associated with the additional judgeships created by this act. b. There is appropriated to the Administrative Office of the Courts from the General Fund \$1,401,000 for staff associated with the operation of the additional judgeships created by this act. c. There is appropriated to the Office of the Public Defender from the General Fund \$872,716 for costs associated

with implementation of the kinship legal guardianship program."

Page 11, Section 14, Line 10:

Delete "14." Insert "15."; Delete 180 days after the date of enactment" insert "January 1, 2002, except that sections 13 and 14 shall take effect December 1, 2001."

Respectfully,

/s/ Donald T. DiFrancesco

Acting Governor

[seal]

Attest:

/s/ James A. Harkness

Chief Counsel to the Governor

Title 3B. Chapter 12A. (New) Kinship Legal Guardianship §§1-6, 12 -C.3B:12A-1 to 3B:12A-7 §§7-11 -C.30:4C-84 to 30:4C-88 §14 - Approp. §15 - Note to §§1-14

### P.L. 2001, CHAPTER 250, approved October 11, 2001 Senate, No. 1813 (First Reprint)

1 AN ACT establishing kinship legal guardianship, supplementing Title 3B of the New Jersey Statutes and Title 30 of the Revised Statutes 2 3 <sup>1</sup>[and],<sup>1</sup> amending N.J.S.2B:2-1 <sup>1</sup>and making an appropriation<sup>1</sup>. 4 5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey: 6 7 8 1. (New section) The Legislature finds and declares that: 9 a. There is an increase in the number of children who cannot reside 10 with their parents due to the parents' incapacity or inability to perform the regular and expected functions of care and support of the child; 11 b. An increasing number of relatives, including grandparents, find 12 13 themselves providing care on a long-term basis to these children 14 without court approved legal guardianship status because the 15 caregivers either are unable or unwilling to seek termination of the legal relationships between the birth parent and the child, particularly 16 when it is the caregiver's own child or sibling who is the parent. In 17 these cases, adoption of the child is neither feasible nor likely, and it 18 is imperative that the State create an alternative, permanent legal 19 20 arrangement for children and their caregivers. One such alternative 21 arrangement, which does not require the termination of parental rights, 22 is a court awarded kinship legal guardianship that is intended to be permanent and self-sustaining, as evidenced by the transfer to the 23 24 caregiver of certain parental rights, but retains the birth parents' rights 25 to consent to adoption, the obligation to pay child support, and the parents' right to have some ongoing contact with the child; 26 27 c. In considering kinship legal guardianship, the State is seeking to 28 add another alternative, permanent placement option, beyond custody, 29 without rising to the level of termination of parental rights, for caregivers in relationships where adoption is neither feasible nor likely; 30

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Senate amendments adopted in accordance with Governor's

recommendations October 3, 2001.

1 and 2 d. Therefore, it is in the public interest to create a new type of legal 3 guardianship that addresses the needs of children and caregivers in 4 long-term kinship relationships. 5 2. (New section) As used in sections 1 through 6 of P.L., c. 6 7 )(pending before the Legislature as this bill): (C. 8 "Caregiver" means a person over 18 years of age, other than a 9 child's parent, who has a kinship relationship with the child and has 10 been providing care and support for the child, while the child has been 11 residing in the caregiver's home, for at least the last 12 consecutive 12 months. 13 "Child" means a person under 18 years of age, except as otherwise provided in P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this 14 15 bill). 16 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Human Services. 17 "Court" means the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family Part. 18 "Department" means the Department of Human Services. 19 "Division" means the Division of Youth and Family Services in the 20 Department of Human Services. 21 "Family friend" means a person who is connected to a child or the 22 child's parent by an established positive psychological or emotional 23 relationship that is not a biological or legal relationship. 24 "Home review" means the basic review of the information provided by the petitioner and a visit to the petitioner's home where the child 25 will continue to reside, in accordance with the provisions of P.L. 26 27 c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this bill) and pursuant 28 to regulations adopted by the commissioner. 29 "Kinship caregiver assessment" means a written report prepared in accordance with the provisions of P.L., c. (C. 30 )(pending before 31 the Legislature as this bill) and pursuant to regulations adopted by the 32 commissioner. 33 "Kinship legal guardian" means a caregiver who is willing to assume 34 care of a child due to parental incapacity, with the intent to raise the child to adulthood, and who is appointed the kinship legal guardian of 35 the child by the court pursuant to P.L., c. (C. 36 ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). A kinship legal guardian shall be 37 responsible for the care and protection of the child and for providing 38 39 for the child's health, education and maintenance. 40 "Kinship relationship" means a family friend or a person with a 41 biological or legal relationship with the child. 42 "Parental incapacity" means incapacity of such a serious nature as 43 to demonstrate that the parent is unable, unavailable or unwilling to 44 perform the regular and expected functions of care and support of the 45 child.

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3. (New section) The Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family
 Part shall have jurisdiction under sections 1 through 6 of P.L. , c.
 3 (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this bill). Venue of a
 kinship legal guardianship action shall be determined in accordance
 with the applicable Rules of Court.

6

7 4. (New section) a. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of 8 this subsection, a kinship legal guardian shall have the same rights, 9 responsibilities and authority relating to the child as a birth parent, 10 including, but not limited to: making decisions concerning the child's care and well-being; consenting to routine and emergency medical and 11 12 mental health needs; arranging and consenting to educational plans for 13 the child; applying for financial assistance and social services for which 14 the child is eligible; applying for a motor vehicle operator's license; 15 applying for admission to college; responsibility for activities necessary to ensure the child's safety, permanency and well-being; and ensuring 16 17 the maintenance and protection of the child.

(2) A kinship legal guardian may not consent to the adoption of the
child or a name change for the child. The birth parent of the child shall
retain the authority to consent to the adoption of the child or a name
change for the child.

(3) The birth parent of the child shall retain the obligation to paychild support.

(4) The birth parent of the child shall retain the right to visitationor parenting time with the child, as determined by the court.

(5) The appointment of a kinship legal guardian does not limit or
terminate any rights or benefits derived from the child's parents,
including, but not limited to, those relating to inheritance or eligibility
for benefits or insurance.

30 (6) Kinship legal guardianship terminates when the child reaches
31 18 years of age or when the child is no longer continuously enrolled
32 in a secondary education program, whichever event occurs later, or
33 when kinship legal guardianship is otherwise terminated.

b. There shall be no filing fee charged for kinship legalguardianship complaints or motions in the court.

c. For the purposes of P.L. )(pending before the 36 , c. (C. 37 Legislature as this bill), a kinship legal guardian shall have the same 38 meaning as the term "legal guardian" as defined in 42 U.S.C. s. 675, 39 except that the process, procedure and ruling for kinship legal 40 guardianship shall be apart from, and shall not amend, supplant or 41 contravene, the provisions of Chapter 12 of Title 3B of the New Jersey 42 Statutes.

d. (1) The provisions of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the
Legislature as this bill) shall not be construed to grant or confer upon
any person appointed kinship legal guardian of a child any of the
additional rights or privileges accorded to persons appointed guardian

of a minor's person or estate by a Surrogate or the Superior Court, 1 2 Chancery Division, Probate Part pursuant to the provisions of 3 Chapter 12 of Title 3B of the New Jersey Statutes. 4 (2) The provisions of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the 5 Legislature as this bill) shall not be construed to preclude an application to the court for guardianship of the person or estate of a 6 7 minor by any person appointed kinship legal guardian of a child. 8 9 5. (New section) a. Upon petition of a caregiver, the court may 10 appoint the caregiver as kinship legal guardian of a child residing in 11 the caregiver's home pursuant to the provisions of P.L. , c. 12 (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). 13 b. A petition for the appointment of a kinship legal guardian shall 14 include a kinship caregiver assessment, which shall contain: 15 (1) the full name and address of the person seeking to become the kinship legal guardian; 16 17 (2) the circumstances of the kinship relationship; 18 (3) the whereabouts of the child's parents, if known; 19 (4) the nature of the parents' incapacitation, if known; (5) the wishes of the parents, if known; 20 21 (6) the ability of the kinship caregiver family to assume permanent 22 care of the child; 23 (7) the child's property and assets, if known; (8) the wishes of the child, if appropriate; 24 25 (9) any current involvement of a child with the division if the child has an open division case and is actively receiving services; 26 27 (10) certification from the caregiver that the caregiver has been 28 providing care and support for the child, while the child has been 29 residing in the caregiver's home, for at least the last 12 consecutive 30 months; 31 (11) the results from a criminal history record background check 32 and a domestic violence central registry check of the caregiver and any 33 adult residing in the caregiver's household conducted pursuant to 34 section 9 of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as 35 this bill); (12) the results from a child abuse record check arranged for and 36 37 coordinated by the division pursuant to section 9 of P.L. , c. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill); and 38 (C. 39 (13) the results of the caregiver's home review. 40 41 6. (New section) a. In making its determination about whether to appoint the caregiver as kinship legal guardian, the court shall 42 43 consider: 44 (1) if proper notice was provided to the child's parents; 45 (2) the best interests of the child; 46 (3) the kinship caregiver assessment;

1 (4) in cases in which the division is involved with the child as 2 provided in subsection a. of section 8 of P.L., c. (C. )(pending 3 before the Legislature as this bill), the recommendation of the division, 4 including any parent time or visitation restrictions; (5) the potential kinship legal guardian's ability to provide a safe 5 6 and permanent home for the child; 7 (6) the wishes of the child's parents, if known to the court; 8 (7) the wishes of the child if the child is 12 years of age or older, 9 unless unique circumstances exist that make the child's age irrelevant; 10 (8) the suitability of the kinship caregiver and the caregiver's family 11 to raise the child; 12 (9) the ability of the kinship caregiver to assume full legal 13 responsibility for the child; 14 (10) the commitment of the kinship caregiver and the caregiver's 15 family to raise the child to adulthood; (11) the results from the child abuse record check conducted 16 pursuant to section 9 of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the 17 18 Legislature as this bill); and (12) the results from the criminal history record background check 19 20 and domestic violence check conducted pursuant to section 9 of 21 P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this bill). In 22 any case in which the caregiver petitioning for kinship legal guardianship, or any adult residing in the prospective caregiver's home, 23 has a record of criminal history <sup>1</sup>or a record of being subjected to a 24 final domestic violence restraining order under P.L.1991, c.261 25  $(C.2C:25-17 \text{ et seq.})^{1}$ , the court shall review the record with respect 26 to the type and date of the criminal offense <sup>1</sup><u>or the provisions and date</u> 27 of the final domestic violence restraining order<sup>1</sup> and make a 28 29 determination as to the suitability of the person to become a kinship legal guardian. For the purposes of this paragraph, <sup>1</sup><u>with respect to</u> 30 <u>criminal history</u>,<sup>1</sup> the court shall consider convictions for offenses 31 32 specified in subsections c., d. and e. of section 1 of P.L.1985, c.396 33 (C.30:4C-26.8). 34 b. The court shall not award kinship legal guardianship of the child unless proper notice was served upon the parents of the child and any 35 other party to whom the court has awarded custody or parenting time 36 37 for that child, in accordance with the Rules of Court. 38 c. The court shall not award kinship legal guardianship of the child 39 solely because of parental incapacity. 40 d. The court shall appoint the caregiver as a kinship legal guardian 41 if, based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds that: 42 (1) each parent's incapacity is of such a serious nature as to 43 demonstrate that the parents are unable, unavailable or unwilling to 44 perform the regular and expected functions of care and support of the 45 child; 46 (2) the parents' inability to perform those functions is unlikely to

1 change in the foreseeable future; 2 (3) in cases in which the division is involved with the child as 3 provided in subsection a. of section 8 of P.L., c. (C. )(pending 4 before the Legislature as this bill), (a) the division exercised reasonable 5 efforts to reunify the child with the birth parents and these reunification efforts have proven unsuccessful or unnecessary; and (b) 6 7 adoption of the child is neither feasible nor likely; and 8 (4) awarding kinship legal guardianship is in the child's best 9 interests. 10 e. The court order appointing the kinship legal guardian shall 11 specify, as appropriate, that: (1) a kinship legal guardian shall have the same rights, 12 13 responsibilities and authority relating to the child as a birth parent, 14 including, but not limited to: making decisions concerning the child's 15 care and well-being; consenting to routine and emergency medical and mental health needs; arranging and consenting to educational plans for 16 17 the child; applying for financial assistance and social services for which the child is eligible; applying for a motor vehicle operator's license; 18 19 applying for admission to college; responsibility for activities necessary 20 to ensure the child's safety, permanency and well-being; and ensuring 21 the maintenance and protection of the child; except that a kinship legal 22 guardian may not consent to the adoption of the child or a name 23 change for the child; (2) the birth parent of the child retains the authority to consent to 24 the adoption of the child or a name change for the child; 25 26 (3) the birth parent of the child retains the obligation to pay child 27 support; 28 (4) the birth parent of the child retains the right to visitation or 29 parenting time with the child, as determined by the court; (5) the appointment of a kinship legal guardian does not limit or 30 31 terminate any rights or benefits derived from the child's parents, 32 including, but not limited to, those relating to inheritance or eligibility 33 for benefits or insurance; and 34 (6) kinship legal guardianship terminates when the child reaches 18 years of age or when the child is no longer continuously enrolled 35 in a secondary education program, whichever event occurs later, or 36 when kinship legal guardianship is otherwise terminated. 37 38 f. An order or judgment awarding kinship legal guardianship may 39 be vacated by the court prior to the child's 18th birthday if the court 40 finds that the kinship legal guardianship is no longer in the best 41 interests of the child or, based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds that the parental incapacity or inability to care for the child 42 that led to the original award of kinship legal guardianship is no longer 43 44 the case and termination of kinship legal guardianship is in the child's 45 best interests. 46 In cases in which the division was involved, when determining

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1 whether a child should be returned to a parent, the court may refer a 2 parent for an assessment prepared by the division, in accordance with 3 regulations adopted by the commissioner. 4 g. An order or judgment awarding kinship legal guardianship may 5 be vacated by the court if, based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds that the guardian failed or is unable, unavailable or 6 7 unwilling to provide proper care and custody of the child, or that the 8 guardianship is no longer in the child's best interests. 9 10 7. (New section) As used in sections 7 through 10 of P.L., c. 11 (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill): 12 "Caregiver" means a person over 18 years of age, other than a 13 child's parent, who has a kinship relationship with the child and has 14 been providing care and support for the child, while the child has been 15 residing in the caregiver's home, for at least the last 12 consecutive months. 16 17 "Child" means a person under 18 years of age, except as otherwise 18 provided in P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as 19 this bill). 20 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Human Services. 21 "Court" means the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family Part. 22 "Division" means the Division of Youth and Family Services in the 23 Department of Human Services. 24 "Kinship caregiver assessment" means a written report prepared in 25 accordance with the provisions of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before 26 the Legislature as this bill) and pursuant to regulations adopted by the 27 commissioner. 28 "Kinship legal guardian" means a caregiver who is willing to assume 29 care of a child due to parental incapacity, with the intent to raise the 30 child to adulthood, and who is appointed the kinship legal guardian of 31 the child by the court pursuant to P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending 32 before the Legislature as this bill). A kinship legal guardian shall be 33 responsible for the care and protection of the child and for providing 34 for the child's health, education and maintenance. "Kinship relationship" means a family friend or a person with a 35 biological or legal relationship with the child. 36 37 38 8. (New section) a. In the case of a child who has been removed 39 from his home by the division within the last 12 months, or for whom 40 the division has an open or currently active case <sup>1</sup>and where legal 41 representation is currently being provided by the Office of the Public Defender either through its Law Guardian Program or Parental 42 <u>Representation Unit</u><sup>1</sup>: 43 44 (1) The kinship caregiver assessment required pursuant to section 45 5 of P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this bill) shall

46 be conducted by the division, at no cost to the caregiver.

1 (2) An indigent parent and child shall be afforded the same right to 2 legal counsel and representation as actions under P.L.1974, c.119 (C.9:6-8.21 et seq.) and section 54 of P.L.1999, c.53 (C.30:4C-15.4). 3 4 (3) In cases where the child has been placed in the caregiver's home 5 by the division and the child has resided in the caregiver's home for at least the last 12 consecutive months, the caregiver shall obtain the 6 7 consent of the division in order to petition the court for the appointment of the caregiver as kinship legal guardian of the child. 8 9 The appointment of a kinship legal guardian for a child shall be 10 considered by the court as the permanent placement for the child. section: 5 of P.L., c. (C. shall be conducted by an agency in accordance with regulations adopted by the commissioner. the department in cases where a financially eligible individual is applying for cash assistance under a kinship care program or pilot

11 b. In all cases other than those specified in subsection a. of this 12

13 (1) The kinship caregiver assessment required pursuant to section 14 )(pending before the Legislature as this bill) 15 16

17 (2) The costs for the kinship caregiver assessment shall be born by 18 19 program provided by the department, for which kinship legal 20 21 guardianship is a requirement for receiving such assistance. For all 22 other cases under this subsection, the caregiver shall be responsible for 23 all of the costs of the kinship caregiver assessment.

24

25 9. (New section) a. Prior to the submission of a petition for 26 appointment as a kinship legal guardian, the caregiver and any adult 27 residing in the caregiver's household shall undergo:

28 (1) a criminal history record background check, which shall be 29 conducted by the Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety and shall include an examination of its own files and 30 31 the obtaining of a similar examination by the Federal Bureau of 32 Investigation; and

33 (2) a domestic violence central registry check, which shall be 34 conducted by the Division of State Police. The Division of State Police shall provide a report on all incidents of domestic violence 35 <sup>1</sup>[involving] <u>perpetrated by</u><sup>1</sup> the caregiver and any adult in the 36 caregiver's household. 37

The Division of State Police shall provide the results of the 38 39 criminal history background and central registry checks to the 40 commissioner or his designee.

41 b. Prior to the submission of a petition for appointment as a kinship 42 legal guardian, the division shall arrange for and coordinate a division 43 child abuse registry record check. The division shall report the results 44 of the registry check directly to the court.

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46 10. (New section) With respect to a complaint initiated by the

division pursuant to P.L.1974, c.119 (C9:6-8.21 et seq.) and section 1 2 15 of P.L.1951, c.138 (30:4C-15): 3 a. Only the division or the court shall have legal standing to seek 4 a kinship legal guardianship arrangement as an alternative disposition. 5 The parents of the child who is the subject of the complaint may request, with appropriate notice to the division, that the court consider 6 7 a kinship legal guardianship arrangement as an alternative disposition. If the division agrees to a kinship legal guardianship arrangement as an 8 alternative disposition, the division shall not be required to file a new 9 10 petition, but may amend the pending complaint in accordance with the 11 Rules of Court. 12 b. If the court appoints a kinship legal guardian as an alternative disposition, the court shall consider such an appointment as the final 13 14 disposition of the complaint. 15 The Commissioner of Human Services, pursuant to the 16 11. 17 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), shall adopt rules and regulations to effectuate the purposes of 18 this act. 19 20 21 12. The Supreme Court of New Jersey may adopt court rules to 22 effectuate the purposes of this act. 23 24 13. N.J.S.2B:2-1 is amended to read as follows: 25 2B:2-1. Number of Judges. a. The Superior Court shall consist of  $[428]^{1}[431] \underline{435}^{1}$  judges. 26 b. (1) The Superior Court shall at all times consist of the following 27 28 number of judges, who at the time of their appointment and 29 reappointment were resident of each county: 30 Atlantic.....11 31 32 Burlington.....10 Camden.....16 33 34 Cape May......4 35 Cumberland......7 36 Essex 37 38 Hudson 39 40 Mercer 41 42 Monmouth.....17 43 Morris 44 Ocean 45 Passaic Salem 46

1	Somerset6
2	Sussex4
3	Union
4	Warren
5	(2) Additionally, the following number of those judges of the
6	Superior Court satisfying the residency requirements set forth above
7	shall at all times sit in the county in which they reside:
8	Atlantic4
9	Bergen12
10	Burlington4
11	Camden
12	Cape May2
13	Cumberland4
14	Essex14
15	Gloucester6
16	Hudson6
17	Hunterdon2
18	Mercer6
19	Middlesex8
20	Monmouth4
21	Morris6
22	Ocean
23	Passaic6
24	Salem2
25	Somerset4
26	Sussex2
27	Union6
28	Warren
29	(cf: P.L.1999, c.104, s.1)
30	
31	<sup>1</sup> 14. a. There is appropriated to the Administrative Office of the
32	Courts from the General Fund \$464,000 for costs associated with the
33	additional judgeships created by this act.
34	b. There is appropriated to the Administrative Office of the Courts
35	from the General Fund \$1,401,000 for staff associated with the
36	operation of the additional judgeships created by this act.
37	c. There is appropriated to the Office of the Public Defender from
38	the General Fund \$872,716 for costs associated with implementation
39	of the kinship legal guardianship program. <sup>1</sup>
40	
41	<sup>1</sup> [14.] <u>15.</u> <sup>1</sup> This act shall take effect <sup>1</sup> [180 days after the date of
42	enactment] January 1, 2002, except that sections 13 and 14 shall take
43	effect December 1, 2001 <sup>1</sup> .

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3 Establishes court awarded kinship legal guardianship status, creates

4 seven additional judgeships; appropriates \$2,737,716.

**AN ACT** establishing kinship legal guardianship, supplementing Title 3B of the New Jersey Statutes and Title 30 of the Revised Statutes, amending N.J.S.2B:2-1 and making an appropriation.

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

C.3B:12A-1 Findings, declarations relative to kinship legal guardianship.

1. The Legislature finds and declares that:

a. There is an increase in the number of children who cannot reside with their parents due to the parents' incapacity or inability to perform the regular and expected functions of care and support of the child;

b. An increasing number of relatives, including grandparents, find themselves providing care on a long-term basis to these children without court approved legal guardianship status because the caregivers either are unable or unwilling to seek termination of the legal relationships between the birth parent and the child, particularly when it is the caregiver's own child or sibling who is the parent. In these cases, adoption of the child is neither feasible nor likely, and it is imperative that the State create an alternative, permanent legal arrangement for children and their caregivers. One such alternative arrangement, which does not require the termination of parental rights, is a court awarded kinship legal guardianship that is intended to be permanent and selfsustaining, as evidenced by the transfer to the caregiver of certain parental rights, but retains the birth parents' rights to consent to adoption, the obligation to pay child support, and the parents' right to have some ongoing contact with the child;

c. In considering kinship legal guardianship, the State is seeking to add another alternative, permanent placement option, beyond custody, without rising to the level of termination of parental rights, for caregivers in relationships where adoption is neither feasible nor likely; and

d. Therefore, it is in the public interest to create a new type of legal guardianship that addresses the needs of children and caregivers in long-term kinship relationships.

C.3B:12A-2 Definitions relative to kinship legal guardianship and court action.

2. As used in sections 1 through 6 of P.L.2001, c.250 (C.3B:12A-1 et seq.):

"Caregiver" means a person over 18 years of age, other than a child's parent, who has a kinship relationship with the child and has been providing care and support for the child, while the child has been residing in the caregiver's home, for at least the last 12 consecutive months.

"Child" means a person under 18 years of age, except as otherwise provided in P.L.2001, c.250 (C.3B:12A-1 et al.).

"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Human Services.

"Court" means the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family Part.

"Department" means the Department of Human Services.

"Division" means the Division of Youth and Family Services in the Department of Human Services.

"Family friend" means a person who is connected to a child or the child's parent by an established positive psychological or emotional relationship that is not a biological or legal relationship.

"Home review" means the basic review of the information provided by the petitioner and a visit to the petitioner's home where the child will continue to reside, in accordance with the provisions of P.L.2001, c.250 (C.3B:12A-1 et al.) and pursuant to regulations adopted by the commissioner.

"Kinship caregiver assessment" means a written report prepared in accordance with the provisions of P.L.2001, c.250 (C.3B:12A-1 et al.) and pursuant to regulations adopted by the commissioner.

"Kinship legal guardian" means a caregiver who is willing to assume care of a child due to parental incapacity, with the intent to raise the child to adulthood, and who is appointed the kinship legal guardian of the child by the court pursuant to P.L.2001, c.250 (C.3B:12A-1 et al.). A kinship legal guardian shall be responsible for the care and protection of the child and for providing for the child's health, education and maintenance.

"Kinship relationship" means a family friend or a person with a biological or legal relationship with the child.

"Parental incapacity" means incapacity of such a serious nature as to demonstrate that the parent is unable, unavailable or unwilling to perform the regular and expected functions of care and support of the child.

C.3B:12A-3 Jurisdiction, venue.

3. The Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family Part shall have jurisdiction under sections 1 through 6 of P.L.2001, c.250 (C.3B:12A-1 et seq.). Venue of a kinship legal guardianship action shall be determined in accordance with the applicable Rules of Court.

C.3B:12A-4 Rights, responsibilities, authority of kinship legal guardian.

4. a. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, a kinship legal guardian shall have the same rights, responsibilities and authority relating to the child as a birth parent, including, but not limited to: making decisions concerning the child's care and well-being; consenting to routine and emergency medical and mental health needs; arranging and consenting to educational plans for the child; applying for financial assistance and social services for which the child is eligible; applying for a motor vehicle operator's license; applying for admission to college; responsibility for activities necessary to ensure the child's safety, permanency and wellbeing; and ensuring the maintenance and protection of the child.

(2) A kinship legal guardian may not consent to the adoption of the child or a name change for the child. The birth parent of the child shall retain the authority to consent to the adoption of the child or a name change for the child.

(3) The birth parent of the child shall retain the obligation to pay child support.

(4) The birth parent of the child shall retain the right to visitation or parenting time with the child, as determined by the court.

(5) The appointment of a kinship legal guardian does not limit or terminate any rights or benefits derived from the child's parents, including, but not limited to, those relating to inheritance or eligibility for benefits or insurance.

(6) Kinship legal guardianship terminates when the child reaches 18 years of age or when the child is no longer continuously enrolled in a secondary education program, whichever event occurs later, or when kinship legal guardianship is otherwise terminated.

b. There shall be no filing fee charged for kinship legal guardianship complaints or motions in the court.

c. For the purposes of P.L.2001, c.250 (C.3B:12A-1 et al.), a kinship legal guardian shall have the same meaning as the term "legal guardian" as defined in 42 U.S.C. s. 675, except that the process, procedure and ruling for kinship legal guardianship shall be apart from, and shall not amend, supplant or contravene, the provisions of Chapter 12 of Title 3B of the New Jersey Statutes.

d. (1) The provisions of P.L.2001, c.250 (C.3B:12A-1 et al.) shall not be construed to grant or confer upon any person appointed kinship legal guardian of a child any of the additional rights or privileges accorded to persons appointed guardian of a minor's person or estate by a Surrogate or the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Probate Part pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 12 of Title 3B of the New Jersey Statutes.

(2) The provisions of P.L.2001, c.250 (C.3B:12A-1 et al.) shall not be construed to preclude an application to the court for guardianship of the person or estate of a minor by any person appointed kinship legal guardian of a child.

C.3B:12A-5 Appointment as kinship legal guardian; contents of petition.

5. a. Upon petition of a caregiver, the court may appoint the caregiver as kinship legal guardian of a child residing in the caregiver's home pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2001, c.250 (C.3B:12A-1 et al.).

b. A petition for the appointment of a kinship legal guardian shall include a kinship caregiver assessment, which shall contain:

(1) the full name and address of the person seeking to become the kinship legal guardian;

- (2) the circumstances of the kinship relationship;
- (3) the whereabouts of the child's parents, if known;

(4) the nature of the parents' incapacitation, if known;

(5) the wishes of the parents, if known;

(6) the ability of the kinship caregiver family to assume permanent care of the child;

(7) the child's property and assets, if known;

(8) the wishes of the child, if appropriate;

(9) any current involvement of a child with the division if the child has an open division case and is actively receiving services;

(10) certification from the caregiver that the caregiver has been providing care and support for the child, while the child has been residing in the caregiver's home, for at least the last 12 consecutive months;

(11) the results from a criminal history record background check and a domestic violence central registry check of the caregiver and any adult residing in the caregiver's household conducted pursuant to section 9 of P.L.2001, c.250 (C.30:4C-86);

(12) the results from a child abuse record check arranged for and coordinated by the division pursuant to section 9 of P.L.2001, c.250 (C.30:4C-86); and

(13) the results of the caregiver's home review.

C.3B:12A-6 Considerations for appointment as kinship legal guardian.

6. a. In making its determination about whether to appoint the caregiver as kinship legal guardian, the court shall consider:

(1) if proper notice was provided to the child's parents;

(2) the best interests of the child;

(3) the kinship caregiver assessment;

(4) in cases in which the division is involved with the child as provided in subsection a. of section 8 of P.L.2001, c.250 (C.30:4C-85), the recommendation of the division, including any parenting time or visitation restrictions;

(5) the potential kinship legal guardian's ability to provide a safe and permanent home for the child;

(6) the wishes of the child's parents, if known to the court;

(7) the wishes of the child if the child is 12 years of age or older, unless unique circumstances exist that make the child's age irrelevant;

(8) the suitability of the kinship caregiver and the caregiver's family to raise the child;

(9) the ability of the kinship caregiver to assume full legal responsibility for the child;

(10) the commitment of the kinship caregiver and the caregiver's family to raise the child to adulthood;

(11) the results from the child abuse record check conducted pursuant to section 9 of P.L.2001, c.250 (C.30:4C-86); and

(12) the results from the criminal history record background check and domestic violence check conducted pursuant to section 9 of P.L.2001, c.250 (C.30:4C-86). In any case in which the caregiver petitioning for kinship legal guardianship, or any adult residing in the prospective caregiver's home, has a record of criminal history or a record of being subjected to a final domestic violence restraining order under P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.), the court shall review the record with respect to the type and date of the criminal offense or the provisions and date of the final domestic violence restraining order and make a determination as to the suitability of the person to become a kinship legal guardian. For the purposes of this paragraph, with respect to criminal history, the court shall consider convictions for offenses specified in subsections c., d. and e. of section 1 of P.L.1985, c.396 (C.30:4C-26.8).

b. The court shall not award kinship legal guardianship of the child unless proper notice was served upon the parents of the child and any other party to whom the court has awarded custody or parenting time for that child, in accordance with the Rules of Court.

c. The court shall not award kinship legal guardianship of the child solely because of parental incapacity.

d. The court shall appoint the caregiver as a kinship legal guardian if, based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds that:

(1) each parent's incapacity is of such a serious nature as to demonstrate that the parents are

unable, unavailable or unwilling to perform the regular and expected functions of care and support of the child;

(2) the parents' inability to perform those functions is unlikely to change in the foreseeable future;

(3) in cases in which the division is involved with the child as provided in subsection a. of section 8 of P.L.2001, c.250 (C.30:4C-85), (a) the division exercised reasonable efforts to reunify the child with the birth parents and these reunification efforts have proven unsuccessful or unnecessary; and (b) adoption of the child is neither feasible nor likely; and

(4) awarding kinship legal guardianship is in the child's best interests.

e. The court order appointing the kinship legal guardian shall specify, as appropriate, that:

(1) a kinship legal guardian shall have the same rights, responsibilities and authority relating to the child as a birth parent, including, but not limited to: making decisions concerning the child's care and well-being; consenting to routine and emergency medical and mental health needs; arranging and consenting to educational plans for the child; applying for financial assistance and social services for which the child is eligible; applying for a motor vehicle operator's license; applying for admission to college; responsibility for activities necessary to ensure the child's safety, permanency and well-being; and ensuring the maintenance and protection of the child; except that a kinship legal guardian may not consent to the adoption of the child or a name change for the child;

(2) the birth parent of the child retains the authority to consent to the adoption of the child or a name change for the child;

(3) the birth parent of the child retains the obligation to pay child support;

(4) the birth parent of the child retains the right to visitation or parenting time with the child, as determined by the court;

(5) the appointment of a kinship legal guardian does not limit or terminate any rights or benefits derived from the child's parents, including, but not limited to, those relating to inheritance or eligibility for benefits or insurance; and

(6) kinship legal guardianship terminates when the child reaches 18 years of age or when the child is no longer continuously enrolled in a secondary education program, whichever event occurs later, or when kinship legal guardianship is otherwise terminated.

f. An order or judgment awarding kinship legal guardianship may be vacated by the court prior to the child's 18th birthday if the court finds that the kinship legal guardianship is no longer in the best interests of the child or, based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds that the parental incapacity or inability to care for the child that led to the original award of kinship legal guardianship is no longer the case and termination of kinship legal guardianship is in the child's best interests.

In cases in which the division was involved, when determining whether a child should be returned to a parent, the court may refer a parent for an assessment prepared by the division, in accordance with regulations adopted by the commissioner.

g. An order or judgment awarding kinship legal guardianship may be vacated by the court if, based upon clear and convincing evidence, the court finds that the guardian failed or is unable, unavailable or unwilling to provide proper care and custody of the child, or that the guardianship is no longer in the child's best interests.

C.30:4C-84 Definitions relative to kinship legal guardianship and State agency action.

7. As used in sections 7 through 10 of P.L.2001, c.250 (C.30:4C-84 et seq.):

"Caregiver" means a person over 18 years of age, other than a child's parent, who has a kinship relationship with the child and has been providing care and support for the child, while the child has been residing in the caregiver's home, for at least the last 12 consecutive months.

"Child" means a person under 18 years of age, except as otherwise provided in P.L.2001, c.250 (C.3B:12A-1 et al.).

"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Human Services.

"Court" means the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family Part.

"Division" means the Division of Youth and Family Services in the Department of Human Services.

"Kinship caregiver assessment" means a written report prepared in accordance with the provisions of P.L.2001, c.250 (C.3B:12A-1 et al.) and pursuant to regulations adopted by the commissioner.

"Kinship legal guardian" means a caregiver who is willing to assume care of a child due to parental incapacity, with the intent to raise the child to adulthood, and who is appointed the kinship legal guardian of the child by the court pursuant to P.L.2001, c.250 (C.3B:12A-1 et al.). A kinship legal guardian shall be responsible for the care and protection of the child and for providing for the child's health, education and maintenance.

"Kinship relationship" means a family friend or a person with a biological or legal relationship with the child.

C.30:4C-85 Conduct of kinship caregiver assessment in certain cases.

8. a. In the case of a child who has been removed from his home by the division within the last 12 months, or for whom the division has an open or currently active case and where legal representation is currently being provided by the Office of the Public Defender either through its Law Guardian Program or Parental Representation Unit:

(1) The kinship caregiver assessment required pursuant to section 5 of P.L.2001, c.250 (C.3B:12A-5) shall be conducted by the division, at no cost to the caregiver.

(2) An indigent parent and child shall be afforded the same right to legal counsel and representation as in actions under P.L.1974, c.119 (C.9:6-8.21 et seq.) and section 54 of P.L.1999, c.53 (C.30:4C-15.4).

(3) In cases where the child has been placed in the caregiver's home by the division and the child has resided in the caregiver's home for at least the last 12 consecutive months, the caregiver shall obtain the consent of the division in order to petition the court for the appointment of the caregiver as kinship legal guardian of the child. The appointment of a kinship legal guardian for a child shall be considered by the court as the permanent placement for the child.

b. In all cases other than those specified in subsection a. of this section:

(1) The kinship caregiver assessment required pursuant to section 5 of P.L.2001, c.250 (C.3B:12A-5) shall be conducted by an agency in accordance with regulations adopted by the commissioner.

(2) The costs for the kinship caregiver assessment shall be borne by the department in cases where a financially eligible individual is applying for cash assistance under a kinship care program or pilot program provided by the department, for which kinship legal guardianship is a requirement for receiving such assistance. For all other cases under this subsection, the caregiver shall be responsible for all of the costs of the kinship caregiver assessment.

C.30:4C-86 Checks required prior to submission of petition.

9. a. Prior to the submission of a petition for appointment as a kinship legal guardian, the caregiver and any adult residing in the caregiver's household shall undergo:

(1) a criminal history record background check, which shall be conducted by the Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety and shall include an examination of its own files and the obtaining of a similar examination by the Federal Bureau of Investigation; and

(2) a domestic violence central registry check, which shall be conducted by the Division of State Police. The Division of State Police shall provide a report on all incidents of domestic violence perpetrated by the caregiver and any adult in the caregiver's household.

The Division of State Police shall provide the results of the criminal history background and central registry checks to the commissioner or his designee.

b. Prior to the submission of a petition for appointment as a kinship legal guardian, the division shall arrange for and coordinate a division child abuse registry record check. The division shall report the results of the registry check directly to the court.

C.30:4C-87 Kinship legal guardianship as alternative disposition.

10. With respect to a complaint initiated by the division pursuant to P.L.1974, c.119 (C.9:6-8.21 et seq.) and section 15 of P.L.1951, c.138 (C.30:4C-15):

a. Only the division or the court shall have legal standing to seek a kinship legal

guardianship arrangement as an alternative disposition. The parents of the child who is the subject of the complaint may request, with appropriate notice to the division, that the court consider a kinship legal guardianship arrangement as an alternative disposition. If the division agrees to a kinship legal guardianship arrangement as an alternative disposition, the division shall not be required to file a new petition, but may amend the pending complaint in accordance with the Rules of Court.

b. If the court appoints a kinship legal guardian as an alternative disposition, the court shall consider such an appointment as the final disposition of the complaint.

C.30:4C-88 Rules, regulations.

11. The Commissioner of Human Services, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), shall adopt rules and regulations to effectuate the purposes of this act.

C.3B:12A-7 Court rules.

12. The Supreme Court of New Jersey may adopt court rules to effectuate the purposes of this act.

13. N.J.S.2B:2-1 is amended to read as follows:

Number of judges.

2B:2-1. Number of Judges.

a. The Superior Court shall consist of 441 judges.

b. (1) The Superior Court shall at all times consist of the following number of judges, who at the time of their appointment and reappointment were resident of each county:

. 1 11
Atlantic
Bergen
Burlington10
Camden
Cape May
Cumberland
Essex
Gloucester
Hudson
Hunterdon3
Mercer
Middlesex
Monmouth
Morris
Ocean
Passaic
Salem
Somerset
Sussex
Union
Warren

(2) Additionally, the following number of those judges of the Superior Court satisfying the residency requirements set forth above shall at all times sit in the county in which they reside:

Atlantic
Bergen
Burlington
Camden
Cape May
Cumberland
Essex

# Gloucester. 6 Hudson 6 Hunterdon 2 Mercer 6 Middlesex. 8 Monmouth 4 Morris 6 Ocean 8 Passaic 6 Salem 4 Somerset 4 Musex 2 Morrin 6 Sussex 2 Union 6 Warren 2

14. a. There is appropriated to the Administrative Office of the Courts from the General Fund \$464,000 for costs associated with the additional judgeships created by this act.

b. There is appropriated to the Administrative Office of the Courts from the General Fund \$1,401,000 for staff associated with the operation of the additional judgeships created by this act.

c. There is appropriated to the Office of the Public Defender from the General Fund \$872,716 for costs associated with implementation of the kinship legal guardianship program.

15. This act shall take effect January 1, 2002, except that sections 13 and 14 shall take effect December 1, 2001

Approved October 11, 2001.

### P.L. 2001, CHAPTER 250 7