39:4-50

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

Compiled by the NJ State Law Library

			Com	plied by the NJ S	late Law Library		
LAWS OF:	2000	CHAP	TER:	117			
NJSA:	39:4-50	39:4-50 (Prohibits driving under influence of inhalants)					
BILL NO:	S67	(Subst	(Substituted for A2234)				
SPONSOR(S	6): Bucco and	d Kosco					
DATE INTRO	DUCED: P	re-filed					
COMMITTEE	:: A	SSEMBLY:	Law ar	nd Public Safety			
	s	ENATE:	Law ar	nd Public Safety			
AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes							
DATE OF PA	SSAGE:	ASSEI	MBLY:	June 5, 2000			
		SENA	TE:	February 28, 20	000		
DATE OF AF	Septer	September 13. 2000					
FOLLOWING	GARE ATTA	CHED IF AVA	ILABLE	:			
FINA		BILL (1st repri		enoted by supers	orint numbere)		
S67	(Amenum	ents during pa	assage u	enoted by supers	script numbers)		
307	SPONSO	RS STATEMI	ENT: (Be	egins on page 7 o	f original bill)	Yes	
	COMMIT	TEE STATEM	ENT:		ASSEMBLY:	Yes	
					SENATE:	Yes	
	FLOOR A	MENDMENT	STATE	MENTS:		No	
	LEGISLA	TIVE FISCAL	. ESTIMA	ATE:		Yes	
A223		DE STATEMI	ENT: (Bo	gins on page 7 o	f original hill)	Yes	
				gins on page 7 o	- /		
	COMMIT	TEE STATEM	ENI:		ASSEMBLY: Identical to As	Yes sembly Statement to S67	
					SENATE:	No	
	FLOOR A	MENDMENT	STATE	MENTS:		No	
	LEGISLA	TIVE FISCAL	. ESTIM/	ATE:		No	
VET	O MESSAGE	:				No	
GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE				SIGNING:		Yes	

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

To check for circulating copies, contact New Jersey State Government

Publications at the State Library (609) 278-2640 ext.103 or mailto:refdesk@njstatelib.org

REPORTS:	No
HEARINGS:	No
NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:	No

SENATE, No. 67

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2000 SESSION

Sponsored by: Senator ANTHONY R. BUCCO District 25 (Morris) Senator LOUIS F. KOSCO District 38 (Bergen)

Co-Sponsored by: Senator Sinagra

SYNOPSIS

Prohibits driving while under the influence of inhalants or other substances containing toxic fumes or vapors.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



AN ACT concerning driving while under influence of inhalants or other
 substances and amending R.S.39:4-50.

3 4

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

5 6 7

1. R.S.39:4-50 is amended to read as follows:

8 39:4-50. (a) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, 9 a person who operates a motor vehicle while under the influence of 10 intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug, 11 or operates a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of 12 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood <u>or a</u> 13 person who operates a motor vehicle while under the influence of an 14 inhalant or other substance containing a chemical capable of releasing any toxic vapors or fumes, or permits another person who is under the 15 influence of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or 16 17 habit-producing drug to operate a motor vehicle owned by him or in 18 his custody or control or permits another to operate a motor vehicle 19 with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood, or permits another person who is 20 21 under the influence of an inhalant or other substance containing a 22 chemical capable of releasing any toxic vapors or fumes to operate a 23 motor vehicle owned by him or in his custody or control, shall be 24 subject:

25 (1) For the first offense, to a fine of not less than \$250.00 nor 26 more than \$400.00 and a period of detainment of not less than 12 27 hours nor more than 48 hours spent during two consecutive days of 28 not less than six hours each day and served as prescribed by the 29 program requirements of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers 30 established under subsection (f) of this section and, in the discretion 31 of the court, a term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days and 32 shall forthwith forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the 33 highways of this State for a period of not less than six months nor 34 more than one year.

35 (2) For a second violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of not 36 less than \$500.00 nor more than \$1,000.00, and shall be ordered by 37 the court to perform community service for a period of 30 days, which shall be of such form and on such terms as the court shall deem 38 39 appropriate under the circumstances, and shall be sentenced to 40 imprisonment for a term of not less than 48 consecutive hours, which 41 shall not be suspended or served on probation, nor more than 90 days, 42 and shall forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways 43 of this State for a period of two years upon conviction, and, after the

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

1 expiration of said period, he may make application to the Director of 2 the Division of Motor Vehicles for a license to operate a motor 3 vehicle, which application may be granted at the discretion of the 4 director, consistent with subsection (b) of this section. (3) For a third or subsequent violation, a person shall be subject to 5 6 a fine of \$1,000.00, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term 7 of not less than 180 days, except that the court may lower such term 8 for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing community 9 service in such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances and shall thereafter forfeit his 10

right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for 10years.

13 As used in this section, the phrase "inhalant or other substance 14 containing a chemical capable of releasing any toxic vapors or fumes 15 for the purpose of inducing a condition of intoxication" means and includes, but is not limited to, any glue, cement or any other substance 16 17 containing one or more of the following chemical compounds: acetone 18 and acetate, amyl nitrite or amyl nitrate or their isomers, benzene, 19 butyl alcohol, butyl nitrite, butyl nitrate or their isomers, ethyl acetate, 20 ethyl alcohol, ethyl nitrite or ethyl nitrate, ethylene dichloride, isobutyl 21 alcohol or isopropryl alcohol, methyl alcohol, methyl ethyl ketone, 22 nitrous oxide, n-propyl alcohol, pentachlorophenol, petroleum ether, 23 propyl nitrate or propyl nitrate or their isomers, toluene, toluol or 24 xylene or any other chemical substance capable of causing a condition 25 of intoxication, inebriation, excitement, stupefaction or the dulling of 26 the brain or nervous system as a result of the inhalation of the fumes 27 or vapors of such chemical substance. 28 Whenever an operator of a motor vehicle has been involved in an

accident resulting in death, bodily injury or property damage, a police officer shall consider that fact along with all other facts and circumstances in determining whether there are reasonable grounds to believe that person was operating a motor vehicle in violation of this section.

34 A conviction of a violation of a law of a substantially similar nature in another jurisdiction, regardless of whether that jurisdiction is a 35 36 signatory to the Interstate Driver License Compact pursuant to 37 P.L.1966, c.73 (C.39:5D-1 et seq.), shall constitute a prior conviction 38 under this subsection unless the defendant can demonstrate by clear 39 and convincing evidence that the conviction in the other jurisdiction 40 was based exclusively upon a violation of a proscribed blood alcohol 41 concentration of less than.10%.

42 If the driving privilege of any person is under revocation or 43 suspension for a violation of any provision of this Title or Title 2C of 44 the New Jersey Statutes at the time of any conviction for a violation 45 of this section, the revocation or suspension period imposed shall 46 commence as of the date of termination of the existing revocation or

1 suspension period. In the case of any person who at the time of the 2 imposition of sentence is less than 17 years of age, the forfeiture, 3 suspension or revocation of the driving privilege imposed by the court 4 under this section shall commence immediately, run through the offender's seventeenth birthday and continue from that date for the 5 6 period set by the court pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (3) of this 7 subsection. A court that imposes a term of imprisonment under this 8 section may sentence the person so convicted to the county jail, to the 9 workhouse of the county wherein the offense was committed, to an 10 inpatient rehabilitation program or to an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center or other facility approved by the chief of the Intoxicated 11 12 Driving Program Unit in the Department of Health and Senior 13 Services; provided that for a third or subsequent offense a person shall 14 not serve a term of imprisonment at an Intoxicated Driver Resource 15 Center as provided in subsection (f).

16 A person who has been convicted of a previous violation of this 17 section need not be charged as a second or subsequent offender in the 18 complaint made against him in order to render him liable to the 19 punishment imposed by this section on a second or subsequent 20 offender, but if the second offense occurs more than 10 years after the 21 first offense, the court shall treat the second conviction as a first 22 offense for sentencing purposes and if a third offense occurs more than 23 10 years after the second offense, the court shall treat the third conviction as a second offense for sentencing purposes. 24

25 (b) A person convicted under this section must satisfy the 26 screening, evaluation, referral, program and fee requirements of the 27 Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program 28 Unit, and of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers and a program 29 of alcohol and drug education and highway safety, as prescribed by the 30 Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The sentencing court shall 31 inform the person convicted that failure to satisfy such requirements 32 shall result in a mandatory two-day term of imprisonment in a county 33 jail and a driver license revocation or suspension and continuation of 34 revocation or suspension until such requirements are satisfied, unless stayed by court order in accordance with Rule 7:8-2 of the Rules 35 36 Governing the Courts of the State of New Jersey, or R.S.39:5-22. 37 Upon sentencing, the court shall forward to the Division of Alcoholism 38 and Drug Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program Unit a copy of a 39 person's conviction record. A fee of \$100.00 shall be payable to the 40 Alcohol Education, Rehabilitation and Enforcement Fund established 41 pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1983, c.531 (C.26:2B-32) to support the 42 Intoxicated Driving Program Unit.

(c) Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall 43 44 collect forthwith the New Jersey driver's license or licenses of the 45 person so convicted and forward such license or licenses to the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The court shall inform the 46

1 person convicted that if he is convicted of personally operating a 2 motor vehicle during the period of license suspension imposed 3 pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, he shall, upon conviction, be 4 subject to the penalties established in R.S.39:3-40. The person convicted shall be informed orally and in writing. A person shall be 5 6 required to acknowledge receipt of that written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing 7 8 the receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent 9 charge of a violation of R.S.39:3-40. In the event that a person 10 convicted under this section is the holder of any out-of-State driver's 11 license, the court shall not collect the license but shall notify forthwith 12 the director, who shall, in turn, notify appropriate officials in the 13 licensing jurisdiction. The court shall, however, revoke the 14 nonresident's driving privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State, 15 in accordance with this section. Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall notify the person convicted, orally and in 16 17 writing, of the penalties for a second, third or subsequent violation of 18 this section. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of that 19 written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure 20 to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be 21 a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of this section.

(d) The Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles shall
promulgate rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative
Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) in order to
establish a program of alcohol education and highway safety, as
prescribed by this act.

(e) Any person accused of a violation of this section who is liable
to punishment imposed by this section as a second or subsequent
offender shall be entitled to the same rights of discovery as allowed
defendants pursuant to the Rules Governing Criminal Practice, as set
forth in the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of New Jersey.

32 (f) The counties, in cooperation with the Division of Alcoholism 33 and Drug Abuse and the Division of Motor Vehicles, but subject to the 34 approval of the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse, shall designate and establish on a county or regional basis Intoxicated 35 Driver Resource Centers. These centers shall have the capability of 36 37 serving as community treatment referral centers and as court monitors 38 of a person's compliance with the ordered treatment, service 39 alternative or community service. All centers established pursuant to 40 this subsection shall be administered by a counselor certified by the 41 Alcohol and Drug Counselor Certification Board of New Jersey or 42 other professional with a minimum of five years' experience in the 43 treatment of alcoholism. All centers shall be required to develop 44 individualized treatment plans for all persons attending the centers; 45 provided that the duration of any ordered treatment or referral shall not exceed one year. It shall be the center's responsibility to establish 46

1 networks with the community alcohol and drug education, treatment 2 and rehabilitation resources and to receive monthly reports from the 3 referral agencies regarding a person's participation and compliance 4 with the program. Nothing in this subsection shall bar these centers from developing their own education and treatment programs; 5 6 provided that they are approved by the Division of Alcoholism and 7 Drug Abuse. 8 Upon a person's failure to report to the initial screening or any

9 subsequent ordered referral, the Intoxicated Driver Resource Center10 shall promptly notify the sentencing court of the person's failure to11 comply.

12 Required detention periods at the Intoxicated Driver Resource 13 Centers shall be determined according to the individual treatment 14 classification assigned by the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit. Upon 15 attendance at an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center, a person shall be required to pay a per diem fee of \$75.00 for the first offender program 16 17 or a per diem fee of \$100.00 for the second offender program, as 18 appropriate. Any increases in the per diem fees after the first full year 19 shall be determined pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the 20 Commissioner of Health and Senior Services in consultation with the 21 Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse pursuant to the 22 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 23 seq.).

The centers shall conduct a program of alcohol and drug education
and highway safety, as prescribed by the Director of the Division of
Motor Vehicles.

The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services shall adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), in order to effectuate the purposes of this subsection.

31 (g) When a violation of this section occurs while:

32 (1) on any school property used for school purposes which is
33 owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school
34 board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;

(2) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if
the municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school
crossing as such; or

38 (3) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 39 knowing that juveniles are present if the municipality has not 40 designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution, the 41 convicted person shall: for a first offense, be fined not less than \$500 42 or more than \$800, be imprisoned for not more than 60 days and have 43 his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not 44 less than one year or more than two years; for a second offense, be 45 fined not less than \$1,000 or more than \$2000, perform community service for a period of 60 days, be imprisoned for not less than 96 46

1 consecutive hours, which shall not be suspended or served on 2 probation, nor more than 180 days, except that the court may lower 3 such term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing 4 community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances and have his license to 5 6 operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not less than four 7 years; and, for a third offense, be fined \$2,000, imprisoned for 180 8 days and have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a 9 period of 20 years; the period of license suspension shall commence upon the completion of any prison sentence imposed upon that person. 10 11 A map or true copy of a map depicting the location and boundaries 12 of the area on or within 1,000 feet of any property used for school 13 purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary 14 school or school board produced pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1997, 15 c.101 (C.2C:35-7) may be used in a prosecution under paragraph (1) of this subsection. 16 17 It shall not be relevant to the imposition of sentence pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection that the defendant was unaware 18 19 that the prohibited conduct took place while on or within 1,000 feet 20 of any school property or while driving through a school crossing. 21 Nor shall it be relevant to the imposition of sentence that no juveniles 22 were present on the school property or crossing zone at the time of the 23 offense or that the school was not in session. (cf: P.L.1999, c.185, s.4) 24 25 26 2. This act shall take effect immediately. 27 28 29 **STATEMENT** 30 31 According to the National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA) 32 approximately 17 percent of adolescents in the United States have deliberately sniffed inhalants, such as spray paint, glue or other easily 33 34 obtainable household products. The NIDA reports that such "huffing" can cause severe brain and nervous system damage and can ultimately 35 cause death. This bill was prompted by the rise in the use of inhalants 36 37 by teenagers and the obvious dangers posed by persons who drive 38 motor vehicles while under the influence of inhalants. 39 New Jersey has taken steps to prohibit the use and sale of these 40 inhalants (N.J.S.A.2C:35-10.4). This bill would augment this existing 41 prohibition against the use of inhalants by amending N.J.S.A.39:4-50, 42 which prohibits driving while under the influence of drugs or alcohol,

43 to include driving while under the influence of inhalants or other
44 substances containing any chemical materials capable of releasing toxic
45 vapors or fumes.

46 The bill would make it unlawful for any person to operate a motor

1 vehicle while under the influence of an inhalant or other substance 2 containing a chemical capable of releasing any toxic or fumes or for 3 any person to permit another who is under the influence of these 4 inhalants from operating the motor vehicle. The bill defines the phrase "inhalant or other substance containing a chemical capable of 5 6 releasing any toxic vapors or fumes for the purpose of inducing a 7 condition of intoxication" meaning and including, but not being 8 limited to, any glue, cement or any other substance containing one or 9 more of the following chemical compounds: acetone and acetate, amyl 10 nitrite or amyl nitrate or their isomers, benzene, butyl alcohol, butyl nitrite, butyl nitrate or their isomers, ethyl acetate, ethyl alcohol, ethyl 11 nitrite or ethyl nitrate, ethylene dichloride, isobutyl alcohol or 12 13 isopropryl alcohol, methyl alcohol, methyl ethyl ketone, nitrous oxide, 14 n-propyl alcohol, pentachlorophenol, petroleum ether, propyl nitrate 15 or propyl nitrate or their isomers, toluene, toluol or xylene or any other chemical substance capable of causing a condition of 16 17 intoxication, inebriation, excitement, stupefaction or the dulling of the 18 brain or nervous system as a result of the inhalation of the fumes or 19 vapors of such chemical substance. Under the provisions of the bill, 20 the current penalties now applicable for driving under the influence of 21 drugs and alcohol would apply with regard to inhalants.

22 In addition since a violation of N.J.S.A.39:4-50 is an element in 23 both the statute concerning death by auto or vessel statute 24 (N.J.S.A.2C:11-5) and in the recently amended statute concerning 25 assault by auto or vessel (P.L.1999, c.185), by amending 26 N.J.S.39:4-50 to prohibit the use of inhalants while driving, a person 27 who causes death, serious bodily or bodily injury while driving under 28 the influence of an inhalant could also be charged with death by auto 29 or vessel or assault by auto or vessel.

SENATE LAW AND PUBLIC SAFETY COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 67

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 10, 2000

The Senate Law and Public Safety Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No.67.

New Jersey has taken steps to prohibit the use and sale of inhalants (Section 1 of P.L.1999, c.90; C.2C:35-10.4). The bill would make it unlawful for any person to operate a motor vehicle while under the influence of an inhalant or other substance containing a chemical capable of releasing any toxic vapors or fumes or for any person to permit another who is under the influence of these inhalants from operating the motor vehicle.

As amended and released by the committee, the bill clarifies that the offense of driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a narcotic or habit-producing drug (R.S.39:4-50) includes driving while under the influence of an inhalant or other substance containing any chemical materials capable of releasing toxic vapors or fumes. As introduced, the bill amended current law to create an additional intoxicated driving offense for inhalants.

Under the bill's provisions, "narcotic, hallucinogenic or habitproducing drug" is defined to include an inhalant or other substance containing a chemical capable of releasing any toxic vapors or fumes for the purpose of inducing a condition of intoxication such as any glue, cement or any other substance containing one or more of the following chemical compounds: acetone and acetate, amyl nitrite or amyl nitrate or their isomers, benzene, butyl alcohol, butyl nitrite, butyl nitrate or their isomers, ethyl acetate, ethyl alcohol, ethyl nitrite or ethyl nitrate, ethylene dichloride, isobutyl alcohol or isopropryl alcohol, methyl alcohol, methyl ethyl ketone, nitrous oxide, n-propyl alcohol, pentachlorophenol, petroleum ether, propyl nitrate or propyl nitrate or their isomers, toluene, toluol or xylene or any other chemical substance capable of causing a condition of intoxication, inebriation, excitement, stupefaction or the dulling of the brain or nervous system as a result of the inhalation of the fumes or vapors of such chemical substance.

It is the committee's understanding that the current penalties now applicable for driving under the influence of drugs and alcohol would apply with regard to inhalants. In addition, driving under the influence of an inhalant would qualify as a requisite element for offenses such as death by auto or vessel (N.J.S.2C:11-5) and assault by auto or vessel statute (N.J.S.2C:12-1).

According to the sponsor, the National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA) has found that approximately 17 percent of adolescents in the United States have deliberately sniffed inhalants, such as spray paint, glue or other easily obtainable household products. The NIDA reports that such "huffing" can cause severe brain and nervous system damage and can ultimately cause death. This bill was prompted by the rise in the use of inhalants by teenagers and the obvious dangers posed by persons who drive motor vehicles while under the influence of inhalants.

This bill was prefiled for introduction in the 2000 legislative session pending technical review. As reported, the bill includes the changes required by technical review which has been performed.

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] SENATE, No. 67

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 22, 2000

The Assembly Law and Public Safety Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 67 (1R).

Senate Bill No. 67 (1R) revises the definition of a "narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug" in the State's drunk driving law, R.S.39:4-50, which prohibits the operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of one of these substances.

Under the bill, "narcotics, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drugs" include inhalants or other substances containing a chemical capable of releasing any toxic vapors or fumes for the purpose of inducing a condition of intoxication, such as any glue, cement or any other substance containing one or more of the following chemical compounds: acetone and acetate, amyl nitrite or amyl nitrate or their isomers, benzene, butyl alcohol, butyl nitrite, butyl nitrate or their isomers, ethyl acetate, ethyl alcohol, ethyl nitrite or ethyl nitrate, ethylene dichloride, isobutyl alcohol or isopropyl alcohol, methyl alcohol, methyl ethyl ketone, nitrous oxide, n-propyl alcohol, pentachlorophenol, petroleum ether, propyl nitrate or propyl nitrate or their isomers, toluene, toluol or xylene or any other chemical substance capable of causing a condition of intoxication, inebriation, excitement, stupefaction or the dulling of the brain or nervous system as a result of the inhalation of the fumes or vapors of such chemical substance.

Senate Bill 67 (1R) is identical to Assembly Bill No. 2234, also reported by the committee on this same date.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE SENATE, No. 67 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

DATED: MARCH 21, 2000

SUMMARY

Synopsis:	Prohibits driving while under the influence of inhalants or other substances containing toxic fumes or vapors.
Type of Impact:	Unknown cost to municipal courts as well as unknown fine revenue
Agencies Affected:	Local Municipal Courts, Judiciary

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 2</u>	<u>Year 3</u>
Local Cost	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown
Local Revenue	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown

- ! This bill would make it unlawful for any person to operate a motor vehicle while under the influence of an inhalant or other substance containing a chemical capable of releasing any toxic vapors or fumes or for any person to permit another who is under the influence of these inhalants from operating the motor vehicle.
- ! The Office of Legislative Services notes that there will be an unknown cost to the courts for conducting hearings against offenders as well as unknown amount of fine revenue collected from convicted offenders.

BILL DESCRIPTION

Senate Bill No. 67 of 2000 would make it unlawful for any person to operate a motor vehicle while under the influence of an inhalant or other substance containing a chemical capable of releasing any toxic vapors or fumes or for any person to permit another who is under the influence of these inhalants from operating the motor vehicle. The penalties that are currently applicable for driving under the influence of drugs and alcohol would apply with regards to inhalants.



FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

The Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) states that because this is a new offense, there are no data available to determine the number of individuals who would be tried under this provision. As a result, although it is likely that there would be the need for additional municipal court hearings, the number of such hearings could not be determined. In addition, the amount of revenue to be generated from this bill could not be determined.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The Office of Legislative Services concurs.

Section:	Judiciary
Analyst:	Anne C. Raughley Lead Fiscal Analyst
Approved:	Alan R. Kooney Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67.

[First Reprint] SENATE, No. 67

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2000 SESSION

Sponsored by: Senator ANTHONY R. BUCCO District 25 (Morris) Senator LOUIS F. KOSCO District 38 (Bergen)

Co-Sponsored by: Senator Sinagra, Assemblymen Merkt, DeCroce, Azzolina and Assemblywoman Heck

SYNOPSIS

Prohibits driving while under the influence of inhalants or other substances containing toxic fumes or vapors.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Senate Law and Public Safety Committee on February 10, 2000, with amendments.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/6/2000)

AN ACT concerning driving while under influence of inhalants or other
 substances and amending R.S.39:4-50.

3 4

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

5 6 7

1. R.S.39:4-50 is amended to read as follows:

8 39:4-50. (a) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, 9 a person who operates a motor vehicle while under the influence of 10 intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug, 11 or operates a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood ¹[or a] 12 13 person who operates a motor vehicle while under the influence of an 14 inhalant or other substance containing a chemical capable of releasing any toxic vapors or fumes,]¹ or permits another person who is under 15 the influence of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or 16 17 habit-producing drug to operate a motor vehicle owned by him or in his custody or control or permits another to operate a motor vehicle 18 with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.10% or more by weight of 19 alcohol in the defendant's blood ¹[, or permits another person who is 20 under the influence of an inhalant or other substance containing a 21 chemical capable of releasing any toxic vapors or fumes to operate a 22 motor vehicle owned by him or in his custody or control.]¹ shall be 23 24 subject:

25 (1) For the first offense, to a fine of not less than \$250.00 nor more than \$400.00 and a period of detainment of not less than 12 26 hours nor more than 48 hours spent during two consecutive days of 27 not less than six hours each day and served as prescribed by the 28 29 program requirements of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers 30 established under subsection (f) of this section and, in the discretion 31 of the court, a term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days and 32 shall forthwith forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the 33 highways of this State for a period of not less than six months nor 34 more than one year.

(2) For a second violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of not
less than \$500.00 nor more than \$1,000.00, and shall be ordered by
the court to perform community service for a period of 30 days, which
shall be of such form and on such terms as the court shall deem
appropriate under the circumstances, and shall be sentenced to
imprisonment for a term of not less than 48 consecutive hours, which
shall not be suspended or served on probation, nor more than 90 days,

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Senate SLP committee amendments adopted February 10, 2000.

1 and shall forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways 2 of this State for a period of two years upon conviction, and, after the 3 expiration of said period, he may make application to the Director of 4 the Division of Motor Vehicles for a license to operate a motor vehicle, which application may be granted at the discretion of the 5 6 director, consistent with subsection (b) of this section. (3) For a third or subsequent violation, a person shall be subject to 7 8 a fine of \$1,000.00, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term 9 of not less than 180 days, except that the court may lower such term 10 for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing community 11 service in such form and on such terms as the court shall deem

appropriate under the circumstances and shall thereafter forfeit hisright to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for 10years.

<u>As used in this section, the phrase ¹["inhalant] "narcotic,</u> 15 hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug" includes an inhalant¹ or other 16 substance containing a chemical capable of releasing any toxic vapors 17 18 or fumes for the purpose of inducing a condition of ¹[intoxication" means and includes, but is not limited to,]intoxication, such as¹ any 19 glue, cement or any other substance containing one or more of the 20 21 following chemical compounds: acetone and acetate, amyl nitrite or 22 amyl nitrate or their isomers, benzene, butyl alcohol, butyl nitrite, 23 butyl nitrate or their isomers, ethyl acetate, ethyl alcohol, ethyl nitrite 24 or ethyl nitrate, ethylene dichloride, isobutyl alcohol or isopropryl 25 alcohol, methyl alcohol, methyl ethyl ketone, nitrous oxide, n-propyl 26 alcohol, pentachlorophenol, petroleum ether, propyl nitrate or propyl 27 nitrate or their isomers, toluene, toluol or xylene or any other chemical 28 substance capable of causing a condition of intoxication, inebriation, 29 excitement, stupefaction or the dulling of the brain or nervous system 30 as a result of the inhalation of the fumes or vapors of such chemical 31 substance.

Whenever an operator of a motor vehicle has been involved in an accident resulting in death, bodily injury or property damage, a police officer shall consider that fact along with all other facts and circumstances in determining whether there are reasonable grounds to believe that person was operating a motor vehicle in violation of this section.

38 A conviction of a violation of a law of a substantially similar nature 39 in another jurisdiction, regardless of whether that jurisdiction is a 40 signatory to the Interstate Driver License Compact pursuant to 41 P.L.1966, c.73 (C.39:5D-1 et seq.), shall constitute a prior conviction under this subsection unless the defendant can demonstrate by clear 42 43 and convincing evidence that the conviction in the other jurisdiction 44 was based exclusively upon a violation of a proscribed blood alcohol concentration of less than $1[.10\%] 0.10\%^{1}$. 45

46 If the driving privilege of any person is under revocation or

1 suspension for a violation of any provision of this Title or Title 2C of 2 the New Jersey Statutes at the time of any conviction for a violation 3 of this section, the revocation or suspension period imposed shall 4 commence as of the date of termination of the existing revocation or 5 suspension period. In the case of any person who at the time of the 6 imposition of sentence is less than 17 years of age, the forfeiture, suspension or revocation of the driving privilege imposed by the court 7 8 under this section shall commence immediately, run through the 9 offender's seventeenth birthday and continue from that date for the 10 period set by the court pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (3) of this 11 subsection. A court that imposes a term of imprisonment under this 12 section may sentence the person so convicted to the county jail, to the 13 workhouse of the county wherein the offense was committed, to an 14 inpatient rehabilitation program or to an Intoxicated Driver Resource 15 Center or other facility approved by the chief of the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit in the Department of Health and Senior 16 17 Services; provided that for a third or subsequent offense a person shall 18 not serve a term of imprisonment at an Intoxicated Driver Resource 19 Center as provided in subsection (f).

20 A person who has been convicted of a previous violation of this 21 section need not be charged as a second or subsequent offender in the 22 complaint made against him in order to render him liable to the 23 punishment imposed by this section on a second or subsequent 24 offender, but if the second offense occurs more than 10 years after the 25 first offense, the court shall treat the second conviction as a first 26 offense for sentencing purposes and if a third offense occurs more than 27 10 years after the second offense, the court shall treat the third 28 conviction as a second offense for sentencing purposes.

29 (b) A person convicted under this section must satisfy the 30 screening, evaluation, referral, program and fee requirements of the 31 Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program 32 Unit, and of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers and a program 33 of alcohol and drug education and highway safety, as prescribed by the 34 Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The sentencing court shall inform the person convicted that failure to satisfy such requirements 35 36 shall result in a mandatory two-day term of imprisonment in a county 37 jail and a driver license revocation or suspension and continuation of 38 revocation or suspension until such requirements are satisfied, unless 39 stayed by court order in accordance with the Rules Governing the 40 Courts of the State of New Jersey, or R.S.39:5-22. Upon sentencing, 41 the court shall forward to the Division of Alcoholism and Drug 42 Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program Unit a copy of a person's 43 conviction record. A fee of \$100.00 shall be payable to the Alcohol 44 Education, Rehabilitation and Enforcement Fund established pursuant 45 to section 3 of P.L.1983, c.531 (C.26:2B-32) to support the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit. 46

1 (c) Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall 2 collect forthwith the New Jersey driver's license or licenses of the 3 person so convicted and forward such license or licenses to the 4 Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The court shall inform the person convicted that if he is convicted of personally operating a 5 6 motor vehicle during the period of license suspension imposed pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, he shall, upon conviction, be 7 8 subject to the penalties established in R.S.39:3-40. The person 9 convicted shall be informed orally and in writing. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of that written notice in writing. 10 11 Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing 12 the receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent 13 charge of a violation of R.S.39:3-40. In the event that a person 14 convicted under this section is the holder of any out-of-State driver's 15 license, the court shall not collect the license but shall notify forthwith the director, who shall, in turn, notify appropriate officials in the 16 17 licensing jurisdiction. The court shall, however, revoke the 18 nonresident's driving privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State, 19 in accordance with this section. Upon conviction of a violation of this 20 section, the court shall notify the person convicted, orally and in 21 writing, of the penalties for a second, third or subsequent violation of 22 this section. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of that 23 written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure 24 to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be 25 a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of this section.

(d) The Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles shall promulgate
rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act,"
P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) in order to establish a program
of alcohol education and highway safety, as prescribed by this act.

(e) Any person accused of a violation of this section who is liable
to punishment imposed by this section as a second or subsequent
offender shall be entitled to the same rights of discovery as allowed
defendants pursuant to the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of
New Jersey.

35 (f) The counties, in cooperation with the Division of Alcoholism 36 and Drug Abuse and the Division of Motor Vehicles, but subject to the 37 approval of the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse, shall 38 designate and establish on a county or regional basis Intoxicated 39 Driver Resource Centers. These centers shall have the capability of 40 serving as community treatment referral centers and as court monitors 41 of a person's compliance with the ordered treatment, service 42 alternative or community service. All centers established pursuant to 43 this subsection shall be administered by a counselor certified by the 44 Alcohol and Drug Counselor Certification Board of New Jersey or 45 other professional with a minimum of five years' experience in the treatment of alcoholism. All centers shall be required to develop 46

1 individualized treatment plans for all persons attending the centers; 2 provided that the duration of any ordered treatment or referral shall 3 not exceed one year. It shall be the center's responsibility to establish 4 networks with the community alcohol and drug education, treatment and rehabilitation resources and to receive monthly reports from the 5 6 referral agencies regarding a person's participation and compliance 7 with the program. Nothing in this subsection shall bar these centers 8 from developing their own education and treatment programs; 9 provided that they are approved by the Division of Alcoholism and 10 Drug Abuse. 11 Upon a person's failure to report to the initial screening or any

subsequent ordered referral, the Intoxicated Driver Resource Center
shall promptly notify the sentencing court of the person's failure to
comply.

15 Required detention periods at the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers shall be determined according to the individual treatment 16 17 classification assigned by the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit. Upon 18 attendance at an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center, a person shall be 19 required to pay a per diem fee of \$75.00 for the first offender program 20 or a per diem fee of \$100.00 for the second offender program, as 21 appropriate. Any increases in the per diem fees after the first full year 22 shall be determined pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the 23 Commissioner of Health and Senior Services in consultation with the Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse pursuant to the 24 25 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 26 seq.).

The centers shall conduct a program of alcohol and drug education
and highway safety, as prescribed by the Director of the Division of
Motor Vehicles.

The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services shall adopt rules
and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act,"
P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), in order to effectuate the
purposes of this subsection.

(g) When a violation of this section occurs while:

34

(1) on any school property used for school purposes which is
owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school
board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;

(2) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if the
municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school
crossing as such; or

(3) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1
knowing that juveniles are present if the municipality has not
designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution, the
convicted person shall: for a first offense, be fined not less than \$500
or more than \$800, be imprisoned for not more than 60 days and have
his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not

1 less than one year or more than two years; for a second offense, be 2 fined not less than \$1,000 or more than \$2,000, perform community 3 service for a period of 60 days, be imprisoned for not less than 96 4 consecutive hours, which shall not be suspended or served on probation, nor more than 180 days, except that the court may lower 5 6 such term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall 7 8 deem appropriate under the circumstances and have his license to 9 operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not less than four years; and, for a third offense, be fined \$2,000, imprisoned for 180 10 11 days and have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a 12 period of 20 years; the period of license suspension shall commence 13 upon the completion of any prison sentence imposed upon that person. 14 A map or true copy of a map depicting the location and boundaries 15 of the area on or within 1,000 feet of any property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary 16 17 school or school board produced pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1987, 18 c.101 (C.2C:35-7) may be used in a prosecution under paragraph (1) 19 of this subsection. 20 It shall not be relevant to the imposition of sentence pursuant to

21 paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection that the defendant was unaware 22 that the prohibited conduct took place while on or within 1,000 feet 23 of any school property or while driving through a school crossing. Nor shall it be relevant to the imposition of sentence that no juveniles 24 25 were present on the school property or crossing zone at the time of the 26 offense or that the school was not in session.

27 (h) In addition to any penalty or condition imposed by law or 28 regulation, a person who is subject to the provisions of this section 29 shall also be subject to the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 30 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.).

(cf: P.L.1999, c.417, s.7) 31

32

33 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

P.L. 2000, CHAPTER 117, approved September 13, 2000 Senate, No. 67 (First Reprint)

1 AN ACT concerning driving while under influence of inhalants or other 2 substances and amending R.S.39:4-50. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. R.S.39:4-50 is amended to read as follows: 8 39:4-50. (a) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, 9 a person who operates a motor vehicle while under the influence of 10 intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug, or operates a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of 11 12 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood ¹[or a 13 person who operates a motor vehicle while under the influence of an inhalant or other substance containing a chemical capable of releasing 14 any toxic vapors or fumes,]¹ or permits another person who is under 15 the influence of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or 16 habit-producing drug to operate a motor vehicle owned by him or in 17 18 his custody or control or permits another to operate a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.10% or more by weight of 19 20 alcohol in the defendant's blood ¹[, or permits another person who is under the influence of an inhalant or other substance containing a 21 22 chemical capable of releasing any toxic vapors or fumes to operate a motor vehicle owned by him or in his custody or control,]¹ shall be 23 24 subject: (1) For the first offense, to a fine of not less than \$250.00 nor 25 more than \$400.00 and a period of detainment of not less than 12 26 27 hours nor more than 48 hours spent during two consecutive days of 28 not less than six hours each day and served as prescribed by the 29 program requirements of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers 30 established under subsection (f) of this section and, in the discretion 31 of the court, a term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days and 32 shall forthwith forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of not less than six months nor 33 34 more than one year. 35 (2) For a second violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$500.00 nor more than \$1,000.00, and shall be ordered by 36 the court to perform community service for a period of 30 days, which 37 38 shall be of such form and on such terms as the court shall deem 39 appropriate under the circumstances, and shall be sentenced to

40 imprisonment for a term of not less than 48 consecutive hours, which

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Senate SLP committee amendments adopted February 10, 2000.

1 shall not be suspended or served on probation, nor more than 90 days, 2 and shall forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways 3 of this State for a period of two years upon conviction, and, after the 4 expiration of said period, he may make application to the Director of 5 the Division of Motor Vehicles for a license to operate a motor vehicle, which application may be granted at the discretion of the 6 7 director, consistent with subsection (b) of this section. 8 (3) For a third or subsequent violation, a person shall be subject to 9 a fine of \$1,000.00, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term

of not less than 180 days, except that the court may lower such term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances and shall thereafter forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for 10 years.

As used in this section, the phrase ¹["inhalant] "narcotic, 16 17 hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug" includes an inhalant¹ or other 18 substance containing a chemical capable of releasing any toxic vapors or fumes for the purpose of inducing a condition of ¹[intoxication" 19 means and includes, but is not limited to,]intoxication, such as¹ any 20 21 glue, cement or any other substance containing one or more of the 22 following chemical compounds: acetone and acetate, amyl nitrite or 23 amyl nitrate or their isomers, benzene, butyl alcohol, butyl nitrite, 24 butyl nitrate or their isomers, ethyl acetate, ethyl alcohol, ethyl nitrite 25 or ethyl nitrate, ethylene dichloride, isobutyl alcohol or isopropryl 26 alcohol, methyl alcohol, methyl ethyl ketone, nitrous oxide, n-propyl 27 alcohol, pentachlorophenol, petroleum ether, propyl nitrate or propyl 28 nitrate or their isomers, toluene, toluol or xylene or any other chemical 29 substance capable of causing a condition of intoxication, inebriation, 30 excitement, stupefaction or the dulling of the brain or nervous system 31 as a result of the inhalation of the fumes or vapors of such chemical 32 substance.

Whenever an operator of a motor vehicle has been involved in an accident resulting in death, bodily injury or property damage, a police officer shall consider that fact along with all other facts and circumstances in determining whether there are reasonable grounds to believe that person was operating a motor vehicle in violation of this section.

39 A conviction of a violation of a law of a substantially similar nature 40 in another jurisdiction, regardless of whether that jurisdiction is a 41 signatory to the Interstate Driver License Compact pursuant to 42 P.L.1966, c.73 (C.39:5D-1 et seq.), shall constitute a prior conviction 43 under this subsection unless the defendant can demonstrate by clear 44 and convincing evidence that the conviction in the other jurisdiction 45 was based exclusively upon a violation of a proscribed blood alcohol concentration of less than $1[.10\%] 0.10\%^{1}$. 46

1 If the driving privilege of any person is under revocation or 2 suspension for a violation of any provision of this Title or Title 2C of 3 the New Jersey Statutes at the time of any conviction for a violation 4 of this section, the revocation or suspension period imposed shall 5 commence as of the date of termination of the existing revocation or suspension period. In the case of any person who at the time of the 6 7 imposition of sentence is less than 17 years of age, the forfeiture, 8 suspension or revocation of the driving privilege imposed by the court 9 under this section shall commence immediately, run through the 10 offender's seventeenth birthday and continue from that date for the 11 period set by the court pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (3) of this 12 subsection. A court that imposes a term of imprisonment under this 13 section may sentence the person so convicted to the county jail, to the 14 workhouse of the county wherein the offense was committed, to an 15 inpatient rehabilitation program or to an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center or other facility approved by the chief of the Intoxicated 16 17 Driving Program Unit in the Department of Health and Senior 18 Services; provided that for a third or subsequent offense a person shall 19 not serve a term of imprisonment at an Intoxicated Driver Resource 20 Center as provided in subsection (f).

21 A person who has been convicted of a previous violation of this 22 section need not be charged as a second or subsequent offender in the 23 complaint made against him in order to render him liable to the 24 punishment imposed by this section on a second or subsequent 25 offender, but if the second offense occurs more than 10 years after the 26 first offense, the court shall treat the second conviction as a first 27 offense for sentencing purposes and if a third offense occurs more than 28 10 years after the second offense, the court shall treat the third 29 conviction as a second offense for sentencing purposes.

30 (b) A person convicted under this section must satisfy the 31 screening, evaluation, referral, program and fee requirements of the 32 Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program 33 Unit, and of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers and a program 34 of alcohol and drug education and highway safety, as prescribed by the 35 Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The sentencing court shall inform the person convicted that failure to satisfy such requirements 36 37 shall result in a mandatory two-day term of imprisonment in a county 38 jail and a driver license revocation or suspension and continuation of 39 revocation or suspension until such requirements are satisfied, unless 40 stayed by court order in accordance with the Rules Governing the 41 Courts of the State of New Jersey, or R.S.39:5-22. Upon sentencing, 42 the court shall forward to the Division of Alcoholism and Drug 43 Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program Unit a copy of a person's 44 conviction record. A fee of \$100.00 shall be payable to the Alcohol 45 Education, Rehabilitation and Enforcement Fund established pursuant 46 to section 3 of P.L.1983, c.531 (C.26:2B-32) to support the

1 Intoxicated Driving Program Unit.

2 (c) Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall 3 collect forthwith the New Jersey driver's license or licenses of the 4 person so convicted and forward such license or licenses to the 5 Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The court shall inform the person convicted that if he is convicted of personally operating a 6 7 motor vehicle during the period of license suspension imposed 8 pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, he shall, upon conviction, be 9 subject to the penalties established in R.S.39:3-40. The person 10 convicted shall be informed orally and in writing. A person shall be 11 required to acknowledge receipt of that written notice in writing. 12 Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing 13 the receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of R.S.39:3-40. In the event that a person 14 15 convicted under this section is the holder of any out-of-State driver's license, the court shall not collect the license but shall notify forthwith 16 17 the director, who shall, in turn, notify appropriate officials in the The court shall, however, revoke the 18 licensing jurisdiction. 19 nonresident's driving privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State, 20 in accordance with this section. Upon conviction of a violation of this 21 section, the court shall notify the person convicted, orally and in 22 writing, of the penalties for a second, third or subsequent violation of 23 this section. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of that 24 written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure 25 to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be 26 a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of this section.

(d) The Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles shall promulgate
rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act,"
P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) in order to establish a program
of alcohol education and highway safety, as prescribed by this act.

(e) Any person accused of a violation of this section who is liable
to punishment imposed by this section as a second or subsequent
offender shall be entitled to the same rights of discovery as allowed
defendants pursuant to the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of
New Jersey.

(f) The counties, in cooperation with the Division of Alcoholism 36 37 and Drug Abuse and the Division of Motor Vehicles, but subject to the 38 approval of the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse, shall 39 designate and establish on a county or regional basis Intoxicated 40 Driver Resource Centers. These centers shall have the capability of 41 serving as community treatment referral centers and as court monitors 42 of a person's compliance with the ordered treatment, service 43 alternative or community service. All centers established pursuant to 44 this subsection shall be administered by a counselor certified by the 45 Alcohol and Drug Counselor Certification Board of New Jersey or 46 other professional with a minimum of five years' experience in the

treatment of alcoholism. All centers shall be required to develop 1 2 individualized treatment plans for all persons attending the centers; 3 provided that the duration of any ordered treatment or referral shall 4 not exceed one year. It shall be the center's responsibility to establish 5 networks with the community alcohol and drug education, treatment and rehabilitation resources and to receive monthly reports from the 6 7 referral agencies regarding a person's participation and compliance 8 with the program. Nothing in this subsection shall bar these centers 9 from developing their own education and treatment programs; 10 provided that they are approved by the Division of Alcoholism and 11 Drug Abuse. 12 Upon a person's failure to report to the initial screening or any

subsequent ordered referral, the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centershall promptly notify the sentencing court of the person's failure tocomply.

Required detention periods at the Intoxicated Driver Resource 16 17 Centers shall be determined according to the individual treatment classification assigned by the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit. Upon 18 19 attendance at an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center, a person shall be 20 required to pay a per diem fee of \$75.00 for the first offender program 21 or a per diem fee of \$100.00 for the second offender program, as 22 appropriate. Any increases in the per diem fees after the first full year 23 shall be determined pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services in consultation with the 24 Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse pursuant to the 25 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 26 27 seq.).

The centers shall conduct a program of alcohol and drug education
and highway safety, as prescribed by the Director of the Division of
Motor Vehicles.

The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services shall adopt rules
and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act,"
P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), in order to effectuate the
purposes of this subsection.

(g) When a violation of this section occurs while:

35

36 (1) on any school property used for school purposes which is
37 owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school
38 board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;

39 (2) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if the
40 municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school
41 crossing as such; or

(3) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1
knowing that juveniles are present if the municipality has not
designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution, the
convicted person shall: for a first offense, be fined not less than \$500
or more than \$800, be imprisoned for not more than 60 days and have

his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not 1 2 less than one year or more than two years; for a second offense, be 3 fined not less than \$1,000 or more than \$2,000, perform community 4 service for a period of 60 days, be imprisoned for not less than 96 5 consecutive hours, which shall not be suspended or served on probation, nor more than 180 days, except that the court may lower 6 7 such term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing 8 community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall 9 deem appropriate under the circumstances and have his license to 10 operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not less than four 11 years; and, for a third offense, be fined \$2,000, imprisoned for 180 12 days and have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of 20 years; the period of license suspension shall commence 13 14 upon the completion of any prison sentence imposed upon that person. 15 A map or true copy of a map depicting the location and boundaries 16 of the area on or within 1,000 feet of any property used for school 17 purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary 18 school or school board produced pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1987, 19 c.101 (C.2C:35-7) may be used in a prosecution under paragraph (1) 20 of this subsection. 21 It shall not be relevant to the imposition of sentence pursuant to 22 paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection that the defendant was unaware 23 that the prohibited conduct took place while on or within 1,000 feet of any school property or while driving through a school crossing. 24 Nor shall it be relevant to the imposition of sentence that no juveniles 25 26 were present on the school property or crossing zone at the time of the 27 offense or that the school was not in session. 28 (h) In addition to any penalty or condition imposed by law or

regulation, a person who is subject to the provisions of this section
shall also be subject to the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417
(C.39:4-50.16 et al.).

32 (cf: P.L.1999, c.417, s.7)

33

34 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

- 35
- 36

37

38

39 Prohibits driving while under the influence of inhalants or other40 substances containing toxic fumes or vapors.

CHAPTER 117

AN ACT concerning driving while under influence of inhalants or other substances and amending R.S.39:4-50.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. R.S.39:4-50 is amended to read as follows:

Driving while intoxicated.

39:4-50. (a) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, a person who operates a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug, or operates a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood or permits another person who is under the influence of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug to operate a motor vehicle owned by him or in his custody or control or permits another to operate a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood or permits another to operate a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood shall be subject:

(1) For the first offense, to a fine of not less than \$250.00 nor more than \$400.00 and a period of detainment of not less than 12 hours nor more than 48 hours spent during two consecutive days of not less than six hours each day and served as prescribed by the program requirements of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers established under subsection (f) of this section and, in the discretion of the court, a term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days and shall forthwith forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of not less than six months nor more than one year. For a first offense, a person also shall be subject to the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.).

(2) For a second violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$500.00 nor more than \$1,000.00, and shall be ordered by the court to perform community service for a period of 30 days, which shall be of such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term of not less than 48 consecutive hours, which shall not be suspended or served on probation, nor more than 90 days, and shall forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of two years upon conviction, and, after the expiration of said period, he may make application to the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles for a license to operate a motor vehicle, which application may be granted at the discretion of the director, consistent with subsection (b) of this section. For a second violation, a person also shall be required to install an ignition interlock device under the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.) or shall have his registration certificate and registration plates revoked for two years under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1).

(3) For a third or subsequent violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of \$1,000.00, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term of not less than 180 days, except that the court may lower such term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances and shall thereafter forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for 10 years. For a third or subsequent violation, a person also shall be required to install an ignition interlock device under the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.) or shall have his registration certificate and registration plates revoked for 10 years under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1).

As used in this section, the phrase "narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug" includes an inhalant or other substance containing a chemical capable of releasing any toxic vapors or fumes for the purpose of inducing a condition of intoxication, such as any glue, cement or any other substance containing one or more of the following chemical compounds: acetone and acetate, amyl nitrite or amyl nitrate or their isomers, benzene, butyl alcohol, butyl nitrite, butyl nitrate or their isomers, ethyl acetate, ethyl alcohol, ethyl nitrite or ethyl nitrate, ethylene dichloride, isobutyl alcohol or isopropyl alcohol, methyl alcohol, methyl ethyl ketone, nitrous oxide, n-propyl alcohol, pentachlorophenol, petroleum ether, propyl nitrate or propyl nitrate or their isomers, toluene, toluol or xylene or any other chemical substance capable of causing a condition of intoxication, inebriation, excitement, stupefaction or the dulling of the brain or nervous system as a result of the inhalation of the fumes or vapors of such chemical substance. Whenever an operator of a motor vehicle has been involved in an accident resulting in death, bodily injury or property damage, a police officer shall consider that fact along with all other facts and circumstances in determining whether there are reasonable grounds to believe that person was operating a motor vehicle in violation of this section.

A conviction of a violation of a law of a substantially similar nature in another jurisdiction, regardless of whether that jurisdiction is a signatory to the Interstate Driver License Compact pursuant to P.L.1966, c.73 (C.39:5D-1 et seq.), shall constitute a prior conviction under this subsection unless the defendant can demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence that the conviction in the other jurisdiction was based exclusively upon a violation of a proscribed blood alcohol concentration of less than 0.10%.

If the driving privilege of any person is under revocation or suspension for a violation of any provision of this Title or Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes at the time of any conviction for a violation of this section, the revocation or suspension period imposed shall commence as of the date of termination of the existing revocation or suspension period. In the case of any person who at the time of the imposition of sentence is less than 17 years of age, the forfeiture, suspension or revocation of the driving privilege imposed by the court under this section shall commence immediately, run through the offender's seventeenth birthday and continue from that date for the period set by the court pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (3) of this subsection. A court that imposes a term of imprisonment under this section may sentence the person so convicted to the county jail, to the workhouse of the county wherein the offense was committed, to an inpatient rehabilitation program or to an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center or other facility approved by the chief of the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit in the Department of Health and Senior Services; provided that for a third or subsequent offense a person shall not serve a term of imprisonment at an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center as provided in subsection (f).

A person who has been convicted of a previous violation of this section need not be charged as a second or subsequent offender in the complaint made against him in order to render him liable to the punishment imposed by this section on a second or subsequent offender, but if the second offense occurs more than 10 years after the first offense, the court shall treat the second conviction as a first offense for sentencing purposes and if a third offense occurs more than 10 years after the second offense, the court shall treat the third conviction as a second offense for sentencing purposes.

(b) A person convicted under this section must satisfy the screening, evaluation, referral, program and fee requirements of the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program Unit, and of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers and a program of alcohol and drug education and highway safety, as prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The sentencing court shall inform the person convicted that failure to satisfy such requirements shall result in a mandatory two-day term of imprisonment in a county jail and a driver license revocation or suspension and continuation of revocation or suspension until such requirements are satisfied, unless stayed by court order in accordance with the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of New Jersey, or R.S.39:5-22. Upon sentencing, the court shall forward to the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program Unit a copy of a person's conviction record. A fee of \$100.00 shall be payable to the Alcohol Education, Rehabilitation and Enforcement Fund established pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1983, c.531 (C.26:2B-32) to support the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit.

(c) Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall collect forthwith the New Jersey driver's license or licenses of the person so convicted and forward such license or licenses to the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The court shall inform the person convicted that if he is convicted of personally operating a motor vehicle during the period of license suspension imposed pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, he shall, upon conviction, be subject to the penalties established in R.S.39:3-40. The person convicted shall be informed orally and in writing. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of that written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of R.S.39:3-40. In the event that a person convicted under this section is the holder of any out-of-State driver's

license, the court shall not collect the license but shall notify forthwith the director, who shall, in turn, notify appropriate officials in the licensing jurisdiction. The court shall, however, revoke the nonresident's driving privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State, in accordance with this section. Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall notify the person convicted, orally and in writing, of the penalties for a second, third or subsequent violation of this section. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of that written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of this section.

(d) The Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles shall promulgate rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) in order to establish a program of alcohol education and highway safety, as prescribed by this act.

(e) Any person accused of a violation of this section who is liable to punishment imposed by this section as a second or subsequent offender shall be entitled to the same rights of discovery as allowed defendants pursuant to the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of New Jersey.

(f) The counties, in cooperation with the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse and the Division of Motor Vehicles, but subject to the approval of the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse, shall designate and establish on a county or regional basis Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers. These centers shall have the capability of serving as community treatment referral centers and as court monitors of a person's compliance with the ordered treatment, service alternative or community service. All centers established pursuant to this subsection shall be administered by a counselor certified by the Alcohol and Drug Counselor Certification Board of New Jersey or other professional with a minimum of five years' experience in the treatment of alcoholism. All centers shall be required to develop individualized treatment plans for all persons attending the centers; provided that the duration of any ordered treatment or referral shall not exceed one year. It shall be the center's responsibility to establish networks with the community alcohol and drug education, treatment and rehabilitation resources and to receive monthly reports from the referral agencies regarding a person's participation and compliance with the program. Nothing in this subsection shall bar these centers from developing their own education and treatment programs; provided that they are approved by the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse.

Upon a person's failure to report to the initial screening or any subsequent ordered referral, the Intoxicated Driver Resource Center shall promptly notify the sentencing court of the person's failure to comply.

Required detention periods at the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers shall be determined according to the individual treatment classification assigned by the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit. Upon attendance at an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center, a person shall be required to pay a per diem fee of \$75.00 for the first offender program or a per diem fee of \$100.00 for the second offender program, as appropriate. Any increases in the per diem fees after the first full year shall be determined pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services in consultation with the Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.).

The centers shall conduct a program of alcohol and drug education and highway safety, as prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles.

The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services shall adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), in order to effectuate the purposes of this subsection.

(g) When a violation of this section occurs while:

(1) on any school property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;

(2) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if the municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school crossing as such; or

(3) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 knowing that juveniles are present if the municipality has not designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution, the convicted person shall: for a first offense, be fined not less than \$500 or more than \$800, be imprisoned for not more than 60 days and have his license to operate a motor

vehicle suspended for a period of not less than one year or more than two years; for a second offense, be fined not less than \$1,000 or more than \$2,000, perform community service for a period of 60 days, be imprisoned for not less than 96 consecutive hours, which shall not be suspended or served on probation, nor more than 180 days, except that the court may lower such term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances and have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not less than four years; and, for a third offense, be fined \$2,000, imprisoned for 180 days and have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of license suspension shall commence upon the completion of any prison sentence imposed upon that person.

A map or true copy of a map depicting the location and boundaries of the area on or within 1,000 feet of any property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board produced pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1987, c.101 (C.2C:35-7) may be used in a prosecution under paragraph (1) of this subsection.

It shall not be relevant to the imposition of sentence pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection that the defendant was unaware that the prohibited conduct took place while on or within 1,000 feet of any school property or while driving through a school crossing. Nor shall it be relevant to the imposition of sentence that no juveniles were present on the school property or crossing zone at the time of the offense or that the school was not in session.

2. This act shall take effect immediately.

Approved September 13, 2000.

PO BOX 004 TRENTON, NJ 08625

Office of the Governor **NEWS RELEASE**

CONTACT: Jayne O'Connor Laura Otterbourg 609-777-2600

RELEASE: September 13, 2000

Governor Signs Legislation Mandating Expansion of DNA Usage

Governor Christie Whitman today signed legislation broadening the group of defendants from which blood samples for DNA testing must be drawn.

"With the passage of this bill, I believe that law enforcement will be better able to identify criminal suspects," said Gov. Whitman. "Our latest Uniform Crime Report from 1999 showed a six percent drop in overall crime with the total number of criminal offenses at its lowest level in 27 years, and now the broadening of DNA collection will be yet another tool in helping law enforcement win new battles in the fight against crime in New Jersey."

"We can't take sole responsibility for the decline in crime, but the stronger laws we've enacted and the support we've given the police have surely helped," added the Governor. "This legislation is one more example of how we are working hard, together with our police, to make New Jersey a safer place in which to live, work and raise a family."

The bill, S-439, was sponsored by Senators Sacco (D-Bergen/Hudson) and Sinagra (R-Middlesex) and Assembly Members Holzapfel (R-Monmouth/Ocean) and Moran (R-Atlantic/Burlington/Ocean). It requires that blood samples be drawn from persons convicted or found not guilty by reason of insanity of murder, manslaughter, second-degree aggravated assault, first- and second-degree kidnapping, luring or enticing a child, engaging in sexual conduct which would impair the morals of a child - or attempting to commit one of these offenses. DNA samples will now be able to be collected by other means than a blood test; for instance, by a collection of saliva samples that are gathered with a cotton swab, which is both less invasive and less expensive.

Under current law, New Jersey's DNA Act requires blood samples to be drawn from persons who have been convicted or found not guilty by reason of insanity of aggravated sexual assault, sexual assault, aggravated criminal sexual contact, criminal sexual contact or attempting to commit one of these offenses. The Division of State Police is responsible for the identification, analysis and storage of the blood samples in a State databank.

Gov. Whitman also today signed these pieces of legislation:

S-67, sponsored by Senators Bucco (R-Morris) and Kosco (R-Bergen) and Assembly Members Merkt (R-Morris) and DeCroce (R-Essex/Morris/Passaic), prohibits driving while under the influence of inhalants or other substances containing toxic fumes or vapors. The penalties for driving under the influence of an inhalant would be the same as those for driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

S-924, sponsored by Senators Cardinale (R-Bergen) and Inverso

(R-Mercer/Middlesex) and Assembly Members Moran

(R-Atlantic/Burlington/Ocean) and Impreveduto (D-Bergen/Hudson) , provides for continuing education for marriage and family therapists. The bill requires continuing education as a condition of license renewal, to ensure that marriage and family therapists are knowledgeable about current issues and methods in their field.