39:4-50

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2000 **CHAPTER:** 83

NJSA: 39:4-50 (Interlock devices—drunk driving)

BILL NO: S1475 (Substituted for A2605)
SPONSOR(S): Matheussen and Robertson
DATE INTRODUCED: June 22, 2000
COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: ----

SENATE: Budget and Appropriations

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: June 29, 2000

SENATE: June 29, 2000

DATE OF APPROVAL: August 14, 2000 FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE: FINAL TEXT OF BILL (2nd reprint)

(Amendments during passage denoted by superscript numbers)

S1475

SPONSORS STATEMENT: (Begins on page 13 of original bill)

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:

ASSEMBLY:
No
SENATE:
Yes
FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS:
LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:
Yes

A2605

SPONSORS STATEMENT: (Begins on page 13 of original bill)

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes 6-15-2000 (Transport.)

6-22-2000 (Approp.)

SENATE: No FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS: No LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: Yes

Identical to fiscal estimate for S1475

FINAL VERSION (First reprint)

VETO MESSAGE:

No
GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:

Yes

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SENATE, No. 1475

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 22, 2000

Sponsored by:

Senator JOHN J. MATHEUSSEN
District 4 (Camden and Gloucester)
Senator NORMAN M. ROBERTSON
District 34 (Essex and Passaic)

SYNOPSIS

Requires ignition interlock device or registration revocation for repeat drunk driving; prohibits possession of unsealed alcoholic beverage in motor vehicle.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



AN ACT concerning drunk driving, amending R.S.39:4-50, P.L.1995, c.286, P.L.1999, c.417 and R.S.33:1-1, and supplementing chapter 4 of Title 39 of the Revised Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. R.S.39:4-50 is amended to read as follows:
- 39:4-50. (a) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, a person who operates a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug, or operates a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood or permits another person who is under the influence of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug to operate a motor vehicle owned by him or in his custody or control or permits another to operate a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood, shall be subject:
 - (1) For the first offense, to a fine of not less than \$250.00 nor more than \$400.00 and a period of detainment of not less than 12 hours nor more than 48 hours spent during two consecutive days of not less than six hours each day and served as prescribed by the program requirements of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers established under subsection (f) of this section and, in the discretion of the court, a term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days and shall forthwith forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of not less than six months nor more than one year. For a first offense, a person also shall be subject to the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.).
 - (2) For a second violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$500.00 nor more than \$1,000.00, and shall be ordered by the court to perform community service for a period of 30 days, which shall be of such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term of not less than 48 consecutive hours, which shall not be suspended or served on probation, nor more than 90 days, and shall forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of two years upon conviction, and, after the expiration of said period, he may make application to the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles for a license to operate a motor vehicle, which application may be granted at the discretion of the director, consistent with subsection (b) of this section. For a second

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

- 1 <u>violation, a person also shall be required to install an ignition interlock</u>
- 2 <u>device under the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.)</u>
- 3 or shall have his registration certificate and registration plates revoked
- 4 for two years under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286
- 5 (C.39:3-40.1).

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6 (3) For a third or subsequent violation, a person shall be subject to 7 a fine of \$1,000.00, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term 8 of not less than 180 days, except that the court may lower such term 9 for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing community 10 service in such form and on such terms as the court shall deem 11 appropriate under the circumstances and shall thereafter forfeit his 12 right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for 10 13 years. For a third or subsequent violation, a person also shall be 14 required to install an ignition interlock device under the provisions of 15 P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.) or shall have his registration certificate and registration plates revoked for 10 years under the 16

provisions of section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1).

Whenever an operator of a motor vehicle has been involved in an accident resulting in death, bodily injury or property damage, a police officer shall consider that fact along with all other facts and circumstances in determining whether there are reasonable grounds to believe that person was operating a motor vehicle in violation of this section.

A conviction of a violation of a law of a substantially similar nature in another jurisdiction, regardless of whether that jurisdiction is a signatory to the Interstate Driver License Compact pursuant to P.L.1966, c.73 (C.39:5D-1 et seq.), shall constitute a prior conviction under this subsection unless the defendant can demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence that the conviction in the other jurisdiction was based exclusively upon a violation of a proscribed blood alcohol concentration of less than .10%.

32 If the driving privilege of any person is under revocation or 33 suspension for a violation of any provision of this Title or Title 2C of 34 the New Jersey Statutes at the time of any conviction for a violation of this section, the revocation or suspension period imposed shall 35 commence as of the date of termination of the existing revocation or 36 37 suspension period. In the case of any person who at the time of the 38 imposition of sentence is less than 17 years of age, the forfeiture, 39 suspension or revocation of the driving privilege imposed by the court 40 under this section shall commence immediately, run through the 41 offender's seventeenth birthday and continue from that date for the 42 period set by the court pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (3) of this 43 subsection. A court that imposes a term of imprisonment under this 44 section may sentence the person so convicted to the county jail, to the 45 workhouse of the county wherein the offense was committed, to an 46 inpatient rehabilitation program or to an Intoxicated Driver Resource

- 1 Center or other facility approved by the chief of the Intoxicated
- 2 Driving Program Unit in the Department of Health and Senior
- 3 Services; provided that for a third or subsequent offense a person shall
- 4 not serve a term of imprisonment at an Intoxicated Driver Resource
- 5 Center as provided in subsection (f).

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6 A person who has been convicted of a previous violation of this 7 section need not be charged as a second or subsequent offender in the 8 complaint made against him in order to render him liable to the 9 punishment imposed by this section on a second or subsequent 10 offender, but if the second offense occurs more than 10 years after the 11 first offense, the court shall treat the second conviction as a first 12 offense for sentencing purposes and if a third offense occurs more than 13 10 years after the second offense, the court shall treat the third 14 conviction as a second offense for sentencing purposes.

- 15 A person convicted under this section must satisfy the screening, evaluation, referral, program and fee requirements of the 16 17 Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program 18 Unit, and of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers and a program 19 of alcohol and drug education and highway safety, as prescribed by the 20 Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The sentencing court shall 21 inform the person convicted that failure to satisfy such requirements 22 shall result in a mandatory two-day term of imprisonment in a county 23 jail and a driver license revocation or suspension and continuation of 24 revocation or suspension until such requirements are satisfied, unless 25 stayed by court order in accordance with the Rules Governing the 26 Courts of the State of New Jersey, or R.S.39:5-22. Upon sentencing, 27 the court shall forward to the Division of Alcoholism and Drug 28 Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program Unit a copy of a person's 29 conviction record. A fee of \$100.00 shall be payable to the Alcohol 30 Education, Rehabilitation and Enforcement Fund established pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1983, c.531 (C.26:2B-32) to support the 31 32 Intoxicated Driving Program Unit.
 - (c) Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall collect forthwith the New Jersey driver's license or licenses of the person so convicted and forward such license or licenses to the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The court shall inform the person convicted that if he is convicted of personally operating a motor vehicle during the period of license suspension imposed pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, he shall, upon conviction, be subject to the penalties established in R.S.39:3-40. The person convicted shall be informed orally and in writing. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of that written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of R.S.39:3-40. In the event that a person convicted under this section is the holder of any out-of-State driver's

- 1 license, the court shall not collect the license but shall notify forthwith
- 2 the director, who shall, in turn, notify appropriate officials in the
- 3 licensing jurisdiction. The court shall, however, revoke the
- 4 nonresident's driving privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State,
- 5 in accordance with this section. Upon conviction of a violation of this
- 6 section, the court shall notify the person convicted, orally and in
- 7 writing, of the penalties for a second, third or subsequent violation of
- 8 this section. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of that
- 9 written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure
- 10 to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be
- 11 a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of this section.
- 12 (d) The Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles shall 13 promulgate rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative
- 14 Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) in order to
- 15 establish a program of alcohol education and highway safety, as
- 16 prescribed by this act.
- 17 (e) Any person accused of a violation of this section who is liable
- to punishment imposed by this section as a second or subsequent
- 19 offender shall be entitled to the same rights of discovery as allowed
- 20 defendants pursuant to the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of
- 21 New Jersey.
- 22 (f) The counties, in cooperation with the Division of Alcoholism
- and Drug Abuse and the Division of Motor Vehicles, but subject to the
- 24 approval of the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse, shall
- 25 designate and establish on a county or regional basis Intoxicated
- 26 Driver Resource Centers. These centers shall have the capability of
- 27 serving as community treatment referral centers and as court monitors
- 28 of a person's compliance with the ordered treatment, service
- 29 alternative or community service. All centers established pursuant to
- 30 this subsection shall be administered by a counselor certified by the
- 31 Alcohol and Drug Counselor Certification Board of New Jersey or
- other professional with a minimum of five years' experience in the treatment of alcoholism. All centers shall be required to develop
- 25 treatment of arconomism. The centers shall be required to develop
- 34 individualized treatment plans for all persons attending the centers;
- 35 provided that the duration of any ordered treatment or referral shall
- 36 not exceed one year. It shall be the center's responsibility to establish
- 37 networks with the community alcohol and drug education, treatment
- and rehabilitation resources and to receive monthly reports from the
- 40 with the program. Nothing in this subsection shall bar these centers

referral agencies regarding a person's participation and compliance

- from developing their own education and treatment programs;
- 42 provided that they are approved by the Division of Alcoholism and
- 43 Drug Abuse.

- 44 Upon a person's failure to report to the initial screening or any
- 45 subsequent ordered referral, the Intoxicated Driver Resource Center
- shall promptly notify the sentencing court of the person's failure to

1 comply.

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2 Required detention periods at the Intoxicated Driver Resource 3 Centers shall be determined according to the individual treatment 4 classification assigned by the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit. Upon attendance at an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center, a person shall be 5 6 required to pay a per diem fee of \$75.00 for the first offender program 7 or a per diem fee of \$100.00 for the second offender program, as 8 appropriate. Any increases in the per diem fees after the first full year 9 shall be determined pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services in consultation with the 10 11 Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 12 13

The centers shall conduct a program of alcohol and drug education and highway safety, as prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles.

The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services shall adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), in order to effectuate the purposes of this subsection.

- (g) When a violation of this section occurs while:
- (1) on any school property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;
- (2) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if the municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school crossing as such; or
- 28 (3) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 29 knowing that juveniles are present if the municipality has not 30 designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution, the 31 convicted person shall: for a first offense, be fined not less than \$500 32 or more than \$800, be imprisoned for not more than 60 days and have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not 33 34 less than one year or more than two years; for a second offense, be fined not less than \$1,000 or more than \$2,000, perform community 35 service for a period of 60 days, be imprisoned for not less than 36 37 96 consecutive hours, which shall not be suspended or served on 38 probation, nor more than 180 days, except that the court may lower 39 such term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing 40 community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall 41 deem appropriate under the circumstances and have his license to 42 operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not less than four 43 years; and, for a third offense, be fined \$2,000, imprisoned for 44 180 days and have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for 45 a period of 20 years; the period of license suspension shall commence upon the completion of any prison sentence imposed upon that person. 46

A map or true copy of a map depicting the location and boundaries of the area on or within 1,000 feet of any property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board produced pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1987, c.101 (C.2C:35-7) may be used in a prosecution under paragraph (1) of this subsection.

It shall not be relevant to the imposition of sentence pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection that the defendant was unaware that the prohibited conduct took place while on or within 1,000 feet of any school property or while driving through a school crossing. Nor shall it be relevant to the imposition of sentence that no juveniles were present on the school property or crossing zone at the time of the offense or that the school was not in session.

[(h) In addition to any penalty or condition imposed by law or regulation, a person who is subject to the provisions of this section shall also be subject to the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.).]

18 (cf: P.L.1999, c.417, s.7)

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- 20 2. Section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 22 2. a. [The] Any motor vehicle registration certificate and 23 registration plates [of any] shall be revoked if a person [who] is 24 convicted of violating the provisions of:
- 25 (1) subsection a. of R.S.39:3-40 for operating a motor vehicle 26 during a period when that violator's driver's license has been 27 suspended for a violation of R.S.39:4-50 [or];
 - (2) subsection b. or c. of R.S.39:3-40 for operating a motor vehicle during a period when that violator's driver's license has been suspended within a five-year period [shall be revoked]: or
- 31 (3) R.S.39:4-50 for a second or subsequent offense, if such revocation is ordered by the court as authorized under that section.

33 This revocation of registration certificate and registration plates 34 shall apply to all passenger automobiles and motorcycles owned or leased by the violator and registered under the provisions of 35 36 R.S.39:3-4 and all noncommercial trucks owned or leased by the violator and registered under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1968, 37 38 c.439 (C.39:3-8.1), including those passenger automobiles, 39 motorcycles and noncommercial trucks registered or leased jointly in 40 the name of the violator and the other owner of record.

b. At the time of conviction, the court shall notify each violator that the person's passenger automobile, motorcycle, and noncommercial truck registrations are revoked. Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S.39:5-35, the violator shall surrender the registration certificate and registration plates of all passenger automobiles, motorcycles, and noncommercial truck registrations subject to

1 revocation under the provisions of this section within 48 hours of the 2 court's notice. The surrender shall be at a place and in a manner 3 prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles pursuant 4 to rule and regulation. The court also shall notify the violator that a failure to surrender that vehicle registration certificate and registration 5 6 plates shall result in the impoundment of the vehicle in accordance with the provisions of section 4 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.3) and 7 8 the seizure of said registration certificate and registration plates. The 9 revocation authorized under the provisions of this subsection shall 10 remain in effect for the period during which the violator's license to 11 operate a motor vehicle is suspended and shall be enforced so as to

prohibit the violator from registering or leasing any other vehicle,

however acquired, during that period.

c. If the violator subject to the penalties set forth in subsections a. and b. of this section for conviction of violating the provisions of R.S.39:3-40 was operating a motor vehicle owned or leased by another person and that other owner or lessee permitted [said] that operation with knowledge that the violator's driver's license was suspended, the court shall suspend the person's license to operate a motor vehicle and revoke the registration certificate and registration plates for that vehicle for a period of not more than six months. Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S.39:3-35, the owner or lessee shall surrender the registration certificate and registration plates of that vehicle within 48 hours of the court's notice of revocation. The surrender shall be at a place and in a manner prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles pursuant to rule and regulation. The court also shall notify the owner or lessee that a failure to surrender the revoked registration certificate and registration plates shall result in the impoundment of the vehicle in accordance with the provisions of section 4 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.3) and the seizure of said registration certificate and registration plates. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to limit the court from finding that owner or lessee guilty of violating R.S.39:3-39 or any other such statute concerning the operation of a motor vehicle by an

36 (cf: P.L.1995, c.286, s.2)

unlicensed driver.

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- 38 3. Section 3 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.2) is amended to read as follows:
- 3. a. The director may issue a temporary registration certificate and temporary registration plates for a motor vehicle for which the registration certificate and registration plates have been revoked under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1) if:
- 44 (1) the name of the applicant for the temporary registration 45 appeared upon the revoked registration certificate as a joint owner or 46 joint lessee of the motor vehicle; or

1 (2) the applicant for the temporary registration is the spouse, child, 2 dependent, parent or legal guardian of the violator or owner and 3 certifies, in a manner prescribed by the director, that the operation of 4 the motor vehicle is necessary for specified employment, educational, 5 health or medical purposes.

6 The application shall be in a manner and form prescribed by the 7 director. The application also shall include a signed certification that 8 the applicant shall not knowingly permit the violator to operate the 9 motor vehicle until the violator's license and driving privileges have been restored by the director and that any violation of this provision 10 11 shall result in the revocation of the temporary registration issued for 12 the motor vehicle under the provisions of this section, that the motor 13 vehicle shall be ineligible for the temporary registration authorized under this act, and that the motor vehicle may be impounded in 14 15 accordance with the provisions of section 4 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.3) and the temporary registration certificate and temporary 16 17 registration plates seized.

- b. The director shall issue a temporary registration certificate and temporary registration plates for a motor vehicle registered under the provisions of this section. As prescribed by the director, the temporary registration plates shall bear a special series of numbers or letters so as to be readily identifiable by law enforcement officers.
- c. The director may issue a new registration to a lessor of a vehicle for which the registration has been revoked pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1) provided that the vehicle is not leased to the same lessee.
 - d. The temporary registration authorized under this section shall expire and become void on the last day of the sixth month following the calendar month in which it was issued. All such temporary registrations may be renewed, upon application, by the director.

The fee schedule for the temporary registration authorized under this section shall be prescribed by the director. The schedule may provide for differing fees based upon the manufacturer's shipping weight and the model year of the motor vehicle; provided, however, that no such temporary registration fee shall exceed \$75. The registrant also shall pay a non-recurring \$25 fee for the temporary registration plates issued by the director.

38 (cf: P.L.1995, c.286, s.3)

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- 4. Section 8 of P.L.1999, c.417 is amended to read as follows:
- 41 8. The provisions of this act shall take effect [upon the 42 implementation of P.L.1999, c.28] on January 1, 2001, but shall apply
- 43 to convictions for violations of R.S.39:4-50 committed on or after
- 44 September 30, 2000.
- 45 (cf: P.L.1999, c.417, s.8)

5. R.S.33:1-1 is amended to read as follows:

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- 2 33:1-1. For the purpose of this chapter, the following words and terms shall be deemed to have the meanings herein given to them:
- 4 a. "Alcohol." Ethyl alcohol, hydrated oxide of ethyl or neutral spirits from whatever source or by whatever process produced.
- b. "Alcoholic beverage." Any fluid or solid capable of being converted into a fluid, suitable for human consumption, and having an alcohol content of more than one-half of one per centum (1/2 of 1%) by volume, including alcohol, beer, lager beer, ale, porter, naturally fermented wine, treated wine, blended wine, fortified wine, sparkling wine, distilled liquors, blended distilled liquors and any brewed,
- fermented or distilled liquors fit for use for beverage purposes or any mixture of the same, and fruit juices.
- 14 c. "Building." A structure of which licensed premises are or may 15 be a part, including all rooms, cellars, outbuildings, passageways, 16 closets, vaults, yards, attics, and every part of the structure of which 17 the licensed premises are a part, and of any other structure to which 18 there is a common means of access, and any other appurtenances.
- d. "Commissioner." The Director of the Division of AlcoholicBeverage Control.
- e. "Container." Any glass, can, bottle, vessel or receptacle of any material whatsoever used for holding alcoholic beverages, which container is covered, corked or sealed in any manner whatsoever.
 - f. "Eligible." The status of a person who is a citizen of the United States, a resident of this State, of good moral character and repute, and of legal age.
- g. "Governing board or body." The board or body which governs a municipality, including a board of aldermen in municipalities so governed; but in every municipality having a board of public works which exercises general licensing powers such board shall be considered as the governing board or body.
- h. "Importing." The act of bringing or causing to be brought any alcoholic beverage into this State.
- 34 "Illicit beverage." Any alcoholic beverage manufactured, distributed, bought, sold, bottled, rectified, blended, treated, fortified, 35 mixed, processed, warehoused, possessed or transported in violation 36 37 of this chapter, or on which any federal tax or tax imposed by the laws 38 of this State has not been paid; and any alcoholic beverage possessed, 39 kept, stored, owned or imported with intent to manufacture, sell, 40 distribute, bottle, rectify, blend, treat, fortify, mix, process, warehouse 41 or transport in violation of the provisions of this chapter.
- j. "Licensed building." Any building containing licensed premises.
- 43 k. "Licensed premises." Any premises for which a license under this 44 chapter is in force and effect.
- 1. "Magistrate." The Superior Court or municipal court.
- 46 m. "Manufacturer." Any person who, directly or indirectly,

- 1 personally or through any agency whatsoever, engages in the making 2 or other processing whatsoever of alcoholic beverages.
- 3 n. "Municipality." Any city, town, township, village, or borough, 4 including a municipality governed by a board of commissioners or improvement commission, but excluding a county. 5
- o. "Municipal board." The municipal board of alcoholic beverage 6 7 control as established by this chapter.
- 8 p. "Officer." Any sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, police officer, 9 member of the Division of State Police, or any other person having the 10 power to execute a warrant for arrest, or any inspector or investigator of the Division of Alcoholic Beverage Control. 11
- "Original container." Any container in which an alcoholic 12 13 beverage has been delivered to a retail licensee.

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- r. "Person." Any natural person or association of natural persons, association, trust company, partnership, corporation, organization, or the manager, agent, servant, officer, or employee of any of them.
- s. "Premises." The physical place at which a licensee is or may be licensed to conduct and carry on the manufacture, distribution or sale of alcoholic beverages, but not including vehicular transportation.
- t. "Restaurant." An establishment regularly and principally used for the purpose of providing meals to the public, having an adequate kitchen and dining room equipped for the preparing, cooking and serving of food for its customers and in which no other business, except such as is incidental to such establishment, is conducted.
- 25 u. "Retailer." Any person who sells alcoholic beverages to 26 consumers.
- 27 v. "Rules and regulations." The rules and regulations established from time to time by the director. 28
- w. "Sale." Every delivery of an alcoholic beverage otherwise than by purely gratuitous title, including deliveries from without this State and deliveries by any person without this State intended for shipment by carrier or otherwise into this State and brought within this State, or the solicitation or acceptance of an order for an alcoholic beverage, 34 and including exchange, barter, traffic in, keeping and exposing for sale, serving with meals, delivering for value, peddling, possessing with intent to sell, and the gratuitous delivery or gift of any alcoholic beverage by any licensee.
- 38 x. "Unlawful alcoholic beverage activity." The manufacture, sale, 39 distribution, bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing, 40 processing, warehousing or transportation of any alcoholic beverage 41 in violation of this chapter, or the importing, owning, possessing, 42 keeping or storing in this State of alcoholic beverages with intent to 43 manufacture, sell, distribute, bottle, rectify, blend, treat, fortify, mix, 44 process, warehouse or transport alcoholic beverages in violation of 45 this chapter, or the owning, possessing, keeping or storing in this State of any implement or paraphernalia for the manufacture, sale, 46

- 1 distribution, bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing,
- 2 processing, warehousing or transportation of alcoholic beverages with
- 3 intent to use the same in the manufacture, sale, distribution, bottling,
- 4 rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing, processing,
- 5 warehousing or transportation of alcoholic beverages in violation of
- 6 this chapter, or to aid or abet another in the manufacture, sale,
- 7 distribution, bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing,
- 8 processing, warehousing or transportation of alcoholic beverages in
- 9 violation of this chapter, or the aiding or abetting of another in any of
- 10 the foregoing activities.
- 11 y. "Unlawful property." All illicit beverages and all implements,
- 12 vehicles, vessels, airplanes, and paraphernalia for the manufacture,
- sale, distribution, bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying,
- 14 mixing, processing, warehousing or transportation of illicit beverages
- 15 used in the manufacture, sale, distribution, bottling, rectifying,
- 16 blending, treating, fortifying, mixing, processing, warehousing or
- 17 transportation of illicit beverages or owned, possessed, kept or stored
- 18 with intent to use the same in the manufacture, sale, distribution,
- bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing, processing,
- 20 warehousing or transportation of illicit beverages, whether such use be
- 21 by the person owning, possessing, keeping, or storing the same, or by
- another with the consent of such person; and all alcoholic beverages,
- 23 fixtures and personal property located in or upon any premises,
- building, yard or inclosure connected with a building, in which an illicit
- 25 beverage is found, possessed, stored or kept.
 - z. "Wholesaler." Any person who sells an alcoholic beverage for
- 27 the purpose of resale either to a licensed wholesaler or to a licensed
- 28 retailer, or both.

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- aa. "Limousine." A motor vehicle used in the business of carrying
- 30 passengers for hire to provide prearranged passenger transportation at
- a premium fare on a dedicated, nonscheduled, charter basis that is not
- 32 conducted on a regular route, or is furnished without fare as an
- 34 <u>purposes</u>, and with a seating capacity in no event of more than

accommodation for a patron in connection with other business

- 54 <u>purposes,</u> and with a seating capacity in no event of more than
- 14 passengers, not including the driver, provided, that such a motor
 vehicle shall not have a seating capacity in excess of four passengers,
- 37 not including the driver, beyond the maximum passenger seating
- 38 capacity of the vehicle, not including the driver, at the time of
- 39 manufacture. This shall not include taxicabs, hotel or airport shuttles
- 40 and buses, or buses employed solely in transporting schoolchildren or
- 41 teachers to and from school, or vehicles owned and operated without
- 42 charge or remuneration by a business entity for its own purposes.
- bb. "Entertainment facility" is a privately-owned facility in which
- 44 athletic, commercial, cultural, or artistic events are featured.
- 45 Any definition herein contained shall apply to the same word in any
- 46 form. Thus "sell" means to make a "sale" as above defined.
- 47 (cf: P.L.1999, c.356, s.1)

S1475 MATHEUSSEN, ROBERTSON

- 6. (New section) a. All occupants of a motor vehicle located on a public highway, or the right-of-way of a public highway, shall be prohibited from possessing any open or unsealed alcoholic beverage container. This subsection shall not apply to a passenger of a charter or special bus operated as defined under R.S.48:4-1 or a limousine service.
 - b. A person shall not be deemed to be in possession of an opened or unsealed alcoholic beverage container pursuant to this section if such container is located in the trunk of a motor vehicle, behind the last upright seat in a trunkless vehicle, or in the living quarters of a motor home or house trailer. For the purposes of this section, the term "open or unsealed" shall mean a container with its original seal broken or a container such as a glass or cup.
 - c. For a first offense, a person convicted of violating this section shall be fined \$200 and shall be informed by the court of the penalties for a second or subsequent violation of this section. For a second or subsequent offense, a person convicted of violating this section shall be fined \$250 or shall be ordered by the court to perform community service for a period of 10 days in such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances.

7. This act shall take effect immediately, except that sections 1, 2 and 3 of this act shall take effect on September 30, 2000 and shall apply to a conviction of a violation of R.S.39:4-50 committed on or after this date. The Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles may take such anticipatory administrative and regulatory action in advance as shall be necessary to implement the provisions of this act.

STATEMENT

The federal Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century (TEA-21) requires states to comply with certain provisions related to the prevention of drunk driving by October 1, 2000 or face the loss of highway construction and maintenance funds. Specifically, TEA-21 requires each state to have in effect a law that mandates the installation of an ignition interlock device on motor vehicles of repeat drunk drivers or suspension of their registration privileges. TEA-21 also requires that states prohibit the possession of open alcoholic beverage containers in motor vehicles. This bill is intended to bring this State into compliance with these federal requirements.

Under the bill's provisions, persons who are convicted of a second or subsequent drunk driving offense on or after September 30, 2000, but before January 1, 2001, will have their registration revoked. On and after January 1, 2001, the court will have the discretion to determine which of the penalties, installation of an ignition interlock

1 device or revocation of registration privileges, should be imposed on

the repeat drunk driver. These penalties would be in addition to

3 existing penalties imposed for drunk driving under current law. The

4 bill also changes the effective date of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16

5 et al.), the recently enacted law that established the ignition interlock

device requirement, to January 1, 2001.

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7 The registration revocation provided for in the bill would apply to 8 all passenger automobiles, motorcycles and noncommercial trucks 9 owned or leased by the repeat drunk driving offender, including 10 vehicles that are jointly registered or leased by that offender. The 11 offender would be required to surrender to the Division of Motor 12 Vehicles in the Department of Transportation, within 48 hours, all registration certificates and registration plates of currently registered 13 14 vehicles. Failure to comply could result in impoundment of these 15 vehicles. The period of registration revocation would be two years for a second drunk driving conviction and ten years for a third or 16 17 subsequent drunk driving conviction and would run concurrent to the period of license suspension imposed for the violation of R.S.39:4-50. 18

Under the bill, the spouse, child, dependent, parent or legal guardian of the repeat drunk driver would be authorized to apply for a temporary registration certificate and plates if these family members would suffer a hardship in losing a vehicle relied upon for employment, educational, health or medical purposes.

The installation of an ignition interlock device would be required as a condition of driver's license restoration after the term of driver's license suspension has been served. The term of the interlock device requirement, to be determined by the court, would range from a minimum period of one year up to a maximum period of three years, and would commence immediately upon the return of the offender's driver's license after the suspension imposed for the violation of R.S.39:4-50. An ignition interlock would be required in every motor vehicle owned, leased or regularly operated by the offender. The court would continue to have the discretion to impose an interlock device requirement for first-time drunk driving convictions.

35 Additionally, the bill prohibits the possession of an open or 36 unsealed alcoholic beverage container in the passenger area of motor 37 vehicles located on public highways or on the right-of-way of such 38 highways. Current State law only prohibits the consumption of 39 alcoholic beverages by the driver or passenger while the motor vehicle 40 is being operated. This prohibition on open containers would not 41 apply to charter bus or limousine passengers. An exception is also 42 made for opened or unsealed alcoholic beverage containers located in 43 the trunk of a motor vehicle, or if the motor vehicle does not have a 44 trunk, behind the last upright seat, and in the living quarters of a motor 45 home or house trailer. A \$200 fine would be imposed for a first 46 offense and a \$250 fine or 10 days' community service would be 47 imposed for a second or subsequent offense.

SENATE BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 1475

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 26, 2000

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 1475.

The federal Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century (TEA-21) requires states to comply with certain provisions related to the prevention of drunk driving by October 1, 2000 or face the loss of highway construction and maintenance funds. Specifically, TEA-21 requires each state to have in effect a law that mandates the installation of an ignition interlock device on motor vehicles of repeat drunk drivers or suspension of their registration privileges. TEA-21 also requires that states prohibit the possession of open alcoholic beverage containers in motor vehicles. This bill is intended to bring this State into compliance with these federal requirements.

Under the bill's provisions, persons who are convicted of a second or subsequent drunk driving offense on or after September 30, 2000, but before January 1, 2001, will have their registration revoked. On and after January 1, 2001, the court will have the discretion to determine which of the penalties, installation of an ignition interlock device or revocation of registration privileges, should be imposed on the repeat drunk driver. These penalties would be in addition to existing penalties imposed for drunk driving under current law. The bill also changes the effective date of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.), the recently enacted law that established the ignition interlock device requirement, to January 1, 2001.

The registration revocation provided for in the bill would apply to all passenger automobiles, motorcycles and noncommercial trucks owned or leased by the repeat drunk driving offender, including vehicles that are jointly registered or leased by that offender. The offender would be required to surrender to the Division of Motor Vehicles in the Department of Transportation, within 48 hours, all registration certificates and registration plates of currently registered vehicles. Failure to comply could result in impoundment of these vehicles. The period of registration revocation would be two years for a second drunk driving conviction and ten years for a third or subsequent drunk driving conviction and would run concurrent to the period of license suspension imposed for the violation of R.S.39:4-50.

Under the bill, the spouse, child, dependent, parent or legal guardian of the repeat drunk driver would be authorized to apply for a temporary registration certificate and plates if these family members would suffer a hardship in losing a vehicle relied upon for employment, educational, health or medical purposes.

The installation of an ignition interlock device would be required as a condition of driver's license restoration after the term of driver's license suspension has been served. The term of the interlock device requirement, to be determined by the court, would range from a minimum period of one year up to a maximum period of three years, and would commence immediately upon the return of the offender's driver's license after the suspension imposed for the violation of R.S.39:4-50. An ignition interlock would be required in every motor vehicle owned, leased or regularly operated by the offender. The court would continue to have the discretion to impose an interlock device requirement for first-time drunk driving convictions.

Additionally, the bill prohibits the possession of an open or unsealed alcoholic beverage container in the passenger area of motor vehicles located on public highways or on the right-of-way of such highways. Current State law only prohibits the consumption of alcoholic beverages by the driver or passenger while the motor vehicle is being operated. This prohibition on open containers would not apply to charter bus or limousine passengers. An exception is also made for opened or unsealed alcoholic beverage containers located in the trunk of a motor vehicle, or if the motor vehicle does not have a trunk, behind the last upright seat, and in the living quarters of a motor home or house trailer. A \$200 fine would be imposed for a first offense and a \$250 fine or 10 days' community service would be imposed for a second or subsequent offense.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

Committee amendments to the bill's prohibition on possession of an open or unsealed alcoholic beverage container in a motor vehicle located on a public highway or right of way to clarify that the prohibition does not cover beverage containers that have been recorked or recapped.

FISCAL IMPACT

The New Jersey Department of Transportation has estimated that there are about 23,000 drunk driving convictions each year, of which 20 to 25 percent are repeat offenders. However, until actual experience is gained with the new restrictions the department cannot predict whether additional personnel will be needed to certify and audit persons installing interlock devices and to approve such devices.

No estimate is available of the fines for possessing open or unsealed alcoholic beverage containers.

[First Reprint] **SENATE, No. 1475**

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 22, 2000

Sponsored by:

Senator JOHN J. MATHEUSSEN
District 4 (Camden and Gloucester)
Senator NORMAN M. ROBERTSON
District 34 (Essex and Passaic)

SYNOPSIS

Requires ignition interlock device or registration revocation for repeat drunk driving; prohibits possession of unsealed alcoholic beverage in motor vehicle.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee on June 26, 2000, with amendments.



AN ACT concerning drunk driving, amending R.S.39:4-50, P.L.1995, c.286, P.L.1999, c.417 and R.S.33:1-1, and supplementing chapter 4 of Title 39 of the Revised Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. R.S.39:4-50 is amended to read as follows:
- 39:4-50. (a) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, a person who operates a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug, or operates a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood or permits another person who is under the influence of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug to operate a motor vehicle owned by him or in his custody or control or permits another to operate a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood, shall be subject:
 - (1) For the first offense, to a fine of not less than \$250.00 nor more than \$400.00 and a period of detainment of not less than 12 hours nor more than 48 hours spent during two consecutive days of not less than six hours each day and served as prescribed by the program requirements of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers established under subsection (f) of this section and, in the discretion of the court, a term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days and shall forthwith forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of not less than six months nor more than one year. For a first offense, a person also shall be subject to the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.).
 - (2) For a second violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$500.00 nor more than \$1,000.00, and shall be ordered by the court to perform community service for a period of 30 days, which shall be of such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term of not less than 48 consecutive hours, which shall not be suspended or served on probation, nor more than 90 days, and shall forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of two years upon conviction, and, after the expiration of said period, he may make application to the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles for a license to operate a motor vehicle, which application may be granted at the discretion of the

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Senate SBA committee amendments adopted June 26, 2000.

- 1 director, consistent with subsection (b) of this section. For a second
- 2 <u>violation, a person also shall be required to install an ignition interlock</u>
- 3 device under the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.)
- 4 or shall have his registration certificate and registration plates revoked
- 5 for two years under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286
- 6 (C.39:3-40.1).

(3) For a third or subsequent violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of \$1,000.00, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term of not less than 180 days, except that the court may lower such term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances and shall thereafter forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for 10 years. For a third or subsequent violation, a person also shall be required to install an ignition interlock device under the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.) or shall have his registration certificate and registration plates revoked for 10 years under the

provisions of section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1).

Whenever an operator of a motor vehicle has been involved in an accident resulting in death, bodily injury or property damage, a police officer shall consider that fact along with all other facts and circumstances in determining whether there are reasonable grounds to believe that person was operating a motor vehicle in violation of this section.

A conviction of a violation of a law of a substantially similar nature in another jurisdiction, regardless of whether that jurisdiction is a signatory to the Interstate Driver License Compact pursuant to P.L.1966, c.73 (C.39:5D-1 et seq.), shall constitute a prior conviction under this subsection unless the defendant can demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence that the conviction in the other jurisdiction was based exclusively upon a violation of a proscribed blood alcohol concentration of less than .10%.

If the driving privilege of any person is under revocation or suspension for a violation of any provision of this Title or Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes at the time of any conviction for a violation of this section, the revocation or suspension period imposed shall commence as of the date of termination of the existing revocation or suspension period. In the case of any person who at the time of the imposition of sentence is less than 17 years of age, the forfeiture, suspension or revocation of the driving privilege imposed by the court under this section shall commence immediately, run through the offender's seventeenth birthday and continue from that date for the period set by the court pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (3) of this subsection. A court that imposes a term of imprisonment under this section may sentence the person so convicted to the county jail, to the workhouse of the county wherein the offense was committed, to an

- 1 inpatient rehabilitation program or to an Intoxicated Driver Resource
- 2 Center or other facility approved by the chief of the Intoxicated
- 3 Driving Program Unit in the Department of Health and Senior
- 4 Services; provided that for a third or subsequent offense a person shall
- 5 not serve a term of imprisonment at an Intoxicated Driver Resource
- 6 Center as provided in subsection (f).

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A person who has been convicted of a previous violation of this 7 8 section need not be charged as a second or subsequent offender in the 9 complaint made against him in order to render him liable to the 10 punishment imposed by this section on a second or subsequent 11 offender, but if the second offense occurs more than 10 years after the 12 first offense, the court shall treat the second conviction as a first 13 offense for sentencing purposes and if a third offense occurs more than 14 10 years after the second offense, the court shall treat the third 15 conviction as a second offense for sentencing purposes.

- A person convicted under this section must satisfy the 16 17 screening, evaluation, referral, program and fee requirements of the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program 18 19 Unit, and of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers and a program 20 of alcohol and drug education and highway safety, as prescribed by the 21 Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The sentencing court shall 22 inform the person convicted that failure to satisfy such requirements 23 shall result in a mandatory two-day term of imprisonment in a county 24 jail and a driver license revocation or suspension and continuation of 25 revocation or suspension until such requirements are satisfied, unless 26 stayed by court order in accordance with the Rules Governing the 27 Courts of the State of New Jersey, or R.S.39:5-22. Upon sentencing, 28 the court shall forward to the Division of Alcoholism and Drug 29 Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program Unit a copy of a person's 30 conviction record. A fee of \$100.00 shall be payable to the Alcohol 31 Education, Rehabilitation and Enforcement Fund established pursuant 32 to section 3 of P.L.1983, c.531 (C.26:2B-32) to support the 33 Intoxicated Driving Program Unit.
 - (c) Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall collect forthwith the New Jersey driver's license or licenses of the person so convicted and forward such license or licenses to the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The court shall inform the person convicted that if he is convicted of personally operating a motor vehicle during the period of license suspension imposed pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, he shall, upon conviction, be subject to the penalties established in R.S.39:3-40. The person convicted shall be informed orally and in writing. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of that written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of R.S.39:3-40. In the event that a person

- 1 convicted under this section is the holder of any out-of-State driver's
- 2 license, the court shall not collect the license but shall notify forthwith
- 3 the director, who shall, in turn, notify appropriate officials in the
- 4 licensing jurisdiction. The court shall, however, revoke the
- 5 nonresident's driving privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State,
- 6 in accordance with this section. Upon conviction of a violation of this
- 7 section, the court shall notify the person convicted, orally and in
- 8 writing, of the penalties for a second, third or subsequent violation of
- 9 this section. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of that
- 10 written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure
- 11 to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be
- 12 a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of this section.
- 13 (d) The Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles shall 14 promulgate rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative
- 15 Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) in order to
- 16 establish a program of alcohol education and highway safety, as
- 17 prescribed by this act.
- 18 (e) Any person accused of a violation of this section who is liable
- 19 to punishment imposed by this section as a second or subsequent
- 20 offender shall be entitled to the same rights of discovery as allowed
- 21 defendants pursuant to the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of
- 22 New Jersey.
- 23 (f) The counties, in cooperation with the Division of Alcoholism
- 24 and Drug Abuse and the Division of Motor Vehicles, but subject to the
- 25 approval of the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse, shall
- 26 designate and establish on a county or regional basis Intoxicated
- 27 Driver Resource Centers. These centers shall have the capability of
- 28 serving as community treatment referral centers and as court monitors
- 29 of a person's compliance with the ordered treatment, service
- 30 alternative or community service. All centers established pursuant to
- 31 this subsection shall be administered by a counselor certified by the
- 32 Alcohol and Drug Counselor Certification Board of New Jersey or 33 other professional with a minimum of five years' experience in the
- 34 treatment of alcoholism. All centers shall be required to develop
- individualized treatment plans for all persons attending the centers;
- 36 provided that the duration of any ordered treatment or referral shall
- not exceed one year. It shall be the center's responsibility to establish
- 38 networks with the community alcohol and drug education, treatment
- 39 and rehabilitation resources and to receive monthly reports from the
- 40 referral agencies regarding a person's participation and compliance
- 41 with the program. Nothing in this subsection shall bar these centers
- 42 from developing their own education and treatment programs;
- 43 provided that they are approved by the Division of Alcoholism and
- 44 Drug Abuse.
- Upon a person's failure to report to the initial screening or any
- subsequent ordered referral, the Intoxicated Driver Resource Center

shall promptly notify the sentencing court of the person's failure to comply.

3 Required detention periods at the Intoxicated Driver Resource 4 Centers shall be determined according to the individual treatment classification assigned by the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit. Upon 5 6 attendance at an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center, a person shall be 7 required to pay a per diem fee of \$75.00 for the first offender program 8 or a per diem fee of \$100.00 for the second offender program, as 9 appropriate. Any increases in the per diem fees after the first full year shall be determined pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the 10 Commissioner of Health and Senior Services in consultation with the 11 12 Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 13 14 seq.).

The centers shall conduct a program of alcohol and drug education and highway safety, as prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles.

The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services shall adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), in order to effectuate the purposes of this subsection.

(g) When a violation of this section occurs while:

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- (1) on any school property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;
- (2) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if the municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school crossing as such; or
- 29 (3) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 knowing that juveniles are present if the municipality has not 30 31 designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution, the 32 convicted person shall: for a first offense, be fined not less than \$500 33 or more than \$800, be imprisoned for not more than 60 days and have 34 his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not less than one year or more than two years; for a second offense, be 35 36 fined not less than \$1,000 or more than \$2,000, perform community service for a period of 60 days, be imprisoned for not less than 37 38 96 consecutive hours, which shall not be suspended or served on 39 probation, nor more than 180 days, except that the court may lower 40 such term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing 41 community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall 42 deem appropriate under the circumstances and have his license to 43 operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not less than four 44 years; and, for a third offense, be fined \$2,000, imprisoned for 45 180 days and have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of 20 years; the period of license suspension shall commence 46

1 upon the completion of any prison sentence imposed upon that person.

A map or true copy of a map depicting the location and boundaries of the area on or within 1,000 feet of any property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board produced pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1987, c.101 (C.2C:35-7) may be used in a prosecution under paragraph (1) of this subsection.

It shall not be relevant to the imposition of sentence pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection that the defendant was unaware that the prohibited conduct took place while on or within 1,000 feet of any school property or while driving through a school crossing. Nor shall it be relevant to the imposition of sentence that no juveniles were present on the school property or crossing zone at the time of the offense or that the school was not in session.

[(h) In addition to any penalty or condition imposed by law or regulation, a person who is subject to the provisions of this section shall also be subject to the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.).]

19 (cf: P.L.1999, c.417, s.7)

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- 21 2. Section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1) is amended to read 22 as follows:
- 23 2. a. [The] Any motor vehicle registration certificate and 24 registration plates [of any] shall be revoked if a person [who] is 25 convicted of violating the provisions of:
 - (1) subsection a. of R.S.39:3-40 for operating a motor vehicle during a period when that violator's driver's license has been suspended for a violation of R.S.39:4-50 [or]:
- 29 (2) subsection b. or c. of R.S.39:3-40 for operating a motor vehicle 30 during a period when that violator's driver's license has been 31 suspended within a five-year period [shall be revoked]; or
- 32 (3) R.S.39:4-50 for a second or subsequent offense, if such revocation is ordered by the court as authorized under that section.

34 This revocation of registration certificate and registration plates 35 shall apply to all passenger automobiles and motorcycles owned or 36 leased by the violator and registered under the provisions of R.S.39:3-4 and all noncommercial trucks owned or leased by the 37 38 violator and registered under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1968, 39 c.439 (C.39:3-8.1), including those passenger automobiles, 40 motorcycles and noncommercial trucks registered or leased jointly in the name of the violator and the other owner of record. 41

b. At the time of conviction, the court shall notify each violator that the person's passenger automobile, motorcycle, and noncommercial truck registrations are revoked. Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S.39:5-35, the violator shall surrender the registration certificate and registration plates of all passenger automobiles,

1 motorcycles, and noncommercial truck registrations subject to 2 revocation under the provisions of this section within 48 hours of the 3 court's notice. The surrender shall be at a place and in a manner 4 prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles pursuant to rule and regulation. The court also shall notify the violator that a 5 6 failure to surrender that vehicle registration certificate and registration 7 plates shall result in the impoundment of the vehicle in accordance 8 with the provisions of section 4 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.3) and 9 the seizure of said registration certificate and registration plates. The 10 revocation authorized under the provisions of this subsection shall 11 remain in effect for the period during which the violator's license to 12 operate a motor vehicle is suspended and shall be enforced so as to 13 prohibit the violator from registering or leasing any other vehicle, 14 however acquired, during that period.

15 c. If the violator subject to the penalties set forth in subsections a. and b. of this section for conviction of violating the provisions of 16 17 R.S.39:3-40 was operating a motor vehicle owned or leased by 18 another person and that other owner or lessee permitted [said] that operation with knowledge that the violator's driver's license was 19 20 suspended, the court shall suspend the person's license to operate a 21 motor vehicle and revoke the registration certificate and registration 22 plates for that vehicle for a period of not more than six months. Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S.39:3-35, the owner or lessee 23 24 shall surrender the registration certificate and registration plates of 25 that vehicle within 48 hours of the court's notice of revocation. The surrender shall be at a place and in a manner prescribed by the 26 27 Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles pursuant to rule and 28 regulation. The court also shall notify the owner or lessee that a 29 failure to surrender the revoked registration certificate and registration plates shall result in the impoundment of the vehicle in accordance 30 with the provisions of section 4 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.3) and 31 32 the seizure of said registration certificate and registration plates. 33 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to limit the court from 34 finding that owner or lessee guilty of violating R.S.39:3-39 or any 35 other such statute concerning the operation of a motor vehicle by an 36 unlicensed driver.

37 (cf: P.L.1995, c.286, s.2)

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- 39 3. Section 3 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.2) is amended to read 40 as follows:
- 3. a. The director may issue a temporary registration certificate and temporary registration plates for a motor vehicle for which the registration certificate and registration plates have been revoked under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1) if:
 - (1) the name of the applicant for the temporary registration appeared upon the revoked registration certificate as a joint owner or

1 joint lessee of the motor vehicle; or

2 (2) the applicant for the temporary registration is the spouse, child, 3 dependent, parent or legal guardian of the violator or owner and 4 certifies, in a manner prescribed by the director, that the operation of the motor vehicle is necessary for specified employment, educational, 5 6 health or medical purposes.

7 The application shall be in a manner and form prescribed by the 8 director. The application also shall include a signed certification that 9 the applicant shall not knowingly permit the violator to operate the 10 motor vehicle until the violator's license and driving privileges have 11 been restored by the director and that any violation of this provision 12 shall result in the revocation of the temporary registration issued for 13 the motor vehicle under the provisions of this section, that the motor 14 vehicle shall be ineligible for the temporary registration authorized 15 under this act, and that the motor vehicle may be impounded in accordance with the provisions of section 4 of P.L.1995, c.286 16 17 (C.39:3-40.3) and the temporary registration certificate and temporary 18 registration plates seized.

- b. The director shall issue a temporary registration certificate and temporary registration plates for a motor vehicle registered under the provisions of this section. As prescribed by the director, the temporary registration plates shall bear a special series of numbers or letters so as to be readily identifiable by law enforcement officers.
- c. The director may issue a new registration to a lessor of a vehicle for which the registration has been revoked pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1) provided that the vehicle is not leased to the same lessee.
- d. The temporary registration authorized under this section shall expire and become void on the last day of the sixth month following the calendar month in which it was issued. All such temporary registrations may be renewed, upon application, by the director.

The fee schedule for the temporary registration authorized under this section shall be prescribed by the director. The schedule may provide for differing fees based upon the manufacturer's shipping weight and the model year of the motor vehicle; provided, however, that no such temporary registration fee shall exceed \$75. The registrant also shall pay a non-recurring \$25 fee for the temporary registration plates issued by the director.

39 (cf: P.L.1995, c.286, s.3)

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41 4. Section 8 of P.L.1999, c.417 is amended to read as follows:

42 The provisions of this act shall take effect [upon the 43 implementation of P.L.1999, c.28] on January 1, 2001, but shall apply 44 to convictions for violations of R.S.39:4-50 committed on or after 45 September 30, 2000. (cf: P.L.1999, c.417, s.8)

5. R.S.33:1-1 is amended to read as follows:

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- 2 33:1-1. For the purpose of this chapter, the following words and terms shall be deemed to have the meanings herein given to them:
 - a. "Alcohol." Ethyl alcohol, hydrated oxide of ethyl or neutral spirits from whatever source or by whatever process produced.
- b. "Alcoholic beverage." Any fluid or solid capable of being converted into a fluid, suitable for human consumption, and having an alcohol content of more than one-half of one per centum (1/2 of 1%) by volume, including alcohol, beer, lager beer, ale, porter, naturally fermented wine, treated wine, blended wine, fortified wine, sparkling wine, distilled liquors, blended distilled liquors and any brewed,
- fermented or distilled liquors fit for use for beverage purposes or any mixture of the same, and fruit juices.
- 14 c. "Building." A structure of which licensed premises are or may 15 be a part, including all rooms, cellars, outbuildings, passageways, 16 closets, vaults, yards, attics, and every part of the structure of which 17 the licensed premises are a part, and of any other structure to which 18 there is a common means of access, and any other appurtenances.
- d. "Commissioner." The Director of the Division of AlcoholicBeverage Control.
 - e. "Container." Any glass, can, bottle, vessel or receptacle of any material whatsoever used for holding alcoholic beverages, which container is covered, corked or sealed in any manner whatsoever.
 - f. "Eligible." The status of a person who is a citizen of the United States, a resident of this State, of good moral character and repute, and of legal age.
 - g. "Governing board or body." The board or body which governs a municipality, including a board of aldermen in municipalities so governed; but in every municipality having a board of public works which exercises general licensing powers such board shall be considered as the governing board or body.
- h. "Importing." The act of bringing or causing to be brought any alcoholic beverage into this State.
- 34 "Illicit beverage." Any alcoholic beverage manufactured, distributed, bought, sold, bottled, rectified, blended, treated, fortified, 35 mixed, processed, warehoused, possessed or transported in violation 36 37 of this chapter, or on which any federal tax or tax imposed by the laws 38 of this State has not been paid; and any alcoholic beverage possessed, 39 kept, stored, owned or imported with intent to manufacture, sell, 40 distribute, bottle, rectify, blend, treat, fortify, mix, process, warehouse 41 or transport in violation of the provisions of this chapter.
- j. "Licensed building." Any building containing licensed premises.
- 43 k. "Licensed premises." Any premises for which a license under this 44 chapter is in force and effect.
- 1. "Magistrate." The Superior Court or municipal court.
- 46 m. "Manufacturer." Any person who, directly or indirectly,

- 1 personally or through any agency whatsoever, engages in the making 2 or other processing whatsoever of alcoholic beverages.
- 3 n. "Municipality." Any city, town, township, village, or borough, 4 including a municipality governed by a board of commissioners or improvement commission, but excluding a county. 5
- o. "Municipal board." The municipal board of alcoholic beverage 6 7 control as established by this chapter.
- 8 p. "Officer." Any sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, police officer, 9 member of the Division of State Police, or any other person having the 10 power to execute a warrant for arrest, or any inspector or investigator of the Division of Alcoholic Beverage Control. 11
- "Original container." Any container in which an alcoholic 12 13 beverage has been delivered to a retail licensee.

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- r. "Person." Any natural person or association of natural persons, association, trust company, partnership, corporation, organization, or the manager, agent, servant, officer, or employee of any of them.
- s. "Premises." The physical place at which a licensee is or may be licensed to conduct and carry on the manufacture, distribution or sale of alcoholic beverages, but not including vehicular transportation.
- t. "Restaurant." An establishment regularly and principally used for the purpose of providing meals to the public, having an adequate kitchen and dining room equipped for the preparing, cooking and serving of food for its customers and in which no other business, except such as is incidental to such establishment, is conducted.
- 25 u. "Retailer." Any person who sells alcoholic beverages to 26 consumers.
- 27 v. "Rules and regulations." The rules and regulations established 28 from time to time by the director.
- 29 w. "Sale." Every delivery of an alcoholic beverage otherwise than 30 by purely gratuitous title, including deliveries from without this State 31 and deliveries by any person without this State intended for shipment 32 by carrier or otherwise into this State and brought within this State, or 33 the solicitation or acceptance of an order for an alcoholic beverage, 34 and including exchange, barter, traffic in, keeping and exposing for sale, serving with meals, delivering for value, peddling, possessing 35 with intent to sell, and the gratuitous delivery or gift of any alcoholic 36 37 beverage by any licensee.
- x. "Unlawful alcoholic beverage activity." The manufacture, sale, distribution, bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing, processing, warehousing or transportation of any alcoholic beverage in violation of this chapter, or the importing, owning, possessing, keeping or storing in this State of alcoholic beverages with intent to manufacture, sell, distribute, bottle, rectify, blend, treat, fortify, mix, 44 process, warehouse or transport alcoholic beverages in violation of this chapter, or the owning, possessing, keeping or storing in this State of any implement or paraphernalia for the manufacture, sale, 46

- 1 distribution, bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing,
- 2 processing, warehousing or transportation of alcoholic beverages with
- 3 intent to use the same in the manufacture, sale, distribution, bottling,
- 4 rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing, processing,
- 5 warehousing or transportation of alcoholic beverages in violation of
- 6 this chapter, or to aid or abet another in the manufacture, sale,
- 7 distribution, bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing,
- 8 processing, warehousing or transportation of alcoholic beverages in
- 9 violation of this chapter, or the aiding or abetting of another in any of
- 10 the foregoing activities.
- 11 y. "Unlawful property." All illicit beverages and all implements,
- 12 vehicles, vessels, airplanes, and paraphernalia for the manufacture,
- 13 sale, distribution, bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying,
- 14 mixing, processing, warehousing or transportation of illicit beverages
- 15 used in the manufacture, sale, distribution, bottling, rectifying,
- blending, treating, fortifying, mixing, processing, warehousing or 16
- 17 transportation of illicit beverages or owned, possessed, kept or stored
- 18 with intent to use the same in the manufacture, sale, distribution,
- 19 bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing, processing,
- 20 warehousing or transportation of illicit beverages, whether such use be
- 21 by the person owning, possessing, keeping, or storing the same, or by
- 22 another with the consent of such person; and all alcoholic beverages,
- 23 fixtures and personal property located in or upon any premises,
- 24 building, yard or inclosure connected with a building, in which an illicit
- 25 beverage is found, possessed, stored or kept.
 - z. "Wholesaler." Any person who sells an alcoholic beverage for the purpose of resale either to a licensed wholesaler or to a licensed
- 28 retailer, or both.

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- 29 aa. "Limousine." A motor vehicle used in the business of carrying
- 30 passengers for hire to provide prearranged passenger transportation at
- 31 a premium fare on a dedicated, nonscheduled, charter basis that is not
- 32 conducted on a regular route, or is furnished without fare as an
- accommodation for a patron in connection with other business 33
- 34 purposes, and with a seating capacity in no event of more than
- 35 14 passengers, not including the driver, provided, that such a motor
- 36 vehicle shall not have a seating capacity in excess of four passengers,
- 37 not including the driver, beyond the maximum passenger seating
- 38 capacity of the vehicle, not including the driver, at the time of
- 39 manufacture. This shall not include taxicabs, hotel or airport shuttles
- 40 and buses, or buses employed solely in transporting schoolchildren or
- teachers to and from school, or vehicles owned and operated without 42 charge or remuneration by a business entity for its own purposes.
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- bb. "Entertainment facility" is a privately-owned facility in which 44 athletic, commercial, cultural, or artistic events are featured.
- 45 Any definition herein contained shall apply to the same word in any
- form. Thus "sell" means to make a "sale" as above defined. 46

S1475 [1R] MATHEUSSEN, ROBERTSON

(cf: P.L.1999, c.356, s.1)

- 6. (New section) a. All occupants of a motor vehicle located on a public highway, or the right-of-way of a public highway, shall be prohibited from possessing any open or unsealed alcoholic beverage container. This subsection shall not apply to a passenger of a charter or special bus operated as defined under R.S.48:4-1 or a limousine service.
- b. A person shall not be deemed to be in possession of an opened or unsealed alcoholic beverage container pursuant to this section if such container is located in the trunk of a motor vehicle, behind the last upright seat in a trunkless vehicle, or in the living quarters of a motor home or house trailer. For the purposes of this section, the term "open or ¹[unsealed"] <u>unsealed alcoholic beverage container</u>" shall mean a container with its original seal broken or a container such as a glass or cup¹, but shall not include a container that has been recorked or recapped¹.
 - c. For a first offense, a person convicted of violating this section shall be fined \$200 and shall be informed by the court of the penalties for a second or subsequent violation of this section. For a second or subsequent offense, a person convicted of violating this section shall be fined \$250 or shall be ordered by the court to perform community service for a period of 10 days in such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances.

7. This act shall take effect immediately, except that sections 1, 2 and 3 of this act shall take effect on September 30, 2000 and shall apply to a conviction of a violation of R.S.39:4-50 committed on or after this date. The Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles may take such anticipatory administrative and regulatory action in advance as shall be necessary to implement the provisions of this act.

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] **SENATE, No. 1475**

with Assembly Floor Amendments (Proposed By Assemblyman DeCROCE)

ADOPTED: JUNE 29, 2000

These amendments make this bill identical to Assembly Bill No. 2605 (1R). The amendments remove language inserted by the Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee to permit an opened container that has been recorked or recapped to be transported in the passenger compartment of a vehicle.

[Second Reprint] SENATE, No. 1475

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 22, 2000

Sponsored by:

Senator JOHN J. MATHEUSSEN
District 4 (Camden and Gloucester)
Senator NORMAN M. ROBERTSON
District 34 (Essex and Passaic)

Co-Sponsored by:

Senator Bucco, Assemblymen DeCroce, Bodine, Augustine, Gusciora, Merkt, Wisniewski and Assemblywoman Previte

SYNOPSIS

Requires ignition interlock device or registration revocation for repeat drunk driving; prohibits possession of unsealed alcoholic beverage in motor vehicle.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As amended by the Assembly on June 29, 2000.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/30/2000)

AN ACT concerning drunk driving, amending R.S.39:4-50, P.L.1995, c.286, P.L.1999, c.417 and R.S.33:1-1, and supplementing chapter 4 of Title 39 of the Revised Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. R.S.39:4-50 is amended to read as follows:
- 39:4-50. (a) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, a person who operates a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug, or operates a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood or permits another person who is under the influence of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug to operate a motor vehicle owned by him or in his custody or control or permits another to operate a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood, shall be subject:
 - (1) For the first offense, to a fine of not less than \$250.00 nor more than \$400.00 and a period of detainment of not less than 12 hours nor more than 48 hours spent during two consecutive days of not less than six hours each day and served as prescribed by the program requirements of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers established under subsection (f) of this section and, in the discretion of the court, a term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days and shall forthwith forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of not less than six months nor more than one year. For a first offense, a person also shall be subject to the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.).
 - (2) For a second violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$500.00 nor more than \$1,000.00, and shall be ordered by the court to perform community service for a period of 30 days, which shall be of such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term of not less than 48 consecutive hours, which shall not be suspended or served on probation, nor more than 90 days, and shall forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of two years upon conviction, and, after the expiration of said period, he may make application to the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles for a license to operate a motor

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Senate SBA committee amendments adopted June 26, 2000.

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Assembly floor amendments adopted June 29, 2000.

- 1 vehicle, which application may be granted at the discretion of the
- 2 director, consistent with subsection (b) of this section. For a second
- 3 <u>violation, a person also shall be required to install an ignition interlock</u>
- 4 <u>device under the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.)</u>
- 5 or shall have his registration certificate and registration plates revoked
- 6 for two years under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 7 (C.39:3-40.1).
- (3) For a third or subsequent violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of \$1,000.00, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term of not less than 180 days, except that the court may lower such term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances and shall thereafter forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for 10 years. For a third or subsequent violation, a person also shall be required to install an ignition interlock device under the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.) or shall have his registration certificate and registration plates revoked for 10 years under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1).

Whenever an operator of a motor vehicle has been involved in an accident resulting in death, bodily injury or property damage, a police officer shall consider that fact along with all other facts and circumstances in determining whether there are reasonable grounds to believe that person was operating a motor vehicle in violation of this section.

A conviction of a violation of a law of a substantially similar nature in another jurisdiction, regardless of whether that jurisdiction is a signatory to the Interstate Driver License Compact pursuant to P.L.1966, c.73 (C.39:5D-1 et seq.), shall constitute a prior conviction under this subsection unless the defendant can demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence that the conviction in the other jurisdiction was based exclusively upon a violation of a proscribed blood alcohol concentration of less than .10%.

If the driving privilege of any person is under revocation or suspension for a violation of any provision of this Title or Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes at the time of any conviction for a violation of this section, the revocation or suspension period imposed shall commence as of the date of termination of the existing revocation or suspension period. In the case of any person who at the time of the imposition of sentence is less than 17 years of age, the forfeiture, suspension or revocation of the driving privilege imposed by the court under this section shall commence immediately, run through the offender's seventeenth birthday and continue from that date for the period set by the court pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (3) of this subsection. A court that imposes a term of imprisonment under this section may sentence the person so convicted to the county jail, to the

- 1 workhouse of the county wherein the offense was committed, to an
- 2 inpatient rehabilitation program or to an Intoxicated Driver Resource
- 3 Center or other facility approved by the chief of the Intoxicated
- 4 Driving Program Unit in the Department of Health and Senior
- 5 Services; provided that for a third or subsequent offense a person shall
- 6 not serve a term of imprisonment at an Intoxicated Driver Resource
- 7 Center as provided in subsection (f).

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8 A person who has been convicted of a previous violation of this 9 section need not be charged as a second or subsequent offender in the 10 complaint made against him in order to render him liable to the 11 punishment imposed by this section on a second or subsequent 12 offender, but if the second offense occurs more than 10 years after the 13 first offense, the court shall treat the second conviction as a first 14 offense for sentencing purposes and if a third offense occurs more than 15 10 years after the second offense, the court shall treat the third conviction as a second offense for sentencing purposes. 16

- (b) A person convicted under this section must satisfy the screening, evaluation, referral, program and fee requirements of the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program Unit, and of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers and a program of alcohol and drug education and highway safety, as prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The sentencing court shall inform the person convicted that failure to satisfy such requirements shall result in a mandatory two-day term of imprisonment in a county jail and a driver license revocation or suspension and continuation of revocation or suspension until such requirements are satisfied, unless stayed by court order in accordance with the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of New Jersey, or R.S.39:5-22. Upon sentencing, the court shall forward to the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program Unit a copy of a person's conviction record. A fee of \$100.00 shall be payable to the Alcohol Education, Rehabilitation and Enforcement Fund established pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1983, c.531 (C.26:2B-32) to support the
- Intoxicated Driving Program Unit. (c) Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall 35 collect forthwith the New Jersey driver's license or licenses of the 36 person so convicted and forward such license or licenses to the 37 38 Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The court shall inform the 39 person convicted that if he is convicted of personally operating a 40 motor vehicle during the period of license suspension imposed 41 pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, he shall, upon conviction, be 42 subject to the penalties established in R.S.39:3-40. The person 43 convicted shall be informed orally and in writing. A person shall be 44 required to acknowledge receipt of that written notice in writing. 45 Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent 46

- 1 charge of a violation of R.S.39:3-40. In the event that a person
- 2 convicted under this section is the holder of any out-of-State driver's
- 3 license, the court shall not collect the license but shall notify forthwith
- 4 the director, who shall, in turn, notify appropriate officials in the
- 5 licensing jurisdiction. The court shall, however, revoke the
- 6 nonresident's driving privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State,
- 7 in accordance with this section. Upon conviction of a violation of this
- 8 section, the court shall notify the person convicted, orally and in
- 9 writing, of the penalties for a second, third or subsequent violation of
- 10 this section. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of that
- 11 written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure
- 12 to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be
- 13 a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of this section.

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- (d) The Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles shall promulgate rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) in order to establish a program of alcohol education and highway safety, as prescribed by this act.
- (e) Any person accused of a violation of this section who is liable to punishment imposed by this section as a second or subsequent offender shall be entitled to the same rights of discovery as allowed defendants pursuant to the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of New Jersey.
- 24 (f) The counties, in cooperation with the Division of Alcoholism 25 and Drug Abuse and the Division of Motor Vehicles, but subject to the 26 approval of the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse, shall 27 designate and establish on a county or regional basis Intoxicated 28 Driver Resource Centers. These centers shall have the capability of 29 serving as community treatment referral centers and as court monitors 30 of a person's compliance with the ordered treatment, service 31 alternative or community service. All centers established pursuant to 32 this subsection shall be administered by a counselor certified by the 33 Alcohol and Drug Counselor Certification Board of New Jersey or 34 other professional with a minimum of five years' experience in the treatment of alcoholism. All centers shall be required to develop 35 36 individualized treatment plans for all persons attending the centers; 37 provided that the duration of any ordered treatment or referral shall 38 not exceed one year. It shall be the center's responsibility to establish 39 networks with the community alcohol and drug education, treatment 40 and rehabilitation resources and to receive monthly reports from the 41 referral agencies regarding a person's participation and compliance 42 with the program. Nothing in this subsection shall bar these centers 43 from developing their own education and treatment programs; 44 provided that they are approved by the Division of Alcoholism and 45 Drug Abuse.

46 Upon a person's failure to report to the initial screening or any

subsequent ordered referral, the Intoxicated Driver Resource Center shall promptly notify the sentencing court of the person's failure to comply.

4 Required detention periods at the Intoxicated Driver Resource 5 Centers shall be determined according to the individual treatment 6 classification assigned by the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit. Upon 7 attendance at an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center, a person shall be 8 required to pay a per diem fee of \$75.00 for the first offender program 9 or a per diem fee of \$100.00 for the second offender program, as 10 appropriate. Any increases in the per diem fees after the first full year 11 shall be determined pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the 12 Commissioner of Health and Senior Services in consultation with the 13 Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse pursuant to the 14 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 15

The centers shall conduct a program of alcohol and drug education and highway safety, as prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles.

The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services shall adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), in order to effectuate the purposes of this subsection.

(g) When a violation of this section occurs while:

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- (1) on any school property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;
- (2) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if the municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school crossing as such; or
- 30 (3) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 31 knowing that juveniles are present if the municipality has not 32 designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution, the 33 convicted person shall: for a first offense, be fined not less than \$500 34 or more than \$800, be imprisoned for not more than 60 days and have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not 35 36 less than one year or more than two years; for a second offense, be 37 fined not less than \$1,000 or more than \$2,000, perform community 38 service for a period of 60 days, be imprisoned for not less than 39 96 consecutive hours, which shall not be suspended or served on 40 probation, nor more than 180 days, except that the court may lower 41 such term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing 42 community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall 43 deem appropriate under the circumstances and have his license to 44 operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not less than four 45 years; and, for a third offense, be fined \$2,000, imprisoned for 180 days and have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for 46

a period of 20 years; the period of license suspension shall commence upon the completion of any prison sentence imposed upon that person.

A map or true copy of a map depicting the location and boundaries of the area on or within 1,000 feet of any property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board produced pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1987, c.101 (C.2C:35-7) may be used in a prosecution under paragraph (1) of this subsection.

It shall not be relevant to the imposition of sentence pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection that the defendant was unaware that the prohibited conduct took place while on or within 1,000 feet of any school property or while driving through a school crossing. Nor shall it be relevant to the imposition of sentence that no juveniles were present on the school property or crossing zone at the time of the offense or that the school was not in session.

[(h) In addition to any penalty or condition imposed by law or regulation, a person who is subject to the provisions of this section shall also be subject to the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.).]

20 (cf: P.L.1999, c.417, s.7)

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- 22 2. Section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1) is amended to read as follows:
- 24 2. a. [The] Any motor vehicle registration certificate and registration plates [of any] shall be revoked if a person [who] is convicted of violating the provisions of:
- 27 (1) subsection a. of R.S.39:3-40 for operating a motor vehicle 28 during a period when that violator's driver's license has been 29 suspended for a violation of R.S.39:4-50 [or]:
 - (2) subsection b. or c. of R.S.39:3-40 for operating a motor vehicle during a period when that violator's driver's license has been suspended within a five-year period [shall be revoked]: or
- 33 (3) R.S.39:4-50 for a second or subsequent offense, if such revocation is ordered by the court as authorized under that section.

This revocation of registration certificate and registration plates shall apply to all passenger automobiles and motorcycles owned or leased by the violator and registered under the provisions of R.S.39:3-4 and all noncommercial trucks owned or leased by the violator and registered under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1968, c.439 (C.39:3-8.1), including those passenger automobiles, motorcycles and noncommercial trucks registered or leased jointly in the name of the violator and the other owner of record.

b. At the time of conviction, the court shall notify each violator that the person's passenger automobile, motorcycle, and noncommercial truck registrations are revoked. Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S.39:5-35, the violator shall surrender the registration

1 certificate and registration plates of all passenger automobiles, 2 motorcycles, and noncommercial truck registrations subject to 3 revocation under the provisions of this section within 48 hours of the 4 court's notice. The surrender shall be at a place and in a manner prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles pursuant 5 6 to rule and regulation. The court also shall notify the violator that a failure to surrender that vehicle registration certificate and registration 7 8 plates shall result in the impoundment of the vehicle in accordance 9 with the provisions of section 4 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.3) and 10 the seizure of said registration certificate and registration plates. The 11 revocation authorized under the provisions of this subsection shall 12 remain in effect for the period during which the violator's license to 13 operate a motor vehicle is suspended and shall be enforced so as to 14 prohibit the violator from registering or leasing any other vehicle, 15 however acquired, during that period.

c. If the violator subject to the penalties set forth in subsections a. 16 17 and b. of this section for conviction of violating the provisions of 18 R.S.39:3-40 was operating a motor vehicle owned or leased by 19 another person and that other owner or lessee permitted [said] that 20 operation with knowledge that the violator's driver's license was 21 suspended, the court shall suspend the person's license to operate a 22 motor vehicle and revoke the registration certificate and registration 23 plates for that vehicle for a period of not more than six months. 24 Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S.39:3-35, the owner or lessee 25 shall surrender the registration certificate and registration plates of that vehicle within 48 hours of the court's notice of revocation. The 26 27 surrender shall be at a place and in a manner prescribed by the 28 Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles pursuant to rule and 29 regulation. The court also shall notify the owner or lessee that a 30 failure to surrender the revoked registration certificate and registration 31 plates shall result in the impoundment of the vehicle in accordance 32 with the provisions of section 4 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.3) and 33 the seizure of said registration certificate and registration plates. 34 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to limit the court from 35 finding that owner or lessee guilty of violating R.S.39:3-39 or any 36 other such statute concerning the operation of a motor vehicle by an 37 unlicensed driver.

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(cf: P.L.1995, c.286, s.2)

as follows:

- 40 3. Section 3 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.2) is amended to read
- 3. a. The director may issue a temporary registration certificate and temporary registration plates for a motor vehicle for which the registration certificate and registration plates have been revoked under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1) if:
 - (1) the name of the applicant for the temporary registration

appeared upon the revoked registration certificate as a joint owner or
 joint lessee of the motor vehicle; or

(2) the applicant for the temporary registration is the spouse, child, dependent, parent or legal guardian of the violator or owner and certifies, in a manner prescribed by the director, that the operation of the motor vehicle is necessary for specified employment, educational, health or medical purposes.

The application shall be in a manner and form prescribed by the director. The application also shall include a signed certification that the applicant shall not knowingly permit the violator to operate the motor vehicle until the violator's license and driving privileges have been restored by the director and that any violation of this provision shall result in the revocation of the temporary registration issued for the motor vehicle under the provisions of this section, that the motor vehicle shall be ineligible for the temporary registration authorized under this act, and that the motor vehicle may be impounded in accordance with the provisions of section 4 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.3) and the temporary registration certificate and temporary registration plates seized.

- b. The director shall issue a temporary registration certificate and temporary registration plates for a motor vehicle registered under the provisions of this section. As prescribed by the director, the temporary registration plates shall bear a special series of numbers or letters so as to be readily identifiable by law enforcement officers.
- c. The director may issue a new registration to a lessor of a vehicle for which the registration has been revoked pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1) provided that the vehicle is not leased to the same lessee.
- d. The temporary registration authorized under this section shall expire and become void on the last day of the sixth month following the calendar month in which it was issued. All such temporary registrations may be renewed, upon application, by the director.

The fee schedule for the temporary registration authorized under this section shall be prescribed by the director. The schedule may provide for differing fees based upon the manufacturer's shipping weight and the model year of the motor vehicle; provided, however, that no such temporary registration fee shall exceed \$75. The registrant also shall pay a non-recurring \$25 fee for the temporary registration plates issued by the director.

(cf: P.L.1995, c.286, s.3)

4. Section 8 of P.L.1999, c.417 is amended to read as follows:

8. The provisions of this act shall take effect [upon the implementation of P.L.1999, c.28] on January 1, 2001, but shall apply to convictions for violations of R.S.39:4-50 committed on or after

- 1 September 30, 2000.
- 2 (cf: P.L.1999, c.417, s.8)

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33 34 5. R.S.33:1-1 is amended to read as follows:

mixture of the same, and fruit juices.

- 5 33:1-1. For the purpose of this chapter, the following words and 6 terms shall be deemed to have the meanings herein given to them:
- 7 a. "Alcohol." Ethyl alcohol, hydrated oxide of ethyl or neutral 8 spirits from whatever source or by whatever process produced.
- 9 b. "Alcoholic beverage." Any fluid or solid capable of being 10 converted into a fluid, suitable for human consumption, and having an alcohol content of more than one-half of one per centum (1/2 of 1%) 11 12 by volume, including alcohol, beer, lager beer, ale, porter, naturally 13 fermented wine, treated wine, blended wine, fortified wine, sparkling wine, distilled liquors, blended distilled liquors and any brewed, 14 15 fermented or distilled liquors fit for use for beverage purposes or any
 - c. "Building." A structure of which licensed premises are or may be a part, including all rooms, cellars, outbuildings, passageways, closets, vaults, yards, attics, and every part of the structure of which the licensed premises are a part, and of any other structure to which there is a common means of access, and any other appurtenances.
- 22 d. "Commissioner." The Director of the Division of Alcoholic 23 Beverage Control.
 - e. "Container." Any glass, can, bottle, vessel or receptacle of any material whatsoever used for holding alcoholic beverages, which container is covered, corked or sealed in any manner whatsoever.
 - f. "Eligible." The status of a person who is a citizen of the United States, a resident of this State, of good moral character and repute, and of legal age.
 - g. "Governing board or body." The board or body which governs a municipality, including a board of aldermen in municipalities so governed; but in every municipality having a board of public works which exercises general licensing powers such board shall be considered as the governing board or body.
- h. "Importing." The act of bringing or causing to be brought any 35 alcoholic beverage into this State. 36
- "Illicit beverage." Any alcoholic beverage manufactured, 37 38 distributed, bought, sold, bottled, rectified, blended, treated, fortified, 39 mixed, processed, warehoused, possessed or transported in violation 40 of this chapter, or on which any federal tax or tax imposed by the laws 41 of this State has not been paid; and any alcoholic beverage possessed, 42 kept, stored, owned or imported with intent to manufacture, sell, distribute, bottle, rectify, blend, treat, fortify, mix, process, warehouse
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- 44 or transport in violation of the provisions of this chapter.
- 45 j. "Licensed building." Any building containing licensed premises.
- 46 k. "Licensed premises." Any premises for which a license under this

1 chapter is in force and effect.

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- 1. "Magistrate." The Superior Court or municipal court.
- m. "Manufacturer." Any person who, directly or indirectly, personally or through any agency whatsoever, engages in the making
- 5 or other processing whatsoever of alcoholic beverages.
- 6 n. "Municipality." Any city, town, township, village, or borough, 7 including a municipality governed by a board of commissioners or 8 improvement commission, but excluding a county.
- 9 o. "Municipal board." The municipal board of alcoholic beverage control as established by this chapter.
- p. "Officer." Any sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, police officer, member of the Division of State Police, or any other person having the power to execute a warrant for arrest, or any inspector or investigator of the Division of Alcoholic Beverage Control.
- q. "Original container." Any container in which an alcoholic beverage has been delivered to a retail licensee.
- r. "Person." Any natural person or association of natural persons, association, trust company, partnership, corporation, organization, or the manager, agent, servant, officer, or employee of any of them.
 - s. "Premises." The physical place at which a licensee is or may be licensed to conduct and carry on the manufacture, distribution or sale of alcoholic beverages, but not including vehicular transportation.
 - t. "Restaurant." An establishment regularly and principally used for the purpose of providing meals to the public, having an adequate kitchen and dining room equipped for the preparing, cooking and serving of food for its customers and in which no other business, except such as is incidental to such establishment, is conducted.
- u. "Retailer." Any person who sells alcoholic beverages to consumers.
- v. "Rules and regulations." The rules and regulations established from time to time by the director.
- w. "Sale." Every delivery of an alcoholic beverage otherwise than by purely gratuitous title, including deliveries from without this State
- and deliveries by any person without this State intended for shipment
- 35 by carrier or otherwise into this State and brought within this State, or
- the solicitation or acceptance of an order for an alcoholic beverage,and including exchange, barter, traffic in, keeping and exposing for
- 38 sale, serving with meals, delivering for value, peddling, possessing
- 39 with intent to sell, and the gratuitous delivery or gift of any alcoholic
- 40 beverage by any licensee.
- 41 x. "Unlawful alcoholic beverage activity." The manufacture, sale,
- 42 distribution, bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing,
- 43 processing, warehousing or transportation of any alcoholic beverage
- 44 in violation of this chapter, or the importing, owning, possessing,
- 45 keeping or storing in this State of alcoholic beverages with intent to
- 46 manufacture, sell, distribute, bottle, rectify, blend, treat, fortify, mix,

- 1 process, warehouse or transport alcoholic beverages in violation of
- 2 this chapter, or the owning, possessing, keeping or storing in this State
- 3 of any implement or paraphernalia for the manufacture, sale,
- 4 distribution, bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing,
- 5 processing, warehousing or transportation of alcoholic beverages with
- 6 intent to use the same in the manufacture, sale, distribution, bottling,
- 7 rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing, processing,
- 8 warehousing or transportation of alcoholic beverages in violation of
- 9 this chapter, or to aid or abet another in the manufacture, sale,
- 10 distribution, bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing,
- 11 processing, warehousing or transportation of alcoholic beverages in
- 12 violation of this chapter, or the aiding or abetting of another in any of
- 13 the foregoing activities.
- 14 y. "Unlawful property." All illicit beverages and all implements,
- 15 vehicles, vessels, airplanes, and paraphernalia for the manufacture,
- sale, distribution, bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying,
- 17 mixing, processing, warehousing or transportation of illicit beverages
- 18 used in the manufacture, sale, distribution, bottling, rectifying,
- 19 blending, treating, fortifying, mixing, processing, warehousing or
- 20 transportation of illicit beverages or owned, possessed, kept or stored
- 21 with intent to use the same in the manufacture, sale, distribution,
- bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing, processing,
- 23 warehousing or transportation of illicit beverages, whether such use be
- by the person owning, possessing, keeping, or storing the same, or by another with the consent of such person; and all alcoholic beverages,
- another with the consent of such person; and all alcoholic beverages, fixtures and personal property located in or upon any premises,
- building, yard or inclosure connected with a building, in which an illicit
- 28 beverage is found, possessed, stored or kept.
- z. "Wholesaler." Any person who sells an alcoholic beverage for
- 30 the purpose of resale either to a licensed wholesaler or to a licensed
- 31 retailer, or both.

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- aa. "Limousine." A motor vehicle used in the business of carrying
- passengers for hire to provide prearranged passenger transportation at
- 34 a premium fare on a dedicated, nonscheduled, charter basis that is not
- 35 conducted on a regular route, or is furnished without fare as an
- 36 <u>accommodation for a patron in connection with other business</u>
- 37 <u>purposes</u>, and with a seating capacity in no event of more than
- 38 14 passengers, not including the driver, provided, that such a motor

vehicle shall not have a seating capacity in excess of four passengers,

- 40 not including the driver, beyond the maximum passenger seating
- 41 capacity of the vehicle, not including the driver, at the time of
- 42 manufacture. This shall not include taxicabs, hotel or airport shuttles
- and buses, or buses employed solely in transporting schoolchildren or
- 44 teachers to and from school, or vehicles owned and operated without
- 45 charge or remuneration by a business entity for its own purposes.
- bb. "Entertainment facility" is a privately-owned facility in which

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1 athletic, commercial, cultural, or artistic events are featured.

Any definition herein contained shall apply to the same word in any form. Thus "sell" means to make a "sale" as above defined.

(cf: P.L.1999, c.356, s.1)

- 6. (New section) a. All occupants of a motor vehicle located on a public highway, or the right-of-way of a public highway, shall be prohibited from possessing any open or unsealed alcoholic beverage container. This subsection shall not apply to a passenger of a charter or special bus operated as defined under R.S.48:4-1 or a limousine service.
- b. A person shall not be deemed to be in possession of an opened or unsealed alcoholic beverage container pursuant to this section if such container is located in the trunk of a motor vehicle, behind the last upright seat in a trunkless vehicle, or in the living quarters of a motor home or house trailer. For the purposes of this section, the term "open or "[unsealed"] "[unsealed alcoholic beverage container"] unsealed" shall mean a container with its original seal broken or a container such as a glass or cup "[1] but shall not include a container that has been recorked or recapped 1].
- c. For a first offense, a person convicted of violating this section shall be fined \$200 and shall be informed by the court of the penalties for a second or subsequent violation of this section. For a second or subsequent offense, a person convicted of violating this section shall be fined \$250 or shall be ordered by the court to perform community service for a period of 10 days in such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances.

7. This act shall take effect immediately, except that sections 1, 2 and 3 of this act shall take effect on September 30, 2000 and shall apply to a conviction of a violation of R.S.39:4-50 committed on or after this date. The Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles may take such anticipatory administrative and regulatory action in advance as shall be necessary to implement the provisions of this act.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE SENATE, No. 1475 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

DATED: JULY 12, 2000

SUMMARY

Synopsis: Requires ignition interlock device or registration revocation for repeat

drunk driving; prohibits possession of unsealed alcoholic beverage in

motor vehicle.

Type of Impact: Potential increase in operating expenses to administer court imposed

penalties on drivers convicted of drunk driving offenses.

Agencies Affected: Department of Transportation; Judiciary

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 2</u>	Year 3
State Cost	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown
State Revenue	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown

- ! Bill conforms State law regarding drunk driving offenses with federal requirements.
- ! Requires that persons convicted of repeat drunk driving offenses have ignition interlock device installed on their motor vehicle or have their registration privileges revoked.
- ! Before restoring individual's driver license which has been revoked because of drunk driving offense, ignition interlock device must be installed on individual's motor vehicle.
- ! Prohibits possession of open or unsealed alcoholic beverage container in passenger area of motor vehicles located on public highways; however, passengers using a charter bus or limousine service would be exempted. Persons convicted of violating this prohibition would be fined \$200 for a first offense; subsequent convictions would require a fine of \$250 or 10 days of community service.

BILL DESCRIPTION

Senate Bill No. 1475 of 2000 is intended to bring the State's laws regarding drunk driving offenses into compliance with federal requirements. As part of this compliance, persons convicted of repeat drunk driving offenses would be required to have an ignition interlock device installed on their motor vehicle or have their registration privileges revoked. In addition, an



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individual whose driver's license was revoked because of a drunk driving conviction would be required to have an ignition interlock device installed on the individual's motor vehicle before the driver's license can be restored.

The bill also prohibits possession of an open or unsealed alcoholic beverage container in the passenger area of a motor vehicle located on public highways; however, this restriction would not apply to passengers using a charter bus or limousine service. Persons convicted of violating this restriction would be fined \$200 for a first offense; subsequent convictions would require a fine of \$250 or 10 days of community service.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) notes that this bill is required to conform State law with federal requirements. However, OLS has informally discussed the fiscal impact of this bill with the Department of Transportation (DOT). Although the department administers the current provisions regarding persons convicted of drunk driving, the certification and audit of persons installing ignition interlock devices, and the approval of such devices would be new responsibilities. While it is estimated that there are about 23,000 drunk driving convictions each year, of which 20 to 25 percent are repeat offenders, the DOT could not estimate the number of ignition interlock devices that the court would require to be installed. Until actual experience is gained with the implementation of the new restrictions, DOT could not estimate if the additional responsibilities could be absorbed within the existing work force or if additional personnel would be needed.

Regarding the fines imposed for possessing open or unsealed beverage containers in passenger areas of motor vehicles, there is no estimate of State revenues.

Section: Authorities, Utilities, Transportation and Communications

Analyst: Rusty Lachenauer

Lead Fiscal Analyst

Approved: Alan R. Kooney

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67.

PL. 2000, CHAPTER 83, approved August 14, 2000 Senate, No. 1475 (Second Reprint)

AN ACT concerning drunk driving, amending R.S.39:4-50, P.L.1995, c.286, P.L.1999, c.417 and R.S.33:1-1, and supplementing chapter

3 4 of Title 39 of the Revised Statutes.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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1. R.S.39:4-50 is amended to read as follows:

9 39:4-50. (a) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, 10 a person who operates a motor vehicle while under the influence of 11 intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug, or operates a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of 12 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood or 13 14 permits another person who is under the influence of intoxicating 15 liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug to operate a 16 motor vehicle owned by him or in his custody or control or permits 17 another to operate a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood, shall 18 19 be subject:

- (1) For the first offense, to a fine of not less than \$250.00 nor more than \$400.00 and a period of detainment of not less than 12 hours nor more than 48 hours spent during two consecutive days of not less than six hours each day and served as prescribed by the program requirements of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers established under subsection (f) of this section and, in the discretion of the court, a term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days and shall forthwith forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of not less than six months nor more than one year. For a first offense, a person also shall be subject to the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.).
- (2) For a second violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$500.00 nor more than \$1,000.00, and shall be ordered by the court to perform community service for a period of 30 days, which shall be of such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term of not less than 48 consecutive hours, which shall not be suspended or served on probation, nor more than 90 days,

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Senate SBA committee amendments adopted June 26, 2000.

 $^{^{2}}$ Assembly floor amendments adopted June 29, 2000.

and shall forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways

- 2 of this State for a period of two years upon conviction, and, after the
- 3 expiration of said period, he may make application to the Director of
- 4 the Division of Motor Vehicles for a license to operate a motor
- 5 vehicle, which application may be granted at the discretion of the
- 6 director, consistent with subsection (b) of this section. For a second
- 7 <u>violation, a person also shall be required to install an ignition interlock</u>
- 8 <u>device under the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.)</u>
- 9 or shall have his registration certificate and registration plates revoked
- 10 for two years under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286
- 11 (C.39:3-40.1).

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12 (3) For a third or subsequent violation, a person shall be subject to 13 a fine of \$1,000.00, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term 14 of not less than 180 days, except that the court may lower such term 15 for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall deem 16 17 appropriate under the circumstances and shall thereafter forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for 10 18 19 years. For a third or subsequent violation, a person also shall be 20 required to install an ignition interlock device under the provisions of 21 P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.) or shall have his registration 22 certificate and registration plates revoked for 10 years under the 23 provisions of section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1).

Whenever an operator of a motor vehicle has been involved in an accident resulting in death, bodily injury or property damage, a police officer shall consider that fact along with all other facts and circumstances in determining whether there are reasonable grounds to believe that person was operating a motor vehicle in violation of this section.

A conviction of a violation of a law of a substantially similar nature in another jurisdiction, regardless of whether that jurisdiction is a signatory to the Interstate Driver License Compact pursuant to P.L.1966, c.73 (C.39:5D-1 et seq.), shall constitute a prior conviction under this subsection unless the defendant can demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence that the conviction in the other jurisdiction was based exclusively upon a violation of a proscribed blood alcohol concentration of less than .10%.

If the driving privilege of any person is under revocation or suspension for a violation of any provision of this Title or Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes at the time of any conviction for a violation of this section, the revocation or suspension period imposed shall commence as of the date of termination of the existing revocation or suspension period. In the case of any person who at the time of the imposition of sentence is less than 17 years of age, the forfeiture, suspension or revocation of the driving privilege imposed by the court under this section shall commence immediately, run through the

1 offender's seventeenth birthday and continue from that date for the

2 period set by the court pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (3) of this

3 subsection. A court that imposes a term of imprisonment under this

4 section may sentence the person so convicted to the county jail, to the

5 workhouse of the county wherein the offense was committed, to an

6 inpatient rehabilitation program or to an Intoxicated Driver Resource 7 Center or other facility approved by the chief of the Intoxicated

8 Driving Program Unit in the Department of Health and Senior

Services; provided that for a third or subsequent offense a person shall

not serve a term of imprisonment at an Intoxicated Driver Resource

11 Center as provided in subsection (f).

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A person who has been convicted of a previous violation of this section need not be charged as a second or subsequent offender in the complaint made against him in order to render him liable to the punishment imposed by this section on a second or subsequent offender, but if the second offense occurs more than 10 years after the first offense, the court shall treat the second conviction as a first offense for sentencing purposes and if a third offense occurs more than 10 years after the second offense, the court shall treat the third conviction as a second offense for sentencing purposes.

- 21 (b) A person convicted under this section must satisfy the 22 screening, evaluation, referral, program and fee requirements of the 23 Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program Unit, and of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers and a program 24 25 of alcohol and drug education and highway safety, as prescribed by the 26 Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The sentencing court shall 27 inform the person convicted that failure to satisfy such requirements 28 shall result in a mandatory two-day term of imprisonment in a county 29 jail and a driver license revocation or suspension and continuation of 30 revocation or suspension until such requirements are satisfied, unless 31 stayed by court order in accordance with the Rules Governing the 32 Courts of the State of New Jersey, or R.S.39:5-22. Upon sentencing, 33 the court shall forward to the Division of Alcoholism and Drug 34 Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program Unit a copy of a person's 35 conviction record. A fee of \$100.00 shall be payable to the Alcohol Education, Rehabilitation and Enforcement Fund established pursuant 36 37 to section 3 of P.L.1983, c.531 (C.26:2B-32) to support the 38 Intoxicated Driving Program Unit.
 - (c) Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall collect forthwith the New Jersey driver's license or licenses of the person so convicted and forward such license or licenses to the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The court shall inform the person convicted that if he is convicted of personally operating a motor vehicle during the period of license suspension imposed pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, he shall, upon conviction, be subject to the penalties established in R.S.39:3-40. The person

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1 convicted shall be informed orally and in writing. A person shall be 2 required to acknowledge receipt of that written notice in writing. 3 Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing 4 the receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent 5 charge of a violation of R.S.39:3-40. In the event that a person convicted under this section is the holder of any out-of-State driver's 6 7 license, the court shall not collect the license but shall notify forthwith 8 the director, who shall, in turn, notify appropriate officials in the 9 licensing jurisdiction. The court shall, however, revoke the 10 nonresident's driving privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State, 11 in accordance with this section. Upon conviction of a violation of this 12 section, the court shall notify the person convicted, orally and in 13 writing, of the penalties for a second, third or subsequent violation of 14 this section. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of that 15 written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be 16 17 a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of this section.

(d) The Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles shall promulgate rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) in order to establish a program of alcohol education and highway safety, as prescribed by this act.

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- (e) Any person accused of a violation of this section who is liable to punishment imposed by this section as a second or subsequent offender shall be entitled to the same rights of discovery as allowed defendants pursuant to the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of New Jersey.
- 28 (f) The counties, in cooperation with the Division of Alcoholism 29 and Drug Abuse and the Division of Motor Vehicles, but subject to the 30 approval of the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse, shall 31 designate and establish on a county or regional basis Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers. These centers shall have the capability of 32 33 serving as community treatment referral centers and as court monitors 34 of a person's compliance with the ordered treatment, service alternative or community service. All centers established pursuant to 35 this subsection shall be administered by a counselor certified by the 36 37 Alcohol and Drug Counselor Certification Board of New Jersey or 38 other professional with a minimum of five years' experience in the 39 treatment of alcoholism. All centers shall be required to develop 40 individualized treatment plans for all persons attending the centers; 41 provided that the duration of any ordered treatment or referral shall not exceed one year. It shall be the center's responsibility to establish 42 43 networks with the community alcohol and drug education, treatment 44 and rehabilitation resources and to receive monthly reports from the 45 referral agencies regarding a person's participation and compliance 46 with the program. Nothing in this subsection shall bar these centers

1 from developing their own education and treatment programs;

2 provided that they are approved by the Division of Alcoholism and

3 Drug Abuse.

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Upon a person's failure to report to the initial screening or any subsequent ordered referral, the Intoxicated Driver Resource Center shall promptly notify the sentencing court of the person's failure to comply.

8 Required detention periods at the Intoxicated Driver Resource 9 Centers shall be determined according to the individual treatment 10 classification assigned by the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit. Upon 11 attendance at an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center, a person shall be 12 required to pay a per diem fee of \$75.00 for the first offender program 13 or a per diem fee of \$100.00 for the second offender program, as 14 appropriate. Any increases in the per diem fees after the first full year shall be determined pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the 15 Commissioner of Health and Senior Services in consultation with the 16 17 Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 18 19 seq.).

The centers shall conduct a program of alcohol and drug education and highway safety, as prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles.

The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services shall adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), in order to effectuate the purposes of this subsection.

- (g) When a violation of this section occurs while:
- (1) on any school property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;
- (2) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if the municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school crossing as such; or
- 34 (3) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 35 knowing that juveniles are present if the municipality has not designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution, the 36 37 convicted person shall: for a first offense, be fined not less than \$500 38 or more than \$800, be imprisoned for not more than 60 days and have 39 his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not 40 less than one year or more than two years; for a second offense, be 41 fined not less than \$1,000 or more than \$2,000, perform community service for a period of 60 days, be imprisoned for not less than 42 43 96 consecutive hours, which shall not be suspended or served on 44 probation, nor more than 180 days, except that the court may lower 45 such term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing 46 community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall

deem appropriate under the circumstances and have his license to 1 2 operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not less than four 3 years; and, for a third offense, be fined \$2,000, imprisoned for 4 180 days and have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for

5 a period of 20 years; the period of license suspension shall commence upon the completion of any prison sentence imposed upon that person. 6

A map or true copy of a map depicting the location and boundaries 8 of the area on or within 1,000 feet of any property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary 10 school or school board produced pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1987, c.101 (C.2C:35-7) may be used in a prosecution under paragraph (1)

13 It shall not be relevant to the imposition of sentence pursuant to 14 paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection that the defendant was unaware 15 that the prohibited conduct took place while on or within 1,000 feet of any school property or while driving through a school crossing. 16 17 Nor shall it be relevant to the imposition of sentence that no juveniles were present on the school property or crossing zone at the time of the 18

offense or that the school was not in session.

[(h) In addition to any penalty or condition imposed by law or regulation, a person who is subject to the provisions of this section shall also be subject to the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.).]

(cf: P.L.1999, c.417, s.7)

of this subsection.

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- 26 2. Section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1) is amended to read 27 as follows:
- [The] Any motor vehicle registration certificate and 28 2. a. 29 registration plates [of any] shall be revoked if a person [who] is convicted of violating the provisions of: 30
 - (1) subsection a. of R.S.39:3-40 for operating a motor vehicle during a period when that violator's driver's license has been suspended for a violation of R.S.39:4-50 [or]:
- 34 (2) subsection b. or c. of R.S.39:3-40 for operating a motor vehicle 35 during a period when that violator's driver's license has been suspended within a five-year period [shall be revoked]; or 36
- 37 (3) R.S.39:4-50 for a second or subsequent offense, if such 38 revocation is ordered by the court as authorized under that section.

39 This revocation of registration certificate and registration plates 40 shall apply to all passenger automobiles and motorcycles owned or leased by the violator and registered under the provisions of 41 42 R.S.39:3-4 and all noncommercial trucks owned or leased by the 43 violator and registered under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1968, 44 (C.39:3-8.1), including those passenger automobiles, 45 motorcycles and noncommercial trucks registered or leased jointly in

46 the name of the violator and the other owner of record.

1 b. At the time of conviction, the court shall notify each violator 2 that the person's passenger automobile, motorcycle, 3 noncommercial truck registrations are revoked. Notwithstanding the 4 provisions of R.S.39:5-35, the violator shall surrender the registration 5 certificate and registration plates of all passenger automobiles, motorcycles, and noncommercial truck registrations subject to 6 7 revocation under the provisions of this section within 48 hours of the 8 court's notice. The surrender shall be at a place and in a manner 9 prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles pursuant 10 to rule and regulation. The court also shall notify the violator that a 11 failure to surrender that vehicle registration certificate and registration 12 plates shall result in the impoundment of the vehicle in accordance 13 with the provisions of section 4 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.3) and 14 the seizure of said registration certificate and registration plates. The 15 revocation authorized under the provisions of this subsection shall remain in effect for the period during which the violator's license to 16 17 operate a motor vehicle is suspended and shall be enforced so as to prohibit the violator from registering or leasing any other vehicle, 18 19 however acquired, during that period.

20 c. If the violator subject to the penalties set forth in subsections a. 21 and b. of this section for conviction of violating the provisions of 22 R.S.39:3-40 was operating a motor vehicle owned or leased by 23 another person and that other owner or lessee permitted [said] that 24 operation with knowledge that the violator's driver's license was 25 suspended, the court shall suspend the person's license to operate a 26 motor vehicle and revoke the registration certificate and registration plates for that vehicle for a period of not more than six months. 27 Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S.39:3-35, the owner or lessee 28 29 shall surrender the registration certificate and registration plates of that vehicle within 48 hours of the court's notice of revocation. The 30 surrender shall be at a place and in a manner prescribed by the 31 32 Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles pursuant to rule and 33 regulation. The court also shall notify the owner or lessee that a 34 failure to surrender the revoked registration certificate and registration 35 plates shall result in the impoundment of the vehicle in accordance with the provisions of section 4 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.3) and 36 37 the seizure of said registration certificate and registration plates. 38 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to limit the court from 39 finding that owner or lessee guilty of violating R.S.39:3-39 or any 40 other such statute concerning the operation of a motor vehicle by an 41 unlicensed driver.

42 (cf: P.L.1995, c.286, s.2)

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3. Section 3 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.2) is amended to read as follows:

3. a. The director may issue a temporary registration certificate

and temporary registration plates for a motor vehicle for which the registration certificate and registration plates have been revoked under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1) if:

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- (1) the name of the applicant for the temporary registration appeared upon the revoked registration certificate as a joint owner <u>or joint lessee</u> of the motor vehicle; or
- 7 (2) the applicant for the temporary registration is the spouse, child, 8 dependent, parent or legal guardian of the violator or owner and 9 certifies, in a manner prescribed by the director, that the operation of 10 the motor vehicle is necessary for specified employment, educational, 11 health or medical purposes.

The application shall be in a manner and form prescribed by the director. The application also shall include a signed certification that the applicant shall not knowingly permit the violator to operate the motor vehicle until the violator's license and driving privileges have been restored by the director and that any violation of this provision shall result in the revocation of the temporary registration issued for the motor vehicle under the provisions of this section, that the motor vehicle shall be ineligible for the temporary registration authorized under this act, and that the motor vehicle may be impounded in accordance with the provisions of section 4 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.3) and the temporary registration certificate and temporary registration plates seized.

- b. The director shall issue a temporary registration certificate and temporary registration plates for a motor vehicle registered under the provisions of this section. As prescribed by the director, the temporary registration plates shall bear a special series of numbers or letters so as to be readily identifiable by law enforcement officers.
- c. The director may issue a new registration to a lessor of a vehicle for which the registration has been revoked pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1) provided that the vehicle is not leased to the same lessee.
 - d. The temporary registration authorized under this section shall expire and become void on the last day of the sixth month following the calendar month in which it was issued. All such temporary registrations may be renewed, upon application, by the director.

The fee schedule for the temporary registration authorized under this section shall be prescribed by the director. The schedule may provide for differing fees based upon the manufacturer's shipping weight and the model year of the motor vehicle; provided, however, that no such temporary registration fee shall exceed \$75. The registrant also shall pay a non-recurring \$25 fee for the temporary registration plates issued by the director.

44 (cf: P.L.1995, c.286, s.3)

- 4. Section 8 of P.L.1999, c.417 is amended to read as follows:
- 2 8. The provisions of this act shall take effect [upon the
- 3 implementation of P.L.1999, c.28] on January 1, 2001, but shall apply
- 4 to convictions for violations of R.S.39:4-50 committed on or after
- 5 September 30, 2000.
- 6 (cf: P.L.1999, c.417, s.8)

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- 8 5. R.S.33:1-1 is amended to read as follows:
- 9 33:1-1. For the purpose of this chapter, the following words and terms shall be deemed to have the meanings herein given to them:
 - a. "Alcohol." Ethyl alcohol, hydrated oxide of ethyl or neutral spirits from whatever source or by whatever process produced.

converted into a fluid, suitable for human consumption, and having an

- spirits from whatever source or by whatever process produced.
 b. "Alcoholic beverage." Any fluid or solid capable of being
- alcohol content of more than one-half of one per centum (1/2 of 1%)
- by volume, including alcohol, beer, lager beer, ale, porter, naturally
- 17 fermented wine, treated wine, blended wine, fortified wine, sparkling
- wine, distilled liquors, blended distilled liquors and any brewed,
- 19 fermented or distilled liquors fit for use for beverage purposes or any
- 20 mixture of the same, and fruit juices.
- 21 c. "Building." A structure of which licensed premises are or may
- 22 be a part, including all rooms, cellars, outbuildings, passageways,
- 23 closets, vaults, yards, attics, and every part of the structure of which
- 24 the licensed premises are a part, and of any other structure to which
- 25 there is a common means of access, and any other appurtenances.
- d. "Commissioner." The Director of the Division of AlcoholicBeverage Control.
- e. "Container." Any glass, can, bottle, vessel or receptacle of any material whatsoever used for holding alcoholic beverages, which
- 30 container is covered, corked or sealed in any manner whatsoever.
- f. "Eligible." The status of a person who is a citizen of the United
- 32 States, a resident of this State, of good moral character and repute,
- and of legal age.
- g. "Governing board or body." The board or body which governs
- 35 a municipality, including a board of aldermen in municipalities so
- 36 governed; but in every municipality having a board of public works
- 37 which exercises general licensing powers such board shall be
- 38 considered as the governing board or body.
- h. "Importing." The act of bringing or causing to be brought any alcoholic beverage into this State.
- i. "Illicit beverage." Any alcoholic beverage manufactured,
- 42 distributed, bought, sold, bottled, rectified, blended, treated, fortified,
- 43 mixed, processed, warehoused, possessed or transported in violation
- of this chapter, or on which any federal tax or tax imposed by the laws
- 45 of this State has not been paid; and any alcoholic beverage possessed,
- 46 kept, stored, owned or imported with intent to manufacture, sell,

- distribute, bottle, rectify, blend, treat, fortify, mix, process, warehouse or transport in violation of the provisions of this chapter.
- j. "Licensed building." Any building containing licensed premises.
- 4 k. "Licensed premises." Any premises for which a license under this 5 chapter is in force and effect.
 - 1. "Magistrate." The Superior Court or municipal court.

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- m. "Manufacturer." Any person who, directly or indirectly, personally or through any agency whatsoever, engages in the making or other processing whatsoever of alcoholic beverages.
- n. "Municipality." Any city, town, township, village, or borough, including a municipality governed by a board of commissioners or improvement commission, but excluding a county.
- o. "Municipal board." The municipal board of alcoholic beverage control as established by this chapter.
- p. "Officer." Any sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, police officer, member of the Division of State Police, or any other person having the power to execute a warrant for arrest, or any inspector or investigator of the Division of Alcoholic Beverage Control.
- q. "Original container." Any container in which an alcoholic beverage has been delivered to a retail licensee.
 - r. "Person." Any natural person or association of natural persons, association, trust company, partnership, corporation, organization, or the manager, agent, servant, officer, or employee of any of them.
 - s. "Premises." The physical place at which a licensee is or may be licensed to conduct and carry on the manufacture, distribution or sale of alcoholic beverages, but not including vehicular transportation.
- t. "Restaurant." An establishment regularly and principally used for the purpose of providing meals to the public, having an adequate kitchen and dining room equipped for the preparing, cooking and serving of food for its customers and in which no other business, except such as is incidental to such establishment, is conducted.
- 32 u. "Retailer." Any person who sells alcoholic beverages to 33 consumers.
- v. "Rules and regulations." The rules and regulations established from time to time by the director.
- w. "Sale." Every delivery of an alcoholic beverage otherwise than 36 37 by purely gratuitous title, including deliveries from without this State 38 and deliveries by any person without this State intended for shipment 39 by carrier or otherwise into this State and brought within this State, or 40 the solicitation or acceptance of an order for an alcoholic beverage, 41 and including exchange, barter, traffic in, keeping and exposing for sale, serving with meals, delivering for value, peddling, possessing 42 with intent to sell, and the gratuitous delivery or gift of any alcoholic 43 44 beverage by any licensee.
- 45 x. "Unlawful alcoholic beverage activity." The manufacture, sale, 46 distribution, bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing,

1 processing, warehousing or transportation of any alcoholic beverage 2 in violation of this chapter, or the importing, owning, possessing, 3 keeping or storing in this State of alcoholic beverages with intent to 4 manufacture, sell, distribute, bottle, rectify, blend, treat, fortify, mix, 5 process, warehouse or transport alcoholic beverages in violation of 6 this chapter, or the owning, possessing, keeping or storing in this State 7 of any implement or paraphernalia for the manufacture, sale, 8 distribution, bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing, 9 processing, warehousing or transportation of alcoholic beverages with 10 intent to use the same in the manufacture, sale, distribution, bottling, 11 rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing, processing, 12 warehousing or transportation of alcoholic beverages in violation of 13 this chapter, or to aid or abet another in the manufacture, sale, distribution, bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing, 14 15 processing, warehousing or transportation of alcoholic beverages in

y. "Unlawful property." All illicit beverages and all implements, vehicles, vessels, airplanes, and paraphernalia for the manufacture, sale, distribution, bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing, processing, warehousing or transportation of illicit beverages used in the manufacture, sale, distribution, bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing, processing, warehousing or transportation of illicit beverages or owned, possessed, kept or stored with intent to use the same in the manufacture, sale, distribution, bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing, processing, warehousing or transportation of illicit beverages, whether such use be by the person owning, possessing, keeping, or storing the same, or by another with the consent of such person; and all alcoholic beverages, fixtures and personal property located in or upon any premises, building, yard or inclosure connected with a building, in which an illicit beverage is found, possessed, stored or kept.

violation of this chapter, or the aiding or abetting of another in any of

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the foregoing activities.

z. "Wholesaler." Any person who sells an alcoholic beverage for the purpose of resale either to a licensed wholesaler or to a licensed retailer, or both.

36 aa. "Limousine." A motor vehicle used in the business of carrying 37 passengers for hire to provide prearranged passenger transportation at 38 a premium fare on a dedicated, nonscheduled, charter basis that is not 39 conducted on a regular route, or is furnished without fare as an 40 accommodation for a patron in connection with other business 41 purposes, and with a seating capacity in no event of more than 14 passengers, not including the driver, provided, that such a motor 42 43 vehicle shall not have a seating capacity in excess of four passengers, 44 not including the driver, beyond the maximum passenger seating 45 capacity of the vehicle, not including the driver, at the time of 46 manufacture. This shall not include taxicabs, hotel or airport shuttles

and buses, or buses employed solely in transporting schoolchildren or teachers to and from school, or vehicles owned and operated without charge or remuneration by a business entity for its own purposes.

bb. "Entertainment facility" is a privately-owned facility in which athletic, commercial, cultural, or artistic events are featured.

Any definition herein contained shall apply to the same word in any form. Thus "sell" means to make a "sale" as above defined.

8 (cf: P.L.1999, c.356, s.1)

- 6. (New section) a. All occupants of a motor vehicle located on a public highway, or the right-of-way of a public highway, shall be prohibited from possessing any open or unsealed alcoholic beverage container. This subsection shall not apply to a passenger of a charter or special bus operated as defined under R.S.48:4-1 or a limousine service.
- b. A person shall not be deemed to be in possession of an opened or unsealed alcoholic beverage container pursuant to this section if such container is located in the trunk of a motor vehicle, behind the last upright seat in a trunkless vehicle, or in the living quarters of a motor home or house trailer. For the purposes of this section, the term "open or "[unsealed"] [unsealed alcoholic beverage container"] unsealed" shall mean a container with its original seal broken or a container such as a glass or cup 2[1, but shall not include a container that has been recorked or recapped 1]2.
- c. For a first offense, a person convicted of violating this section shall be fined \$200 and shall be informed by the court of the penalties for a second or subsequent violation of this section. For a second or subsequent offense, a person convicted of violating this section shall be fined \$250 or shall be ordered by the court to perform community service for a period of 10 days in such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances.

7. This act shall take effect immediately, except that sections 1, 2 and 3 of this act shall take effect on September 30, 2000 and shall apply to a conviction of a violation of R.S.39:4-50 committed on or after this date. The Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles may take such anticipatory administrative and regulatory action in advance as shall be necessary to implement the provisions of this act.

Requires ignition interlock device or registration revocation for repeat drunk driving; prohibits possession of unsealed alcoholic beverage in

45 motor vehicle.

CHAPTER 83

AN ACT concerning drunk driving, amending R.S.39:4-50, P.L.1995, c.286, P.L.1999, c.417 and R.S.33:1-1, and supplementing chapter 4 of Title 39 of the Revised Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. R.S.39:4-50 is amended to read as follows:

Driving while intoxicated.

- 39:4-50. (a) Except as provided in subsection (g) of this section, a person who operates a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug, or operates a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood or permits another person who is under the influence of intoxicating liquor, narcotic, hallucinogenic or habit-producing drug to operate a motor vehicle owned by him or in his custody or control or permits another to operate a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.10% or more by weight of alcohol in the defendant's blood, shall be subject:
- (1) For the first offense, to a fine of not less than \$250.00 nor more than \$400.00 and a period of detainment of not less than 12 hours nor more than 48 hours spent during two consecutive days of not less than six hours each day and served as prescribed by the program requirements of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers established under subsection (f) of this section and, in the discretion of the court, a term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days and shall forthwith forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of not less than six months nor more than one year. For a first offense, a person also shall be subject to the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.).
- (2) For a second violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$500.00 nor more than \$1,000.00, and shall be ordered by the court to perform community service for a period of 30 days, which shall be of such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term of not less than 48 consecutive hours, which shall not be suspended or served on probation, nor more than 90 days, and shall forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a period of two years upon conviction, and, after the expiration of said period, he may make application to the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles for a license to operate a motor vehicle, which application may be granted at the discretion of the director, consistent with subsection (b) of this section. For a second violation, a person also shall be required to install an ignition interlock device under the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.) or shall have his registration certificate and registration plates revoked for two years under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1).
- (3) For a third or subsequent violation, a person shall be subject to a fine of \$1,000.00, and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term of not less than 180 days, except that the court may lower such term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances and shall thereafter forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for 10 years. For a third or subsequent violation, a person also shall be required to install an ignition interlock device under the provisions of P.L.1999, c.417 (C.39:4-50.16 et al.) or shall have his registration certificate and registration plates revoked for 10 years under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1).

Whenever an operator of a motor vehicle has been involved in an accident resulting in death, bodily injury or property damage, a police officer shall consider that fact along with all other facts and circumstances in determining whether there are reasonable grounds to believe that person was operating a motor vehicle in violation of this section.

A conviction of a violation of a law of a substantially similar nature in another jurisdiction, regardless of whether that jurisdiction is a signatory to the Interstate Driver License Compact pursuant to P.L.1966, c.73 (C.39:5D-1 et seq.), shall constitute a prior conviction under this subsection unless the defendant can demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence that the conviction in the other jurisdiction was based exclusively upon a violation of a proscribed blood alcohol concentration of less than.10%.

If the driving privilege of any person is under revocation or suspension for a violation of any

provision of this Title or Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes at the time of any conviction for a violation of this section, the revocation or suspension period imposed shall commence as of the date of termination of the existing revocation or suspension period. In the case of any person who at the time of the imposition of sentence is less than 17 years of age, the forfeiture, suspension or revocation of the driving privilege imposed by the court under this section shall commence immediately, run through the offender's seventeenth birthday and continue from that date for the period set by the court pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (3) of this subsection. A court that imposes a term of imprisonment under this section may sentence the person so convicted to the county jail, to the workhouse of the county wherein the offense was committed, to an inpatient rehabilitation program or to an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center or other facility approved by the chief of the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit in the Department of Health and Senior Services; provided that for a third or subsequent offense a person shall not serve a term of imprisonment at an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center as provided in subsection (f).

A person who has been convicted of a previous violation of this section need not be charged as a second or subsequent offender in the complaint made against him in order to render him liable to the punishment imposed by this section on a second or subsequent offender, but if the second offense occurs more than 10 years after the first offense, the court shall treat the second conviction as a first offense for sentencing purposes and if a third offense occurs more than 10 years after the second offense, the court shall treat the third conviction as a second offense for sentencing purposes.

- (b) A person convicted under this section must satisfy the screening, evaluation, referral, program and fee requirements of the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program Unit, and of the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers and a program of alcohol and drug education and highway safety, as prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The sentencing court shall inform the person convicted that failure to satisfy such requirements shall result in a mandatory two-day term of imprisonment in a county jail and a driver license revocation or suspension and continuation of revocation or suspension until such requirements are satisfied, unless stayed by court order in accordance with the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of New Jersey, or R.S.39:5-22. Upon sentencing, the court shall forward to the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse's Intoxicated Driving Program Unit a copy of a person's conviction record. A fee of \$100.00 shall be payable to the Alcohol Education, Rehabilitation and Enforcement Fund established pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1983, c.531 (C.26:2B-32) to support the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit.
- (c) Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall collect forthwith the New Jersey driver's license or licenses of the person so convicted and forward such license or licenses to the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles. The court shall inform the person convicted that if he is convicted of personally operating a motor vehicle during the period of license suspension imposed pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, he shall, upon conviction, be subject to the penalties established in R.S.39:3-40. The person convicted shall be informed orally and in writing. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of that written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of R.S.39:3-40. In the event that a person convicted under this section is the holder of any out-of-State driver's license, the court shall not collect the license but shall notify forthwith the director, who shall, in turn, notify appropriate officials in the licensing jurisdiction. The court shall, however, revoke the nonresident's driving privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State, in accordance with this section. Upon conviction of a violation of this section, the court shall notify the person convicted, orally and in writing, of the penalties for a second, third or subsequent violation of this section. A person shall be required to acknowledge receipt of that written notice in writing. Failure to receive a written notice or failure to acknowledge in writing the receipt of a written notice shall not be a defense to a subsequent charge of a violation of this section.
- (d) The Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles shall promulgate rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) in order to establish a program of alcohol education and highway safety, as prescribed by this act.

- (e) Any person accused of a violation of this section who is liable to punishment imposed by this section as a second or subsequent offender shall be entitled to the same rights of discovery as allowed defendants pursuant to the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of New Jersey.
- (f) The counties, in cooperation with the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse and the Division of Motor Vehicles, but subject to the approval of the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse, shall designate and establish on a county or regional basis Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers. These centers shall have the capability of serving as community treatment referral centers and as court monitors of a person's compliance with the ordered treatment, service alternative or community service. All centers established pursuant to this subsection shall be administered by a counselor certified by the Alcohol and Drug Counselor Certification Board of New Jersey or other professional with a minimum of five years' experience in the treatment of alcoholism. All centers shall be required to develop individualized treatment plans for all persons attending the centers; provided that the duration of any ordered treatment or referral shall not exceed one year. It shall be the center's responsibility to establish networks with the community alcohol and drug education, treatment and rehabilitation resources and to receive monthly reports from the referral agencies regarding a person's participation and compliance with the program. Nothing in this subsection shall bar these centers from developing their own education and treatment programs; provided that they are approved by the Division of Alcoholism and Drug Abuse.

Upon a person's failure to report to the initial screening or any subsequent ordered referral, the Intoxicated Driver Resource Center shall promptly notify the sentencing court of the person's failure to comply.

Required detention periods at the Intoxicated Driver Resource Centers shall be determined according to the individual treatment classification assigned by the Intoxicated Driving Program Unit. Upon attendance at an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center, a person shall be required to pay a per diem fee of \$75.00 for the first offender program or a per diem fee of \$100.00 for the second offender program, as appropriate. Any increases in the per diem fees after the first full year shall be determined pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services in consultation with the Governor's Council on Alcoholism and Drug Abuse pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.).

The centers shall conduct a program of alcohol and drug education and highway safety, as prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles.

The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services shall adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), in order to effectuate the purposes of this subsection.

- (g) When a violation of this section occurs while:
- (1) on any school property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;
- (2) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if the municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the school crossing as such; or
- (3) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 knowing that juveniles are present if the municipality has not designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution, the convicted person shall: for a first offense, be fined not less than \$500 or more than \$800, be imprisoned for not more than 60 days and have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not less than one year or more than two years; for a second offense, be fined not less than \$1,000 or more than \$2,000, perform community service for a period of 60 days, be imprisoned for not less than 96 consecutive hours, which shall not be suspended or served on probation, nor more than 180 days, except that the court may lower such term for each day, not exceeding 90 days, served performing community service in such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances and have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of not less than four years; and, for a third offense, be fined \$2,000, imprisoned for 180 days and have his license to operate a motor vehicle suspended for a period of license suspension shall commence upon the completion of any prison sentence imposed upon that person.

A map or true copy of a map depicting the location and boundaries of the area on or within

1,000 feet of any property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board produced pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1987, c.101 (C.2C:35-7) may be used in a prosecution under paragraph (1) of this subsection.

It shall not be relevant to the imposition of sentence pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection that the defendant was unaware that the prohibited conduct took place while on or within 1,000 feet of any school property or while driving through a school crossing. Nor shall it be relevant to the imposition of sentence that no juveniles were present on the school property or crossing zone at the time of the offense or that the school was not in session.

2. Section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1) is amended to read as follows:

C.39:3-40.1 Revocation of registration certificate, plates.

- 2. a. Any motor vehicle registration certificate and registration plates shall be revoked if a person is convicted of violating the provisions of:
- (1) subsection a. of R.S.39:3-40 for operating a motor vehicle during a period when that violator's driver's license has been suspended for a violation of R.S.39:4-50;
- (2) subsection b. or c. of R.S.39:3-40 for operating a motor vehicle during a period when that violator's driver's license has been suspended within a five-year period; or
- (3) R.S.39:4-50 for a second or subsequent offense, if such revocation is ordered by the court as authorized under that section.

This revocation of registration certificate and registration plates shall apply to all passenger automobiles and motorcycles owned or leased by the violator and registered under the provisions of R.S.39:3-4 and all noncommercial trucks owned or leased by the violator and registered under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1968, c.439 (C.39:3-8.1), including those passenger automobiles, motorcycles and noncommercial trucks registered or leased jointly in the name of the violator and the other owner of record.

- b. At the time of conviction, the court shall notify each violator that the person's passenger automobile, motorcycle, and noncommercial truck registrations are revoked. Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S.39:5-35, the violator shall surrender the registration certificate and registration plates of all passenger automobiles, motorcycles, and noncommercial truck registrations subject to revocation under the provisions of this section within 48 hours of the court's notice. The surrender shall be at a place and in a manner prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles pursuant to rule and regulation. The court also shall notify the violator that a failure to surrender that vehicle registration certificate and registration plates shall result in the impoundment of the vehicle in accordance with the provisions of section 4 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.3) and the seizure of said registration certificate and registration plates. The revocation authorized under the provisions of this subsection shall remain in effect for the period during which the violator's license to operate a motor vehicle is suspended and shall be enforced so as to prohibit the violator from registering or leasing any other vehicle, however acquired, during that period.
- c. If the violator subject to the penalties set forth in subsections a. and b. of this section for conviction of violating the provisions of R.S.39:3-40 was operating a motor vehicle owned or leased by another person and that other owner or lessee permitted that operation with knowledge that the violator's driver's license was suspended, the court shall suspend the person's license to operate a motor vehicle and revoke the registration certificate and registration plates for that vehicle for a period of not more than six months. Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S.39:3-35, the owner or lessee shall surrender the registration certificate and registration plates of that vehicle within 48 hours of the court's notice of revocation. The surrender shall be at a place and in a manner prescribed by the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles pursuant to rule and regulation. The court also shall notify the owner or lessee that a failure to surrender the revoked registration certificate and registration plates shall result in the impoundment of the vehicle in accordance with the provisions of section 4 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.3) and the seizure of said registration certificate and registration plates. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to limit the court from finding that owner or lessee guilty of violating R.S.39:3-39 or any other such statute concerning the operation of a motor vehicle by an unlicensed driver.

3. Section 3 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.2) is amended to read as follows:

C.39:3-40.2 Issuance of temporary registration certificate, plates.

- 3. a. The director may issue a temporary registration certificate and temporary registration plates for a motor vehicle for which the registration certificate and registration plates have been revoked under the provisions of section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1) if:
- (1) the name of the applicant for the temporary registration appeared upon the revoked registration certificate as a joint owner or joint lessee of the motor vehicle; or
- (2) the applicant for the temporary registration is the spouse, child, dependent, parent or legal guardian of the violator or owner and certifies, in a manner prescribed by the director, that the operation of the motor vehicle is necessary for specified employment, educational, health or medical purposes.

The application shall be in a manner and form prescribed by the director. The application also shall include a signed certification that the applicant shall not knowingly permit the violator to operate the motor vehicle until the violator's license and driving privileges have been restored by the director and that any violation of this provision shall result in the revocation of the temporary registration issued for the motor vehicle under the provisions of this section, that the motor vehicle shall be ineligible for the temporary registration authorized under this act, and that the motor vehicle may be impounded in accordance with the provisions of section 4 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.3) and the temporary registration certificate and temporary registration plates seized.

- b. The director shall issue a temporary registration certificate and temporary registration plates for a motor vehicle registered under the provisions of this section. As prescribed by the director, the temporary registration plates shall bear a special series of numbers or letters so as to be readily identifiable by law enforcement officers.
- c. The director may issue a new registration to a lessor of a vehicle for which the registration has been revoked pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.286 (C.39:3-40.1) provided that the vehicle is not leased to the same lessee.
- d. The temporary registration authorized under this section shall expire and become void on the last day of the sixth month following the calendar month in which it was issued. All such temporary registrations may be renewed, upon application, by the director.

The fee schedule for the temporary registration authorized under this section shall be prescribed by the director. The schedule may provide for differing fees based upon the manufacturer's shipping weight and the model year of the motor vehicle; provided, however, that no such temporary registration fee shall exceed \$75. The registrant also shall pay a non-recurring \$25 fee for the temporary registration plates issued by the director.

- 4. Section 8 of P.L.1999, c.417 is amended to read as follows:
- 8. The provisions of this act shall take effect on January 1, 2001, but shall apply to convictions for violations of R.S.39:4-50 committed on or after September 30, 2000.
 - 5. R.S.33:1-1 is amended to read as follows:

Definitions.

- 33:1-1. For the purpose of this chapter, the following words and terms shall be deemed to have the meanings herein given to them:
- a. "Alcohol." Ethyl alcohol, hydrated oxide of ethyl or neutral spirits from whatever source or by whatever process produced.
- b. "Alcoholic beverage." Any fluid or solid capable of being converted into a fluid, suitable for human consumption, and having an alcohol content of more than one-half of one per centum (1/2 of 1%) by volume, including alcohol, beer, lager beer, ale, porter, naturally fermented wine, treated wine, blended wine, fortified wine, sparkling wine, distilled liquors, blended distilled liquors and any brewed, fermented or distilled liquors fit for use for beverage purposes or any mixture of the same, and fruit juices.

- c. "Building." A structure of which licensed premises are or may be a part, including all rooms, cellars, outbuildings, passageways, closets, vaults, yards, attics, and every part of the structure of which the licensed premises are a part, and of any other structure to which there is a common means of access, and any other appurtenances.
 - d. "Commissioner." The Director of the Division of Alcoholic Beverage Control.
- e. "Container." Any glass, can, bottle, vessel or receptacle of any material whatsoever used for holding alcoholic beverages, which container is covered, corked or sealed in any manner whatsoever.
- f. "Eligible." The status of a person who is a citizen of the United States, a resident of this State, of good moral character and repute, and of legal age.
- g. "Governing board or body." The board or body which governs a municipality, including a board of aldermen in municipalities so governed; but in every municipality having a board of public works which exercises general licensing powers such board shall be considered as the governing board or body.
- h. "Importing." The act of bringing or causing to be brought any alcoholic beverage into this State.
- i. "Illicit beverage." Any alcoholic beverage manufactured, distributed, bought, sold, bottled, rectified, blended, treated, fortified, mixed, processed, warehoused, possessed or transported in violation of this chapter, or on which any federal tax or tax imposed by the laws of this State has not been paid; and any alcoholic beverage possessed, kept, stored, owned or imported with intent to manufacture, sell, distribute, bottle, rectify, blend, treat, fortify, mix, process, warehouse or transport in violation of the provisions of this chapter.
 - j. "Licensed building." Any building containing licensed premises.
- k. "Licensed premises." Any premises for which a license under this chapter is in force and effect.
 - 1. "Magistrate." The Superior Court or municipal court.
- m. "Manufacturer." Any person who, directly or indirectly, personally or through any agency whatsoever, engages in the making or other processing whatsoever of alcoholic beverages.
- n. "Municipality." Any city, town, township, village, or borough, including a municipality governed by a board of commissioners or improvement commission, but excluding a county.
- o. "Municipal board." The municipal board of alcoholic beverage control as established by this chapter.
- p. "Officer." Any sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, police officer, member of the Division of State Police, or any other person having the power to execute a warrant for arrest, or any inspector or investigator of the Division of Alcoholic Beverage Control.
- q. "Original container." Any container in which an alcoholic beverage has been delivered to a retail licensee.
- r. "Person." Any natural person or association of natural persons, association, trust company, partnership, corporation, organization, or the manager, agent, servant, officer, or employee of any of them.
- s. "Premises." The physical place at which a licensee is or may be licensed to conduct and carry on the manufacture, distribution or sale of alcoholic beverages, but not including vehicular transportation.
- t. "Restaurant." An establishment regularly and principally used for the purpose of providing meals to the public, having an adequate kitchen and dining room equipped for the preparing, cooking and serving of food for its customers and in which no other business, except such as is incidental to such establishment, is conducted.
 - u. "Retailer." Any person who sells alcoholic beverages to consumers.
- v. "Rules and regulations." The rules and regulations established from time to time by the director.
- w. "Sale." Every delivery of an alcoholic beverage otherwise than by purely gratuitous title, including deliveries from without this State and deliveries by any person without this State intended for shipment by carrier or otherwise into this State and brought within this State, or the solicitation or acceptance of an order for an alcoholic beverage, and including exchange, barter, traffic in, keeping and exposing for sale, serving with meals, delivering for value, peddling,

possessing with intent to sell, and the gratuitous delivery or gift of any alcoholic beverage by any licensee.

- x. "Unlawful alcoholic beverage activity." The manufacture, sale, distribution, bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing, processing, warehousing or transportation of any alcoholic beverage in violation of this chapter, or the importing, owning, possessing, keeping or storing in this State of alcoholic beverages with intent to manufacture, sell, distribute, bottle, rectify, blend, treat, fortify, mix, process, warehouse or transport alcoholic beverages in violation of this chapter, or the owning, possessing, keeping or storing in this State of any implement or paraphernalia for the manufacture, sale, distribution, bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing, processing, warehousing or transportation of alcoholic beverages with intent to use the same in the manufacture, sale, distribution, bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing, processing, warehousing or transportation of alcoholic beverages in violation of this chapter, or to aid or abet another in the manufacture, sale, distribution, bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing, processing, warehousing or transportation of alcoholic beverages in violation of this chapter, or the aiding or abetting of another in any of the foregoing activities.
- y. "Unlawful property." All illicit beverages and all implements, vehicles, vessels, airplanes, and paraphernalia for the manufacture, sale, distribution, bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing, processing, warehousing or transportation of illicit beverages used in the manufacture, sale, distribution, bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing, processing, warehousing or transportation of illicit beverages or owned, possessed, kept or stored with intent to use the same in the manufacture, sale, distribution, bottling, rectifying, blending, treating, fortifying, mixing, processing, warehousing or transportation of illicit beverages, whether such use be by the person owning, possessing, keeping, or storing the same, or by another with the consent of such person; and all alcoholic beverages, fixtures and personal property located in or upon any premises, building, yard or inclosure connected with a building, in which an illicit beverage is found, possessed, stored or kept.
- z. "Wholesaler." Any person who sells an alcoholic beverage for the purpose of resale either to a licensed wholesaler or to a licensed retailer, or both.
- aa. "Limousine." A motor vehicle used in the business of carrying passengers for hire to provide prearranged passenger transportation at a premium fare on a dedicated, nonscheduled, charter basis that is not conducted on a regular route, or is furnished without fare as an accommodation for a patron in connection with other business purposes, and with a seating capacity in no event of more than 14 passengers, not including the driver, provided, that such a motor vehicle shall not have a seating capacity in excess of four passengers, not including the driver, beyond the maximum passenger seating capacity of the vehicle, not including the driver, at the time of manufacture. This shall not include taxicabs, hotel or airport shuttles and buses, or buses employed solely in transporting schoolchildren or teachers to and from school, or vehicles owned and operated without charge or remuneration by a business entity for its own purposes.
- bb. "Entertainment facility" is a privately-owned facility in which athletic, commercial, cultural, or artistic events are featured.

Any definition herein contained shall apply to the same word in any form. Thus "sell" means to make a "sale" as above defined.

C.39:4-51b Prohibition of possession of open, unsealed alcoholic beverage container, circumstances.

- 6. a. All occupants of a motor vehicle located on a public highway, or the right-of-way of a public highway, shall be prohibited from possessing any open or unsealed alcoholic beverage container. This subsection shall not apply to a passenger of a charter or special bus operated as defined under R.S.48:4-1 or a limousine service.
- b. A person shall not be deemed to be in possession of an opened or unsealed alcoholic beverage container pursuant to this section if such container is located in the trunk of a motor vehicle, behind the last upright seat in a trunkless vehicle, or in the living quarters of a motor home or house trailer. For the purposes of this section, the term "open or unsealed" shall mean

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a container with its original seal broken or a container such as a glass or cup.

- c. For a first offense, a person convicted of violating this section shall be fined \$200 and shall be informed by the court of the penalties for a second or subsequent violation of this section. For a second or subsequent offense, a person convicted of violating this section shall be fined \$250 or shall be ordered by the court to perform community service for a period of 10 days in such form and on such terms as the court shall deem appropriate under the circumstances.
- 7. This act shall take effect immediately, except that sections 1, 2 and 3 of this act shall take effect on September 30, 2000 and shall apply to a conviction of a violation of R.S.39:4-50 committed on or after this date. The Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles may take such anticipatory administrative and regulatory action in advance as shall be necessary to implement the provisions of this act.

Approved August 14, 2000.

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Office of the Governor NEWS RELEASE

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RELEASE: August 14, 2000

Governor Whitman Signs Bill to Prevent Drunk Driving

Gov. Christie Whitman today signed legislation that prohibits open or unsealed alcoholic beverage containers in passenger areas of motor vehicles and imposes ignition interlock device and registration restrictions on residents with repeat drunk driving offenses.

"Law enforcement's efforts to protect public safety along our streets and highways will benefit from these new measures," said Gov. Whitman. "Drivers under the influence of alcohol remain a concern to each one of us. We need to be vigilant in our pursuit of reducing their ability to cause harm on our roadways."

This bill also brings state law into compliance with the Federal Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century, allowing the state Department of Transportation to maximize its federal highway construction funding.

S-1475, was sponsored by Senators John J. Matheussen (R-Camden/Gloucester) and Norman M. Robertson (R-Essex/Passaic) and Assemblymen Alex DeCroce (R-Essex/Morris/Passaic) and Francis L. Bodine (R-Atlantic/Burlington/Camden).

The measure prohibits open or unsealed containers in the passenger area of a motor vehicle. In order to ensure that individuals may legally transport open or unsealed containers when appropriate, the prohibition would not apply to the trunk or area behind the last upright seat of a trunkless vehicle, the living quarters of trailers or motor homes, or to passengers on charter buses or in limousines.

Current law prohibits consumption of alcoholic beverages in a motor vehicle, but not possession of an open container of alcohol. However, except under certain circumstances, the presence of an open container in a motor vehicle creates the presumption that the occupants have consumed alcoholic beverages while operating a motor vehicle.

The bill provides a fine of \$200 for a first offense, and a fine of \$250 along with 10 days of community service for all subsequent offenses.

The second important feature of the bill concerns penalties for repeat driving while intoxicated offenders. Under this measure, municipal courts would have the discretion to order the installation of an ignition interlock device or to suspend a repeat offender's registration and license plates, or both. The penalties would apply to all vehicles owned or leased by the offender.

Installation of the interlock device would be a condition of license restoration and would be required for one to three years. It is intended to

prevent past offenders from operating their motor vehicle after their license has been restored while under the influence of alcohol. The suspension of the repeat offender's registration and license would be concurrent with the suspension of that offender's driving privileges for the same offense. It is intended to reduce a repeat offender's legal access to a motor vehicle during the time of the suspension. Temporary registrations could be issued to other family members in appropriate circumstances.

The bill does not alter the substance of a recently signed law that already provides the courts with discretion to impose ignition interlock devices for a first or any subsequent offenses. However, the new measure moves up the effective date of that law to comply with federal law by applying the ignition interlock device penalty to offenses committed on or after September 30, 2000.