# 23:4-42.3

#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF:2000CHAPTER:46NJSA:23:4-42.3(Deer management plans)BILL NO:A2129(Substituted for S1090)

**SPONSOR(S):** Myers and Lance

**DATE INTRODUCED:** February 28, 2000

**COMMITTEE:** ASSEMBLY: Agriculture and Natural Resources

**SENATE:** Economic Growth, Agriculture and Tourism

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: March 27, 2000

**SENATE:** June 26, 2000

DATE OF APPROVAL: June 30, 2000 FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL: Second Reprint enacted

(Amendments during passage denoted by superscript numbers)

A2129

SPONSORS STATEMENT: (Begins on page 9 of original bill)

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:

SENATE:

Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS:

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:

No

S1090

**SPONSORS STATEMENT:** (Begins on page 9 of original bill)

Yes

Bill and Sponsors Statement identical to A2129

No

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:
SENATE:
Yes
FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENTS:
No
LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:
No
VETO MESSAGE:
No

GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:

**FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:** 

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REPORTS: No HEARINGS: No NEWSPAPER ARTICLES: Yes

"New law expands options for thinning deer herd," 7-1-00. Star Ledger, p.15

"Deer-management law opens new debate," 7-2-00. The Times p.A1

# ASSEMBLY, No. 2129

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

# 209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 28, 2000

Sponsored by:

Assemblywoman CONNIE MYERS
District 23 (Warren, Hunterdon and Mercer)
Assemblyman LEONARD LANCE
District 23 (Warren, Hunterdon and Mercer)

### **SYNOPSIS**

Provides for community based deer management plans and special deer management permits in certain areas incurring deer damage; makes venison donation demonstration program permanent; and appropriates \$25,000.

# **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



AN ACT concerning deer management and control, establishing a permanent venison donation program, supplementing Title 23 of the Revised Statutes, amending N.J.S.2C:39-3 and P.L.1997, c.268, repealing section 2 of P.L.1997, c.268, and making an appropriation.

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. (New section) a. Whenever a county board of agriculture determines that a farm or farms located within the county has incurred significant crop damage caused by deer, based on evidence submitted by the county board of agriculture or the Center for Wildlife Damage Control in the New Jersey Agriculture Experiment Station at Rutgers, the State University, the county board of agriculture may apply to the Division of Fish and Wildlife for designation of a special deer management area. The application shall describe the nature and extent of crop damage incurred, and delineate the area proposed for designation as a special deer management area. If the division determines that the significant crop damage has been caused by an overpopulation of deer in the area described in the application, it shall designate it as a special deer management area. In designating a special deer management area, the division may, after consultation with the county board of agriculture, modify the area proposed for designation in an application. The county board of agriculture or the division may request the Center for Wildlife Damage Control to coordinate and facilitate the application and designation of a special deer management area pursuant to this subsection.

b. Whenever a municipality determines that the deer population has caused significant damage to property, not including damage to agricultural property, in the municipality or has caused a significant number of vehicle collisions therein, the municipality may apply to the Division of Fish and Wildlife for designation of a special deer management area. Two or more municipalities may submit a single application for the designation of an area that includes more than one municipality. The application shall describe the nature and extent of property damage or vehicle collisions caused by deer, and delineate the area proposed for designation as a special deer management area. If the division determines that the significant damage to property or the significant vehicle collisions has been caused by an overpopulation of deer in the area described in the application, it shall designate it as a special deer management area. In designating a special deer management area, the division may, after consultation with the

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

1 municipality, modify the area proposed for designation in an 2 application.

3 c. Whenever the owner or operator of an airport determines that 4 the existing population of deer within its boundaries and immediately adjacent property constitutes a hazard to the safe operation of aircraft, 5 6 the owner or operator of the airport may apply to the Division of Fish 7 and Wildlife for designation of a special deer management area. The 8 application shall describe the nature and extent of the hazard to safe 9 operations of aircraft, and delineate the area proposed for designation as a special deer management area. If the division determines that 10 there is a hazard to the safe operation of aircraft at the airport due to 11 12 deer in the area described in the application, it shall designate it as a 13 special deer management area. In designating a special deer 14 management area, the division may, after consultation with the owner 15 or operator of the airport, modify the area proposed for designation in an application. 16

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42 43 2. (New section) a. A county board of agriculture, municipal governing body or owner or operator of an airport may submit to the division for its approval a community based deer management plan proposing alternative control methods to reduce the number of deer in an area designated as a special deer management area pursuant to section 1 of this act. A county board of agriculture, municipal governing body or owner or operator of an airport may submit a community based deer management plan concurrently with an application to the division for designation of a special deer management area.

Two or more municipalities may submit a single community based deer management plan for a special deer management area that covers more than one municipality.

The county board of agriculture or the division may request the Center for Wildlife Damage Control in the New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station at Rutgers, The State University, to coordinate and facilitate the development of a community based deer management plan.

- b. A community based deer management plan shall:
- (1) delineate the boundaries of the special deer management area;
- (2) describe the proposed alternative control methods to reduce the number of deer in the special deer management area, which may include the methods authorized pursuant to section 3 of this act;
- (3) identify any organization that will participate in the implementation of the alternative control methods proposed in the plan, and describe its qualifications;
- 44 (4) describe the methods that will be used to notify the public, 45 including residents located within and adjacent to the special deer 46 management area, of the alternative control methods proposed in the

1 plan and the specific times and the specific places when and where 2 they will be used;

- 3 (5) describe the precautions that will be taken to ensure the safety 4 of the public;
- (6) document the written consent of each affected landowner for 5 6 access to that person's land if access to private property is necessary 7 to implement the plan;
  - (7) attach a resolution, adopted by the governing body of the municipality in which the special deer management area is located, which endorses the community based deer management plan; and
- (8) include such additional information as the division may 12 determine to be necessary to properly review a community based deer management plan.
- c. The division shall promptly review a community based deer management plan submitted pursuant to this act, and either approve the plan, approve the plan subject to modification, or disapprove the 16 plan and return it to the applicant setting forth in writing the reasons for its decision. If the division approves a community based deer management plan, the division shall submit it to the Fish and Game Council for its review and action pursuant to section 3 of this act.
  - d. Whenever practicable, a community based deer management plan shall provide for the donation of deer in accordance with the venison donation program established pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1997, c.268.

3. (New section) a. The Fish and Game Council may authorize an exemption or variation from the following laws, rules or regulations to the extent necessary and appropriate to implement the alternative control methods set forth in an approved community based deer

30 management plan:

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- (1) any provision of the State Fish and Game Code;
- 32 (2) any rule or regulation adopted by the council;
  - (3) the following provisions of Title 23 of the Revised Statutes:
- 34 (a) R.S. 23:4-13; (b) subsections a., b. and c. of R.S.23:4-16; (c)
- R.S.23:4-24; (d) P.L.1939, c.172 (C.23:4-24.1); (e) section 11 of 35
- P.L.1990, c.29 (C.23:4-24.1a); (f) R.S.23:4-44; (g) R.S.23:4-45; and 36
- 37 (h) R.S.23:4-48; and
- 38 (4) the provisions of subsection c. of N.J.S. 2C:39-3.
- 39 b. The council shall authorize an exemption or variation from one 40 or more of the laws, rules or regulations set forth in subsection a. of 41 this section only upon a determination that the approved community 42 based deer management plan adequately provides for the safety of the 43 public. The council may condition the exemption or variation from 44 one or more of the laws, rules or regulations set forth in subsection a. 45 of this section on the implementation of one or more specific measures
- it determines to be reasonably necessary to ensure public safety, 46

1 including but not limited to the on-site presence of law enforcement 2 officers or on-site inspection by division personnel.

3 c. The council may authorize an exemption or variation from 4 subsection c. of N.J.S. 2C:39-3 only upon the prior written approval of the chief of police of the municipality in which the special deer 5 6 management area is located or, in the case of a municipality that does 7 not have a chief of police, the county prosecutor. The council may 8 authorize an exemption or variation from R.S.23:4-13 and R.S.23:4-44 9 only upon the receipt of documentation that each individual authorized 10 to administer the alternate control method possesses a valid firearm hunting license and a valid rifle permit issued by the division. The 11 12 council may authorize an exemption or variation from subsection c. of 13 R.S.23:4-16 only if, for public safety reasons, it is conditioned upon 14 the road or highway being properly closed by law enforcement officers 15 for the time authorized in the special deer management permit issued pursuant to section 4 of this act. 16

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4. (New section) a. The division shall issue a special deer management permit to any organization authorized to implement an alternative control method set forth in an approved community based deer management plan. The permit shall identify the time, place and alternative control method authorized by the division, the name of each individual authorized to administer the alternate control method, any exemption or variance from a law, rule or regulation authorized by the council pursuant to section 3 of this act, and any special conditions established by the council.

b. No person shall implement an alternative control method except when in possession of a special deer management permit issued by the division pursuant to this act. The permittee shall provide a copy of the permit issued by the division to each individual named in the permit who is authorized to administer the alternate control method.

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- 5. N.J.S.2C:39-3 is amended to read as follows:
- 34 2C:39-3. Prohibited Weapons and Devices.
  - a. Destructive devices. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any destructive device is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
- b. Sawed-off shotguns. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any sawed-off shotgun is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
- c. Silencers. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any firearm silencer is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- d. Defaced firearms. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any firearm which has been defaced, except an antique firearm or an antique handgun, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

- e. Certain weapons. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any gravity knife, switchblade knife, dagger, dirk, stiletto, billy, blackjack, metal knuckle, sandclub, slingshot, cestus or similar leather band studded with metal filings or razor blades imbedded in wood, ballistic knife, without any explainable lawful purpose, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- 7 f. Dum-dum or body armor penetrating bullets. (1) Any person, 8 other than a law enforcement officer or persons engaged in activities 9 pursuant to subsection f. of N.J.S.2C:39-6, who knowingly has in his 10 possession any hollow nose or dum-dum bullet, or (2) any person, 11 other than a collector of firearms or ammunition as curios or relics as 12 defined in Title 18, United States Code, section 921 (a) (13) and has 13 in his possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued 14 by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, who knowingly has 15 in his possession any body armor breaching or penetrating ammunition, which means: (a) ammunition primarily designed for use in a handgun, 16 17 and (b) which is comprised of a bullet whose core or jacket, if the 18 jacket is thicker than .025 of an inch, is made of tungsten carbide, or 19 hard bronze, or other material which is harder than a rating of 72 or 20 greater on the Rockwell B. Hardness Scale, and (c) is therefore 21 capable of breaching or penetrating body armor, is guilty of a crime of 22 the fourth degree. For purposes of this section, a collector may 23 possess not more than three examples of each distinctive variation of 24 the ammunition described above. A distinctive variation includes a 25 different head stamp, composition, design, or color.
- 26 g. Exceptions. (1) Nothing in subsection a., b., c., d., e., f., j. or 27 k. of this section shall apply to any member of the Armed Forces of the 28 United States or the National Guard, or except as otherwise provided, 29 to any law enforcement officer while actually on duty or traveling to 30 or from an authorized place of duty, provided that his possession of 31 the prohibited weapon or device has been duly authorized under the 32 applicable laws, regulations or military or law enforcement orders. Nothing in subsection h. of this section shall apply to any law 33 34 enforcement officer who is exempted from the provisions of that subsection by the Attorney General. Nothing in this section shall apply 35 to the possession of any weapon or device by a law enforcement 36 37 officer who has confiscated, seized or otherwise taken possession of 38 said weapon or device as evidence of the commission of a crime or 39 because he believed it to be possessed illegally by the person from 40 whom it was taken, provided that said law enforcement officer 41 promptly notifies his superiors of his possession of such prohibited 42 weapon or device.
  - (2) Nothing in subsection f. (1) shall be construed to prevent a person from keeping such ammunition at his dwelling, premises or other land owned or possessed by him, or from carrying such ammunition from the place of purchase to said dwelling or land, nor

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- 1 shall subsection f. (1) be construed to prevent any licensed retail or 2 wholesale firearms dealer from possessing such ammunition at its
- 3 licensed premises, provided that the seller of any such ammunition
  - shall maintain a record of the name, age and place of residence of any
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- purchaser who is not a licensed dealer, together with the date of sale 5
- 6 and quantity of ammunition sold.
- (3) Nothing in paragraph (2) of subsection f. or in subsection j. 7
- 8 shall be construed to prevent any licensed retail or wholesale firearms
- 9 dealer from possessing that ammunition or large capacity ammunition
- 10 magazine at its licensed premises for sale or disposition to another licensed dealer, the Armed Forces of the United States or the National 11
- 12 Guard, or to a law enforcement agency, provided that the seller
- 13 maintains a record of any sale or disposition to a law enforcement
- 14 agency. The record shall include the name of the purchasing agency,
- 15 together with written authorization of the chief of police or highest
- ranking official of the agency, the name and rank of the purchasing law 16
- 17 enforcement officer, if applicable, and the date, time and amount of
- 18 ammunition sold or otherwise disposed. A copy of this record shall be
- 19 forwarded by the seller to the Superintendent of the Division of State
- 20 Police within 48 hours of the sale or disposition.
- 21 (4) Nothing in subsection a. of this section shall be construed to
- 22 apply to antique cannons as exempted in subsection d. of
- 23 N.J.S.2C:39-6.

- 24 (5) Nothing in subsection c. of this section shall be construed to
- 25 apply to any person who is specifically identified in a special deer
- 26 management permit issued by the Division of Fish and Wildlife to
- 27 utilize a firearm silencer as part of an alternative deer control method
- implemented in accordance with a special deer management permit 29 issued pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the
- 30
- Legislature as this bill), while the person is in the actual performance 31 of the permitted alternative deer control method and while going to
- 32 and from the place where the permitted alternative deer control
- method is being utilized. This exception shall not, however, otherwise 33
- 34 apply to any person to authorize the purchase or possession of a
- 35 <u>firearm silencer.</u>
- 36 h. Stun guns. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any
- 37 stun gun is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- 38 i. Nothing in subsection e. of this section shall be construed to
- 39 prevent any guard in the employ of a private security company, who
- 40 is licensed to carry a firearm, from the possession of a nightstick when
- in the actual performance of his official duties, provided that he has 42 satisfactorily completed a training course approved by the Police
- 43 Training Commission in the use of a nightstick.
- 44 j. Any person who knowingly has in his possession a large capacity
- 45 ammunition magazine is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree unless
- the person has registered an assault firearm pursuant to section 11 of 46

## A2129 MYERS, LANCE

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- 1 P.L.1990, c.32 (C.2C:58-12) and the magazine is maintained and used
- 2 in connection with participation in competitive shooting matches
- 3 sanctioned by the Director of Civilian Marksmanship of the United
- 4 States Department of the Army.
- 5 k. Handcuffs. Any person who knowingly has in his possession
- 6 handcuffs as defined in P.L.1991, c.437 (C.2C:39-9.2), under
- 7 circumstances not manifestly appropriate for such lawful uses as
- 8 handcuffs may have, is guilty of a disorderly persons offense. A law
- 9 enforcement officer shall confiscate handcuffs possessed in violation
- of the law.
- 11 (cf: P.L.1999, c.233, s.2)

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- 6. Section 1 of P.L.1997, c.268 is amended to read as follows:
- 14 1. a. The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, in
- 15 consultation with the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, the
- 16 Secretary of Agriculture and the chairman of the Fish and Game
- 17 Council, shall establish a venison donation [demonstration] program.
- 18 The program shall permit, under controlled conditions, the slaughter,
- 19 processing, distribution, and serving of venison donated by
- 20 recreational hunters to nonprofit charitable organizations, in
- 21 accordance with guidelines established by the Commissioner of Health
- 22 and Senior Services and the State Fish and Game Code established
- 23 pursuant to section 32 of P.L.1948, c.448 (C.13:1B-30), in order to
- 24 protect the health and safety of those persons consuming the donated
- 25 venison.
- b. The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, in
- 27 consultation with the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, the
- 28 Secretary of Agriculture, the chairman of the Fish and Game Council,
- 29 and the United Bow Hunters of New Jersey, shall study the feasibility
- 30 of expanding the program to include venison obtained from hunters
- 31 licensed by the Department of Environmental Protection to participate
- 32 in crop depredation control activities or obtained as a result of the
- 33 implementation of other methods to manage and control deer
- 34 populations, including but not limited to those established by sections
- 35 <u>1 through 4 of P.L.</u>, c. (C. ) (now before the Legislature as this
- 36 <u>bill</u>), and shall expand the program accordingly if the commissioner
- 37 deems it appropriate.
- 38 (cf: P.L.1997, c.268, s.1)

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- 7. Section 5 of P.L.1997, c.268 is amended to read as follows:
- 5. This act shall take effect immediately [and shall expire three
- 42 years after the effective date].
- 43 (cf: P.L.1997, c.268, s.5)

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8. Section 2 of P.L.1997, c.268 is hereby repealed.

### **A2129** MYERS, LANCE

9. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of Agriculture the sum of \$25,000 for the purpose of providing grants to county boards of agriculture for expenses resulting from the implementation of community based deer management plans pursuant to the provisions of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill).

10. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### **STATEMENT**

This bill authorizes the development and implementation of site specific community based deer management plans and special deer management permits in certain areas incurring deer damage.

The bill provides that applications may be submitted to the Division of Fish and Wildlife in the Department of Environmental Protection for designation of a special deer management area under one of the following three situations: (1) when a county board of agriculture determines that a farm or farms located within the county has incurred significant crop damage, based on evidence provided by the county board of agriculture or the Center for Wildlife Damage Control at Rutgers University; (2) when a municipality determines that the deer population has caused significant damage to property, not including damage to agricultural property, in the municipality or has caused a significant number of vehicle collisions in the municipality; and (3) when the owner or operator of an airport determines that the existing population of deer within its boundaries and immediately adjacent property constitutes a hazard to the safe operation of aircraft.

The bill further provides that a county board of agriculture, municipal governing body or owner or operator of an airport may submit to the division for its approval a community based deer management plan proposing alternative control methods to reduce the number of deer in an area designated as a special deer management

The bill permits the Fish and Game Council to authorize the issuance of special deer management permits to allow persons to administer alternative deer control methods (i.e., other than traditional hunting, such as controlled hunting, shooting by an authorized agency, capture and euthanization, capture and removal, and fertility control). It also allows the Fish and Game Council to authorize exemptions or variations from certain specified laws or rules regulating the taking of deer when a person is utilizing a special deer management permit, provided that adequate provision is made to address public safety issues. Specifically, this bill would allow the Fish and Game Council to authorize exemptions or variations from the following: (1) any

### **A2129** MYERS, LANCE

- 1 provision of the State Fish and Game Code; (2) any rule or regulation
- 2 adopted by the council; (3) specified provisions of Title 23 of the
- 3 Revised Statutes including those concerning the use of rifles and other
- 4 firearms, hunting from a motor vehicle, the use of illuminating devices,
- 5 shooting across public roads, hunting on Sundays, the transport of
- 6 loaded firearms for hunting purposes, the transport or possession of
- 7 firearms in a motor vehicle, weapons authorized for hunting deer, and
- 8 hours for hunting; and (4) the provisions of subsection c. of
- 9 N.J.S.2C:39-3 concerning the possession and use of silencers.
- In addition, the bill makes permanent a three-year, statutorily
- 11 created venison donation demonstration program which otherwise
- would have been due to expire in December 2000.
- Lastly, this bill appropriates \$25,000 from the General Fund to the
- 14 Department of Agriculture for the purpose of providing grants to
- 15 county boards of agriculture for expenses resulting from the
- 16 implementation of community based deer management plans.

# [First Reprint]

# ASSEMBLY, No. 2129

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 28, 2000

Sponsored by:

Assemblywoman CONNIE MYERS
District 23 (Warren, Hunterdon and Mercer)
Assemblyman LEONARD LANCE
District 23 (Warren, Hunterdon and Mercer)

## **SYNOPSIS**

Provides for community based deer management plans and special deer management permits in certain areas incurring deer damage; makes venison donation demonstration program permanent; and appropriates \$25,000.

## **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As reported by the Assembly Agriculture and Natural Resources Committee on March 6, 2000, with amendments.



AN ACT concerning deer management and control, establishing a permanent venison donation program, supplementing Title 23 of the Revised Statutes, amending N.J.S.2C:39-3 and P.L.1997, c.268, repealing section 2 of P.L.1997, c.268, and making an appropriation.

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**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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10 1. (New section) a. Whenever a county board of agriculture 11 determines that a farm or farms located within the county has incurred 12 significant crop damage caused by deer, based on evidence submitted 13 by the county board of agriculture or the Center for Wildlife Damage 14 Control in the New Jersey Agriculture Experiment Station at Rutgers, the State University, the county board of agriculture may apply to the 15 16 Division of Fish and Wildlife for designation of a special deer 17 management area. The application shall describe the nature and extent 18 of crop damage incurred, and delineate the area proposed for 19 designation as a special deer management area. If the division 20 determines that the significant crop damage has been caused by an overpopulation of deer in the area described in the application, it shall 21 designate it as a special deer management area. In designating a special 22 23 deer management area, the division may, after consultation with the 24 county board of agriculture, modify the area proposed for designation 25 in an application. The county board of agriculture or the division may 26 request the Center for Wildlife Damage Control to coordinate and 27 facilitate the application and designation of a special deer management 28 area pursuant to this subsection.

b. Whenever a municipality determines that the deer population has caused significant damage to property, not including damage to agricultural property, in the municipality or has caused a significant number of vehicle collisions therein, the municipality may apply to the Division of Fish and Wildlife for designation of a special deer management area. Two or more municipalities may submit a single application for the designation of an area that includes more than one municipality. The application shall describe the nature and extent of property damage or vehicle collisions caused by deer, and delineate the area proposed for designation as a special deer management area. If the division determines that the significant damage to property or the significant vehicle collisions has been caused by an overpopulation of deer in the area described in the application, it shall designate it as a special deer management area. In designating a special deer

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Assembly AAN committee amendments adopted March 6, 2000.

management area, the division may, after consultation with the municipality, modify the area proposed for designation in an application.

4 c. Whenever the owner or operator of an airport determines that 5 the existing population of deer within its boundaries and immediately 6 adjacent property constitutes a hazard to the safe operation of aircraft, 7 the owner or operator of the airport may apply to the Division of Fish 8 and Wildlife for designation of a special deer management area. The 9 application shall describe the nature and extent of the hazard to safe 10 operations of aircraft, and delineate the area proposed for designation as a special deer management area. If the division determines that 11 12 there is a hazard to the safe operation of aircraft at the airport due to 13 deer in the area described in the application, it shall designate it as a 14 special deer management area. In designating a special deer 15 management area, the division may, after consultation with the owner or operator of the airport, modify the area proposed for designation in 16 17 an application.

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2. (New section) a. <sup>1</sup>[A] <u>Upon submission of an application pursuant to section 1 of this act, or at any time thereafter, a<sup>1</sup> county board of agriculture, municipal governing body or owner or operator of an airport may submit to the division for its approval a community based deer management plan proposing alternative control methods to reduce the number of deer in an area designated as a special deer management area pursuant to section 1 of this act. A county board of agriculture, municipal governing body or owner or operator of an airport may submit a community based deer management plan concurrently with an application to the division for designation of a special deer management area.</u>

Two or more municipalities may submit a single community based deer management plan for a special deer management area that covers more than one municipality.

The county board of agriculture or the division may request the Center for Wildlife Damage Control in the New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station at Rutgers, The State University, to coordinate and facilitate the development of a community based deer management plan.

- b. A community based deer management plan shall:
- (1) delineate the boundaries of the special deer management area;
- (2) describe the proposed alternative control methods to reduce the number of deer in the special deer management area, which may include the methods authorized pursuant to section 3 of this act;
- (3) identify any organization that will participate in the implementation of the alternative control methods proposed in the plan, and describe its qualifications;
- (4) describe the methods that will be used to notify the public,

### **A2129** [1R] MYERS, LANCE

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- 1 including residents located within and adjacent to the special deer 2 management area, of the alternative control methods proposed in the 3 plan and the specific times and the specific places when and where 4 they will be used;
- 5 (5) describe the precautions that will be taken to ensure the safety 6 of the public;
  - (6) document the written consent of each affected landowner for access to that person's land if access to private property is necessary to implement the plan;
  - (7) attach a resolution, adopted by the governing body of the municipality in which the special deer management area is located, which endorses the community based deer management plan; and
  - (8) include such additional information as the division may determine to be necessary to properly review a community based deer management plan.
  - c. The division shall promptly review a community based deer management plan submitted pursuant to this act, and either approve the plan, approve the plan subject to modification, or disapprove the plan and return it to the applicant setting forth in writing the reasons for its decision. If the division approves a community based deer management plan, the division shall submit it to the Fish and Game Council for its review and action pursuant to section 3 of this act.
  - d. Whenever practicable, a community based deer management plan shall provide for the donation of deer in accordance with the venison donation program established pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1997, c.268.
  - <sup>1</sup>e. For the purposes of this act, "alternative control method" or "alternative deer control method" means any technique, other than traditional hunting, employed to reduce a deer population, which may include, but need not be limited to, controlled hunting, shooting by an authorized agent, capture and euthanization, capture and removal, and fertility control.<sup>1</sup>

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- 3. (New section) a. The Fish and Game Council may authorize an exemption or variation from the following laws, rules or regulations to the extent necessary and appropriate to implement the alternative control methods set forth in an approved community based deer management plan:
- 39 (1) any provision of the State Fish and Game Code;
- 40 (2) any rule or regulation adopted by the council;
- 41 (3) the following provisions of Title 23 of the Revised Statutes:
- 42 (a) R.S.23:4-13; (b) subsections a., b. and c. of R.S.23:4-16; (c)
- 43 R.S.23:4-24; (d) P.L.1939, c.172 (C.23:4-24.1); (e) section 11 of
- 44 P.L.1990, c.29 (C.23:4-24.1a); (f) R.S.23:4-44; (g) R.S.23:4-45; and
- 45 (h) R.S.23:4-48; and
- 46 (4) the provisions of subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:39-3.

- 1 b. The council shall authorize an exemption or variation from one 2 or more of the laws, rules or regulations set forth in subsection a. of 3 this section only upon a determination that the approved community 4 based deer management plan adequately provides for the safety of the public. The council may condition the exemption or variation from 5 6 one or more of the laws, rules or regulations set forth in subsection a. 7 of this section on the implementation of one or more specific measures 8 it determines to be reasonably necessary to ensure public safety, 9 including but not limited to the on-site presence of law enforcement 10 officers or on-site inspection by division personnel.
- 11 c. The council may authorize an exemption or variation from subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:39-3 only upon the prior written approval of 12 13 the <sup>1</sup>[chief of police of the] county prosecutor of the county in which the municipality in which the special deer management area is located 14 <sup>1</sup>[or, in the case of a municipality that does not have a chief of police, 15 the county prosecutor]<sup>1</sup>. The council may authorize an exemption or 16 variation from R.S.23:4-13 and R.S.23:4-44 only upon the receipt of 17 documentation that each individual authorized to administer the 18 19 alternate control method possesses a valid firearm hunting license <sup>1</sup>[and], <sup>1</sup> a valid rifle permit issued by the division <sup>1</sup>, and a valid New 20 Jersey firearm purchaser identification card or proof that the person is 21 22 in compliance with the applicable laws of the person's state of 23 <u>residence</u><sup>1</sup>. The council may authorize an exemption or variation from subsection c. of R.S.23:4-16 only if, for public safety reasons, it is 24 25 conditioned upon the road or highway being properly closed by law 26 enforcement officers for the time authorized in the special deer management permit issued pursuant to section 4 of this act. 27

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- 4. (New section) a. The division shall issue a special deer management permit to any <sup>1</sup>[organization] applicant <sup>1</sup> authorized to implement an alternative control method set forth in an approved community based deer management plan. The permit shall identify the time, place and alternative control method authorized by the division, the name of each individual authorized to administer the alternate control method, any exemption or variance from a law, rule or regulation authorized by the council pursuant to section 3 of this act, and any special conditions established by the council.
- b. No person shall implement an alternative control method except when in possession of a special deer management permit issued by the division pursuant to this act. The permittee shall provide a copy of the permit issued by the division to each individual named in the permit who is authorized to administer the alternate control method.

- 5. N.J.S.2C:39-3 is amended to read as follows:
- 45 2C:39-3. Prohibited Weapons and Devices.
- a. Destructive devices. Any person who knowingly has in his

- 1 possession any destructive device is guilty of a crime of the third 2 degree.
- b. Sawed-off shotguns. Any person who knowingly has in his
  possession any sawed-off shotgun is guilty of a crime of the third
  degree.
- c. Silencers. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any
  firearm silencer is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- d. Defaced firearms. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any firearm which has been defaced, except an antique firearm or an antique handgun, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

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- e. Certain weapons. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any gravity knife, switchblade knife, dagger, dirk, stiletto, billy, blackjack, metal knuckle, sandclub, slingshot, cestus or similar leather band studded with metal filings or razor blades imbedded in wood, ballistic knife, without any explainable lawful purpose, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- f. Dum-dum or body armor penetrating bullets. (1) Any person, 18 19 other than a law enforcement officer or persons engaged in activities 20 pursuant to subsection f. of N.J.S.2C:39-6, who knowingly has in his 21 possession any hollow nose or dum-dum bullet, or (2) any person, 22 other than a collector of firearms or ammunition as curios or relics as 23 defined in Title 18, United States Code, section 921 (a) (13) and has in his possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued 24 25 by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, who knowingly has 26 in his possession any body armor breaching or penetrating ammunition, 27 which means: (a) ammunition primarily designed for use in a handgun, 28 and (b) which is comprised of a bullet whose core or jacket, if the 29 jacket is thicker than .025 of an inch, is made of tungsten carbide, or 30 hard bronze, or other material which is harder than a rating of 72 or 31 greater on the Rockwell B. Hardness Scale, and (c) is therefore 32 capable of breaching or penetrating body armor, is guilty of a crime of 33 the fourth degree. For purposes of this section, a collector may 34 possess not more than three examples of each distinctive variation of the ammunition described above. A distinctive variation includes a 35 36 different head stamp, composition, design, or color.
- 37 g. Exceptions. (1) Nothing in subsection a., b., c., d., e., f., j. or 38 k. of this section shall apply to any member of the Armed Forces of the 39 United States or the National Guard, or except as otherwise provided, 40 to any law enforcement officer while actually on duty or traveling to 41 or from an authorized place of duty, provided that his possession of 42 the prohibited weapon or device has been duly authorized under the 43 applicable laws, regulations or military or law enforcement orders. 44 Nothing in subsection h. of this section shall apply to any law 45 enforcement officer who is exempted from the provisions of that subsection by the Attorney General. Nothing in this section shall apply 46

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2 officer who has confiscated, seized or otherwise taken possession of 3 said weapon or device as evidence of the commission of a crime or 4 because he believed it to be possessed illegally by the person from

to the possession of any weapon or device by a law enforcement

- whom it was taken, provided that said law enforcement officer 5
- 6 promptly notifies his superiors of his possession of such prohibited 7 weapon or device.
- 8 (2) Nothing in subsection f. (1) shall be construed to prevent a person from keeping such ammunition at his dwelling, premises or other land owned or possessed by him, or from carrying such ammunition from the place of purchase to said dwelling or land, nor 12 shall subsection f. (1) be construed to prevent any licensed retail or wholesale firearms dealer from possessing such ammunition at its licensed premises, provided that the seller of any such ammunition shall maintain a record of the name, age and place of residence of any purchaser who is not a licensed dealer, together with the date of sale 16 and quantity of ammunition sold.
- (3) Nothing in paragraph (2) of subsection f. or in subsection j. 18 19 shall be construed to prevent any licensed retail or wholesale firearms 20 dealer from possessing that ammunition or large capacity ammunition 21 magazine at its licensed premises for sale or disposition to another 22 licensed dealer, the Armed Forces of the United States or the National 23 Guard, or to a law enforcement agency, provided that the seller 24 maintains a record of any sale or disposition to a law enforcement 25 agency. The record shall include the name of the purchasing agency, 26 together with written authorization of the chief of police or highest 27 ranking official of the agency, the name and rank of the purchasing law 28 enforcement officer, if applicable, and the date, time and amount of 29 ammunition sold or otherwise disposed. A copy of this record shall be 30 forwarded by the seller to the Superintendent of the Division of State 31 Police within 48 hours of the sale or disposition.
- 32 (4) Nothing in subsection a. of this section shall be construed to apply to antique cannons as exempted in subsection d. of 33 34 N.J.S.2C:39-6.
- (5) Nothing in subsection c. of this section shall be construed to 35 apply to any person who is specifically identified in a special deer 36 37 management permit issued by the Division of Fish and Wildlife to 38 utilize a firearm silencer as part of an alternative deer control method 39 implemented in accordance with a special deer management permit 40 issued pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the 41 Legislature as this bill), while the person is in the actual performance 42 of the permitted alternative deer control method and while going to 43 and from the place where the permitted alternative deer control 44 method is being utilized. This exception shall not, however, otherwise 45 apply to any person to authorize the purchase or possession of a
- 46 firearm silencer.

- h. Stun guns. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any
   stun gun is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- i. Nothing in subsection e. of this section shall be construed to prevent any guard in the employ of a private security company, who is licensed to carry a firearm, from the possession of a nightstick when in the actual performance of his official duties, provided that he has satisfactorily completed a training course approved by the Police Training Commission in the use of a nightstick.
- j. Any person who knowingly has in his possession a large capacity ammunition magazine is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree unless the person has registered an assault firearm pursuant to section 11 of P.L.1990, c.32 (C.2C:58-12) and the magazine is maintained and used in connection with participation in competitive shooting matches sanctioned by the Director of Civilian Marksmanship of the United States Department of the Army.
- k. Handcuffs. Any person who knowingly has in his possession handcuffs as defined in P.L.1991, c.437 (C.2C:39-9.2), under circumstances not manifestly appropriate for such lawful uses as handcuffs may have, is guilty of a disorderly persons offense. A law enforcement officer shall confiscate handcuffs possessed in violation of the law.

22 (cf: P.L.1999, c.233, s.2)

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venison.

- 6. Section 1 of P.L.1997, c.268 is amended to read as follows:
- 25 1. a. The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, in 26 consultation with the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, the 27 Secretary of Agriculture and the chairman of the Fish and Game Council, shall establish a venison donation [demonstration] program. 28 29 The program shall permit, under controlled conditions, the slaughter, processing, distribution, and serving of venison donated by 30 recreational hunters to nonprofit charitable organizations, in 31 32 accordance with guidelines established by the Commissioner of Health 33 and Senior Services and the State Fish and Game Code established 34 pursuant to section 32 of P.L.1948, c.448 (C.13:1B-30), in order to 35 protect the health and safety of those persons consuming the donated
- The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, in 37 consultation with the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, the 38 39 Secretary of Agriculture, the chairman of the Fish and Game Council, 40 and the United Bow Hunters of New Jersey, shall study the feasibility 41 of expanding the program to include venison obtained from hunters 42 licensed by the Department of Environmental Protection to participate 43 in crop depredation control activities or obtained as a result of the 44 implementation of other methods to manage and control deer 45 populations, including but not limited to those established by sections 1 through 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this 46

## **A2129** [1R] MYERS, LANCE

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bill), and shall expand the program accordingly if the commissioner 1 2 deems it appropriate. 3 (cf: P.L.1997, c.268, s.1) 4 5 7. Section 5 of P.L.1997, c.268 is amended to read as follows: 5. This act shall take effect immediately [and shall expire three 6 7 years after the effective date]. (cf: P.L.1997, c.268, s.5) 9 10 8. Section 2 of P.L.1997, c.268 is hereby repealed. 11 12 9. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department 13 of Agriculture the sum of \$25,000 for the purpose of providing grants 14 to county boards of agriculture for expenses resulting from the implementation of community based deer management plans pursuant 15 to the provisions of P.L. , c. (C. ) (now before the Legislature 16 17 as this bill). 18 19 10. This act shall take effect immediately.

# ASSEMBLY AGRICULTURE AND NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE

### STATEMENT TO

# ASSEMBLY, No. 2129

with committee amendments

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MARCH 6, 2000

The Assembly Agriculture and Natural Resources Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 2129 with committee amendments.

This bill, as amended by the committee, authorizes the development and implementation of site specific community based deer management plans and special deer management permits in certain areas incurring deer damage.

The bill provides that applications may be submitted to the Division of Fish and Wildlife in the Department of Environmental Protection for designation of a special deer management area under one of the following three situations: (1) when a county board of agriculture determines that a farm or farms located within the county has incurred significant crop damage, based on evidence provided by the county board of agriculture or the Center for Wildlife Damage Control at Rutgers University; (2) when a municipality determines that the deer population has caused significant damage to property, not including damage to agricultural property, in the municipality or has caused a significant number of vehicle collisions in the municipality; and (3) when the owner or operator of an airport determines that the existing population of deer within its boundaries and immediately adjacent property constitutes a hazard to the safe operation of aircraft.

The bill further provides that a county board of agriculture, municipal governing body or owner or operator of an airport may submit to the division for its approval a community based deer management plan proposing alternative control methods to reduce the number of deer in an area designated as a special deer management area.

The bill permits the Fish and Game Council to authorize the issuance of special deer management permits to allow persons to administer alternative deer control methods (i.e., other than traditional hunting, such as controlled hunting, shooting by an authorized agent, capture and euthanization, capture and removal, and fertility control). It also allows the Fish and Game Council to authorize exemptions or

variations from certain specified laws or rules regulating the taking of deer when a person is utilizing a special deer management permit, provided that adequate provision is made to address public safety issues. Specifically, this bill would allow the Fish and Game Council to authorize exemptions or variations from the following: (1) any provision of the State Fish and Game Code; (2) any rule or regulation adopted by the council; (3) specified provisions of Title 23 of the Revised Statutes including those concerning the use of rifles and other firearms, hunting from a motor vehicle, the use of illuminating devices, shooting across certain roads, hunting on Sundays, the transport of loaded firearms for hunting purposes, the transport or possession of firearms in a motor vehicle, weapons authorized for hunting deer, and hours for hunting; and (4) the provisions of subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:39-3 concerning the possession and use of silencers.

In addition, the bill makes permanent a three-year, statutorily created venison donation demonstration program which otherwise would have been due to expire in December 2000.

Lastly, this bill appropriates \$25,000 from the General Fund to the Department of Agriculture for the purpose of providing grants to county boards of agriculture for expenses resulting from the implementation of community based deer management plans.

The committee amended the bill to: (1) include a definition of "alternative control method"; (2) specify that the council may approve an exception or waiver from subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:39-3 only upon written approval of the county prosecutor with jurisdiction for the municipality in which the special deer management area is located; and (3) specify that a special deer management permit shall be issued to the applicant for a community based deer management plan.

# STATEMENT TO

# [First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 2129

with Assembly Floor Amendments (Proposed By Assemblywoman MYERS)

ADOPTED: MARCH 16, 2000

These floor amendments would provide that the Fish and Game Council could not authorize an exemption or variation from R.S.23:4-24, concerning hunting on Sundays, for the implementation of alternative control methods set forth in an approved community based deer management plan.

# SENATE ECONOMIC GROWTH, AGRICULTURE AND TOURISM COMMITTEE

## STATEMENT TO

[Second Reprint]
ASSEMBLY, No. 2129

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 4, 2000

The Senate Economic Growth, Agriculture and Tourism Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 2129 (2R).

This bill authorizes the development and implementation of site specific community based deer management plans and special deer management permits in certain areas incurring deer damage.

The bill provides that applications may be submitted to the Division of Fish and Wildlife in the Department of Environmental Protection for designation of a special deer management area under one of the following three situations: (1) when a county board of agriculture determines that a farm or farms located within the county has incurred significant crop damage, based on evidence provided by the county board of agriculture or the Center for Wildlife Damage Control at Rutgers University; (2) when a municipality determines that the deer population has caused significant damage to property, not including damage to agricultural property, in the municipality or has caused a significant number of vehicle collisions in the municipality; and (3) when the owner or operator of an airport determines that the existing population of deer within its boundaries and immediately adjacent property constitutes a hazard to the safe operation of aircraft.

The bill further provides that a county board of agriculture, municipal governing body or owner or operator of an airport may submit to the division for its approval a community based deer management plan proposing alternative control methods to reduce the number of deer in an area designated as a special deer management area.

The bill permits the Fish and Game Council to authorize the issuance of special deer management permits to allow persons to administer alternative deer control methods (i.e., other than traditional hunting, such as controlled hunting, shooting by an authorized agent, capture and euthanization, capture and removal, and fertility control). It also allows the Fish and Game Council to authorize exemptions or variations from certain specified laws or rules regulating the taking of deer when a person is utilizing a special deer management permit,

provided that adequate provision is made to address public safety issues. Specifically, this bill would allow the Fish and Game Council to authorize exemptions or variations from the following: (1) any provision of the State Fish and Game Code; (2) any rule or regulation adopted by the council; (3) specified provisions of Title 23 of the Revised Statutes including those concerning the use of rifles and other firearms, hunting from a motor vehicle, the use of illuminating devices, shooting across certain roads, the transport of loaded firearms for hunting purposes, the transport or possession of firearms in a motor vehicle, weapons authorized for hunting deer, and hours for hunting; and (4) the provisions of subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:39-3 concerning the possession and use of silencers.

In addition, the bill makes permanent a three-year, statutorily created venison donation demonstration program which otherwise would have been due to expire in December 2000.

Lastly, this bill appropriates \$25,000 from the General Fund to the Department of Agriculture for the purpose of providing grants to county boards of agriculture for expenses resulting from the implementation of community based deer management plans.

As reported by the committee, Assembly Bill No.2129(2R) is identical to Senate Bill No.1090 as amended.

# [Second Reprint]

# ASSEMBLY, No. 2129

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 28, 2000

Sponsored by:

Assemblywoman CONNIE MYERS
District 23 (Warren, Hunterdon and Mercer)
Assemblyman LEONARD LANCE
District 23 (Warren, Hunterdon and Mercer)

Co-Sponsored by: Senators Singer and Bark

#### **SYNOPSIS**

Provides for community based deer management plans and special deer management permits in certain areas incurring deer damage; makes venison donation demonstration program permanent; and appropriates \$25,000.

# **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As amended by the General Assembly on March 16, 2000.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 5/19/2000)

#### **A2129** [2R] MYERS, LANCE

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AN ACT concerning deer management and control, establishing a permanent venison donation program, supplementing Title 23 of the Revised Statutes, amending N.J.S.2C:39-3 and P.L.1997, c.268, repealing section 2 of P.L.1997, c.268, and making an appropriation.

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**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. (New section) a. Whenever a county board of agriculture 10 11 determines that a farm or farms located within the county has incurred 12 significant crop damage caused by deer, based on evidence submitted 13 by the county board of agriculture or the Center for Wildlife Damage 14 Control in the New Jersey Agriculture Experiment Station at Rutgers, the State University, the county board of agriculture may apply to the 15 16 Division of Fish and Wildlife for designation of a special deer 17 management area. The application shall describe the nature and extent 18 of crop damage incurred, and delineate the area proposed for 19 designation as a special deer management area. If the division 20 determines that the significant crop damage has been caused by an overpopulation of deer in the area described in the application, it shall 21 designate it as a special deer management area. In designating a special 22 23 deer management area, the division may, after consultation with the 24 county board of agriculture, modify the area proposed for designation 25 in an application. The county board of agriculture or the division may 26 request the Center for Wildlife Damage Control to coordinate and 27 facilitate the application and designation of a special deer management 28 area pursuant to this subsection.
  - b. Whenever a municipality determines that the deer population has caused significant damage to property, not including damage to agricultural property, in the municipality or has caused a significant number of vehicle collisions therein, the municipality may apply to the Division of Fish and Wildlife for designation of a special deer management area. Two or more municipalities may submit a single application for the designation of an area that includes more than one municipality. The application shall describe the nature and extent of property damage or vehicle collisions caused by deer, and delineate the area proposed for designation as a special deer management area. If the division determines that the significant damage to property or the significant vehicle collisions has been caused by an overpopulation of deer in the area described in the application, it shall designate it as a

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Assembly AAN committee amendments adopted March 6, 2000.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Assembly floor amendments adopted March 16, 2000.

special deer management area. In designating a special deer management area, the division may, after consultation with the municipality, modify the area proposed for designation in an application.

c. Whenever the owner or operator of an airport determines that the existing population of deer within its boundaries and immediately adjacent property constitutes a hazard to the safe operation of aircraft, the owner or operator of the airport may apply to the Division of Fish and Wildlife for designation of a special deer management area. The application shall describe the nature and extent of the hazard to safe operations of aircraft, and delineate the area proposed for designation as a special deer management area. If the division determines that there is a hazard to the safe operation of aircraft at the airport due to deer in the area described in the application, it shall designate it as a special deer management area. In designating a special deer management area, the division may, after consultation with the owner or operator of the airport, modify the area proposed for designation in an application.

2. (New section) a. <sup>1</sup>[A] <u>Upon submission of an application</u> pursuant to section 1 of this act, or at any time thereafter, a<sup>1</sup> county board of agriculture, municipal governing body or owner or operator of an airport may submit to the division for its approval a community based deer management plan proposing alternative control methods to reduce the number of deer in an area designated as a special deer management area pursuant to section 1 of this act. A county board of agriculture, municipal governing body or owner or operator of an airport may submit a community based deer management plan concurrently with an application to the division for designation of a special deer management area.

Two or more municipalities may submit a single community based deer management plan for a special deer management area that covers more than one municipality.

The county board of agriculture or the division may request the Center for Wildlife Damage Control in the New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station at Rutgers, The State University, to coordinate and facilitate the development of a community based deer management plan.

- b. A community based deer management plan shall:
  - (1) delineate the boundaries of the special deer management area;
- (2) describe the proposed alternative control methods to reduce the number of deer in the special deer management area, which may include the methods authorized pursuant to section 3 of this act;
- (3) identify any organization that will participate in the implementation of the alternative control methods proposed in the plan, and describe its qualifications;

- 1 (4) describe the methods that will be used to notify the public, 2 including residents located within and adjacent to the special deer 3 management area, of the alternative control methods proposed in the 4 plan and the specific times and the specific places when and where 5 they will be used;
  - (5) describe the precautions that will be taken to ensure the safety of the public;
  - (6) document the written consent of each affected landowner for access to that person's land if access to private property is necessary to implement the plan;
  - (7) attach a resolution, adopted by the governing body of the municipality in which the special deer management area is located, which endorses the community based deer management plan; and
  - (8) include such additional information as the division may determine to be necessary to properly review a community based deer management plan.
  - c. The division shall promptly review a community based deer management plan submitted pursuant to this act, and either approve the plan, approve the plan subject to modification, or disapprove the plan and return it to the applicant setting forth in writing the reasons for its decision. If the division approves a community based deer management plan, the division shall submit it to the Fish and Game Council for its review and action pursuant to section 3 of this act.
  - d. Whenever practicable, a community based deer management plan shall provide for the donation of deer in accordance with the venison donation program established pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1997, c.268.
  - <sup>1</sup>e. For the purposes of this act, "alternative control method" or "alternative deer control method" means any technique, other than traditional hunting, employed to reduce a deer population, which may include, but need not be limited to, controlled hunting, shooting by an authorized agent, capture and euthanization, capture and removal, and fertility control.<sup>1</sup>

- 3. (New section) a. The Fish and Game Council may authorize an exemption or variation from the following laws, rules or regulations to the extent necessary and appropriate to implement the alternative control methods set forth in an approved community based deer management plan:
  - (1) any provision of the State Fish and Game Code;
- 41 (2) any rule or regulation adopted by the council;
- 42 (3) the following provisions of Title 23 of the Revised Statutes:
- 43 (a) R.S. 23:4-13; (b) subsections a., b. and c. of R.S.23:4-16; (c)
- 44 <sup>2</sup>[R.S.23:4-24; (d)]<sup>2</sup> P.L.1939, c.172 (C.23:4-24.1); <sup>2</sup>[(e)](d)<sup>2</sup>
- 45 section 11 of P.L.1990, c.29 (C.23:4-24.1a); <sup>2</sup>[(f)](e)<sup>2</sup> R.S.23:4-44;
- ${}^{2}[(g)](\underline{f})^{2}$  R.S.23:4-45; and  ${}^{2}[(h)](\underline{g})^{2}$  R.S.23:4-48; and

- (4) the provisions of subsection c. of N.J.S. 2C:39-3.
- 2 b. The council shall authorize an exemption or variation from one 3 or more of the laws, rules or regulations set forth in subsection a. of 4 this section only upon a determination that the approved community based deer management plan adequately provides for the safety of the 5 6 public. The council may condition the exemption or variation from one or more of the laws, rules or regulations set forth in subsection a. 7 8 of this section on the implementation of one or more specific measures 9 it determines to be reasonably necessary to ensure public safety, 10 including but not limited to the on-site presence of law enforcement 11 officers or on-site inspection by division personnel.
  - c. The council may authorize an exemption or variation from subsection c. of N.J.S. 2C:39-3 only upon the prior written approval of the <sup>1</sup>[chief of police of the] county prosecutor of the county in which the 1 municipality in which the special deer management area is located <sup>1</sup>[or, in the case of a municipality that does not have a chief of police, the county prosecutor]<sup>1</sup>. The council may authorize an exemption or variation from R.S.23:4-13 and R.S.23:4-44 only upon the receipt of documentation that each individual authorized to administer the alternate control method possesses a valid firearm hunting license <sup>1</sup>[and] <sup>1</sup> a valid rifle permit issued by the division <sup>1</sup>. and a valid New Jersey firearm purchaser identification card or proof that the person is in compliance with the applicable laws of the person's state of residence<sup>1</sup>. The council may authorize an exemption or variation from subsection c. of R.S.23:4-16 only if, for public safety reasons, it is conditioned upon the road or highway being properly closed by law enforcement officers for the time authorized in the special deer management permit issued pursuant to section 4 of this act.

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- 4. (New section) a. The division shall issue a special deer management permit to any <sup>1</sup>[organization] applicant <sup>1</sup> authorized to implement an alternative control method set forth in an approved community based deer management plan. The permit shall identify the time, place and alternative control method authorized by the division, the name of each individual authorized to administer the alternate control method, any exemption or variance from a law, rule or regulation authorized by the council pursuant to section 3 of this act, and any special conditions established by the council.
- b. No person shall implement an alternative control method except when in possession of a special deer management permit issued by the division pursuant to this act. The permittee shall provide a copy of the permit issued by the division to each individual named in the permit who is authorized to administer the alternate control method.

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5. N.J.S.2C:39-3 is amended to read as follows:

- 1 2C:39-3. Prohibited Weapons and Devices.
- a. Destructive devices. Any person who knowingly has in his
   possession any destructive device is guilty of a crime of the third
   degree.
- b. Sawed-off shotguns. Any person who knowingly has in his
  possession any sawed-off shotgun is guilty of a crime of the third
  degree.
- 8 c. Silencers. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any
  9 firearm silencer is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- d. Defaced firearms. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any firearm which has been defaced, except an antique firearm or an antique handgun, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- e. Certain weapons. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any gravity knife, switchblade knife, dagger, dirk, stiletto, billy, blackjack, metal knuckle, sandclub, slingshot, cestus or similar leather band studded with metal filings or razor blades imbedded in wood, ballistic knife, without any explainable lawful purpose, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- 20 f. Dum-dum or body armor penetrating bullets. (1) Any person, 21 other than a law enforcement officer or persons engaged in activities 22 pursuant to subsection f. of N.J.S.2C:39-6, who knowingly has in his 23 possession any hollow nose or dum-dum bullet, or (2) any person, 24 other than a collector of firearms or ammunition as curios or relics as 25 defined in Title 18, United States Code, section 921 (a) (13) and has 26 in his possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued 27 by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, who knowingly has 28 in his possession any body armor breaching or penetrating ammunition, 29 which means: (a) ammunition primarily designed for use in a handgun, 30 and (b) which is comprised of a bullet whose core or jacket, if the 31 jacket is thicker than .025 of an inch, is made of tungsten carbide, or 32 hard bronze, or other material which is harder than a rating of 72 or greater on the Rockwell B. Hardness Scale, and (c) is therefore 33 34 capable of breaching or penetrating body armor, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree. For purposes of this section, a collector may 35 possess not more than three examples of each distinctive variation of 36 37 the ammunition described above. A distinctive variation includes a 38 different head stamp, composition, design, or color.
- 39 g. Exceptions. (1) Nothing in subsection a., b., c., d., e., f., j. or 40 k. of this section shall apply to any member of the Armed Forces of the 41 United States or the National Guard, or except as otherwise provided, 42 to any law enforcement officer while actually on duty or traveling to 43 or from an authorized place of duty, provided that his possession of 44 the prohibited weapon or device has been duly authorized under the 45 applicable laws, regulations or military or law enforcement orders. Nothing in subsection h. of this section shall apply to any law 46

- enforcement officer who is exempted from the provisions of that subsection by the Attorney General. Nothing in this section shall apply to the possession of any weapon or device by a law enforcement officer who has confiscated, seized or otherwise taken possession of said weapon or device as evidence of the commission of a crime or because he believed it to be possessed illegally by the person from whom it was taken, provided that said law enforcement officer
- promptly notifies his superiors of his possession of such prohibited weapon or device.

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- (2) Nothing in subsection f. (1) shall be construed to prevent a person from keeping such ammunition at his dwelling, premises or other land owned or possessed by him, or from carrying such ammunition from the place of purchase to said dwelling or land, nor shall subsection f. (1) be construed to prevent any licensed retail or wholesale firearms dealer from possessing such ammunition at its licensed premises, provided that the seller of any such ammunition shall maintain a record of the name, age and place of residence of any purchaser who is not a licensed dealer, together with the date of sale and quantity of ammunition sold.
- 20 (3) Nothing in paragraph (2) of subsection f. or in subsection j. 21 shall be construed to prevent any licensed retail or wholesale firearms 22 dealer from possessing that ammunition or large capacity ammunition 23 magazine at its licensed premises for sale or disposition to another licensed dealer, the Armed Forces of the United States or the National 24 25 Guard, or to a law enforcement agency, provided that the seller 26 maintains a record of any sale or disposition to a law enforcement 27 agency. The record shall include the name of the purchasing agency, 28 together with written authorization of the chief of police or highest 29 ranking official of the agency, the name and rank of the purchasing law 30 enforcement officer, if applicable, and the date, time and amount of 31 ammunition sold or otherwise disposed. A copy of this record shall be 32 forwarded by the seller to the Superintendent of the Division of State 33 Police within 48 hours of the sale or disposition.
  - (4) Nothing in subsection a. of this section shall be construed to apply to antique cannons as exempted in subsection d. of N.J.S.2C:39-6.
- 37 (5) Nothing in subsection c. of this section shall be construed to 38 apply to any person who is specifically identified in a special deer 39 management permit issued by the Division of Fish and Wildlife to 40 utilize a firearm silencer as part of an alternative deer control method 41 implemented in accordance with a special deer management permit issued pursuant to section 4 of P.L. , c. (C. ) (now before the 42 43 Legislature as this bill), while the person is in the actual performance 44 of the permitted alternative deer control method and while going to 45 and from the place where the permitted alternative deer control method is being utilized. This exception shall not, however, otherwise 46

apply to any person to authorize the purchase or possession of a
 firearm silencer.

- h. Stun guns. Any person who knowingly has in his possession anystun gun is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- i. Nothing in subsection e. of this section shall be construed to prevent any guard in the employ of a private security company, who is licensed to carry a firearm, from the possession of a nightstick when in the actual performance of his official duties, provided that he has satisfactorily completed a training course approved by the Police Training Commission in the use of a nightstick.
- j. Any person who knowingly has in his possession a large capacity ammunition magazine is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree unless the person has registered an assault firearm pursuant to section 11 of P.L.1990, c.32 (C.2C:58-12) and the magazine is maintained and used in connection with participation in competitive shooting matches sanctioned by the Director of Civilian Marksmanship of the United States Department of the Army.
- 18 k. Handcuffs. Any person who knowingly has in his possession 19 handcuffs as defined in P.L.1991, c.437 (C.2C:39-9.2), under 20 circumstances not manifestly appropriate for such lawful uses as 21 handcuffs may have, is guilty of a disorderly persons offense. A law 22 enforcement officer shall confiscate handcuffs possessed in violation 23 of the law.

24 (cf: P.L.1999, c.233, s.2)

- 6. Section 1 of P.L.1997, c.268 is amended to read as follows:
- 27 The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, in 28 consultation with the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, the 29 Secretary of Agriculture and the chairman of the Fish and Game 30 Council, shall establish a venison donation [demonstration] program. The program shall permit, under controlled conditions, the slaughter, 31 32 processing, distribution, and serving of venison donated by 33 recreational hunters to nonprofit charitable organizations, in 34 accordance with guidelines established by the Commissioner of Health 35 and Senior Services and the State Fish and Game Code established pursuant to section 32 of P.L.1948, c.448 (C.13:1B-30), in order to 36 37 protect the health and safety of those persons consuming the donated 38 venison.
- 39 b. The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, in 40 consultation with the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, the 41 Secretary of Agriculture, the chairman of the Fish and Game Council, 42 and the United Bow Hunters of New Jersey, shall study the feasibility 43 of expanding the program to include venison obtained from hunters 44 licensed by the Department of Environmental Protection to participate 45 in crop depredation control activities or obtained as a result of the implementation of other methods to manage and control deer 46

## **A2129** [2R] MYERS, LANCE

- populations, including but not limited to those established by sections 1 2 1 through 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this 3 bill), and shall expand the program accordingly if the commissioner 4 deems it appropriate. 5 (cf: P.L.1997, c.268, s.1) 6 7. Section 5 of P.L.1997, c.268 is amended to read as follows: 7 8 5. This act shall take effect immediately [and shall expire three 9 years after the effective date]. 10 (cf: P.L.1997, c.268, s.5) 11 12 8. Section 2 of P.L.1997, c.268 is hereby repealed. 13 14 9. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of Agriculture the sum of \$25,000 for the purpose of providing grants 15 to county boards of agriculture for expenses resulting from the 16 implementation of community based deer management plans pursuant 17 to the provisions of P.L. , c. (C. ) (now before the Legislature 18 as this bill). 19 20
- 21 10. This act shall take effect immediately.

§§1-4 C.23:4-42.3 to 23:4-42.6 §§1, 3 of P.L.1997, c.268 C.23:4-42.7 and 23:4-42.8 §8 Repealer §9 Approp.

# P.L. 2000, CHAPTER 46, approved June 30, 2000 Assembly, No. 2129 (Second Reprint)

AN ACT concerning deer management and control, establishing a permanent venison donation program, supplementing Title 23 of the Revised Statutes, amending N.J.S.2C:39-3 and P.L.1997, c.268, repealing section 2 of P.L.1997, c.268, and making an appropriation.

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**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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10 1. (New section) a. Whenever a county board of agriculture 11 determines that a farm or farms located within the county has incurred 12 significant crop damage caused by deer, based on evidence submitted 13 by the county board of agriculture or the Center for Wildlife Damage 14 Control in the New Jersey Agriculture Experiment Station at Rutgers, the State University, the county board of agriculture may apply to the 15 16 Division of Fish and Wildlife for designation of a special deer 17 management area. The application shall describe the nature and extent 18 of crop damage incurred, and delineate the area proposed for 19 designation as a special deer management area. If the division 20 determines that the significant crop damage has been caused by an 21 overpopulation of deer in the area described in the application, it shall 22 designate it as a special deer management area. In designating a special deer management area, the division may, after consultation with the 23 24 county board of agriculture, modify the area proposed for designation 25 in an application. The county board of agriculture or the division may request the Center for Wildlife Damage Control to coordinate and 26 27 facilitate the application and designation of a special deer management area pursuant to this subsection. 28

caused significant damage to property, not including damage to agricultural property, in the municipality or has caused a significant

b. Whenever a municipality determines that the deer population has

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Assembly AAN committee amendments adopted March 6, 2000.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Assembly floor amendments adopted March 16, 2000.

number of vehicle collisions therein, the municipality may apply to the Division of Fish and Wildlife for designation of a special deer management area. Two or more municipalities may submit a single application for the designation of an area that includes more than one municipality. The application shall describe the nature and extent of property damage or vehicle collisions caused by deer, and delineate the area proposed for designation as a special deer management area. If the division determines that the significant damage to property or the significant vehicle collisions has been caused by an overpopulation of deer in the area described in the application, it shall designate it as a special deer management area. In designating a special deer management area, the division may, after consultation with the municipality, modify the area proposed for designation in an application.

c. Whenever the owner or operator of an airport determines that the existing population of deer within its boundaries and immediately adjacent property constitutes a hazard to the safe operation of aircraft, the owner or operator of the airport may apply to the Division of Fish and Wildlife for designation of a special deer management area. The application shall describe the nature and extent of the hazard to safe operations of aircraft, and delineate the area proposed for designation as a special deer management area. If the division determines that there is a hazard to the safe operation of aircraft at the airport due to deer in the area described in the application, it shall designate it as a special deer management area. In designating a special deer management area, the division may, after consultation with the owner or operator of the airport, modify the area proposed for designation in an application.

2. (New section) a. <sup>1</sup>[A] <u>Upon submission of an application pursuant to section 1 of this act, or at any time thereafter, a<sup>1</sup> county board of agriculture, municipal governing body or owner or operator of an airport may submit to the division for its approval a community based deer management plan proposing alternative control methods to reduce the number of deer in an area designated as a special deer management area pursuant to section 1 of this act. A county board of agriculture, municipal governing body or owner or operator of an airport may submit a community based deer management plan concurrently with an application to the division for designation of a special deer management area.</u>

Two or more municipalities may submit a single community based deer management plan for a special deer management area that covers more than one municipality.

The county board of agriculture or the division may request the Center for Wildlife Damage Control in the New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station at Rutgers, The State University, to coordinate

- and facilitate the development of a community based deer management
   plan.
- b. A community based deer management plan shall:
  - (1) delineate the boundaries of the special deer management area;
  - (2) describe the proposed alternative control methods to reduce the number of deer in the special deer management area, which may include the methods authorized pursuant to section 3 of this act;
  - (3) identify any organization that will participate in the implementation of the alternative control methods proposed in the plan, and describe its qualifications;
  - (4) describe the methods that will be used to notify the public, including residents located within and adjacent to the special deer management area, of the alternative control methods proposed in the plan and the specific times and the specific places when and where they will be used;
  - (5) describe the precautions that will be taken to ensure the safety of the public;
  - (6) document the written consent of each affected landowner for access to that person's land if access to private property is necessary to implement the plan;
  - (7) attach a resolution, adopted by the governing body of the municipality in which the special deer management area is located, which endorses the community based deer management plan; and
  - (8) include such additional information as the division may determine to be necessary to properly review a community based deer management plan.
  - c. The division shall promptly review a community based deer management plan submitted pursuant to this act, and either approve the plan, approve the plan subject to modification, or disapprove the plan and return it to the applicant setting forth in writing the reasons for its decision. If the division approves a community based deer management plan, the division shall submit it to the Fish and Game Council for its review and action pursuant to section 3 of this act.
  - d. Whenever practicable, a community based deer management plan shall provide for the donation of deer in accordance with the venison donation program established pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1997, c.268.
  - <sup>1</sup>e. For the purposes of this act, "alternative control method" or "alternative deer control method" means any technique, other than traditional hunting, employed to reduce a deer population, which may include, but need not be limited to, controlled hunting, shooting by an authorized agent, capture and euthanization, capture and removal, and fertility control.<sup>1</sup>

3. (New section) a. The Fish and Game Council may authorize an exemption or variation from the following laws, rules or regulations

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to the extent necessary and appropriate to implement the alternative
 control methods set forth in an approved community based deer
 management plan:

- (1) any provision of the State Fish and Game Code;
- (2) any rule or regulation adopted by the council;
- 6 (3) the following provisions of Title 23 of the Revised Statutes:
- 7 (a) R.S. 23:4-13; (b) subsections a., b. and c. of R.S.23:4-16; (c)
- 8  ${}^{2}$ [R.S.23:4-24; (d)] ${}^{2}$  P.L.1939, c.172 (C.23:4-24.1);  ${}^{2}$ [(e)](d) ${}^{2}$
- 9 section 11 of P.L.1990, c.29 (C.23:4-24.1a); <sup>2</sup>[(f)](e)<sup>2</sup> R.S.23:4-44;
- 10  ${}^{2}[(g)](\underline{f})^{2}$  R.S.23:4-45; and  ${}^{2}[(h)](\underline{g})^{2}$  R.S.23:4-48; and
- 11 (4) the provisions of subsection c. of N.J.S. 2C:39-3.
- b. The council shall authorize an exemption or variation from one 12 13 or more of the laws, rules or regulations set forth in subsection a. of 14 this section only upon a determination that the approved community 15 based deer management plan adequately provides for the safety of the public. The council may condition the exemption or variation from 16 17 one or more of the laws, rules or regulations set forth in subsection a. of this section on the implementation of one or more specific measures 18 19 it determines to be reasonably necessary to ensure public safety, 20 including but not limited to the on-site presence of law enforcement 21 officers or on-site inspection by division personnel.
  - c. The council may authorize an exemption or variation from subsection c. of N.J.S. 2C:39-3 only upon the prior written approval of the <sup>1</sup>[chief of police of the] county prosecutor of the county in which the municipality in which the special deer management area is located <sup>1</sup>[or, in the case of a municipality that does not have a chief of police, the county prosecutor]<sup>1</sup>. The council may authorize an exemption or variation from R.S.23:4-13 and R.S.23:4-44 only upon the receipt of documentation that each individual authorized to administer the alternate control method possesses a valid firearm hunting license <sup>1</sup>[and], <sup>1</sup> a valid rifle permit issued by the division <sup>1</sup>, and a valid New Jersey firearm purchaser identification card or proof that the person is in compliance with the applicable laws of the person's state of residence<sup>1</sup>. The council may authorize an exemption or variation from subsection c. of R.S.23:4-16 only if, for public safety reasons, it is conditioned upon the road or highway being properly closed by law enforcement officers for the time authorized in the special deer management permit issued pursuant to section 4 of this act.

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4. (New section) a. The division shall issue a special deer management permit to any <sup>1</sup>[organization] applicant <sup>1</sup> authorized to implement an alternative control method set forth in an approved community based deer management plan. The permit shall identify the time, place and alternative control method authorized by the division, the name of each individual authorized to administer the alternate

1 control method, any exemption or variance from a law, rule or 2 regulation authorized by the council pursuant to section 3 of this act, 3 and any special conditions established by the council.

b. No person shall implement an alternative control method except when in possession of a special deer management permit issued by the division pursuant to this act. The permittee shall provide a copy of the permit issued by the division to each individual named in the permit who is authorized to administer the alternate control method.

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- 5. N.J.S.2C:39-3 is amended to read as follows:
- 11 2C:39-3. Prohibited Weapons and Devices.
- a. Destructive devices. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any destructive device is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
- b. Sawed-off shotguns. Any person who knowingly has in his
   possession any sawed-off shotgun is guilty of a crime of the third
   degree.
- 18 c. Silencers. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any 19 firearm silencer is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- d. Defaced firearms. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any firearm which has been defaced, except an antique firearm or an antique handgun, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
  - e. Certain weapons. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any gravity knife, switchblade knife, dagger, dirk, stiletto, billy, blackjack, metal knuckle, sandclub, slingshot, cestus or similar leather band studded with metal filings or razor blades imbedded in wood, ballistic knife, without any explainable lawful purpose, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- 30 f. Dum-dum or body armor penetrating bullets. (1) Any person, 31 other than a law enforcement officer or persons engaged in activities 32 pursuant to subsection f. of N.J.S.2C:39-6, who knowingly has in his 33 possession any hollow nose or dum-dum bullet, or (2) any person, 34 other than a collector of firearms or ammunition as curios or relics as defined in Title 18, United States Code, section 921 (a) (13) and has 35 in his possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued 36 37 by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, who knowingly has 38 in his possession any body armor breaching or penetrating ammunition, 39 which means: (a) ammunition primarily designed for use in a handgun, 40 and (b) which is comprised of a bullet whose core or jacket, if the 41 jacket is thicker than .025 of an inch, is made of tungsten carbide, or 42 hard bronze, or other material which is harder than a rating of 72 or greater on the Rockwell B. Hardness Scale, and (c) is therefore 43 44 capable of breaching or penetrating body armor, is guilty of a crime of 45 the fourth degree. For purposes of this section, a collector may 46 possess not more than three examples of each distinctive variation of

the ammunition described above. A distinctive variation includes a
 different head stamp, composition, design, or color.

- 3 g. Exceptions. (1) Nothing in subsection a., b., c., d., e., f., j. or 4 k. of this section shall apply to any member of the Armed Forces of the 5 United States or the National Guard, or except as otherwise provided, to any law enforcement officer while actually on duty or traveling to 6 7 or from an authorized place of duty, provided that his possession of 8 the prohibited weapon or device has been duly authorized under the 9 applicable laws, regulations or military or law enforcement orders. 10 Nothing in subsection h. of this section shall apply to any law 11 enforcement officer who is exempted from the provisions of that 12 subsection by the Attorney General. Nothing in this section shall apply 13 to the possession of any weapon or device by a law enforcement 14 officer who has confiscated, seized or otherwise taken possession of 15 said weapon or device as evidence of the commission of a crime or because he believed it to be possessed illegally by the person from 16 17 whom it was taken, provided that said law enforcement officer promptly notifies his superiors of his possession of such prohibited 18 19 weapon or device.
  - (2) Nothing in subsection f. (1) shall be construed to prevent a person from keeping such ammunition at his dwelling, premises or other land owned or possessed by him, or from carrying such ammunition from the place of purchase to said dwelling or land, nor shall subsection f. (1) be construed to prevent any licensed retail or wholesale firearms dealer from possessing such ammunition at its licensed premises, provided that the seller of any such ammunition shall maintain a record of the name, age and place of residence of any purchaser who is not a licensed dealer, together with the date of sale and quantity of ammunition sold.

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- 30 (3) Nothing in paragraph (2) of subsection f. or in subsection j. 31 shall be construed to prevent any licensed retail or wholesale firearms 32 dealer from possessing that ammunition or large capacity ammunition 33 magazine at its licensed premises for sale or disposition to another 34 licensed dealer, the Armed Forces of the United States or the National Guard, or to a law enforcement agency, provided that the seller 35 maintains a record of any sale or disposition to a law enforcement 36 37 agency. The record shall include the name of the purchasing agency, 38 together with written authorization of the chief of police or highest 39 ranking official of the agency, the name and rank of the purchasing law 40 enforcement officer, if applicable, and the date, time and amount of 41 ammunition sold or otherwise disposed. A copy of this record shall be forwarded by the seller to the Superintendent of the Division of State 42 43 Police within 48 hours of the sale or disposition.
- 44 (4) Nothing in subsection a. of this section shall be construed to 45 apply to antique cannons as exempted in subsection d. of 46 N.J.S.2C:39-6.

- 1 (5) Nothing in subsection c. of this section shall be construed to 2 apply to any person who is specifically identified in a special deer 3 management permit issued by the Division of Fish and Wildlife to 4 utilize a firearm silencer as part of an alternative deer control method 5 implemented in accordance with a special deer management permit issued pursuant to section 4 of P.L. , c. (C. ) (now before the 6 7 Legislature as this bill), while the person is in the actual performance 8 of the permitted alternative deer control method and while going to 9 and from the place where the permitted alternative deer control 10 method is being utilized. This exception shall not, however, otherwise 11 apply to any person to authorize the purchase or possession of a 12 firearm silencer.
  - h. Stun guns. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any stun gun is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
  - i. Nothing in subsection e. of this section shall be construed to prevent any guard in the employ of a private security company, who is licensed to carry a firearm, from the possession of a nightstick when in the actual performance of his official duties, provided that he has satisfactorily completed a training course approved by the Police Training Commission in the use of a nightstick.
  - j. Any person who knowingly has in his possession a large capacity ammunition magazine is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree unless the person has registered an assault firearm pursuant to section 11 of P.L.1990, c.32 (C.2C:58-12) and the magazine is maintained and used in connection with participation in competitive shooting matches sanctioned by the Director of Civilian Marksmanship of the United States Department of the Army.
- 28 k. Handcuffs. Any person who knowingly has in his possession 29 handcuffs as defined in P.L.1991, c.437 (C.2C:39-9.2), under 30 circumstances not manifestly appropriate for such lawful uses as 31 handcuffs may have, is guilty of a disorderly persons offense. A law 32 enforcement officer shall confiscate handcuffs possessed in violation 33 of the law.
- 34 (cf: P.L.1999, c.233, s.2)

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- 6. Section 1 of P.L.1997, c.268 is amended to read as follows:
- 37 1. a. The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, in consultation with the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, the 38 39 Secretary of Agriculture and the chairman of the Fish and Game 40 Council, shall establish a venison donation [demonstration] program. 41 The program shall permit, under controlled conditions, the slaughter, 42 processing, distribution, and serving of venison donated by 43 recreational hunters to nonprofit charitable organizations, in 44 accordance with guidelines established by the Commissioner of Health 45 and Senior Services and the State Fish and Game Code established pursuant to section 32 of P.L.1948, c.448 (C.13:1B-30), in order to 46

## A2129 [2R]

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1 protect the health and safety of those persons consuming the donated 2 venison. The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, in 3 b. 4 consultation with the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, the 5 Secretary of Agriculture, the chairman of the Fish and Game Council, and the United Bow Hunters of New Jersey, shall study the feasibility 6 7 of expanding the program to include venison obtained from hunters 8 licensed by the Department of Environmental Protection to participate 9 in crop depredation control activities or obtained as a result of the 10 implementation of other methods to manage and control deer populations, including but not limited to those established by sections 11 1 through 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this 12 13 bill), and shall expand the program accordingly if the commissioner 14 deems it appropriate. 15 (cf: P.L.1997, c.268, s.1) 16 17 7. Section 5 of P.L.1997, c.268 is amended to read as follows: 18 5. This act shall take effect immediately [and shall expire three 19 years after the effective date]. 20 (cf: P.L.1997, c.268, s.5) 21 22 8. Section 2 of P.L.1997, c.268 is hereby repealed. 23 24 9. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department 25 of Agriculture the sum of \$25,000 for the purpose of providing grants 26 to county boards of agriculture for expenses resulting from the 27 implementation of community based deer management plans pursuant 28 to the provisions of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature 29 as this bill). 30

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10. This act shall take effect immediately.

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Provides for community based deer management plans and special deer management permits in certain areas incurring deer damage; makes venison donation demonstration program permanent; and appropriates \$25,000.

### **CHAPTER 46**

**AN ACT** concerning deer management and control, establishing a permanent venison donation program, supplementing Title 23 of the Revised Statutes, amending N.J.S.2C:39-3 and P.L.1997, c.268, repealing section 2 of P.L.1997, c.268, and making an appropriation.

**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

C.23:4-42.3 Appreciation for special deer management area designation.

- 1. a. Whenever a county board of agriculture determines that a farm or farms located within the county has incurred significant crop damage caused by deer, based on evidence submitted by the county board of agriculture or the Center for Wildlife Damage Control in the New Jersey Agriculture Experiment Station at Rutgers, The State University, the county board of agriculture may apply to the Division of Fish and Wildlife for designation of a special deer management area. The application shall describe the nature and extent of crop damage incurred, and delineate the area proposed for designation as a special deer management area. If the division determines that the significant crop damage has been caused by an overpopulation of deer in the area described in the application, it shall designate it as a special deer management area. In designating a special deer management area, the division may, after consultation with the county board of agriculture, modify the area proposed for designation in an application. The county board of agriculture or the division may request the Center for Wildlife Damage Control to coordinate and facilitate the application and designation of a special deer management area pursuant to this subsection.
- b. Whenever a municipality determines that the deer population has caused significant damage to property, not including damage to agricultural property, in the municipality or has caused a significant number of vehicle collisions therein, the municipality may apply to the Division of Fish and Wildlife for designation of a special deer management area. Two or more municipalities may submit a single application for the designation of an area that includes more than one municipality. The application shall describe the nature and extent of property damage or vehicle collisions caused by deer, and delineate the area proposed for designation as a special deer management area. If the division determines that the significant damage to property or the significant vehicle collisions has been caused by an overpopulation of deer in the area described in the application, it shall designate it as a special deer management area. In designating a special deer management area, the division may, after consultation with the municipality, modify the area proposed for designation in an application.
- c. Whenever the owner or operator of an airport determines that the existing population of deer within its boundaries and immediately adjacent property constitutes a hazard to the safe operation of aircraft, the owner or operator of the airport may apply to the Division of Fish and Wildlife for designation of a special deer management area. The application shall describe the nature and extent of the hazard to safe operations of aircraft, and delineate the area proposed for designation as a special deer management area. If the division determines that there is a hazard to the safe operation of aircraft at the airport due to deer in the area described in the application, it shall designate it as a special deer management area. In designating a special deer management area, the division may, after consultation with the owner or operator of the airport, modify the area proposed for designation in an application.

## C.23:4-42.4 Submission of deer management plan.

2. a. Upon submission of an application pursuant to section 1 of this act, or at any time thereafter, a county board of agriculture, municipal governing body or owner or operator of an airport may submit to the division for its approval a community based deer management plan proposing alternative control methods to reduce the number of deer in an area designated as a special deer management area pursuant to section 1 of this act. A county board of agriculture, municipal governing body or owner or operator of an airport may submit a community based deer management plan concurrently with an application to the division for designation of a special deer management area.

Two or more municipalities may submit a single community based deer management plan for a special deer management area that covers more than one municipality.

The county board of agriculture or the division may request the Center for Wildlife Damage Control in the New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station at Rutgers, The State University, to coordinate and facilitate the development of a community based deer management plan.

- b. A community based deer management plan shall:
- (1) delineate the boundaries of the special deer management area;
- (2) describe the proposed alternative control methods to reduce the number of deer in the special deer management area, which may include the methods authorized pursuant to section 3 of this act:
- (3) identify any organization that will participate in the implementation of the alternative control methods proposed in the plan, and describe its qualifications;
- (4) describe the methods that will be used to notify the public, including residents located within and adjacent to the special deer management area, of the alternative control methods proposed in the plan and the specific times and the specific places when and where they will be used;
  - (5) describe the precautions that will be taken to ensure the safety of the public;
- (6) document the written consent of each affected landowner for access to that person's land if access to private property is necessary to implement the plan;
- (7) attach a resolution, adopted by the governing body of the municipality in which the special deer management area is located, which endorses the community based deer management plan; and
- (8) include such additional information as the division may determine to be necessary to properly review a community based deer management plan.
- c. The division shall promptly review a community based deer management plan submitted pursuant to this act, and either approve the plan, approve the plan subject to modification, or disapprove the plan and return it to the applicant setting forth in writing the reasons for its decision. If the division approves a community based deer management plan, the division shall submit it to the Fish and Game Council for its review and action pursuant to section 3 of this act.
- d. Whenever practicable, a community based deer management plan shall provide for the donation of deer in accordance with the venison donation program established pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1997, c.268.
- e. For the purposes of this act, "alternative control method" or "alternative deer control method" means any technique, other than traditional hunting, employed to reduce a deer population, which may include, but need not be limited to, controlled hunting, shooting by an authorized agent, capture and euthanization, capture and removal, and fertility control.
- C.23:4-42.5 Exemption, variation from certain laws, etc. for implementation of alternative control methods.
- 3. a. The Fish and Game Council may authorize an exemption or variation from the following laws, rules or regulations to the extent necessary and appropriate to implement the alternative control methods set forth in an approved community based deer management plan:
  - (1) any provision of the State Fish and Game Code;
  - (2) any rule or regulation adopted by the council;
- (3) the following provisions of Title 23 of the Revised Statutes: (a) R.S. 23:4-13; (b) subsections a., b. and c. of R.S.23:4-16; (c) P.L.1939, c.172 (C.23:4-24.1);(d)section 11 of P.L.1990, c.29 (C.23:4-24.1a);(e)R.S.23:4-44;(f)R.S.23:4-45; and(g)R.S.23:4-48; and
  - (4) the provisions of subsection c. of N.J.S. 2C:39-3.
- b. The council shall authorize an exemption or variation from one or more of the laws, rules or regulations set forth in subsection a. of this section only upon a determination that the approved community based deer management plan adequately provides for the safety of the public. The council may condition the exemption or variation from one or more of the laws, rules or regulations set forth in subsection a. of this section on the implementation of one or more specific measures it determines to be reasonably necessary to ensure public safety, including but not limited to the on-site presence of law enforcement officers or on-site inspection by division personnel.
- c. The council may authorize an exemption or variation from subsection c. of N.J.S. 2C:39-3 only upon the prior written approval of the county prosecutor of the county in which the municipality in which the special deer management area is located. The council may

authorize an exemption or variation from R.S.23:4-13 and R.S.23:4-44 only upon the receipt of documentation that each individual authorized to administer the alternate control method possesses a valid firearm hunting license, a valid rifle permit issued by the division, and a valid New Jersey firearm purchaser identification card or proof that the person is in compliance with the applicable laws of the person's state of residence. The council may authorize an exemption or variation from subsection c. of R.S.23:4-16 only if, for public safety reasons, it is conditioned upon the road or highway being properly closed by law enforcement officers for the time authorized in the special deer management permit issued pursuant to section 4 of this act.

### C.23:4-42.6 Special deer management permit; issuance.

- 4. a. The division shall issue a special deer management permit to any applicantauthorized to implement an alternative control method set forth in an approved community based deer management plan. The permit shall identify the time, place and alternative control method authorized by the division, the name of each individual authorized to administer the alternate control method, any exemption or variance from a law, rule or regulation authorized by the council pursuant to section 3 of this act, and any special conditions established by the council.
- b. No person shall implement an alternative control method except when in possession of a special deer management permit issued by the division pursuant to this act. The permittee shall provide a copy of the permit issued by the division to each individual named in the permit who is authorized to administer the alternate control method.

### 5. N.J.S.2C:39-3 is amended to read as follows:

Prohibited weapons and devices.

2C:39-3. Prohibited Weapons and Devices.

- a. Destructive devices. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any destructive device is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
- b. Sawed-off shotguns. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any sawed-off shotgun is guilty of a crime of the third degree.
- c. Silencers. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any firearm silencer is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- d. Defaced firearms. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any firearm which has been defaced, except an antique firearm or an antique handgun, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- e. Certain weapons. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any gravity knife, switchblade knife, dagger, dirk, stiletto, billy, blackjack, metal knuckle, sandclub, slingshot, cestus or similar leather band studded with metal filings or razor blades imbedded in wood, ballistic knife, without any explainable lawful purpose, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- f. Dum-dum or body armor penetrating bullets. (1) Any person, other than a law enforcement officer or persons engaged in activities pursuant to subsection f. of N.J.S.2C:39-6, who knowingly has in his possession any hollow nose or dum-dum bullet, or (2) any person, other than a collector of firearms or ammunition as curios or relics as defined in Title 18, United States Code, section 921 (a) (13) and has in his possession a valid Collector of Curios and Relics License issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, who knowingly has in his possession any body armor breaching or penetrating ammunition, which means: (a) ammunition primarily designed for use in a handgun, and (b) which is comprised of a bullet whose core or jacket, if the jacket is thicker than 025 of an inch, is made of tungsten carbide, or hard bronze, or other material which is harder than a rating of 72 or greater on the Rockwell B. Hardness Scale, and (c) is therefore capable of breaching or penetrating body armor, is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree. For purposes of this section, a collector may possess not more than three examples of each distinctive variation of the ammunition described above. A distinctive variation includes a different head stamp, composition, design, or color.
- g. Exceptions. (1) Nothing in subsection a., b., c., d., e., f., j. or k. of this section shall apply to any member of the Armed Forces of the United States or the National Guard, or except as otherwise provided, to any law enforcement officer while actually on duty or traveling to or

from an authorized place of duty, provided that his possession of the prohibited weapon or device has been duly authorized under the applicable laws, regulations or military or law enforcement orders. Nothing in subsection h. of this section shall apply to any law enforcement officer who is exempted from the provisions of that subsection by the Attorney General. Nothing in this section shall apply to the possession of any weapon or device by a law enforcement officer who has confiscated, seized or otherwise taken possession of said weapon or device as evidence of the commission of a crime or because he believed it to be possessed illegally by the person from whom it was taken, provided that said law enforcement officer promptly notifies his superiors of his possession of such prohibited weapon or device.

- (2) Nothing in subsection f. (1) shall be construed to prevent a person from keeping such ammunition at his dwelling, premises or other land owned or possessed by him, or from carrying such ammunition from the place of purchase to said dwelling or land, nor shall subsection f. (1) be construed to prevent any licensed retail or wholesale firearms dealer from possessing such ammunition at its licensed premises, provided that the seller of any such ammunition shall maintain a record of the name, age and place of residence of any purchaser who is not a licensed dealer, together with the date of sale and quantity of ammunition sold.
- (3) Nothing in paragraph (2) of subsection f. or in subsection j. shall be construed to prevent any licensed retail or wholesale firearms dealer from possessing that ammunition or large capacity ammunition magazine at its licensed premises for sale or disposition to another licensed dealer, the Armed Forces of the United States or the National Guard, or to a law enforcement agency, provided that the seller maintains a record of any sale or disposition to a law enforcement agency. The record shall include the name of the purchasing agency, together with written authorization of the chief of police or highest ranking official of the agency, the name and rank of the purchasing law enforcement officer, if applicable, and the date, time and amount of ammunition sold or otherwise disposed. A copy of this record shall be forwarded by the seller to the Superintendent of the Division of State Police within 48 hours of the sale or disposition.
- (4) Nothing in subsection a. of this section shall be construed to apply to antique cannons as exempted in subsection d. of N.J.S.2C:39-6.
- (5) Nothing in subsection c. of this section shall be construed to apply to any person who is specifically identified in a special deer management permit issued by the Division of Fish and Wildlife to utilize a firearm silencer as part of an alternative deer control method implemented in accordance with a special deer management permit issued pursuant to section 4 of P.L.2000, c.46 (C.23:4-42.6), while the person is in the actual performance of the permitted alternative deer control method and while going to and from the place where the permitted alternative deer control method is being utilized. This exception shall not, however, otherwise apply to any person to authorize the purchase or possession of a firearm silencer.
- h. Stun guns. Any person who knowingly has in his possession any stun gun is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.
- i. Nothing in subsection e. of this section shall be construed to prevent any guard in the employ of a private security company, who is licensed to carry a firearm, from the possession of a nightstick when in the actual performance of his official duties, provided that he has satisfactorily completed a training course approved by the Police Training Commission in the use of a nightstick.
- j. Any person who knowingly has in his possession a large capacity ammunition magazine is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree unless the person has registered an assault firearm pursuant to section 11 of P.L.1990, c.32 (C.2C:58-12) and the magazine is maintained and used in connection with participation in competitive shooting matches sanctioned by the Director of Civilian Marksmanship of the United States Department of the Army.
- k. Handcuffs. Any person who knowingly has in his possession handcuffs as defined in P.L.1991, c.437 (C.2C:39-9.2), under circumstances not manifestly appropriate for such lawful uses as handcuffs may have, is guilty of a disorderly persons offense. A law enforcement officer shall confiscate handcuffs possessed in violation of the law.
  - 6. Section 1 of P.L.1997, c.268 is amended to read as follows:

C.23:4-42.7 Venison, donation program, permanent.

- 1. a. The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, in consultation with the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, the Secretary of Agriculture and the chairman of the Fish and Game Council, shall establish a venison donation program. The program shall permit, under controlled conditions, the slaughter, processing, distribution, and serving of venison donated by recreational hunters to nonprofit charitable organizations, in accordance with guidelines established by the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services and the State Fish and Game Code established pursuant to section 32 of P.L.1948, c.448 (C.13:1B-30), in order to protect the health and safety of those persons consuming the donated venison.
- b. The Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, in consultation with the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, the Secretary of Agriculture, the chairman of the Fish and Game Council, and the United Bow Hunters of New Jersey, shall study the feasibility of expanding the program to include venison obtained from hunters licensed by the Department of Environmental Protection to participate in crop depredation control activities or obtained as a result of the implementation of other methods to manage and control deer populations, including but not limited to those established by sections 1 through 4 of P.L.2000, c.46 (C.23:4-42.3 through C.23:4-42.6), and shall expand the program accordingly if the commissioner deems it appropriate.
  - 7. Section 5 of P.L.1997, c.268 is amended to read as follows:
  - 5. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### Repealer.

- 8. Section 2 of P.L.1997, c.268 is hereby repealed.
- 9. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Department of Agriculture the sum of \$25,000 for the purpose of providing grants to county boards of agriculture for expenses resulting from the implementation of community based deer management plans pursuant to the provisions of P.L.2000, c.46 (C.23:4-42.3 et al.).
  - 10. This act shall take effect immediately.

Approved June 30, 2000.