26:2H-7.10

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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			Com		ale Law Library			
LAWS OF:	2000	CHAPTER: 143						
NJSA:	26:2H-7.10	("Community Health Care Assets Protection Act")						
BILL NO:	A1439	(Substit	uted for					
SPONSOR(S): Vandervalk and Cohen								
DATE INTRODUCED: Pre-filed								
COMMITTEE:	ASSE	MBLY:	Health					
	SENA	ſE:	Health					
AMENDED DU	:	Yes						
DATE OF PASSAGE:		ASSEMBLY May 11, 2000 Re-enacted October 5			5, 2000			
		SENAT	E:	June 26, 2000	Re-enacted October	23, 2000		
DATE OF APPROVAL:		November 2, 2000						
FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:								
FINAL TEXT OF BILL: 2 nd reprint enacted (Amendments during passage denoted by superscript numbers)								
A1439 SPONSORS STATEMENT: (Begins on page 6 of original bill) Yes								
COMMITTEE STATEN			TEMENT:		ASSEMBLY:	Yes		
					SENATE:	Yes		
FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEM			MENTS:		No			
LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:				TE:		No		
S366								
SPONSORS STATEMENT: (Begins on page 6 of original bill) Yes Bill and Sponsors Statement identical to A1439								
	COMMITTEE S	TATEME	ENT:		ASSEMBLY:	No		
					SENATE: Identical to Assembly	Yes Statement for A1439		
	FLOOR AMEN	DMENT	STATE	MENTS:		No		
	LEGISLATIVE	FISCAL	ESTIMA	TE:		No		
VETO MESSAGE:						Yes		
GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:						Yes		

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

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REPORTS:	No
HEARINGS:	No
NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:	No

ASSEMBLY, No. 1439 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2000 SESSION

Sponsored by: Assemblywoman CHARLOTTE VANDERVALK District 39 (Bergen) Assemblyman NEIL M. COHEN District 20 (Union)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblyman Caraballo and Assemblywoman Gill

SYNOPSIS

Designated the "Community Health Care Assets Protection Act."

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



A1439 VANDERVALK, COHEN

2

AN ACT concerning nonprofit hospitals and supplementing Title 15A 1 2 of the New Jersey Statutes and Title 26 of the Revised Statutes. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Community 8 Health Care Assets Protection Act." 9 10 2. In addition to the requirements of P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-1 11 et seq.) concerning certificate of need and licensure requirements, a 12 nonprofit hospital licensed pursuant to P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-1 et seq.) shall apply to the Attorney General for approval prior to entering 13 14 into a transaction that results in the acquisition of the hospital by a 15 person or entity other than a corporation organized in this State for 16 charitable purposes under Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes. The 17 proposed acquisition shall be subject to the written approval of the 18 Attorney General, in consultation with the Commissioner of Health 19 and Senior Services, pursuant to the provisions of this section. 20 For the purposes of sections 2 and 3 of this act, "acquisition" means the purchase, lease, exchange, conversion, restructuring, 21 22 merger, division, consolidation, transfer of control or other disposition 23 of a substantial amount of assets or operations, whether through a 24 single transaction or series of transactions, with one or more persons 25 or entities. 26 a. Within five working days of submitting an application pursuant 27 to this section, the nonprofit hospital shall publish a notice of the 28 proposed acquisition, in a form approved by the Attorney General, in 29 a newspaper of general circulation in the service area of the hospital 30 once per week for three weeks. The notice shall state the names of 31 the parties to the agreement, describe the contents of the application 32 to the Attorney General and state the date by which a person may 33 submit written comments about the application to the Attorney 34 General. 35 b. The Attorney General, in consultation with the Commissioner 36 of Health and Senior Services, shall review the application and 37 approve the proposed acquisition, with or without any specific modifications, or, if he finds that it is not in the public interest, 38 39 disapprove the proposed acquisition. 40 The proposed acquisition shall not be considered to be in the public interest unless the Attorney General determines that appropriate steps 41 42 have been taken to safeguard the value of the charitable assets of the 43 hospital and to ensure that any proceeds from the proposed acquisition 44 are irrevocably dedicated for appropriate charitable health care 45 purposes; and the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services determines that the proposed transaction is not likely to result in the 46

1 deterioration of the quality, availability or accessibility of health care 2 services in the affected communities. 3 In determining whether the acquisition meets the criteria of this 4 subsection, the Attorney General shall consider: (1) Whether the acquisition is permitted under the "New Jersey 5 6 Nonprofit Corporation Act," Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes, 7 and other applicable State statutes governing nonprofit entities, trusts 8 or charities; 9 (2) Whether the nonprofit hospital exercised due diligence in 10 deciding to effectuate the acquisition, selecting the other party to the 11 acquisition and negotiating the terms and conditions of the acquisition; 12 (3) The procedures used by the nonprofit hospital in making its 13 decision, including whether appropriate expert assistance was used; 14 (4) Whether conflict of interest was disclosed, including, but not 15 limited to, conflicts of interest related to board members of, executives of and experts retained by the nonprofit hospital, purchaser or other 16 17 parties to the acquisition; 18 (5) Whether the nonprofit hospital will receive full and fair market 19 value for its assets. The Attorney General may employ, at the 20 nonprofit hospital's expense, reasonably necessary expert assistance in 21 making this determination; 22 (6) Whether charitable funds are placed at unreasonable risk, if the 23 acquisition is financed in part by the nonprofit hospital; 24 (7) Whether any management contract under the acquisition is for 25 reasonable fair value; 26 (8) Whether the acquisition proceeds will be used for appropriate 27 charitable health care purposes consistent with the nonprofit hospital's original purpose or for the support and promotion of health care and 28 29 whether the proceeds will be controlled as charitable funds 30 independently of the purchaser or parties to the acquisition; and 31 (9) Whether a right of first refusal has been retained to repurchase 32 the assets by a successor nonprofit corporation or foundation if, 33 following the acquisition, the hospital is subsequently sold to, acquired 34 by or merged with another entity. c. In his review of the proposed acquisition, the Attorney General 35 36 may assess the entity proposing to acquire the nonprofit hospital for 37 reasonable costs related to the review, as determined by the Attorney 38 General to be necessary. Reasonable costs may include expert review 39 of the acquisition and a process for educating the public about the 40 acquisition and obtaining public input. 41 d. The Attorney General and the Commissioner of Health and 42 Senior Services shall, during the course of the review pursuant to this 43 section, hold at least one public hearing in which any person may file 44 written comments and exhibits or appear and make a statement. The 45 Attorney General or the commissioner may subpoena additional information or witnesses, including, but not limited to, information 46

about any transaction that is collateral to the proposed acquisition and
 any related documents, require and administer oaths, require sworn
 statements, take depositions and use related discovery procedures for
 purposes of the hearing and at any time prior to completing the review
 of the proposed acquisition.
 The Attorney General shall make the information received pursuant

to this section, and the Department of Health and Senior Services shall
make any information in its records relating to the proposed
acquisition, available for inspection at no cost to the public.

The public hearing shall be held no later than 60 days after receipt of an application from a nonprofit hospital that is deemed complete by the Attorney General. Public notice of the hearing shall be provided at least two weeks in advance of the date of the hearing.

14 f. Upon execution of the proposed acquisition, the amount 15 determined by the Attorney General to be set aside as a charitable obligation shall be placed in a nonprofit charitable trust or one or more 16 17 existing or newly established tax-exempt charitable organizations operating pursuant to 26 U.S.C. s. 501(c)(3). The charitable mission 18 19 and grant-making functions of any charitable entity that receives assets 20 pursuant to subsection e. of this section shall be dedicated to serving 21 the health care needs of the community historically served by the 22 predecessor nonprofit hospital. Any charitable entity that receives 23 assets pursuant to subsection e. of this section, the directors, officers and trustees of any such charitable entity, and the assets of any such 24 25 charitable entity, including any stock involved in the acquisition, shall 26 be independent of any influence or control by the acquiring entity, its 27 directors, officers, trustees, subsidiaries or affiliates.

28 (1) The governance of the charitable trust that results from the 29 acquisition or of any newly established charitable organization that is 30 to receive charitable assets pursuant to subsection e. of this section 31 shall be subject to review and approval by the Attorney General. The 32 governance of any existing charitable organization that is to receive charitable assets pursuant to subsection e. of this section shall be 33 34 subject to review by the Attorney General. The governance of the charitable trust or the charitable organization shall be broadly based, 35 and neither the trust or organization nor any officer, director or senior 36 37 manager of the trust or organization shall be affiliated with the 38 acquiring entity and no officer, director or senior manager of the trust 39 or organization shall be a full-time employee of State government. 40 No officer, director or senior manager of the trust or organization shall 41 have been a director, officer, agent, trustee or employee of the 42 nonprofit hospital during the three years immediately preceding the 43 effective date of the acquisition.

44 (2) The governing body of the charitable trust or organization shall
45 establish or demonstrate that it has in place, as the case may be, a
46 mechanism to avoid conflicts of interest and to prohibit grants that

benefit the board of directors and management of the acquiring entity
 or its affiliates or subsidiaries.

3 (3) The governing body of the charitable trust or organization shall 4 provide the Attorney General with an annual report which shall include an audited financial statement and a detailed description of its grant-5 making and other charitable activities related to its use of the 6 charitable assets received pursuant to this act. The annual report shall 7 8 be made available to the public at both the Attorney General's office 9 and the office of the charitable trust or organization. Nothing 10 contained in this act shall affect the obligations of an entity possessing endowment funds under P.L.1975, c.26 (C.15:18-15 et seq.). 11

12 g. (1) The entity acquiring the nonprofit hospital, if determined to 13 be necessary by the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, shall 14 provide funds, in an amount determined by the Commissioner of 15 Health and Senior Services, for the hiring by the Department of Health and Senior Services of an independent health care access 16 17 monitor to monitor and report quarterly to the Department of Health and Senior Services on community health care access by the entity, 18 19 including levels of uncompensated care for indigent persons provided 20 by the entity. The funding shall be provided for three years after the 21 date of the acquisition. The entity acquiring the hospital shall provide 22 the monitor with appropriate access to the entity's records in order to 23 enable the monitor to fulfill this function.

To prevent the duplication of any information already reported by the entity, the monitor shall, to the extent possible, utilize data already provided by the entity to the Department of Health and Senior Services.

No personal identifiers shall be attached to any of the records obtained by the monitor, and all such records shall be subject to the privacy and confidentiality provisions of medical records provided by law.

32 (2) Following the monitoring period, or in the event that no monitoring period is established, if the Commissioner of Health and 33 34 Senior Services receives information indicating that the acquiring entity is not fulfilling its commitment to the affected service area 35 pursuant to this act and determines that the information is true, he 36 shall order the acquiring entity to comply with a corrective action 37 38 plan. The commissioner shall retain oversight of the acquiring entity's 39 obligations under the corrective action plan for as long as necessary to 40 ensure compliance with this act.

h. The trustees and senior managers of the nonprofit hospital are
prohibited from investing in the acquiring entity for a period of three
years following the acquisition.

i. No director, officer, agent, trustee or employee of the nonprofit
hospital shall benefit directly or indirectly from the acquisition,
including the receipt of any compensation directly related to the

1 proposed acquisition. 2 j. Any final action by the Attorney General pursuant to this act 3 shall be subject to judicial review by the Superior Court at the 4 initiation of the nonprofit hospital or any person that was a party to the proceeding. Any person adversely affected by the final decision of 5 6 the Attorney General shall be considered a party to the proceeding, including consumers or community groups representing the citizens of 7 8 the State. 9 k. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections a. and d. of this 10 section to the contrary, in the event that the Attorney General or the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services determines that a 11 proposed acquisition should be considered on an expedited basis in 12 13 order to preserve the quality of health care provided to the community, 14 the Attorney General and the commissioner may combine the public 15 notice about the acquisition with the notice for a public hearing as required in subsections a. and d., respectively, and may reduce the 16 17 period of time required for notice, as necessary. 1. The Attorney General, in consultation with the Commissioner of 18 Health and Senior Services, shall adopt regulations pursuant to the 19 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410, (C.52:14B-1 et 20 21 seq.) to carry out the purposes of this section. 22 23 3. A hospital owned and operated by a county is exempt from the 24 provisions of this act. 25 26 4. The provisions of this act shall apply to a proposed acquisition 27 of a nonprofit hospital by a person or entity other than a corporation 28 organized in this State for charitable purposes under Title 15A of the 29 New Jersey Statutes that is pending on, or initiated after, the effective date of this act. 30 31 32 5. Nothing in this act shall be construed to limit the existing authority of the Attorney General, the Commissioner of Health and 33 34 Senior Services or any other government official or entity or the court to review, approve or disapprove conditions related to an acquisition, 35 transaction or disposition under current law. 36 37 38 6. This act shall take effect immediately. 39 40 41 **STATEMENT** 42 43 This bill, the "Community Health Care Assets Protection Act," 44 provides for State oversight of the acquisition of a nonprofit hospital 45 by a for-profit entity.

1 The bill requires a nonprofit hospital to apply to the Attorney 2 General for approval prior to entering into a transaction that results in 3 the acquisition of the hospital by a person or entity other than a 4 corporation organized in this State for charitable purposes under Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes. The bill defines "acquisition" to 5 6 mean the purchase, ease, exchange, conversion, restructuring, merger, 7 division, consolidation, transfer of control or other disposition of a 8 substantial amount of assets or operations, whether through a single 9 transaction or series of transactions, with one or more persons or 10 entities.

The proposed acquisition shall be subject to the written approval of
the Attorney General, in consultation with the Commissioner of Health
and Senior Services.

14 Within five working days after receipt of an application, the 15 Attorney General shall require the nonprofit hospital to publish notice of the proposed acquisition in a newspaper of general circulation in the 16 17 service area of the hospital, once per week for three weeks. The 18 Attorney General, in consultation with the Commissioner of Health 19 and Senior Services, shall review the application and approve the 20 proposed acquisition, with or without any specific modifications, or, 21 if he finds that it is not in the public interest, disapprove the proposed 22 acquisition.

23 The proposed hospital acquisition shall not be considered to be in the public interest unless the Attorney General determines that 24 25 appropriate steps have been taken to safeguard the value of the 26 charitable assets of the hospital and to ensure that any proceeds from 27 the proposed acquisition are irrevocably dedicated for appropriate 28 charitable health care purposes; and the Commissioner of Health and 29 Senior Services determines that the proposed transaction is not likely 30 to result in the deterioration of the quality, availability or accessibility 31 of health care services in the affected communities. The bill sets forth 32 specific criteria that the Attorney General shall consider in reviewing 33 the application.

34 The bill authorizes the Attorney General to assess the entity proposing to acquire the nonprofit hospital for reasonable costs related 35 36 to the review. The Attorney General and the Commissioner of Health 37 and Senior Services are required, during the course of the review, to 38 hold at least one public hearing in which any person may file written 39 comments and exhibits or appear and make a statement. The Attorney 40 General or the commissioner may subpoena additional information or 41 witnesses, require and administer oaths, require sworn statements, take 42 depositions and use related discovery procedures for purposes of the 43 hearing and at any time prior to completing the review of the proposed 44 acquisition.

The Attorney General shall make the information received, and theDepartment of Health and Senior Services shall make any information

1 in its records relating to the proposed acquisition available for2 inspection, at no cost to the public.

3 The bill provides that upon execution of the proposed acquisition, 4 the amount determined by the Attorney General to be set aside as a charitable obligation shall be placed in a nonprofit charitable trust or 5 6 one or more existing or newly established section 501(c)(3) tax exempt charitable organizations. The charitable mission and grant-7 8 making functions of a charitable entity that receives the assets shall be 9 dedicated to serving the health care needs of the community historically served by the predecessor nonprofit hospital. 10

11 The governance of the charitable trust or organization shall be 12 subject to review and approval by the Attorney General and subject to 13 strict conflict of interest requirements to ensure that employees of the 14 trust or organization, former hospital employees and others involved 15 in the acquisition do not benefit financially from the acquisition. The governing body of the charitable trust or organization shall provide the 16 17 Attorney General with an annual report which shall include an audited 18 financial statement and detailed description of its grant-making and 19 other charitable activities related to its use of the charitable assets. 20 The annual report shall be made available to the public at both the 21 Attorney General's office and the office of the charitable trust or 22 organization.

23 The bill provides that if the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services receives information indicating that the acquiring entity is 24 25 not fulfilling its commitment to the affected service area, and 26 determines that the information is true, he shall order the acquiring 27 entity to comply with a corrective action plan. The commissioner shall 28 retain oversight of the acquiring entity's obligations under the 29 corrective action plan for as long as necessary to ensure compliance. 30 The bill provides that a county-owned hospital is exempt from the 31 provisions of the bill.

Finally, the bill provides that its provisions shall not be construed in the existing authority of the Attorney General, the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services or any other government official or entity or the court to review, approve or disapprove conditions related to an acquisition, transaction or disposition under current law.

ASSEMBLY HEALTH COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 1439

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MARCH 2, 2000

The Assembly Health Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 1439.

As amended by the committee, this bill, which is designated the "Community Health Care Assets Protection Act," provides for State oversight of the acquisition of a nonprofit hospital by a for-profit entity.

The bill requires a nonprofit hospital to apply to the Attorney General for approval prior to entering into a transaction that results in the acquisition of the hospital by a person or entity other than a corporation organized in this State for charitable purposes under Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes. The bill defines "acquisition" to mean the purchase, ease, exchange, conversion, restructuring, merger, division, consolidation, transfer of control or other disposition of a substantial amount of assets or operations, whether through a single transaction or series of transactions, with one or more persons or entities.

The proposed acquisition shall be subject to the written approval of the Attorney General, in consultation with the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services.

Within five working days after receipt of an application, the Attorney General shall require the nonprofit hospital to publish notice of the proposed acquisition in a newspaper of general circulation in the service area of the hospital, once per week for three weeks. The Attorney General, in consultation with the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, shall review the application and approve the proposed acquisition, with or without any specific modifications, or, if he finds that it is not in the public interest, disapprove the proposed acquisition.

The proposed hospital acquisition shall not be considered to be in the public interest unless the Attorney General determines that appropriate steps have been taken to safeguard the value of the charitable assets of the hospital and to ensure that any proceeds from the proposed acquisition are irrevocably dedicated for appropriate charitable health care purposes; and the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services determines that the proposed transaction is not likely to result in the deterioration of the quality, availability or accessibility of health care services in the affected communities. The bill sets forth specific criteria that the Attorney General shall consider in reviewing the application.

The bill authorizes the Attorney General to assess the entity proposing to acquire the nonprofit hospital for reasonable costs related to the review. The Attorney General and the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services are required, during the course of the review, to hold at least one public hearing in which any person may file written comments and exhibits or appear and make a statement. The Attorney General or the commissioner may subpoena additional information or witnesses, require and administer oaths, require sworn statements, take depositions and use related discovery procedures for purposes of the hearing and at any time prior to completing the review of the proposed acquisition.

The Attorney General shall make the information received, and the Department of Health and Senior Services shall make any information in its records relating to the proposed acquisition available for inspection, at no cost to the public.

The bill provides that upon execution of the proposed acquisition, the amount determined by the Attorney General to be set aside as a charitable obligation shall be placed in a nonprofit charitable trust or one or more existing or newly established section 501(c)(3) tax exempt charitable organizations. The charitable mission and grantmaking functions of a charitable entity that receives the assets shall be dedicated to serving the health care needs of the community historically served by the predecessor nonprofit hospital.

The governance of the charitable trust or organization shall be subject to review and approval by the Attorney General and subject to strict conflict of interest requirements to ensure that employees of the trust or organization, former hospital employees and others involved in the acquisition do not benefit financially from the acquisition. The governing body of the charitable trust or organization shall provide the Attorney General with an annual report which shall include an audited financial statement and detailed description of its grant-making and other charitable activities related to its use of the charitable assets. The annual report shall be made available to the public at both the Attorney General's office and the office of the charitable trust or organization.

The bill provides that if the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services receives information indicating that the acquiring entity is not fulfilling its commitment to the affected service area, and determines that the information is true, he shall order the acquiring entity to comply with a corrective action plan. The commissioner shall retain oversight of the acquiring entity's obligations under the corrective action plan for as long as necessary to ensure compliance. The bill provides that a county-owned hospital is exempt from the provisions of the bill.

Finally, the bill provides that its provisions shall not be construed to limit the existing authority of the Attorney General, the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services or any other government official or entity or the court to review, approve or disapprove conditions related to an acquisition, transaction or disposition under current law.

The committee amended the bill to modify the provision (in paragraph (1) of subsection f. of section 2) that prohibited an officer, director or senior manager of the charitable trust or organization created as a result of the acquisition of the nonprofit hospital from having been a director, officer, agent, trustee or employee of the nonprofit hospital during the three years immediately preceding the effective date of the acquisition. Under the amendment, this prohibition would apply unless that person can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Attorney General that the person's assumption of the position would not constitute a breach of fiduciary duty or other conflict of interest.

The other committee amendment, which is technical in nature, restores language comprising subsection e. of section 2, which was inadvertently deleted from the bill as prefiled for introduction. This subsection, which is referenced in subsection f. of section 2, provides that the Attorney General shall make a determination as to the amount of assets which the nonprofit hospital shall set aside as a charitable obligation, based on the full and fair market value of the hospital as determined by the Attorney General at the time of the proposed acquisition.

As reported by the committee, this bill is similar to the Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill Nos. 652 and 887 (2R) of 1998 (Vandervalk/Cohen/Caraballo), which this committee reported during the prior session and which passed the General Assembly 79-0-0 on June 11, 1998. The bill is also similar to Senate Bill No. 366 (Sinagra), which is currently pending in the Senate Health Committee.

This bill was prefiled for introduction in the 2000-2001 session pending technical review. As reported, the bill includes the changes required by technical review which has been performed.

[First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 1439 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2000 SESSION

Sponsored by: Assemblywoman CHARLOTTE VANDERVALK District 39 (Bergen) Assemblyman NEIL M. COHEN District 20 (Union)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblyman Caraballo, Assemblywoman Gill, Assemblyman Conaway, Assemblywoman Greenstein, Senators Sinagra, Matheussen, Adler and Vitale

SYNOPSIS

Designated the "Community Health Care Assets Protection Act."

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Assembly Health Committee on March 2, 2000, with amendments.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/27/2000)

AN ACT concerning nonprofit hospitals and supplementing ¹[Title
 15A of the New Jersey Statutes and]¹ Title 26 of the Revised
 Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
of New Jersey:

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4

8 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Community9 Health Care Assets Protection Act."

10

11 2. In addition to the requirements of P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-1 12 et seq.) concerning certificate of need and licensure requirements, a 13 nonprofit hospital licensed pursuant to P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-1 et seq.) shall apply to the Attorney General for approval prior to entering 14 15 into a transaction that results in the acquisition of the hospital by a 16 person or entity other than a corporation organized in this State for 17 charitable purposes under Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes. The proposed acquisition shall be subject to the written approval of the 18 19 Attorney General, in consultation with the Commissioner of Health 20 and Senior Services, pursuant to the provisions of this section.

For the purposes of sections 2 and 3 of this act, "acquisition" means the purchase, lease, exchange, conversion, restructuring, merger, division, consolidation, transfer of control or other disposition of a substantial amount of assets or operations, whether through a single transaction or series of transactions, with one or more persons or entities.

27 a. Within five working days of submitting an application pursuant to this section, the nonprofit hospital shall publish a notice of the 28 29 proposed acquisition, in a form approved by the Attorney General, in 30 a newspaper of general circulation in the service area of the hospital 31 once per week for three weeks. The notice shall state the names of 32 the parties to the agreement, describe the contents of the application to the Attorney General and state the date by which a person may 33 submit written comments about the application to the Attorney 34 35 General.

b. The Attorney General, in consultation with the Commissioner
of Health and Senior Services, shall review the application and
approve the proposed acquisition, with or without any specific
modifications, or, if he finds that it is not in the public interest,
disapprove the proposed acquisition.

41 The proposed acquisition shall not be considered to be in the public

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Assembly AHL committee amendments adopted March 2, 2000.

1 interest unless the Attorney General determines that appropriate steps 2 have been taken to safeguard the value of the charitable assets of the 3 hospital and to ensure that any proceeds from the proposed acquisition 4 are irrevocably dedicated for appropriate charitable health care purposes; and the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services 5 6 determines that the proposed transaction is not likely to result in the deterioration of the quality, availability or accessibility of health care 7 8 services in the affected communities. 9 In determining whether the acquisition meets the criteria of this 10 subsection, the Attorney General shall consider: 11 (1) Whether the acquisition is permitted under the "New Jersey Nonprofit Corporation Act," Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes, 12 13 and other applicable State statutes governing nonprofit entities, trusts 14 or charities; 15 (2) Whether the nonprofit hospital exercised due diligence in deciding to effectuate the acquisition, selecting the other party to the 16 17 acquisition and negotiating the terms and conditions of the acquisition; 18 (3) The procedures used by the nonprofit hospital in making its 19 decision, including whether appropriate expert assistance was used; 20 (4) Whether conflict of interest was disclosed, including, but not 21 limited to, conflicts of interest related to board members of, executives 22 of and experts retained by the nonprofit hospital, purchaser or other 23 parties to the acquisition; (5) Whether the nonprofit hospital will receive full and fair market 24 25 value for its assets. The Attorney General may employ, at the 26 nonprofit hospital's expense, reasonably necessary expert assistance in 27 making this determination; 28 (6) Whether charitable funds are placed at unreasonable risk, if the 29 acquisition is financed in part by the nonprofit hospital; 30 (7) Whether any management contract under the acquisition is for 31 reasonable fair value; (8) Whether the acquisition proceeds will be used for appropriate 32 33 charitable health care purposes consistent with the nonprofit hospital's 34 original purpose or for the support and promotion of health care and whether the proceeds will be controlled as charitable funds 35 independently of the purchaser or parties to the acquisition; and 36 37 (9) Whether a right of first refusal has been retained to repurchase 38 the assets by a successor nonprofit corporation or foundation if, 39 following the acquisition, the hospital is subsequently sold to, acquired 40 by or merged with another entity. 41 c. In his review of the proposed acquisition, the Attorney General 42 may assess the entity proposing to acquire the nonprofit hospital for 43 reasonable costs related to the review, as determined by the Attorney 44 General to be necessary. Reasonable costs may include expert review 45 of the acquisition and a process for educating the public about the acquisition and obtaining public input. 46

d. The Attorney General and the Commissioner of Health and 1 2 Senior Services shall, during the course of the review pursuant to this 3 section, hold at least one public hearing in which any person may file 4 written comments and exhibits or appear and make a statement. The Attorney General or the commissioner may subpoena additional 5 6 information or witnesses, including, but not limited to, information about any transaction that is collateral to the proposed acquisition and 7 8 any related documents, require and administer oaths, require sworn 9 statements, take depositions and use related discovery procedures for 10 purposes of the hearing and at any time prior to completing the review 11 of the proposed acquisition.

The Attorney General shall make the information received pursuant to this section, and the Department of Health and Senior Services shall make any information in its records relating to the proposed acquisition, available for inspection at no cost to the public.

The public hearing shall be held no later than 60 days after receipt of an application from a nonprofit hospital that is deemed complete by the Attorney General. Public notice of the hearing shall be provided at least two weeks in advance of the date of the hearing.

¹e. The Attorney General shall make a determination as to the
 amount of assets which the nonprofit hospital shall set aside as a
 charitable obligation, based on the full and fair market value of the
 hospital as determined by the Attorney General at the time of the
 proposed acquisition.¹

f. Upon execution of the proposed acquisition, the amount 25 26 determined by the Attorney General to be set aside as a charitable 27 obligation shall be placed in a nonprofit charitable trust or one or more 28 existing or newly established tax-exempt charitable organizations 29 operating pursuant to 26 U.S.C. s. 501(c)(3). The charitable mission 30 and grant-making functions of any charitable entity that receives assets 31 pursuant to subsection e. of this section shall be dedicated to serving 32 the health care needs of the community historically served by the predecessor nonprofit hospital. Any charitable entity that receives 33 34 assets pursuant to subsection e. of this section, the directors, officers 35 and trustees of any such charitable entity, and the assets of any such charitable entity, including any stock involved in the acquisition, shall 36 37 be independent of any influence or control by the acquiring entity, its 38 directors, officers, trustees, subsidiaries or affiliates.

39 (1) The governance of the charitable trust that results from the 40 acquisition or of any newly established charitable organization that is 41 to receive charitable assets pursuant to subsection e. of this section 42 shall be subject to review and approval by the Attorney General. The 43 governance of any existing charitable organization that is to receive 44 charitable assets pursuant to subsection e. of this section shall be 45 subject to review by the Attorney General. The governance of the charitable trust or the charitable organization shall be broadly based, 46

1 and neither the trust or organization nor any officer, director or senior 2 manager of the trust or organization shall be affiliated with the 3 acquiring entity and no officer, director or senior manager of the trust 4 or organization shall be a full-time employee of State government. No 5 officer, director or senior manager of the trust or organization shall 6 have been a director, officer, agent, trustee or employee of the 7 nonprofit hospital during the three years immediately preceding the effective date of the acquisition¹, unless that person can demonstrate 8 9 to the satisfaction of the Attorney General that the person's 10 assumption of the position of officer, director or senior manager of the trust or organization would not constitute a breach of fiduciary duty 11 12 or other conflict of interest¹.

(2) The governing body of the charitable trust or organization shall
establish or demonstrate that it has in place, as the case may be, a
mechanism to avoid conflicts of interest and to prohibit grants that
benefit the board of directors and management of the acquiring entity
or its affiliates or subsidiaries.

18 (3) The governing body of the charitable trust or organization shall 19 provide the Attorney General with an annual report which shall include 20 an audited financial statement and a detailed description of its grant-21 making and other charitable activities related to its use of the 22 charitable assets received pursuant to this act. The annual report shall 23 be made available to the public at both the Attorney General's office and the office of the charitable trust or organization. Nothing 24 25 contained in this act shall affect the obligations of an entity possessing 26 endowment funds under P.L.1975, c.26 (C.15:18-15 et seq.).

27 g. (1) The entity acquiring the nonprofit hospital, if determined to 28 be necessary by the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, shall 29 provide funds, in an amount determined by the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, for the hiring by the Department of 30 31 Health and Senior Services of an independent health care access 32 monitor to monitor and report quarterly to the Department of Health 33 and Senior Services on community health care access by the entity, 34 including levels of uncompensated care for indigent persons provided by the entity. The funding shall be provided for three years after the 35 date of the acquisition. The entity acquiring the hospital shall provide 36 37 the monitor with appropriate access to the entity's records in order to 38 enable the monitor to fulfill this function.

To prevent the duplication of any information already reported by
the entity, the monitor shall, to the extent possible, utilize data already
provided by the entity to the Department of Health and Senior
Services.

No personal identifiers shall be attached to any of the records
obtained by the monitor, and all such records shall be subject to the
privacy and confidentiality provisions of medical records provided by
law.

1 (2) Following the monitoring period, or in the event that no 2 monitoring period is established, if the Commissioner of Health and 3 Senior Services receives information indicating that the acquiring 4 entity is not fulfilling its commitment to the affected service area pursuant to this act and determines that the information is true, he 5 6 shall order the acquiring entity to comply with a corrective action 7 plan. The commissioner shall retain oversight of the acquiring entity's 8 obligations under the corrective action plan for as long as necessary to 9 ensure compliance with this act.

h. The trustees and senior managers of the nonprofit hospital are
prohibited from investing in the acquiring entity for a period of three
years following the acquisition.

i. No director, officer, agent, trustee or employee of the nonprofit
hospital shall benefit directly or indirectly from the acquisition,
including the receipt of any compensation directly related to the
proposed acquisition.

j. Any final action by the Attorney General pursuant to this act
shall be subject to judicial review by the Superior Court at the
initiation of the nonprofit hospital or any person that was a party to
the proceeding. Any person adversely affected by the final decision of
the Attorney General shall be considered a party to the proceeding,
including consumers or community groups representing the citizens of
the State.

24 k. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections a. and d. of this 25 section to the contrary, in the event that the Attorney General or the 26 Commissioner of Health and Senior Services determines that a 27 proposed acquisition should be considered on an expedited basis in 28 order to preserve the quality of health care provided to the community, 29 the Attorney General and the commissioner may combine the public 30 notice about the acquisition with the notice for a public hearing as 31 required in subsections a. and d., respectively, and may reduce the 32 period of time required for notice, as necessary.

1. The Attorney General, in consultation with the Commissioner of
Health and Senior Services, shall adopt regulations pursuant to the
"Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410, (C.52:14B-1 et
seq.) to carry out the purposes of this section.

37

38 3. A hospital owned and operated by a county is exempt from the39 provisions of this act.

40

4. The provisions of this act shall apply to a proposed acquisition
42 of a nonprofit hospital by a person or entity other than a corporation
43 organized in this State for charitable purposes under Title 15A of the
44 New Jersey Statutes that is pending on, or initiated after, the effective
45 date of this act.

A1439 [1R] VANDERVALK, COHEN 7

1 5. Nothing in this act shall be construed to limit the existing 2 authority of the Attorney General, the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services or any other government official or entity or the court 3 4 to review, approve or disapprove conditions related to an acquisition, transaction or disposition under current law. 5 6 7

6. This act shall take effect immediately.

SENATE HEALTH COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 1439

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 19, 2000

The Senate Health Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 1439 (1R).

This bill, which is designated the "Community Health Care Assets Protection Act," provides for State oversight of the acquisition of a nonprofit hospital by a for-profit entity.

The bill requires a nonprofit hospital to apply to the Attorney General for approval prior to entering into a transaction that results in the acquisition of the hospital by a person or entity other than a corporation organized in this State for charitable purposes under Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes. The bill defines "acquisition" to mean the purchase, lease, exchange, conversion, restructuring, merger, division, consolidation, transfer of control or other disposition of a substantial amount of assets or operations, whether through a single transaction or series of transactions, with one or more persons or entities.

The proposed acquisition shall be subject to the written approval of the Attorney General, in consultation with the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services.

Within five working days after receipt of an application, the Attorney General shall require the nonprofit hospital to publish notice of the proposed acquisition in a newspaper of general circulation in the service area of the hospital, once per week for three weeks. The Attorney General, in consultation with the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, shall review the application and approve the proposed acquisition, with or without any specific modifications, or, if he finds that it is not in the public interest, disapprove the proposed acquisition.

The proposed hospital acquisition shall not be considered to be in the public interest unless the Attorney General determines that appropriate steps have been taken to safeguard the value of the charitable assets of the hospital and to ensure that any proceeds from the proposed acquisition are irrevocably dedicated for appropriate charitable health care purposes; and the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services determines that the proposed transaction is not likely to result in the deterioration of the quality, availability or accessibility of health care services in the affected communities. The bill sets forth specific criteria that the Attorney General shall consider in reviewing the application.

The bill authorizes the Attorney General to assess the entity proposing to acquire the nonprofit hospital for reasonable costs related to the review. The Attorney General and the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services are required, during the course of the review, to hold at least one public hearing in which any person may file written comments and exhibits or appear and make a statement. The Attorney General or the commissioner may subpoena additional information or witnesses, require and administer oaths, require sworn statements, take depositions and use related discovery procedures for purposes of the hearing and at any time prior to completing the review of the proposed acquisition.

The Attorney General shall make the information received, and the Department of Health and Senior Services shall make any information in its records relating to the proposed acquisition available for inspection, at no cost to the public.

The bill provides that upon execution of the proposed acquisition, the amount determined by the Attorney General to be set aside as a charitable obligation shall be placed in a nonprofit charitable trust or one or more existing or newly established section 501(c)(3) tax exempt charitable organizations. The charitable mission and grantmaking functions of a charitable entity that receives the assets shall be dedicated to serving the health care needs of the community historically served by the predecessor nonprofit hospital.

The governance of the charitable trust or organization shall be subject to review and approval by the Attorney General and subject to strict conflict of interest requirements to ensure that employees of the trust or organization, former hospital employees and others involved in the acquisition do not benefit financially from the acquisition. The governing body of the charitable trust or organization shall provide the Attorney General with an annual report which shall include an audited financial statement and detailed description of its grant-making and other charitable activities related to its use of the charitable assets. The annual report shall be made available to the public at both the Attorney General's office and the office of the charitable trust or organization.

The bill provides that if the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services receives information indicating that the acquiring entity is not fulfilling its commitment to the affected service area, and determines that the information is true, he shall order the acquiring entity to comply with a corrective action plan. The commissioner shall retain oversight of the acquiring entity's obligations under the corrective action plan for as long as necessary to ensure compliance.

The bill provides that a county-owned hospital is exempt from the provisions of the bill.

Finally, the bill provides that its provisions shall not be construed

to limit the existing authority of the Attorney General, the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services or any other government official or entity or the court to review, approve or disapprove conditions related to an acquisition, transaction or disposition under current law.

As reported by the committee, this bill is identical to Senate Bill No. 366 SCA (Sinagra), which also was reported favorably by the committee on this date.

[First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 1439 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2000 SESSION

Sponsored by: Assemblywoman CHARLOTTE VANDERVALK District 39 (Bergen) Assemblyman NEIL M. COHEN District 20 (Union)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblyman Caraballo, Assemblywoman Gill, Assemblyman Conaway, Assemblywoman Greenstein, Senators Sinagra, Matheussen, Adler and Vitale

SYNOPSIS

Designated the "Community Health Care Assets Protection Act."

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Assembly Health Committee on March 2, 2000, with amendments.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/27/2000)

AN ACT concerning nonprofit hospitals and supplementing ¹[Title
 15A of the New Jersey Statutes and]¹ Title 26 of the Revised
 Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
of New Jersey:

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8 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Community9 Health Care Assets Protection Act."

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11 2. In addition to the requirements of P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-1 12 et seq.) concerning certificate of need and licensure requirements, a 13 nonprofit hospital licensed pursuant to P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-1 et seq.) shall apply to the Attorney General for approval prior to entering 14 15 into a transaction that results in the acquisition of the hospital by a 16 person or entity other than a corporation organized in this State for 17 charitable purposes under Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes. The proposed acquisition shall be subject to the written approval of the 18 19 Attorney General, in consultation with the Commissioner of Health 20 and Senior Services, pursuant to the provisions of this section.

For the purposes of sections 2 and 3 of this act, "acquisition" means the purchase, lease, exchange, conversion, restructuring, merger, division, consolidation, transfer of control or other disposition of a substantial amount of assets or operations, whether through a single transaction or series of transactions, with one or more persons or entities.

27 a. Within five working days of submitting an application pursuant to this section, the nonprofit hospital shall publish a notice of the 28 29 proposed acquisition, in a form approved by the Attorney General, in 30 a newspaper of general circulation in the service area of the hospital 31 once per week for three weeks. The notice shall state the names of 32 the parties to the agreement, describe the contents of the application to the Attorney General and state the date by which a person may 33 submit written comments about the application to the Attorney 34 35 General.

b. The Attorney General, in consultation with the Commissioner
of Health and Senior Services, shall review the application and
approve the proposed acquisition, with or without any specific
modifications, or, if he finds that it is not in the public interest,
disapprove the proposed acquisition.

41 The proposed acquisition shall not be considered to be in the public

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Assembly AHL committee amendments adopted March 2, 2000.

1 interest unless the Attorney General determines that appropriate steps 2 have been taken to safeguard the value of the charitable assets of the 3 hospital and to ensure that any proceeds from the proposed acquisition 4 are irrevocably dedicated for appropriate charitable health care purposes; and the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services 5 6 determines that the proposed transaction is not likely to result in the deterioration of the quality, availability or accessibility of health care 7 8 services in the affected communities. 9 In determining whether the acquisition meets the criteria of this 10 subsection, the Attorney General shall consider: 11 (1) Whether the acquisition is permitted under the "New Jersey Nonprofit Corporation Act," Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes, 12 13 and other applicable State statutes governing nonprofit entities, trusts 14 or charities; 15 (2) Whether the nonprofit hospital exercised due diligence in deciding to effectuate the acquisition, selecting the other party to the 16 17 acquisition and negotiating the terms and conditions of the acquisition; 18 (3) The procedures used by the nonprofit hospital in making its 19 decision, including whether appropriate expert assistance was used; 20 (4) Whether conflict of interest was disclosed, including, but not 21 limited to, conflicts of interest related to board members of, executives 22 of and experts retained by the nonprofit hospital, purchaser or other 23 parties to the acquisition; (5) Whether the nonprofit hospital will receive full and fair market 24 25 value for its assets. The Attorney General may employ, at the 26 nonprofit hospital's expense, reasonably necessary expert assistance in 27 making this determination; 28 (6) Whether charitable funds are placed at unreasonable risk, if the 29 acquisition is financed in part by the nonprofit hospital; 30 (7) Whether any management contract under the acquisition is for 31 reasonable fair value; (8) Whether the acquisition proceeds will be used for appropriate 32 33 charitable health care purposes consistent with the nonprofit hospital's 34 original purpose or for the support and promotion of health care and whether the proceeds will be controlled as charitable funds 35 independently of the purchaser or parties to the acquisition; and 36 37 (9) Whether a right of first refusal has been retained to repurchase 38 the assets by a successor nonprofit corporation or foundation if, 39 following the acquisition, the hospital is subsequently sold to, acquired 40 by or merged with another entity. 41 c. In his review of the proposed acquisition, the Attorney General 42 may assess the entity proposing to acquire the nonprofit hospital for 43 reasonable costs related to the review, as determined by the Attorney 44 General to be necessary. Reasonable costs may include expert review 45 of the acquisition and a process for educating the public about the acquisition and obtaining public input. 46

d. The Attorney General and the Commissioner of Health and 1 2 Senior Services shall, during the course of the review pursuant to this 3 section, hold at least one public hearing in which any person may file 4 written comments and exhibits or appear and make a statement. The Attorney General or the commissioner may subpoena additional 5 6 information or witnesses, including, but not limited to, information about any transaction that is collateral to the proposed acquisition and 7 8 any related documents, require and administer oaths, require sworn 9 statements, take depositions and use related discovery procedures for 10 purposes of the hearing and at any time prior to completing the review 11 of the proposed acquisition.

The Attorney General shall make the information received pursuant to this section, and the Department of Health and Senior Services shall make any information in its records relating to the proposed acquisition, available for inspection at no cost to the public.

The public hearing shall be held no later than 60 days after receipt of an application from a nonprofit hospital that is deemed complete by the Attorney General. Public notice of the hearing shall be provided at least two weeks in advance of the date of the hearing.

¹e. The Attorney General shall make a determination as to the
 amount of assets which the nonprofit hospital shall set aside as a
 charitable obligation, based on the full and fair market value of the
 hospital as determined by the Attorney General at the time of the
 proposed acquisition.¹

f. Upon execution of the proposed acquisition, the amount 25 26 determined by the Attorney General to be set aside as a charitable 27 obligation shall be placed in a nonprofit charitable trust or one or more 28 existing or newly established tax-exempt charitable organizations 29 operating pursuant to 26 U.S.C. s. 501(c)(3). The charitable mission 30 and grant-making functions of any charitable entity that receives assets 31 pursuant to subsection e. of this section shall be dedicated to serving 32 the health care needs of the community historically served by the predecessor nonprofit hospital. Any charitable entity that receives 33 34 assets pursuant to subsection e. of this section, the directors, officers 35 and trustees of any such charitable entity, and the assets of any such charitable entity, including any stock involved in the acquisition, shall 36 37 be independent of any influence or control by the acquiring entity, its 38 directors, officers, trustees, subsidiaries or affiliates.

39 (1) The governance of the charitable trust that results from the 40 acquisition or of any newly established charitable organization that is 41 to receive charitable assets pursuant to subsection e. of this section 42 shall be subject to review and approval by the Attorney General. The 43 governance of any existing charitable organization that is to receive 44 charitable assets pursuant to subsection e. of this section shall be 45 subject to review by the Attorney General. The governance of the charitable trust or the charitable organization shall be broadly based, 46

1 and neither the trust or organization nor any officer, director or senior 2 manager of the trust or organization shall be affiliated with the 3 acquiring entity and no officer, director or senior manager of the trust 4 or organization shall be a full-time employee of State government. No 5 officer, director or senior manager of the trust or organization shall 6 have been a director, officer, agent, trustee or employee of the 7 nonprofit hospital during the three years immediately preceding the effective date of the acquisition¹, unless that person can demonstrate 8 9 to the satisfaction of the Attorney General that the person's 10 assumption of the position of officer, director or senior manager of the trust or organization would not constitute a breach of fiduciary duty 11 12 or other conflict of interest¹.

(2) The governing body of the charitable trust or organization shall
establish or demonstrate that it has in place, as the case may be, a
mechanism to avoid conflicts of interest and to prohibit grants that
benefit the board of directors and management of the acquiring entity
or its affiliates or subsidiaries.

18 (3) The governing body of the charitable trust or organization shall 19 provide the Attorney General with an annual report which shall include 20 an audited financial statement and a detailed description of its grant-21 making and other charitable activities related to its use of the 22 charitable assets received pursuant to this act. The annual report shall 23 be made available to the public at both the Attorney General's office and the office of the charitable trust or organization. Nothing 24 25 contained in this act shall affect the obligations of an entity possessing 26 endowment funds under P.L.1975, c.26 (C.15:18-15 et seq.).

27 g. (1) The entity acquiring the nonprofit hospital, if determined to 28 be necessary by the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, shall 29 provide funds, in an amount determined by the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, for the hiring by the Department of 30 31 Health and Senior Services of an independent health care access 32 monitor to monitor and report quarterly to the Department of Health 33 and Senior Services on community health care access by the entity, 34 including levels of uncompensated care for indigent persons provided by the entity. The funding shall be provided for three years after the 35 date of the acquisition. The entity acquiring the hospital shall provide 36 37 the monitor with appropriate access to the entity's records in order to 38 enable the monitor to fulfill this function.

To prevent the duplication of any information already reported by
the entity, the monitor shall, to the extent possible, utilize data already
provided by the entity to the Department of Health and Senior
Services.

No personal identifiers shall be attached to any of the records
obtained by the monitor, and all such records shall be subject to the
privacy and confidentiality provisions of medical records provided by
law.

1 (2) Following the monitoring period, or in the event that no 2 monitoring period is established, if the Commissioner of Health and 3 Senior Services receives information indicating that the acquiring 4 entity is not fulfilling its commitment to the affected service area pursuant to this act and determines that the information is true, he 5 6 shall order the acquiring entity to comply with a corrective action 7 plan. The commissioner shall retain oversight of the acquiring entity's 8 obligations under the corrective action plan for as long as necessary to 9 ensure compliance with this act.

h. The trustees and senior managers of the nonprofit hospital are
prohibited from investing in the acquiring entity for a period of three
years following the acquisition.

i. No director, officer, agent, trustee or employee of the nonprofit
hospital shall benefit directly or indirectly from the acquisition,
including the receipt of any compensation directly related to the
proposed acquisition.

j. Any final action by the Attorney General pursuant to this act
shall be subject to judicial review by the Superior Court at the
initiation of the nonprofit hospital or any person that was a party to
the proceeding. Any person adversely affected by the final decision of
the Attorney General shall be considered a party to the proceeding,
including consumers or community groups representing the citizens of
the State.

24 k. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections a. and d. of this 25 section to the contrary, in the event that the Attorney General or the 26 Commissioner of Health and Senior Services determines that a 27 proposed acquisition should be considered on an expedited basis in 28 order to preserve the quality of health care provided to the community, 29 the Attorney General and the commissioner may combine the public 30 notice about the acquisition with the notice for a public hearing as 31 required in subsections a. and d., respectively, and may reduce the 32 period of time required for notice, as necessary.

1. The Attorney General, in consultation with the Commissioner of
Health and Senior Services, shall adopt regulations pursuant to the
"Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410, (C.52:14B-1 et
seq.) to carry out the purposes of this section.

37

38 3. A hospital owned and operated by a county is exempt from the39 provisions of this act.

40

4. The provisions of this act shall apply to a proposed acquisition
42 of a nonprofit hospital by a person or entity other than a corporation
43 organized in this State for charitable purposes under Title 15A of the
44 New Jersey Statutes that is pending on, or initiated after, the effective
45 date of this act.

A1439 [1R] VANDERVALK, COHEN 7

1 5. Nothing in this act shall be construed to limit the existing 2 authority of the Attorney General, the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services or any other government official or entity or the court 3 4 to review, approve or disapprove conditions related to an acquisition, transaction or disposition under current law. 5 6 7

6. This act shall take effect immediately.

[Second Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 1439 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 209th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2000 SESSION

Sponsored by: Assemblywoman CHARLOTTE VANDERVALK District 39 (Bergen) Assemblyman NEIL M. COHEN District 20 (Union)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblyman Caraballo, Assemblywoman Gill, Assemblyman Conaway, Assemblywoman Greenstein, Senators Sinagra, Matheussen, Adler and Vitale

SYNOPSIS

Designated the "Community Health Care Assets Protection Act."

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As amended on September 21, 2000 by the General Assembly pursuant to the Governor's recommendations.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/27/2000)

AN ACT concerning nonprofit hospitals and supplementing ¹[Title
 15A of the New Jersey Statutes and]¹ Title 26 of the Revised
 Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
of New Jersey:

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8 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Community9 Health Care Assets Protection Act."

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2. In addition to the requirements of P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-1 11 12 et seq.) concerning certificate of need and licensure requirements, a 13 nonprofit hospital licensed pursuant to P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-1 et seq.) shall ²[apply to the Attorney General] <u>satisfy the requirements</u> 14 of this act before applying to the Superior Court of New Jersey² for 15 approval prior to entering into a transaction that results in the 16 acquisition of the hospital ²[by a person or entity other than a 17 corporation organized in this State for charitable purposes under Title 18 15A of the New Jersey Statutes] as defined in this act². The proposed 19 acquisition shall be subject to the ²[written approval] <u>prior review</u>² 20 of the Attorney General, in consultation with the Commissioner of 21 Health and Senior Services, pursuant to the provisions of this section. 22 23 ²<u>The Attorney General shall review the application in furtherance of</u> his common law responsibilities as protector, supervisor and enforcer 24 of charitable trusts and charitable corporations.² 25 For the purposes of sections 2 and 3 of this act, "acquisition" means 26 27 the purchase, lease, exchange, conversion, restructuring, merger, division, consolidation, transfer of control or other disposition of a 28 29 substantial amount of assets or operations, whether through a single 30 transaction or series of transactions, with one or more persons or 31 entities. ²This act shall not apply to a nonprofit hospital if the proposed 32 33 acquisition is in the usual and regular course of its activities and the 34 Attorney General has given the nonprofit hospital a written waiver as to the proposed acquisition. As used in this section, a proposed 35 36 acquisition is not in the usual and regular course of a nonprofit 37 hospital's activities if it effects a fundamental corporate change that 38 involves transfer of ownership or control of charitable assets or a change of the nonprofit hospital's mission or purpose.² 39 40 a. $^{2}(1)^{2}$ Within five working days of submitting an application

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Assembly AHL committee amendments adopted March 2, 2000.

² Assembly amendments adopted in accordance with Governor's recommendations September 21, 2000.

A1439 [2R] VANDERVALK, COHEN

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1 pursuant to this section, the nonprofit hospital shall publish a notice of 2 the proposed acquisition, in a form approved by the Attorney General, 3 in a newspaper of general circulation in the service area of the hospital 4 once per week for three weeks. The notice shall state the names of the parties to the agreement, describe the contents of the application 5 6 to the Attorney General and state the date by which a person may 7 submit written comments about the application to the Attorney 8 General. ²(2) Within 30 days after receipt of an initial application, the 9 10 Attorney General shall advise the applicant in writing whether the application is complete, and, if not, shall specify what additional 11 12 information is required. 13 (3) The Attorney General shall, upon receipt of the information 14 requested, notify the applicant in writing of the date of completion of 15 the application.² b. ²[The] <u>Within 90 days of the date of completion of the</u> 16 application, the² Attorney General, in consultation with the 17 Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, shall review the 18 application and ²[approve] <u>support</u>² the proposed acquisition, with 19 20 or without any specific modifications, or, if he finds that it is not in the public interest, ²[disapprove] <u>oppose</u>² the proposed acquisition. 21 ²The Attorney General or commissioner may, for good cause, extend 22 23 the time for review of an application submitted pursuant to this section.² 24 The proposed acquisition shall not be considered to be in the public 25 26 interest unless the Attorney General determines that appropriate steps have been taken to safeguard the value of the charitable assets of the 27 28 hospital and to ensure that any proceeds from the proposed acquisition 29 are irrevocably dedicated for appropriate charitable health care 30 purposes; and the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services 31 determines that the proposed transaction is not likely to result in the 32 deterioration of the quality, availability or accessibility of health care services in the affected communities. 33 $^{2}c.^{2}$ In determining whether the acquisition meets the criteria of 34 ²[this]² subsection ²<u>b. of this section</u>², the Attorney General shall 35 consider: 36 (1) Whether the acquisition is permitted under the "New Jersey 37 38 Nonprofit Corporation Act," Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes, 39 and other applicable State statutes governing nonprofit entities, trusts 40 or charities; 41 (2) Whether the nonprofit hospital exercised due diligence in 42 deciding to effectuate the acquisition, selecting the other party to the 43 acquisition and negotiating the terms and conditions of the acquisition; 44 (3) The procedures used by the nonprofit hospital in making its 45 decision, including whether appropriate expert assistance was used; 46 (4) Whether conflict of interest was disclosed, including, but not

1 limited to, conflicts of interest related to board members of, executives 2 of and experts retained by the nonprofit hospital, purchaser or other 3 parties to the acquisition; 4 (5) ²[Whether the nonprofit hospital will receive full and fair 5 market value for its assets. The Attorney General may employ, at the 6 nonprofit hospital's expense, reasonably necessary expert assistance in 7 making this determination; 8 (6) Whether charitable funds are placed at unreasonable risk, if the 9 acquisition is financed in part by the nonprofit hospital; 10 (7)]² Whether any management contract under the acquisition is for reasonable fair value; 11 $^{2}[(8)]$ <u>6.</u>² Whether the acquisition proceeds will be used for 12 appropriate charitable health care purposes consistent with the 13 14 nonprofit hospital's original purpose or for the support and promotion 15 of health care and whether the proceeds will be controlled as charitable 16 funds independently of the purchaser or parties to the acquisition; and 17 ²[(9) Whether a right of first refusal has been retained to 18 repurchase the assets by a successor nonprofit corporation or 19 foundation if, following the acquisition, the hospital is subsequently 20 sold to, acquired by or merged with another entity. 21 c.] (7) Any other criteria the Attorney General establishes by regulation to determine whether the proposed acquisition is in the 22 23 public interest. 24 d. In determining whether an acquisition by any person or entity 25 other than a corporation organized in this State for charitable purposes 26 under Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes meets the criteria of 27 subsection b. of this section, the Attorney General shall consider, in 28 addition to the criteria set forth in subsection c., the following criteria: 29 (1) Whether the nonprofit hospital will receive full and fair market value for its assets. The Attorney General may employ, at the 30 31 nonprofit hospital's expense, reasonably necessary expert assistance in 32 making this determination; 33 (2) Whether charitable funds are placed at unreasonable risk, if the 34 acquisition is financed in part by the nonprofit hospital; 35 (3) Whether a right of first refusal has been retained to repurchase 36 the assets by a successor nonprofit corporation or foundation if, 37 following the acquisition, the hospital is subsequently sold to, acquired 38 by or merged with another entity; 39 (4) Whether the nonprofit hospital established appropriate criteria 40 in deciding to pursue a conversion in relation to carrying out its 41 mission and purposes; 42 (5) Whether the nonprofit hospital considered the proposed 43 conversion as the only alternative or as the best alternative in carrying 44 out its mission and purposes; 45 (6) Whether the nonprofit hospital exercised due care in assigning 46 a value to the existing hospital and its charitable assets in proceeding

1 to negotiate the proposed conversion; 2 (7) Whether officers, directors, board members or senior 3 management will receive future contracts in existing, new, or affiliated 4 hospitals or foundations; and 5 (8) Any other criteria the Attorney General establishes by regulation 6 to determine whether a proposed acquisition by any person or entity 7 other than a corporation organized in this State for charitable purposes 8 under Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes is in the public interest. \underline{e}^2 In his review of the proposed acquisition, the Attorney General 9 10 may assess the entity proposing to acquire the nonprofit hospital for 11 reasonable costs related to the review, as determined by the Attorney 12 General to be necessary. Reasonable costs may include expert review 13 of the acquisition and a process for educating the public about the 14 acquisition and obtaining public input. ²[d.] $f_{..}^{2}$ The Attorney General and the Commissioner of Health 15 and Senior Services shall, during the course of the review pursuant to 16 this section, hold at least one public hearing in which any person may 17 18 file written comments and exhibits or appear and make a statement. 19 ²<u>The public hearing may, if the Attorney General and commissioner so</u> agree, be conducted jointly. The commissioner may satisfy the 20 21 requirements of this subsection by conducting a public hearing in conjunction with the certificate of need review process pursuant to 22 P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-1 et seq.).² The Attorney General or the 23 commissioner may subpoena additional information or witnesses, 24 25 including, but not limited to, information about any transaction that is 26 collateral to the proposed acquisition and any related documents, 27 require and administer oaths, require sworn statements, take 28 depositions and use related discovery procedures for purposes of the 29 hearing and at any time prior to completing the review of the proposed 30 acquisition. 31 The Attorney General shall make the information received pursuant 32 to this section, and the Department of Health and Senior Services shall 33 make any information in its records relating to the proposed 34 acquisition, available for inspection at no cost to the public. 35 The public hearing shall be held no later than 60 days after ²[receipt of] the date that² an application from a nonprofit hospital ²[that]² is 36 deemed complete by the Attorney General. Public notice of the 37 38 hearing shall be provided at least two weeks in advance of the date of 39 the hearing. 40 ²[¹<u>e. The Attorney General</u>] <u>g. In a proposed acquisition subject</u> to review under subsection d. of this section, the Attorney General, 41 after consultation with the principal parties to the transaction,² shall 42 make a determination as to the amount of assets which the nonprofit 43 44 hospital shall set aside as a charitable obligation, based on the full and fair market value of the hospital ²at the time of the proposed 45 acquisition² as determined by the Attorney General ²[at the time of 46

1 <u>the proposed acquisition</u>]².¹

²[f.] <u>h.</u>² Upon execution of f the] <u>a</u> ² proposed acquisition 2 3 ²<u>subject to review under subsection d. of this section</u>², the amount determined by the Attorney General to be set aside as a charitable 4 5 obligation shall be placed in a nonprofit charitable trust or one or more 6 existing or newly established tax-exempt charitable organizations 7 operating pursuant to 26 U.S.C. s. 501(c)(3). The charitable mission 8 and grant-making functions of any charitable entity that receives assets pursuant to subsection 2 [e.] <u>g.</u>² of this section shall be dedicated to 9 10 serving the health care needs of the community historically served by the predecessor nonprofit hospital. Any charitable entity that receives 11 assets pursuant to subsection 2 [e.] <u>g.</u>² of this section, the directors, 12 officers and trustees of any such charitable entity, and the assets of any 13 14 such charitable entity, including any stock involved in the acquisition, 15 shall be independent of any influence or control by the acquiring entity, its directors, officers, trustees, subsidiaries or affiliates. 16 (1) The governance of the charitable trust that results from the 17 acquisition or of any newly established charitable organization that is 18 to receive charitable assets pursuant to subsection 2 [e.] <u>g.</u>² of this 19 20 section shall be subject to review and approval by the Attorney General. The governance of any existing charitable organization that 21 is to receive charitable assets pursuant to subsection 2 [e.] <u>g.</u>² of this 22 section shall be subject to review by the Attorney General. The 23 governance of the charitable trust or the charitable organization shall 24

25 be broadly based, and neither the trust or organization nor any officer, 26 director or senior manager of the trust or organization shall be 27 affiliated with the acquiring entity and no officer, director or senior 28 manager of the trust or organization shall be a full-time employee of 29 State government. No officer, director or senior manager of the trust 30 or organization shall have been a director, officer, agent, trustee or 31 employee of the nonprofit hospital during the three years immediately preceding the effective date of the acquisition¹, unless that person can 32 demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Attorney General that the 33 34 person's assumption of the position of officer, director or senior 35 manager of the trust or organization would not constitute a breach of 36 fiduciary duty or other conflict of interest¹.

37 (2) The governing body of the charitable trust or organization shall
38 establish or demonstrate that it has in place, as the case may be, a
39 mechanism to avoid conflicts of interest and to prohibit grants that
40 benefit the board of directors and management of the acquiring entity
41 or its affiliates or subsidiaries.

(3) The governing body of the charitable trust or organization shall
provide the Attorney General with an annual report which shall include
an audited financial statement and a detailed description of its grantmaking and other charitable activities related to its use of the
charitable assets received pursuant to this act. The annual report shall

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be made available to the public at both the Attorney General's office
 and the office of the charitable trust or organization. Nothing

3 contained in this act shall affect the obligations of an entity possessing

4 endowment funds under P.L.1975, c.26 (C.15:18-15 et seq.).

²[g.] \underline{i} ² (1) The entity acquiring the nonprofit hospital, if 5 determined to be necessary by the Commissioner of Health and Senior 6 7 Services, shall provide funds, in an amount determined by the 8 Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, for the hiring by the 9 Department of Health and Senior Services of an independent health 10 care access monitor to monitor and report quarterly to the Department of Health and Senior Services on community health care access by the 11 entity, including levels of uncompensated care for indigent persons 12 13 provided by the entity. The funding shall be provided for three years 14 after the date of the acquisition. The entity acquiring the hospital shall 15 provide the monitor with appropriate access to the entity's records in 16 order to enable the monitor to fulfill this function.

To prevent the duplication of any information already reported by
the entity, the monitor shall, to the extent possible, utilize data already
provided by the entity to the Department of Health and Senior
Services.

No personal identifiers shall be attached to any of the records
obtained by the monitor, and all such records shall be subject to the
privacy and confidentiality provisions of medical records provided by
law.

25 (2) Following the monitoring period, or in the event that no monitoring period is established, if the Commissioner of Health and 26 27 Senior Services receives information indicating that the acquiring 28 entity is not fulfilling its commitment to the affected service area 29 pursuant to this act and determines that the information is true, he shall order the acquiring entity to comply with a corrective action 30 31 plan. The commissioner shall retain oversight of the acquiring entity's 32 obligations under the corrective action plan for as long as necessary to 33 ensure compliance with this act.

²[h.] j.² The trustees and senior managers of the nonprofit hospital
are prohibited from investing in the acquiring entity for a period of
three years following the acquisition.

37 ²[i.] \underline{k} .² No director, officer, agent, trustee or employee of the 38 nonprofit hospital shall benefit directly or indirectly from the 39 acquisition, including the receipt of any compensation directly related 40 to the proposed acquisition.

41 ²[j. Any final action by the Attorney General pursuant to this act 42 shall be subject to judicial review by the Superior Court at the 43 initiation of the nonprofit hospital or any person that was a party to 44 the proceeding.] <u>1. Upon completion by the Attorney General of the</u> 45 review of the application required by this act, the nonprofit hospital 46 shall apply to the Superior Court for approval of the proposed

A1439 [2R] VANDERVALK, COHEN

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acquisition. In that proceeding, the Attorney General shall advise the 1 2 court as to whether he supports or opposes the proposed acquisition, 3 with or without any specific modifications, and the basis for that position.² Any person ²[adversely affected by the final decision of the 4 5 Attorney General] who filed a written comment or exhibit or appeared and made a statement in the public hearing held by the Attorney 6 General pursuant to subsection f. of this section² shall be considered 7 a party to the proceeding, including consumers or community groups 8 representing the citizens of the State. 9 ²[k.] <u>m.</u>² Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections a. and 10 ²[d.] f.² of this section to the contrary, in the event that the Attorney 11 General or the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services 12 13 determines that a proposed acquisition should be considered on an 14 expedited basis in order to preserve the quality of health care provided to the community, the Attorney General and the commissioner may 15 combine the public notice about the acquisition with the notice for a 16 public hearing as required in subsections a. and 2 [d.] <u>f</u>.², respectively, 17 18 and may reduce the period of time required for notice, as necessary. 19 ²In considering a proposed acquisition on an expedited basis, the 20 Attorney General and commissioner may agree to reduce the period of time for review of a completed application to less than 90 days.² 21 ²[1.] <u>n.</u>² The Attorney General, in consultation with the 22 23 Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, shall adopt regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410, 24 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) to carry out the purposes of this ²[section] act^{2} . 25 26 27 3. A hospital owned and operated by a county is exempt from the provisions of this act. 28 29 4. The provisions of this act shall apply to 2 [a] <u>any</u>² proposed 30 acquisition of a nonprofit hospital ²[by a person or entity other than 31 a corporation organized in this State for charitable purposes under 32 Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes]² that is ²[pending on, or]² 33 initiated after²[,]² the effective date of this act. 34 35 36 5. Nothing in this act shall be construed to limit the existing 37 authority of the Attorney General, the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services or any other government official or entity or the court 38 39 to review, approve or disapprove conditions related to an acquisition, 40 transaction or disposition under current law.

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42 6. This act shall take effect immediately.

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 1439 (First Reprint)

To the Assembly:

Pursuant to Article V, Section I, Paragraph 14 of the New Jersey Constitution, I am returning Assembly Bill No. 1439 (First Reprint) with my recommendations for reconsideration.

A. Summary of Bill

This bill provides a statutory framework for review when a State-licensed nonprofit hospital is acquired by a for-profit or out-of-state entity. The bill would codify and supplement the State Attorney General's existing authority under the common law to act in the public interest to oversee and protect charitable trusts and charitable corporations.

The bill requires a non-profit hospital to apply to the Attorney General prior to entering into a transaction that would result in the acquisition of the hospital by an entity other than a charitable corporation registered in New Jersey. Under the bill, the Attorney General, in consultation with the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, would review the application and approve the proposed acquisition, with or without any specific modifications, unless the Attorney General found that it was not in the public interest. A proposed acquisition would be in the public interest if the Attorney General finds that appropriate steps have been taken to safeguard the value of the charitable assets of the hospital and to ensure that any proceeds from the proposed acquisition are irrevocably dedicated for appropriate charitable health care purposes. The bill sets forth specific criteria for the Attorney General to consider in conducting his review. The bill further provides for the establishment and governance of any charitable trust that results from the proposed acquisition, and establishes specific rules and restrictions applicable to any such charitable entity.

The bill also requires the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services to consider whether the proposed transaction is likely to result in the deterioration of the quality, availability or accessibility of health care services in the affected communities. It permits the Department of Health and Senior Services to hire, at the expense of the acquiring entity, an independent monitor to assess community health care access issues, including levels of uncompensated care for indigent persons.

The bill requires the Attorney General and the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services to hold at least one public hearing. It also provides for judicial review of the final action of the Attorney General in the Superior Court, at the initiation of the nonprofit hospital or any person that was a party to the proceeding. Lastly, the bill authorizes the Attorney General to assess the entity proposing to acquire the nonprofit hospital for reasonable costs related to the review.

B. Recommended Action

I commend the sponsors for their commitment to safeguarding a nonprofit hospital's charitable assets, as well as the community's continued access to healthcare services. I expressed support for the goals of an earlier version of this bill when it was first sent to me by the Legislature in 1998. I raised concern, however, that the bill presented to me at that time did not sufficiently address the need for expedited review in the case of emergent situations. I believe this revised bill adequately addresses that concern.

The bill serves the important purpose of articulating the procedure and criteria that apply to State review of a proposed acquisition of a nonprofit hospital by a forprofit or an out-of-state entity. The bill does not, in its current form, provide the same needed direction or clarification with respect to State review of a proposed acquisition of a nonprofit hospital by another charitable organization. As I strongly support the purpose of this bill with respect to for-profit acquisitions of nonprofit hospitals, I also believe that the public interest would be well served by the establishment of a statutory review procedure and application of enumerated criteria to govern transactions involving acquisition of nonprofit hospitals by nonprofit entities.

I therefore recommend that the bill codify the review procedure for nonprofitto-nonprofit hospital acquisitions, incorporating some but not all of the features and criteria established to govern review of for-profit transactions. Consistent with the expansion of the procedural review to cover both acquisitions by nonprofit entities

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as well as for-profit transactions, my recommendations reorganize and revise the review criteria, applying certain criteria to all proposed acquisitions regardless of the nature of the acquiring entity, and applying certain other criteria only to for-profit acquisitions based on the specific concern with protecting charitable assets inherent in such transactions.

In order to ensure that unnecessary review does not take place for transactions in which charitable assets are not affected or the nonprofit hospital's charitable mission or purpose is not changed, I also recommend that the bill clarify the breadth of those transactions properly subject to review, by authorizing a written waiver provision for transactions that occur in the usual and regular course of a hospital's activities. To provide consistency and certainty to the process, I recommend specific timeframes related to the review and holding of public hearings, which are consistent with certificate of need timeframes and public hearing requirements.

Additionally, I recommend clarification regarding the nature of the Attorney General's determination and the judicial review of that determination. As currently drafted, the bill provides that the Attorney General will have final agency decision making authority, subject to appellate court review. The bill also provides, however, that nothing therein should be construed to limit the existing authority of the court to review an acquisition. Under existing law, the Chancery Division reviews charitable transactions such as non-profit hospital conversions. Therefore, in practical application, the bill could result in a dual path for court challenges to a proposed transaction, with judicial review available in either the Chancery Division, the Appellate Division, or both. I recommend clarification to avoid this potentially duplicative and time-consuming result, by retaining the Attorney General's existing common law role in the Superior Court proceeding.

Therefore, I herewith return Assembly Bill No. 1439 (First Reprint) and recommend that it be amended as follows:

Page 2, Section 2, Line 14:

Delete "apply to the Attorney General" insert "satisfy the requirements of this act before applying to the Superior Court of New Jersey"

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Page 2, Section 2, Line 15-17:	Delete "by a person or entity other than a corporation organized in this State for charitable purposes under Title 15A of the New Jersey Statues" insert "as defined in this act"
Page 2, Section 2, Line 18:	Delete "written approval" insert "prior review"
Page 2, Section 2, Line 20:	Insert "The Attorney General shall review the application in furtherance of his common law responsibilities as protector, supervisor and enforcer of charitable trusts and charitable corporations."
Page 2, Section 2, Line 27:	Insert "This act shall not apply to a nonprofit hospital if the proposed acquisition is in the usual and regular course of its activities and the Attorney General has given the nonprofit hospital a written waiver as to the proposed acquisition. As used in this section, a proposed acquisition is not in the usual and regular course of a nonprofit hospital's activities if it effects a fundamental corporate change that involves transfer of ownership or control of charitable assets or a change of the nonprofit hospital's mission or purpose."
Page 2, Section 2, Line 27:	After "a." insert "(1)"
Page 2, Section 2 a., Line 36:	 Insert "(2) Within 30 days after receipt of an initial application, the Attorney General shall advise the applicant in writing whether the application is complete, and, if not, shall specify what additional information is required. (3) The Attorney General shall, upon receipt of the information requested, notify the applicant in writing of the date of completion of the application."
Page 2, Section 2 b., Line 36:	After "b." delete "The" insert "Within 90 days of the date of completion of the application, the"
Page 2, Section 2 b., Line 38:	Delete "approve" insert "support"
Page 2, Section 2 b., Line 40:	Delete "disapprove" insert "oppose"; after "acquisition." insert "The Attorney General or commissioner may, for good cause, extend the time for review of an application submitted pursuant to this section."
Page 3, Section 2 b., Line 9:	Insert "c." before "In determining whether the acquisition meets the criteria of" delete "this"

Page 3, Section 2 b., Line 10:

Page 3, Section 2 b., Lines 24-29:

Page 3, Section 2 b., Line 30:

Page 3, Section 2 b., Line 32:

Page 3, Section 2 b., Lines 37-40:

after "subsection" insert "b. of this section"

After "(5)" delete in their entirety

Delete "(7)"

Delete "(8)" insert "(6)"

Delete in their entirety; insert

"(7) Any other criteria the Attorney General establishes by regulation to determine whether the proposed acquisition is in the public interest.

d. In determining whether an acquisition by any person or entity other than a corporation organized in this State for charitable purposes under Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes meets the criteria of subsection b. of this section, the Attorney General shall consider, in addition to the criteria set forth in subsection c., the following criteria:

(1) Whether the nonprofit hospital will receive full and fair market value for its assets. The Attorney General may employ, at the nonprofit hospital's expense, reasonably necessary expert assistance in making this determination;

(2) Whether charitable funds are placed at unreasonable risk, if the acquisition is financed in part by the nonprofit hospital;

(3) Whether a right of first refusal has been retained to repurchase the assets by a successor nonprofit corporation or foundation if, following the acquisition, the hospital is subsequently sold to, acquired by or merged with another entity;

(4) Whether the nonprofit hospital established appropriate criteria in deciding to pursue a conversion in relation to carrying out its mission and purposes;

(5) Whether the nonprofit hospital considered the proposed conversion as the only alternative or as the best alternative in carrying out its mission and purposes;

(6) Whether the nonprofit hospital exercised due care in assigning a value to the existing hospital and its charitable assets in proceeding to negotiate the proposed conversion;

(7) Whether officers, directors, board members or senior management will receive future contracts in existing, new, or affiliated hospitals or foundations; and

(8) Any other criteria the Attorney General establishes by regulation to determine whether a proposed acquisition by any person or entity other than a corporation organized in this State for charitable

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purposes under Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes is in the public interest."

Delete "c," insert "e,"

Delete "d." insert "f."

Page 3, Section 2 c., Line 41:

Page 4, Section 2 d., Line 1:

Page 4, Section 2 d., Line 4:

After "...make a statement." insert "The public hearing may, if the Attorney General and commissioner so agree, be conducted jointly. The commissioner may satisfy the requirements of this subsection by conducting a public hearing in conjunction with the certificate of need review process pursuant to P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-1 et seq.)."

Page 4, Section 2 d., Lines 16-17: Delete "receipt of" insert "the date that"

Page 4, Section 2 d., Line 17:

Page 4, Section 2 e., Line 20:

Page 4, Section 2 e., Lines 23-24:

Page 4, Section 2 f., Line 25:

Page 4, Section 2 f., Line 31:

Page 4, Section 2 f., Line 34:

Page 4, Section 2 f. (1), Line 41:

Page 4, Section 2 f. (1), Line 44:

Page 5, Section 2 g., Line 27:

Page 6, Section 2 h., Line 10:

Page 6, Section 2 i., Line 13:

Page 6, Section 2 j., Lines 17-20:

After "hospital" delete "that"

Delete "e. The Attorney General" insert "g. In a proposed acquisition subject to review under subsection d. of this section, the Attorney General, after consultation with the principal parties to the transaction,"

After "hospital" insert "at the time of the proposed acquisition"; after "Attorney General" delete "at the time of the proposed acquisition" Delete "f." insert "h."; delete "the" insert "a"; after "proposed acquisition" insert "subject to review under subsection d. of this section"

Delete "e." insert "g."

Delete "e." insert "g."

- Delete "g." insert "i."
- Delete "h." insert "j."
- Delete "i." Insert "k."

Delete "j. Any final action by the Attorney General pursuant to this act shall be subject to judicial review by the Superior Court at the initiation of the nonprofit hospital or any person that was a party to the proceeding." insert "I. Upon completion by the Attorney General of the review of the application required by this act, the nonprofit hospital shall apply to the Superior Court for approval of the

Delete "e." insert "g."

Delete "e." insert "g."

proposed acquisition. In that proceeding, the Attorney General shall advise the court as to whether he supports or opposes the proposed acquisition, with or without any specific modifications, and the basis for that position."

Page 6, Section 2 j., Lines 20-21: After "Any person" delete "adversely affected by the final decision of the Attorney General" insert "who filed a written comment or exhibit or appeared and made a statement in the public hearing held by the Attorney General pursuant to subsection f of this section"

Delete "k." insert "m."; delete "d." insert "f."

Delete "d." insert "f."

Delete "l." insert "n."

Delete "a" insert "any"

New Jersey Statutes"

Delete "section" insert "act"

After "period of time required for notice, as necessary." Insert "In considering a proposed acquisition on an expedited basis, the Attorney General and commissioner may agree to reduce the period of time for review of a completed application to less than 90 days."

Delete "by a person or entity other than a

corporation organized in this State for charitable purposes under Title 15A of the

Delete "pending on, or" after "initiated

Page 6, Section 2 I., Line 33:

Page 6, Section 2 I., Line 36:

Page 6, Section 2 j., Line 24:

Page 6, Section 2 j., Line 31:

Page 6, Section 2 j., Line 32:

Page 6, Section 4, Line 41:

Page 6, Section 4, Lines 42-44:

Page 6, Section 4, Line 44:

Respectfully,

after" delete ","

/s/ Christine Todd Whitman

Governor

[seal]

Attest:

/s/ Robert E. Fabricant

Chief Counsel to the Governor

P.L. 2000, CHAPTER 143, approved November 2, 2000 Assembly, No. 1439 (Second Reprint)

1 AN ACT concerning nonprofit hospitals and supplementing ¹[Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes and]¹ Title 26 of the Revised 2 3 Statutes. 4 5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey: 6 7 8 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Community Health Care Assets Protection Act." 9 10 11 2. In addition to the requirements of P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-1 et seq.) concerning certificate of need and licensure requirements, a 12 nonprofit hospital licensed pursuant to P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-1 et 13 seq.) shall ²[apply to the Attorney General] <u>satisfy the requirements</u> 14 of this act before applying to the Superior Court of New Jersey² for 15 approval prior to entering into a transaction that results in the 16 acquisition of the hospital ²[by a person or entity other than a 17 corporation organized in this State for charitable purposes under Title 18 15A of the New Jersey Statutes] as defined in this act². The proposed 19 acquisition shall be subject to the ²[written approval] <u>prior review</u>² 20 of the Attorney General, in consultation with the Commissioner of 21 22 Health and Senior Services, pursuant to the provisions of this section. 23 ²<u>The Attorney General shall review the application in furtherance of</u> his common law responsibilities as protector, supervisor and enforcer 24 of charitable trusts and charitable corporations.² 25 For the purposes of sections 2 and 3 of this act, "acquisition" means 26 27 the purchase, lease, exchange, conversion, restructuring, merger, 28 division, consolidation, transfer of control or other disposition of a 29 substantial amount of assets or operations, whether through a single 30 transaction or series of transactions, with one or more persons or 31 entities. 32 ²This act shall not apply to a nonprofit hospital if the proposed acquisition is in the usual and regular course of its activities and the 33 34 Attorney General has given the nonprofit hospital a written waiver as to the proposed acquisition. As used in this section, a proposed 35 acquisition is not in the usual and regular course of a nonprofit 36 hospital's activities if it effects a fundamental corporate change that 37

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹ Assembly AHL committee amendments adopted March 2, 2000.

² Assembly amendments adopted in accordance with Governor's recommendations September 21, 2000.

1 involves transfer of ownership or control of charitable assets or a

2 change of the nonprofit hospital's mission or purpose.²

a. ${}^{2}(1)^{2}$ Within five working days of submitting an application 3 4 pursuant to this section, the nonprofit hospital shall publish a notice of 5 the proposed acquisition, in a form approved by the Attorney General, 6 in a newspaper of general circulation in the service area of the hospital 7 once per week for three weeks. The notice shall state the names of 8 the parties to the agreement, describe the contents of the application 9 to the Attorney General and state the date by which a person may 10 submit written comments about the application to the Attorney 11 General. $^{2}(2)$ Within 30 days after receipt of an initial application, the 12 13 Attorney General shall advise the applicant in writing whether the 14 application is complete, and, if not, shall specify what additional 15 information is required. (3) The Attorney General shall, upon receipt of the information 16 requested, notify the applicant in writing of the date of completion of 17 the application.² 18 b. ²[The] <u>Within 90 days of the date of completion of the</u> 19 application, the² Attorney General, in consultation with the 20 Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, shall review the 21 application and ²[approve] <u>support</u>² the proposed acquisition, with 22 or without any specific modifications, or, if he finds that it is not in the 23 public interest, ²[disapprove] <u>oppose</u>² the proposed acquisition. 24 25 ²The Attorney General or commissioner may, for good cause, extend the time for review of an application submitted pursuant to this 26 27 section.² 28 The proposed acquisition shall not be considered to be in the public 29 interest unless the Attorney General determines that appropriate steps 30 have been taken to safeguard the value of the charitable assets of the

hospital and to ensure that any proceeds from the proposed acquisition are irrevocably dedicated for appropriate charitable health care purposes; and the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services determines that the proposed transaction is not likely to result in the deterioration of the quality, availability or accessibility of health care services in the affected communities.

37 $^{2}\underline{c.}^{2}$ In determining whether the acquisition meets the criteria of 38 2 [this]² subsection $^{2}\underline{b.}$ of this section², the Attorney General shall 39 consider:

40 (1) Whether the acquisition is permitted under the "New Jersey
41 Nonprofit Corporation Act," Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes,
42 and other applicable State statutes governing nonprofit entities, trusts
43 or charities;

44 (2) Whether the nonprofit hospital exercised due diligence in
45 deciding to effectuate the acquisition, selecting the other party to the
46 acquisition and negotiating the terms and conditions of the acquisition;

1 (3) The procedures used by the nonprofit hospital in making its 2 decision, including whether appropriate expert assistance was used; 3 (4) Whether conflict of interest was disclosed, including, but not 4 limited to, conflicts of interest related to board members of, executives 5 of and experts retained by the nonprofit hospital, purchaser or other 6 parties to the acquisition; 7 (5) ²[Whether the nonprofit hospital will receive full and fair 8 market value for its assets. The Attorney General may employ, at the 9 nonprofit hospital's expense, reasonably necessary expert assistance in 10 making this determination; 11 (6) Whether charitable funds are placed at unreasonable risk, if the 12 acquisition is financed in part by the nonprofit hospital; (7)]² Whether any management contract under the acquisition is 13 14 for reasonable fair value; $^{2}[(8)] \underline{6.}^{2}$ Whether the acquisition proceeds will be used for 15 appropriate charitable health care purposes consistent with the 16 17 nonprofit hospital's original purpose or for the support and promotion of health care and whether the proceeds will be controlled as charitable 18 19 funds independently of the purchaser or parties to the acquisition; and 20 ²[(9) Whether a right of first refusal has been retained to 21 repurchase the assets by a successor nonprofit corporation or 22 foundation if, following the acquisition, the hospital is subsequently 23 sold to, acquired by or merged with another entity. 24 c.] (7) Any other criteria the Attorney General establishes by 25 regulation to determine whether the proposed acquisition is in the 26 public interest. 27 d. In determining whether an acquisition by any person or entity 28 other than a corporation organized in this State for charitable purposes 29 under Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes meets the criteria of 30 subsection b. of this section, the Attorney General shall consider, in 31 addition to the criteria set forth in subsection c., the following criteria: 32 (1) Whether the nonprofit hospital will receive full and fair market 33 value for its assets. The Attorney General may employ, at the nonprofit hospital's expense, reasonably necessary expert assistance in 34 35 making this determination; 36 (2) Whether charitable funds are placed at unreasonable risk, if the 37 acquisition is financed in part by the nonprofit hospital; 38 (3) Whether a right of first refusal has been retained to repurchase 39 the assets by a successor nonprofit corporation or foundation if, 40 following the acquisition, the hospital is subsequently sold to, acquired by or merged with another entity; 41 42 (4) Whether the nonprofit hospital established appropriate criteria 43 in deciding to pursue a conversion in relation to carrying out its 44 mission and purposes; 45 (5) Whether the nonprofit hospital considered the proposed 46 conversion as the only alternative or as the best alternative in carrying

1 out its mission and purposes; 2 (6) Whether the nonprofit hospital exercised due care in assigning 3 a value to the existing hospital and its charitable assets in proceeding 4 to negotiate the proposed conversion; 5 (7) Whether officers, directors, board members or senior management will receive future contracts in existing, new, or affiliated 6 7 hospitals or foundations; and 8 (8) Any other criteria the Attorney General establishes by regulation 9 to determine whether a proposed acquisition by any person or entity 10 other than a corporation organized in this State for charitable purposes 11 under Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes is in the public interest. \underline{e}^2 In his review of the proposed acquisition, the Attorney General 12 may assess the entity proposing to acquire the nonprofit hospital for 13 14 reasonable costs related to the review, as determined by the Attorney 15 General to be necessary. Reasonable costs may include expert review of the acquisition and a process for educating the public about the 16 17 acquisition and obtaining public input. ²[d.] $f_{..}^{2}$ The Attorney General and the Commissioner of Health 18 and Senior Services shall, during the course of the review pursuant to 19 this section, hold at least one public hearing in which any person may 20 21 file written comments and exhibits or appear and make a statement. 22 ²<u>The public hearing may, if the Attorney General and commissioner so</u> agree, be conducted jointly. The commissioner may satisfy the 23 24 requirements of this subsection by conducting a public hearing in conjunction with the certificate of need review process pursuant to 25 P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-1 et seq.).² The Attorney General or the 26 commissioner may subpoena additional information or witnesses, 27 including, but not limited to, information about any transaction that is 28 29 collateral to the proposed acquisition and any related documents, require and administer oaths, require sworn statements, take 30 31 depositions and use related discovery procedures for purposes of the 32 hearing and at any time prior to completing the review of the proposed 33 acquisition. 34 The Attorney General shall make the information received pursuant 35 to this section, and the Department of Health and Senior Services shall 36 make any information in its records relating to the proposed acquisition, available for inspection at no cost to the public. 37 38 The public hearing shall be held no later than 60 days after ²[receipt 39 of] the date that² an application from a nonprofit hospital ²[that]² is deemed complete by the Attorney General. Public notice of the 40 41 hearing shall be provided at least two weeks in advance of the date of 42 the hearing. 43 ²[¹<u>e. The Attorney General</u>] <u>g. In a proposed acquisition subject</u> to review under subsection d. of this section, the Attorney General, 44 after consultation with the principal parties to the transaction,² shall 45

46 make a determination as to the amount of assets which the nonprofit

1 hospital shall set aside as a charitable obligation, based on the full and

2 <u>fair market value of the hospital</u>² at the time of the proposed

3 <u>acquisition</u>² <u>as determined by the Attorney General</u> ²[<u>at the time of</u>

4 <u>the proposed acquisition</u>]².¹

²[f.] <u>h.</u>² Upon execution of ²[the] \underline{a}^2 proposed acquisition 5 2 <u>subject to review under subsection d. of this section</u>², the amount 6 7 determined by the Attorney General to be set aside as a charitable 8 obligation shall be placed in a nonprofit charitable trust or one or more 9 existing or newly established tax-exempt charitable organizations 10 operating pursuant to 26 U.S.C. s. 501(c)(3). The charitable mission and grant-making functions of any charitable entity that receives assets 11 pursuant to subsection 2 [e.] <u>g</u>.² of this section shall be dedicated to 12 serving the health care needs of the community historically served by 13 the predecessor nonprofit hospital. Any charitable entity that receives 14 assets pursuant to subsection 2 [e.] <u>g.</u>² of this section, the directors, 15 officers and trustees of any such charitable entity, and the assets of any 16 17 such charitable entity, including any stock involved in the acquisition, 18 shall be independent of any influence or control by the acquiring entity, 19 its directors, officers, trustees, subsidiaries or affiliates.

20 (1) The governance of the charitable trust that results from the 21 acquisition or of any newly established charitable organization that is to receive charitable assets pursuant to subsection 2 [e.] <u>g.</u>² of this 22 section shall be subject to review and approval by the Attorney 23 General. The governance of any existing charitable organization that 24 is to receive charitable assets pursuant to subsection 2 [e.] <u>e.</u>² of this 25 section shall be subject to review by the Attorney General. The 26 27 governance of the charitable trust or the charitable organization shall 28 be broadly based, and neither the trust or organization nor any officer, 29 director or senior manager of the trust or organization shall be 30 affiliated with the acquiring entity and no officer, director or senior 31 manager of the trust or organization shall be a full-time employee of 32 State government. No officer, director or senior manager of the trust 33 or organization shall have been a director, officer, agent, trustee or 34 employee of the nonprofit hospital during the three years immediately 35 preceding the effective date of the acquisition¹, unless that person can 36 demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Attorney General that the person's assumption of the position of officer, director or senior 37 38 manager of the trust or organization would not constitute a breach of fiduciary duty or other conflict of interest¹. 39

40 (2) The governing body of the charitable trust or organization shall
41 establish or demonstrate that it has in place, as the case may be, a
42 mechanism to avoid conflicts of interest and to prohibit grants that
43 benefit the board of directors and management of the acquiring entity
44 or its affiliates or subsidiaries.

(3) The governing body of the charitable trust or organization shallprovide the Attorney General with an annual report which shall include

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an audited financial statement and a detailed description of its grantmaking and other charitable activities related to its use of the
charitable assets received pursuant to this act. The annual report shall
be made available to the public at both the Attorney General's office
and the office of the charitable trust or organization. Nothing
contained in this act shall affect the obligations of an entity possessing
endowment funds under P.L.1975, c.26 (C.15:18-15 et seq.).

²[g.] <u>i.</u>² (1) The entity acquiring the nonprofit hospital, if 8 determined to be necessary by the Commissioner of Health and Senior 9 10 Services, shall provide funds, in an amount determined by the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, for the hiring by the 11 12 Department of Health and Senior Services of an independent health care access monitor to monitor and report quarterly to the Department 13 of Health and Senior Services on community health care access by the 14 15 entity, including levels of uncompensated care for indigent persons 16 provided by the entity. The funding shall be provided for three years 17 after the date of the acquisition. The entity acquiring the hospital shall 18 provide the monitor with appropriate access to the entity's records in order to enable the monitor to fulfill this function. 19

To prevent the duplication of any information already reported by the entity, the monitor shall, to the extent possible, utilize data already provided by the entity to the Department of Health and Senior Services.

No personal identifiers shall be attached to any of the records obtained by the monitor, and all such records shall be subject to the privacy and confidentiality provisions of medical records provided by law.

28 (2) Following the monitoring period, or in the event that no 29 monitoring period is established, if the Commissioner of Health and 30 Senior Services receives information indicating that the acquiring entity is not fulfilling its commitment to the affected service area 31 32 pursuant to this act and determines that the information is true, he 33 shall order the acquiring entity to comply with a corrective action 34 plan. The commissioner shall retain oversight of the acquiring entity's 35 obligations under the corrective action plan for as long as necessary to ensure compliance with this act. 36

²[h.] j.² The trustees and senior managers of the nonprofit hospital
are prohibited from investing in the acquiring entity for a period of
three years following the acquisition.

40 ²[i.] \underline{k} .² No director, officer, agent, trustee or employee of the 41 nonprofit hospital shall benefit directly or indirectly from the 42 acquisition, including the receipt of any compensation directly related 43 to the proposed acquisition.

²[j. Any final action by the Attorney General pursuant to this act
shall be subject to judicial review by the Superior Court at the
initiation of the nonprofit hospital or any person that was a party to

1 the proceeding.] <u>l. Upon completion by the Attorney General of the</u> review of the application required by this act, the nonprofit hospital 2 3 shall apply to the Superior Court for approval of the proposed 4 acquisition. In that proceeding, the Attorney General shall advise the 5 court as to whether he supports or opposes the proposed acquisition, with or without any specific modifications, and the basis for that 6 7 <u>position.</u>² Any person ² [adversely affected by the final decision of the Attorney General] who filed a written comment or exhibit or appeared 8 and made a statement in the public hearing held by the Attorney 9 10 General pursuant to subsection f. of this section² shall be considered a party to the proceeding, including consumers or community groups 11 representing the citizens of the State. 12 ²[k.] <u>m.</u>² Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections a. and 13 ²[d.] $f_{.2}^{2}$ of this section to the contrary, in the event that the Attorney 14 General or the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services 15 16 determines that a proposed acquisition should be considered on an expedited basis in order to preserve the quality of health care provided 17 18 to the community, the Attorney General and the commissioner may 19 combine the public notice about the acquisition with the notice for a public hearing as required in subsections a. and 2 [d.] <u>f</u>.², respectively, 20 and may reduce the period of time required for notice, as necessary. 21 22 ²In considering a proposed acquisition on an expedited basis, the 23 Attorney General and commissioner may agree to reduce the period of time for review of a completed application to less than 90 days.² 24 ²[1.] <u>n.</u>² The Attorney General, in consultation with the 25 Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, shall adopt regulations 26 pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410, 27 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) to carry out the purposes of this ²[section] act^{2} . 28 29 30 3. A hospital owned and operated by a county is exempt from the 31 provisions of this act. 32 4. The provisions of this act shall apply to 2 [a] <u>any</u>² proposed 33 acquisition of a nonprofit hospital ²[by a person or entity other than 34 a corporation organized in this State for charitable purposes under 35 Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes]² that is ²[pending on, or]² 36 initiated after²[,]² the effective date of this act. 37 38 5. Nothing in this act shall be construed to limit the existing 39 40 authority of the Attorney General, the Commissioner of Health and 41 Senior Services or any other government official or entity or the court to review, approve or disapprove conditions related to an acquisition, 42 43 transaction or disposition under current law. 44 45 6. This act shall take effect immediately.

A1439 [2R] 8

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3 Designated the "Community Health Care Assets Protection Act."

CHAPTER 143

AN ACT concerning nonprofit hospitals and supplementing Title 26 of the Revised Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

C.26:2H-7.10 Short title.

1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Community Health Care Assets Protection Act."

C.26:2H-7.11 Additional requirements for nonprofit hospitals relative to acquisitions; exemptions; procedures.

2. In addition to the requirements of P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-1 et seq.) concerning certificate of need and licensure requirements, a nonprofit hospital licensed pursuant to P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-1 et seq.) shall satisfy the requirements of this act before applying to the Superior Court of New Jersey for approval prior to entering into a transaction that results in the acquisition of the hospital as defined in this act. The proposed acquisition shall be subject to the prior review of the Attorney General, in consultation with the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, pursuant to the provisions of this section. The Attorney General shall review the application in furtherance of his common law responsibilities as protector, supervisor and enforcer of charitable trusts and charitable corporations.

For the purposes of sections 2 and 3 of this act, "acquisition" means the purchase, lease, exchange, conversion, restructuring, merger, division, consolidation, transfer of control or other disposition of a substantial amount of assets or operations, whether through a single transaction or series of transactions, with one or more persons or entities.

This act shall not apply to a nonprofit hospital if the proposed acquisition is in the usual and regular course of its activities and the Attorney General has given the nonprofit hospital a written waiver as to the proposed acquisition. As used in this section, a proposed acquisition is not in the usual and regular course of a nonprofit hospital's activities if it effects a fundamental corporate change that involves transfer of ownership or control of charitable assets or a change of the nonprofit hospital's mission or purpose.

a. (1) Within five working days of submitting an application pursuant to this section, the nonprofit hospital shall publish a notice of the proposed acquisition, in a form approved by the Attorney General, in a newspaper of general circulation in the service area of the hospital once per week for three weeks. The notice shall state the names of the parties to the agreement, describe the contents of the application to the Attorney General and state the date by which a person may submit written comments about the application to the Attorney General.

(2) Within 30 days after receipt of an initial application, the Attorney General shall advise the applicant in writing whether the application is complete, and, if not, shall specify what additional information is required.

(3) The Attorney General shall, upon receipt of the information requested, notify the applicant in writing of the date of completion of the application.

b. Within 90 days of the date of completion of the application, the Attorney General, in consultation with the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, shall review the application and support the proposed acquisition, with or without any specific modifications, or, if he finds that it is not in the public interest, oppose the proposed acquisition. The Attorney General or commissioner may, for good cause, extend the time for review of an application submitted pursuant to this section.

The proposed acquisition shall not be considered to be in the public interest unless the Attorney General determines that appropriate steps have been taken to safeguard the value of the charitable assets of the hospital and to ensure that any proceeds from the proposed acquisition are irrevocably dedicated for appropriate charitable health care purposes; and the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services determines that the proposed transaction is not likely to result in the deterioration of the quality, availability or accessibility of health care services in the affected communities.

c. In determining whether the acquisition meets the criteria of subsection b. of this section, the Attorney General shall consider:

(1) Whether the acquisition is permitted under the "New Jersey Nonprofit Corporation Act," Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes, and other applicable State statutes governing nonprofit entities, trusts or charities;

(2) Whether the nonprofit hospital exercised due diligence in deciding to effectuate the acquisition, selecting the other party to the acquisition and negotiating the terms and conditions of the acquisition;

(3) The procedures used by the nonprofit hospital in making its decision, including whether appropriate expert assistance was used;

(4) Whether conflict of interest was disclosed, including, but not limited to, conflicts of interest related to board members of, executives of and experts retained by the nonprofit hospital, purchaser or other parties to the acquisition;

(5) Whether any management contract under the acquisition is for reasonable fair value;

(6) Whether the acquisition proceeds will be used for appropriate charitable health care purposes consistent with the nonprofit hospital's original purpose or for the support and promotion of health care and whether the proceeds will be controlled as charitable funds independently of the purchaser or parties to the acquisition; and

(7) Any other criteria the Attorney General establishes by regulation to determine whether the proposed acquisition is in the public interest.

d. In determining whether an acquisition by any person or entity other than a corporation organized in this State for charitable purposes under Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes meets the criteria of subsection b. of this section, the Attorney General shall consider, in addition to the criteria set forth in subsection c., the following criteria:

(1) Whether the nonprofit hospital will receive full and fair market value for its assets. The Attorney General may employ, at the nonprofit hospital's expense, reasonably necessary expert assistance in making this determination;

(2) Whether charitable funds are placed at unreasonable risk, if the acquisition is financed in part by the nonprofit hospital;

(3) Whether a right of first refusal has been retained to repurchase the assets by a successor nonprofit corporation or foundation if, following the acquisition, the hospital is subsequently sold to, acquired by or merged with another entity;

(4) Whether the nonprofit hospital established appropriate criteria in deciding to pursue a conversion in relation to carrying out its mission and purposes;

(5) Whether the nonprofit hospital considered the proposed conversion as the only alternative or as the best alternative in carrying out its mission and purposes;

(6) Whether the nonprofit hospital exercised due care in assigning a value to the existing hospital and its charitable assets in proceeding to negotiate the proposed conversion;

(7) Whether officers, directors, board members or senior management will receive future contracts in existing, new, or affiliated hospitals or foundations; and

(8) Any other criteria the Attorney General establishes by regulation to determine whether a proposed acquisition by any person or entity other than a corporation organized in this State for charitable purposes under Title 15A of the New Jersey Statutes is in the public interest.

e. In his review of the proposed acquisition, the Attorney General may assess the entity proposing to acquire the nonprofit hospital for reasonable costs related to the review, as determined by the Attorney General to be necessary. Reasonable costs may include expert review of the acquisition and a process for educating the public about the acquisition and obtaining public input.

f. The Attorney General and the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services shall, during the course of the review pursuant to this section, hold at least one public hearing in which any person may file written comments and exhibits or appear and make a statement. The public hearing may, if the Attorney General and commissioner so agree, be conducted jointly. The commissioner may satisfy the requirements of this subsection by conducting a public hearing in conjunction with the certificate of need review process pursuant to P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-1 et seq.). The Attorney General or the commissioner may subpoen additional information or witnesses, including, but not limited to, information about any transaction that is collateral to the proposed acquisition and any related documents, require and administer oaths, require sworn statements, take depositions and use related discovery procedures for purposes of the hearing and at any time prior to completing the review of the proposed acquisition.

The Attorney General shall make the information received pursuant to this section, and the Department of Health and Senior Services shall make any information in its records relating to the proposed acquisition, available for inspection at no cost to the public.

The public hearing shall be held no later than 60 days after the date that an application from a nonprofit hospital is deemed complete by the Attorney General. Public notice of the hearing shall be provided at least two weeks in advance of the date of the hearing.

g. In a proposed acquisition subject to review under subsection d. of this section, the Attorney General, after consultation with the principal parties to the transaction, shall make a determination as to the amount of assets which the nonprofit hospital shall set aside as a charitable obligation, based on the full and fair market value of the hospital at the time of the proposed acquisition as determined by the Attorney General.

h. Upon execution of a proposed acquisition subject to review under subsection d. of this section, the amount determined by the Attorney General to be set aside as a charitable obligation shall be placed in a nonprofit charitable trust or one or more existing or newly established tax-exempt charitable organizations operating pursuant to 26 U.S.C. s. 501(c)(3). The charitable mission and grant-making functions of any charitable entity that receives assets pursuant to subsection g. of this section shall be dedicated to serving the health care needs of the community historically served by the predecessor nonprofit hospital. Any charitable entity that receives assets of any such charitable entity, and the assets of any such charitable entity, including any stock involved in the acquisition, shall be independent of any influence or control by the acquiring entity, its directors, officers, trustees, subsidiaries or affiliates.

(1) The governance of the charitable trust that results from the acquisition or of any newly established charitable organization that is to receive charitable assets pursuant to subsection g. of this section shall be subject to review and approval by the Attorney General. The governance of any existing charitable organization that is to receive charitable assets pursuant to subsection g. of this section shall be subject to review by the Attorney General. The governance of the charitable trust or the charitable organization shall be broadly based, and neither the trust or organization nor any officer, director or senior manager of the trust or organization shall be a full-time employee of State government. No officer, director or senior manager of the trust or employee of the nonprofit hospital during the three years immediately preceding the effective date of the acquisition, unless that person can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Attorney General that the person's assumption of the position of officer, director or senior manager of the trust or organization would not constitute a breach of fiduciary duty or other conflict of interest.

(2) The governing body of the charitable trust or organization shall establish or demonstrate that it has in place, as the case may be, a mechanism to avoid conflicts of interest and to prohibit grants that benefit the board of directors and management of the acquiring entity or its affiliates or subsidiaries.

(3) The governing body of the charitable trust or organization shall provide the Attorney General with an annual report which shall include an audited financial statement and a detailed description of its grant-making and other charitable activities related to its use of the charitable assets received pursuant to this act. The annual report shall be made available to the public at both the Attorney General's office and the office of the charitable trust or organization. Nothing contained in this act shall affect the obligations of an entity possessing endowment funds under P.L.1975, c.26 (C.15:18-15 et seq.).

i. (1) The entity acquiring the nonprofit hospital, if determined to be necessary by the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, shall provide funds, in an amount determined by the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, for the hiring by the Department of Health and Senior Services of an independent health care access monitor to monitor and report quarterly to the Department of Health and Senior Services on community health care access by the entity, including levels of uncompensated care for indigent persons provided by the entity. The funding shall be provided for three years after the date of the acquisition. The entity acquiring the hospital shall provide the monitor with appropriate access to the entity's records in order to

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enable the monitor to fulfill this function.

To prevent the duplication of any information already reported by the entity, the monitor shall, to the extent possible, utilize data already provided by the entity to the Department of Health and Senior Services.

No personal identifiers shall be attached to any of the records obtained by the monitor, and all such records shall be subject to the privacy and confidentiality provisions of medical records provided by law.

(2) Following the monitoring period, or in the event that no monitoring period is established, if the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services receives information indicating that the acquiring entity is not fulfilling its commitment to the affected service area pursuant to this act and determines that the information is true, he shall order the acquiring entity to comply with a corrective action plan. The commissioner shall retain oversight of the acquiring entity's obligations under the corrective action plan for as long as necessary to ensure compliance with this act.

j. The trustees and senior managers of the nonprofit hospital are prohibited from investing in the acquiring entity for a period of three years following the acquisition.

k. No director, officer, agent, trustee or employee of the nonprofit hospital shall benefit directly or indirectly from the acquisition, including the receipt of any compensation directly related to the proposed acquisition.

1. Upon completion by the Attorney General of the review of the application required by this act, the nonprofit hospital shall apply to the Superior Court for approval of the proposed acquisition. In that proceeding, the Attorney General shall advise the court as to whether he supports or opposes the proposed acquisition, with or without any specific modifications, and the basis for that position. Any person who filed a written comment or exhibit or appeared and made a statement in the public hearing held by the Attorney General pursuant to subsection f. of this section shall be considered a party to the proceeding, including consumers or community groups representing the citizens of the State.

m. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections a. and f. of this section to the contrary, in the event that the Attorney General or the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services determines that a proposed acquisition should be considered on an expedited basis in order to preserve the quality of health care provided to the community, the Attorney General and the commissioner may combine the public notice about the acquisition with the notice for a public hearing as required in subsections a. and f., respectively, and may reduce the period of time required for notice, as necessary. In considering a proposed acquisition on an expedited basis, the Attorney General and commissioner may agree to reduce the period of time for review of a completed application to less than 90 days.

n. The Attorney General, in consultation with the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services, shall adopt regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410, (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) to carry out the purposes of this act.

C.26:2H-7.12 Exemption.

3. A hospital owned and operated by a county is exempt from the provisions of this act.

C.26:2H-7.13 Applicability of act.

4. The provisions of this act shall apply to any proposed acquisition of a nonprofit hospital that is initiated after the effective date of this act.

C.26:2H-7.14 Construction of act.

5. Nothing in this act shall be construed to limit the existing authority of the Attorney General, the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services or any other government official or entity or the court to review, approve or disapprove conditions related to an acquisition, transaction or disposition under current law.

6. This act shall take effect immediately.

Approved November 2, 2000.

PO BOX 004 TRENTON, NJ 08625

Office of the Governor **NEWS RELEASE**

CONTACT: Jayne O'Connor Laura Otterbourg 609-777-2600

RELEASE: November 2, 2000

Governor Christie Whitman today signed the following legislation:

A-1344, sponsored by Bagger (R-Middlesex/Morris/Somerset/Union) and Doria (D-Hudson) and Senators Littell (R-Sussex/Hunterdon/Morris) and Vitale (D-Middlesex), establishes the required funding level for charter school students and revises the procedure for evaluation of the charter school program. The bill incorporates recommendations made by the Governor in a conditional veto.

A-859, sponsored by Assembly Members Bagger

(R-Middlesex/Morris/Somerset/Union) and Weingarten (R-Essex/Union) and Senators Vitale (D-Middlesex) and Sinagra (R-Middlesex), transfers certain DYFS property in Middlesex County to the New Jersey Natural Land Trust. The bill incorporates recommendations made by the Governor in a conditional veto.

A-1439, sponsored by Assembly Members Vandervalk (R-Bergen) and Cohen (D-Union) and Senators Sinagra (R-Middlesex) and Matheussen (R-Camden/Gloucester), establishes the Community Health Care Assets Protection Act. The bill incorporates recommendations made by the Governor in a conditional veto.