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LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

NJSA:	2C:39-6 and 53:1-11.10 to 53:1-11.15		(Marine Law Enforcement Bureau establish within State Police)
Laws Of:	1986		CHAPTER 150
Bill No:	A2447		
Sponsor(s): Hendrickson			
Date Introduced: May 8, 1986			
Committee: Assembly:		Law, Public Safety	y
Senate:		Law, Public Safety and Defense	
Amended during passage:		Yes	Amendments during passage dentoed by asterisks. Substituted for S2328 (not attached since identical to A2447).
Date of Passage:		Assembly:	June 23, 1986
		Senate:	September 18, 1986
Date of Approval: November 13, 1986			
Following statements are attached if available:			
Sponsor st	atement:		Yes
Committee statement:		Assembly	Yes
		Senate	Yes
Fiscal Not	e:		No
Veto Mess	age:		No
Message of	n Signing:		No
Following were printed:			
Reports:			No
Hearings:			No

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[SECOND OFFICIAL COPY REPRINT] ASSEMBLY, No. 2447

11-13-86

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED MAY 8, 1986

By Assemblymen HENDRICKSON, VILLANE, Moran, Singer. Colburn, Stuhltrager, Rocco and Shusted

AN ACT establishing the Bureau of Marine Law Enforcement within the Division of State Police, amending N. J. S. 2C:39-6, and supplementing Title 53 of the Revised Statutes.

- 1 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
- 2 of New Jersey:

1.0

1 1. As used in this act:

a. "Bureau" means the Bureau of Marine Law Enforcement3 established in section 2 of this act.

b. "Waters of the State" means, but shall not be limited to, the
waters of the Atlantic ocean for three nautical *miles* eastward
from the shores of this State; all navigable and non-navigable, tidal
and non-tidal, rivers, bays, streams, and inlets; and any other
water within the jurisdiction of the State.

9 c. "Superintendent" means the Superintendent of *the Division
10 of* State Police *in the Department of Law and Public Safety*.

- 2. There is established in the Division of State Police in the
 Department of Law and Public Safety a Bureau of Marine Law
 3 Enforcement under the supervision of the superintendent. **Marine
- 4 police officers shall be in the unclassified service of the civil service 5 of this State.**
- 1 3. The bureau shall consist of the following:
- 2 a. The law enforcement personnel currently employed by the
- 3 State Marine Police Force, established by section 2 of P. L. 1980,
- 4 c. 96 (C. 52:17B-9.5).

5 b. Law enforcement personnel appointed to the bureau under EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law. Matter printed in italics *thus* is new matter.

Matter enclosed in asterisks or stars has been adopted as follows:

*-Assembly committee amendments adopted June 9, 1986 **-Senate committee amendments adopted September 8, 1986.

this act and trained by the superintendent. Law enforcement 6 personnel appointed to the bureau under this act shall not be sub-7 ject to the provisions of Title 11 of the Revised Statutes and shall 8 be removable by the superintendent at will for the first three years 9 of employment; thereafter, these personnel shall serve during good 10behavior and shall not be removed except for cause. 11 12 c. Members of the State Police assigned to the bureau for a 13period of time by the superintendent.

** [d. Clerical and other employees appointed by the superintendent as he may deem necessary, who shall be subject to the provisions of Title 11 of the Revised Statutes.]**

4. Nothing in this act shall be construed to deprive ******[any person, including] ****** existing ****** classified ****** law enforcement personnel currently titled as Marine Police Officer, Senior Marine Police Officer, and Principal Marine Police Officer, ****** or any other title which encompasses substantially the same duties and responsibilities, ****** of tenure rights ******[or of a right or protection] ****** under the

7 laws concerning civil service, pension, or retirement.

1 5. Marine law enforcement officers within the bureau:

a. Shall have the powers ** [and be subject to the obligations] **
of police officers ** as the superintendent may prescribe**;

b. Shall enforce the laws of this State on the waters of the Stateand the land areas contiguous thereto;

c. Shall perform related law enforcement duties throughout the7 State as the superintendent may prescribe;

d. Shall have the power to stop and board a vessel in the waters 8 of the State to determine whether the vessel complies with State 9 and federal boating safety laws and shall have the power ** of 10 members of the United States Coast Guard^{**} to order a vessel 11 that does not comply with these laws to return immediately to shore. 12Nothing in this section shall limit the law enforcement authority 13 of a member of the State Police assigned to the bureau by the 14 superintendent, unless the superintendent shall so prescribe. 15

6. a. The superintendent may make appointments to the bureau,
 train members of the bureau, and create ranks in the bureau as he
 deems necessary to effectuate efficient law enforcement **[in]**
 on the waters of the State and the land areas contiguous
 thereto.

b. ** Pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P. L.
1968, c. 410 (C. 52:14B-1 et seq.), the ** The** superintendent
shall adopt rules to effectuate the purposes of this act, including
rules regarding the internal operating procedures of the bureau
and the discipline and control of its members.

1 7. N. J. S. 2C:39-6 is amended to read as follows:

 $J \to L$

2 2C:39-6. Exemptions. a. Provided a person complies with the

3 requirements of subsection j. of this section, [Section] N. J. S.
4 2C:39-5 does not apply to:

5 (1) Members of the Armed Forces of the United States or of
6 the National Guard while actually on duty, or while traveling
7 between places of duty and carrying authorized weapons in the
8 manner prescribed by the appropriate military authorities;

9 (2) Federal law enforcement officers, and any other federal 10 officers and employees required to carry firearms in the perfor-11 mance of their official duties;

12 (3) Members of the State Police and, under conditions prescribed
13 by the superintendent, members of the Marine Law Enforcement
14 Bureau of the Division of State Police;

(4) A sheriff, undersheriff, sheriff's officer, county prosecutor, 15 assistant prosecutor, prosecutor's detective or investigator, deputy 16attorney general or State investigator employed by the Division of 17 Criminal Justice of the Department of Law and Public Safety, 18investigator employed by the State Commission of Investigation, 19 20inspector [and investigators] of the [Division of] Alcoholic Beverage Control Enforcement Bureau of the Division of State Police 2122in the Department of Law and Public Safety authorized to carry 23such weapons by the Superintendent of State Police, State park ranger, or State conservation officer; 24

(5) A prison or jail warden or any penal institution in this State 25or his deputies, or an employee of the Department of Corrections 2627engaged in the interstate transportation of convicted offenders, while in the performance of his duties, and when required to possess 28[such a] the weapon by his superior officer, or a correction officer 29or keeper of a penal institution in this State at all times while in 30 the State of New Jersey, provided he annually passes an examina-31 tion approved by the superintendent testing his proficiency in the 32handling of firearms; 33

(6) A civilian employee of the United States Government under the supervision of the commanding officer of any post, camp, station, base or other military or naval installation located in this State who is required, in the performance of his official duties, to carry firearms, and who is authorized to carry such firearms by said commanding officer, while in the actual performance of his official duties;

41 (7) (a) A regularly employed member, including a detective, of42 the police department of any county or municipality, or of any

43 State, interstate, municipal or county park police force or boulevard
44 police force, at all times while in the State of New Jersey;

(b) A special law enforcement officer authorized to carry a weapon as provided in subsection b. of section 7 of P. L. 1985, c. 439
(C. 40A:14-146.14);

48 (c) An airport security officer or a special law enforcement officer 49 appointed by the governing body of any county or municipality, 50 except as provided in subsection b. of this section, or by the com-51 mission, board or other body having control of a county park or 52 airport or boulevard police force, while engaged in the actual per-53 formance of his official duties and when specifically authorized by 54 the governing body to carry weapons; or

55 **[**(8) A paid member of a paid or part-paid fire department or 56 force of any municipality who is assigned full-time to an arson 57 investigation unit created pursuant to section 1 of P. L. 1981, c. 58 409 (C. 40A:14-7.1), while engaged in the actual performance of 59 arson investigation duties and when specifically authorized by the 60 governing body to carry weapons.]

61(8) A full-time, paid member of a paid or part-paid fire depart-62ment or force of any municipality who is assigned full-time or part-63 time to an arson investigation unit created pursuant to section 1 of P. L. 1981, c. 409 (C. 40A:14-7.1) or to the county arson investi-6465gation unit in the county prosecutor's office, while either engaged 66 in the actual performance of arson investigation duties or while actually on call to perform arson investigation duties and when 67 specifically authorized by the governing body or the county pro-68 secutor, as the case may be, to carry weapons. Prior to being 6970permitted to carry a fiearm, such a member shall take and successfully complete a firearms training course administered by the Police 7172Training Commission, pursuant to P. L. 1961, c. 56 (C. 52:17B-66 73 et seq.), and shall annually qualify in the use of a revolver or 74similar weapon prior to being permitted to carry a firearm.

b. Subsections a., b. and c. of [section] N. J. S. 2C:39-5 do not
apply to:

(1) A law enforcement officer employed by a governmental
agency outside of the State of New Jersey while actually engaged
in his official duties, provided, however, that he has first notified
the superintendent or the chief law enforcement officer of the municipality or the prosecutor of the county in which he is engaged;
or

83 (2) A licensed dealer in firearms and his registered employees84 during the course of their normal business while traveling to and

85 from their place of business and other places for the purpose of 86 demonstration, exhibition or delivery in connection with a sale, 87 provided, however, that [any such] the weapon is carried in the 88 manner specified in subsection g. of this section.

89 c. [Subsections] Provided a person complies with the require-90 ments of subsection j. of this section, subsections b. and c. of [sec-91 tion] N. I. S. 2C:20.5 do not apply to:

91 tion] N. J. S. 2C:39-5 do not apply to:

 $|\to 1$

92(1) A special agent of the Division of Taxation who has passed an examination in an approved police training program testing 93proficiency in the handling of any firearm which he may be re-94quired to carry, while in the actual performance of his official duties 9596 and while going to or from his place of duty, a campus police officer appointed pursuant to P. L. 1970, c. 211 (C. 18A:6-4.2 et 97seq.,)] or any other police officer, while in the actual performance 98of his official duties; 99

100 (2) A State deputy conservation officer or a full-time employee 101 of the Division of Parks and Forestry having the power of arrest 102 and authorized to carry weapons, while in the actual performance 103 of his official duties;

104 (3) **[**A full-time member of the marine patrol force or a special 105 marine patrolman authorized to carry **[**such a**]** the weapon by the 106 Commissioner of Environmental Protection, while in the actual 107 performance of his official duties] Deleted by amendment, 108 P. L. ..., c. ... (C.) (now pending before the Legis-109 lature as this bill);

110 (4) A court attendant serving as such under appointment by 111 the sheriff of the county or by the judge of any municipal court 112 or other court of this State, while in the actual performance of 113 his official duties;

(5) A guard in the employ of any railway express company,
115 banking or building and loan or savings and loan institution of
116 this State, while in the actual performance of his official duties;

(6) A member of a legally recognized military organization
118 while actually under orders or while going to or from the pre119 scribed place of meeting and carrying the weapons prescribed for
120 drill, exercise or parade;

121 (7) An officer of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to 122 Animals, while in the actual performance of his duties;

123 (8) An employee of a public utilities corporation actually en-124 gaged in the transportation of explosives; [or]

125 (9) A railway policeman, at all times while in the State of New 126 Jersey, provided that he has passed an approved police academy

127 training program consisting of at least 280 hours. The training 128 program shall include, but need not be limited to, the handling 129 of firearms, community relations, and juvenile relations[.]; or

130 (10) A campus police officer appointed under P. L. 1970, c. 211 131 (C. 18A:6-4.2 et seq.), while going to and from his place of duty 132 and while in the course of performing official duties or while in 133 the course of an official investigation within the State. Prior to 134 being permitted to carry a firearm, a campus police officer shall 135 take and successfully complete a firearms training course admin-136 istered by the Police Training Commission, pursuant to P. L. 137 1961, c. 56 (C. 52:17B-66 et seq.), and shall annually qualify in the 138 use of a revolver or similar weapon prior to being permitted to 139 carry a firearm.

140 d. (1) Subsections c. and d. of [section] N. J. S. 2C:39-5 do 141 not apply to antique firearms, provided that such antique firearms 142 are unloaded or are being fired for the purposes of exhibition or 143 demonstration at an authorized target range or in such other man-144 ner as has been approved in writing by the chief law enforcement 145 officer of the municipality in which the exhibition or demonstration 146 is held, or if not held on property under the control of a particular 147 municipality, the superintendent.

148 (2) Subsection a. of N. J. S. 2C:39–3 and subsection d. of 149 N. J. S. 2C:39–5 do not apply to an antique cannon that is capable 150 of being fired but that is unloaded and immobile, provided that 151 the antique cannon is possessed by (a) a scholastic institution, 152 a museum, a municipality, a county or the State, or (b) a person 153 who obtained a firearms purchaser identification card as specified 153A in N. J. S. 2C:58–3.

154 (3) Subsection a. of N. J. S. 2C:39-3 and subsection d. of 155 N. J. S. 2C:39-5 do not apply to an unloaded antique cannon that 156 is being transported by one eligible to possess it, in compliance 157 with regulations the superintendent may promulgate, between its 158 permanent location and place of purchase or repair.

(4) Subsection a. of N. J. S. 2C:39-3 and subsection d. of 160 N. J. S. 2C:39-5 do not apply to antique cannons that are being 161 loaded or fired by one eligible to possess an antique cannon, for 162 purposes of exhibition or demonstration at an authorized target 163 range or in the manner as has been approved in writing by the 164 chief law enforcement officer of the municipality in which the ex-165 hibition or demonstration is held, or if not held on property under 166 the control of a particular municipality, the superintendent, pro-167 vided that performer has given at least 30 days' notice [of such] 168 to the superintendent.

169 (5) Subsection a. of N. J. S. 2C:39-3 and subsection d. of

170 N. J. S. 2C:39-5 do not apply to the transportation of unloaded 171 antique cannons directly to or from exhibitions or demonstrations 172 authorized under paragraph (4) of subsection d. of this section, 173 provided that the transportation is in compliance with safety 174 regulations the superintendent may promulgate. Nor do those 175 subsections apply to transportation directly to or from exhibitions 176 or demonstrations authorized under the law of another jurisdiction, 177 provided that the superintendent has been given 30 days' notice 178 **[**of such] and that the transportation is in compliance with safety 179 regulations the superintendent may promulgate.

180 e. Nothing in subsections b., c. and d. of [section] N. J. S. 181 2C:39-5 shall be construed to prevent a person keeping or carrying 182 about his place of business, residence, premises or other land owned 183 or possessed by him, any firearm, or from carrying the same, in 184 the manner specified in subsection g. of this section, from any place 185 of purchase to his residence or place of business, between his 186 dwelling and his place of business, between one place of business 187 or residence and another when moving, or between his dwelling 188 or place of business and place where such firearms are repaired, 189 for the purpose of repair. For the purposes of this section, a place 190 of business shall be deemed to be a fixed location.

191 f. Nothing in subsections b., c. and d. of [section] N. J. S. 192 2C:39-5 shall be construed to prevent:

(1) A member of any rifle or pistol club organized in accordance 194 with the rules prescribed by the National Board for the Promotion 195 of Rifle Practice, in going to or from a place of target practice, 196 carrying such firearms as are necessary for said target practice, 197 provided that the club has filed a copy of its charter with the 198 superintendent and annually submits a list of its members to the 199 superintendent and provided further that the firearms are carried 200 in the manner specified in subsection g. of this section;

201 (2) A person carrying a firearm or knife in the woods or fields 202 or upon the waters of this State for the purpose of hunting, target 203 practice or fishing, provided that the firearm or knife is legal and 204 appropriate for hunting or fishing purposes in this State and he 205 has in his possession a valid hunting license, or, with respect to 206 freshwater fishing, a valid fishing license;

207 (3) A person transporting any firearm or knife while traveling:
208 (a) Directly to or from any place for the purpose of hunting
209 or fishing, provided [such] the person has in his possession a valid
210 hunting or fishing license: or

211 (b) Directly to or from any target range, or other authorized

212 place for the purpose of practice, match, target, trap or skeet 213 shooting exhibitions, provided in all cases that during the course 214 of [such] the travel all firearms are carried in the manner specified 215 in subsection g. of this section and the person has complied with 216 all the provisions and requirements of Title 23 of the Revised 217 Statutes and any amendments thereto and all rules and regulations 218 promulgated thereunder; or

(c) In the case of a firearm, directly to or from any exhibition or display of firearms which is sponsored by any law enforcement agency, any rifle or pistol club, or any firearms collectors club, for agency, any rifle or pistol club, or any firearms collectors club, for the purpose of displaying [of] the firearms to the public or to the members of [such] the organization or club, provided, however, that not less than 30 days prior to [such] the exhibition or display, provided for the exhibition or display shall be given to the superintendent of the State Police by the sponsoring organization or club, and the sponsor has complied with such reasonable safety regulations as the superintendent may promulgate. Any firearms the analytic for the sponsor to the sponsories of the sponsories of the sponsor firearms and the sponsories of the sponsories of the manner specified in subsection g. of this section;

(4) A person from keeping or carrying about a private or com-232 mercial aircraft or any boat, or from transporting to or from 233 such vessel for the purpose of installation or repair a visual dis-234 tress signalling device approved by the United States Coast Guard. 235 g. All weapons being transported under [subsection b. (2), e. 236 or f. (1) or (3)] paragraph (2) of subsection b., subsection e., or 237 paragraph (1) or (3) of subsection f. of this section shall be 238 carried unloaded and contained in a closed and fastened case, gun-239 box, securely tied package, or locked in the trunk of the automobile 240 in which it is being transported, and the course of travel shall 241 include only such deviations as are reasonably necessary under 242 the circumstances.

243 h. Nothing in subsection d. of [section] N. J. S. 2C:39-5 shall 244 be construed to prevent any employee of a public utility, as defined 245 in R. S. 48:2-13, doing business in this State or any United States 246 Postal Service employee, while in the actual performance of duties 247 which specifically require regular and frequent visits to private 248 premises, from possessing, carrying or using any device which 249 projects, releases or emits any substance specified as being non-250 injurious to canines or other animals by the Commissioner of 251 Health and which immobilizes only on a temporary basis and 252 produces only temporary physical discomfort through being vapor253 ized or otherwise dispensed in the air for the sole purpose of re-254 pelling canine or other animal attacks.

255 The device shall be used solely to repel only those canine or 256 other animal attacks when the canines or other animals are not 257 restrained in a fashion sufficient to allow the employee to properly 258 perform his duties.

259 Any device used pursuant to this act shall be selected from a 260 list of products, which consist of active and inert ingredients, 261 permitted by the Commissioner of Health.

262 i. Nothing in subsection d. of N. J. S. 2C:39-5 shall be con-263 strued to prevent any person who is 18 years of age or older and 264 who has not been convicted of a felony, from possession for the 265 purpose of personal self-defense of one pocket-sized device which 266 contains and releases not more than three-quarters of an ounce of 267 chemical substance not ordinarily capable of lethal use or of in-268 flicting serious bodily injury, but rather, is intended to produce 269 temporary physical discomfort or disability through being vapor-270 ized or otherwise dispensed in the air. Any person in possession 271 of any device in violation of this subsection shall be deemed and 272 adjudged to be a disorderly person, and upon conviction thereof, 273 shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$100.00.

274 j. A person shall qualify for an exemption from the provisions 275 of N. J. S. 2C:39-5, as specified under subsections a. and c. of 276 this section, if the person has satisfactorily completed a firearms 277 training course approved by the Police Training Commission.

Such exempt person shall not possess or carry a firearm until 279 the person has satisfactorily completed a firearms training course 280 and shall annually qualify in the use of a revolver or similar weap-281 on. For purposes of this subsection, a "firearms training course" 282 means a course of instruction in the safe use, maintenance and 283 storage of firearms which is approved by the Police Training Com-284 mission. The commission shall approve a firearms training course 285 if the requirements of the course are substantially equivalent to 286 the requirements for firearms training provided by police training 287 courses which are certified under section 6 of P. L. 1961, c. 56 288 (C. 52:17B-71). A person who is specified in paragraph (1), (2), 289 (3) or (6) of subsection a. of this section shall be exempt from the 290 requirements of this paragraph.

1 8. This act shall take effect on the 91st day after enactment.

POLICE, SECURITY AND DEFENSE

Establishes the Bureau of Marine Law Enforcement in the Division of State Police.

263 strued to prevent any person who is 18 years of age or older and 264 who has not been convicted of a felony, from possession for the 265 purpose of personal self-defense of one pocket-sized device which 266 contains and releases not more than three-quarters of an ounce of 267 chemical substance not ordinarily capable of lethal use or of in-268 flicting serious bodily injury, but rather, is intended to produce 269 temporary physical discomfort or disability through being vapor-270 ized or otherwise dispensed in the air. Any person in possession 271 of any device in violation of this subsection shall be deemed and 272 adjudged to be a disorderly person, and upon conviction thereof, 273 shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$100.00.

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j. A person shall qualify for an exemption from the provisions
of N. J. S. 2C:39-5, as specified under subsections a. and c. of
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training course approved by the Police Training Commission.

278 Such exempt person shall not possess or carry a firearm until 279 the person has satisfactorily completed a firearms training course 280 and shall annually qualify in the use of a revolver or similar weap-281 on. For purposes of this subsection, a "firearms training course" 282 means a course of instruction in the safe use, maintenance and 283 storage of firearms which is approved by the Police Training Com-284 mission. The commission shall approve a firearms training course 285 if the requirements of the course are substantially equivalent to 286 the requirements for firearms training provided by police training 287 courses which are certified under section 6 of P. L. 1961, c. 56 288 (C. 52:17B-71). A person who is specified in paragraph (1), (2), 289 (3) or (6) of subsection a. of this section shall be exempt from the 290 requirements of this paragraph.

1 8. This act shall take effect on the 91st day after enactment.

STATEMENT

This bill establishes the Bureau of Marine Law Enforcement in the Division of State Police.

Section 2 of P. L. 1980, c. 96 (C. 52:17B-9.5) transferred the supervisory force of marine police officers from the Department of Environmental Protection to the Division of State Police. This legislation made no provisions for creating an organizational structure, establishing the powers of the force, providing the powers of the Superintendent of State Police over the force, or providing the superintendent with the authority to limit the weapons carrying privileges of members of the marine police. This bill cures these defects.

A2447 (1986)

According to the bill, marine law enforcement officers will have the powers and be subject to the obligations of police officers. They will enforce State laws on the waters of the State and contiguous lands and may perform related law enforcement duties throughout the State as directed by the superintendent. In addition, they will be empowered to stop and board a vessel in State waters to determine whether it complies with boating safety laws and to order it to return to shore if it does not comply.

The bill permits members of the bureau to carry firearms and other weapons at all times, under conditions prescribed by the superintendent.

The bureau will consist of law enforcement personnel now employed by the State Marine Police Force, newly appointed law enforcement personnel, members of the State police assigned to the bureau by the superintendent, and clerical personnel.

Newly appointed law enforcement personnel will not be subject to the provisions of Title 11 of the Revised Statutes, Civil Service, and will be removable by the superintendent at will for the first three years of their employment.

Thereafter, they will serve during good behavior and will not be removed except for cause. The bill contains a provision stating that the bill will not be construed to deprive any person of tenure rights or of a right or protection under the laws concerning civil service, pension, or retirement.

POLICE, SECURITY AND DEFENSE

Establishes the Bureau of Marine Law Enforcement in the Division of State Police.

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ASSEMBLY LAW, PUBLIC SAFETY, DEFENSE AND CORRECTIONS COMMITTEE

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STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 2447

with Assembly committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 9, 1986

The Assembly Law, Public Safety, Defense and Corrections Committee favorably reports Assembly Bill No. 2447 with amendments.

As amended, Assembly Bill No. 2447 establishes the Bureau of Marine Law Enforcement in the Division of State Police within the Department of Law and Public Safety.

The bureau will consist of law enforcement personnel now employed by the State Marine Police Force, newly appointed law enforcement personnel, members of the State Police assigned to the bureau by the superintendent, and clerical personnel.

Newly appointed law enforcement personnel will not be subject to the provisions of Title 11 of the Revised Statutes, Civil Service, and will be removable by the superintendent at will for the first three years of their employment. Thereafter, they will serve during good behavior and will not be removed except for cause. The bill will not deprive any person of tenure rights or of a right or protection under the laws concerning civil service, pension, or retirement.

According to the bill, marine law enforcement officers will have the powers and be subject to the obligations of police officers. They will enforce State laws on the waters of the State and contiguous lands and may perform related law enforcement duties throughout the State as directed by the superintendent. In addition, they will be empowered to stop and board a vessel in State waters to determine whether it complies with boating safety laws and to order it to return to shore if it does not comply.

The bill permits members of the bureau to carry firearms and other weapons at all times, under conditions prescribed by the superintendent.

Section 2 of P. L. 1980, c. 96 (C. 52:17B-9.5), enacted August 29, 1980, transferred the supervisory force of marine police officers from the Department of Environmental Protection to the Division of State Police. This legislation made no provisions for creating an organizational structure, establishing the powers of the force, providing the

powers of the Superintendent of State Police over the force, or providing the Superintendent with the authority to limit the weapons carrying privileges of members of the marine police. This bill cures these defects.

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The committee made technical amendments to the bill.

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SENATE LAW, PUBLIC SAFETY AND DEFENSE COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 2447

[Official Copy Reprint] with Senate committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: AUGUST 13, 1986

The Senate Law, Public Safety and Defense Committee favorably reports Assembly Bill No. 2447 OCR with amendments.

As amended, this bill establishes the Bureau of Marine Law Enforcement in the Division of State Police within the Department of Law and Public Safety.

The bureau will consist of law enforcement personnel now employed by the State Marine Police Force, newly appointed law enforcement personnel, and members of the State Police assigned to the bureau by the superintendent.

Newly appointed law enforcement personnel will not be subject to the provisions of Title 11 of the Revised Statutes, Civil Service, and will be removable by the superintendent at will for the first three years of their employment. Thereafter, they will serve during good behavior and will not be removed except for cause. The bill will not deprive any person of tenure rights under the laws concerning civil service, pension, or retirement.

According to the bill, marine law enforcement officers will have the powers of police officers. They will enforce State laws on the waters of the State and contiguous lands and may perform related law enforcement duties throughout the State as directed by the superintendent. In addition, they will be empowered to stop and board a vessel in State waters to determine whether it complies with boating safety laws and to order it to return to shore if it does not comply.

The bill permits members of the bureau to carry firearms and other weapons at all times, under conditions prescribed by the superintendent. Section 2 of P. L. 1980, c. 96 (C. 52:17B-9.5), enacted August 29, 1980, transferred the supervisory force of marine police officers from the Department of Environmental Protection to the Division of State Police. This legislation made no provisions for creating an organizational structure, establishing the powers of the force, providing the powers of the Superintendent of State Police over the force, or providing the Superintendent with the authority to limit the weapons carrying privileges of members of the marine police. This bill cures these defects.

The committee made technical amendments to the bill at the request of the Department of Law and Public Safety and the sponsor, and amended the bill to make it identical to Senate Bill No. 2328 of 1986, sponsored by Senator Russo.