54:4-3.80 et al

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

NJSA:

54:4-3.80 et al

(Homestead rebate program -- extend to residents of life care communities)

Laws Of:

1987

Bill No:

S752

Sponsor(s): Haines

Date Introduced: Pre-filed

Senate:

Committee:

Assembly: Senior Citizens

Revenue, Finance and Appropriations

Amended during passage:

Yes

Amendments denoted by asterisks

Date of Passage:

according to Governor's recommendations

Assembly:

September 11, 1986 Re-enacted

2-19-87

CHAPTER 66

Senate:

Re-enacted 2-26-87

Date of Approval: March 11, 1987

Following statements are attached if available:

Sponsor statement:

Committee statement:

Senate

Assembly

Yes

Yes

Yes

Fiscal Note:

No

Veto Message:

Yes

Message on Signing:

No

Following were printed:

Reports:

No

Hearings:

No

See newspaper clipping--attached:

[&]quot;Kean enacts reforms in 'caps' spending law..." 3-12-87 Star Ledger.

3-11-87

[SECOND OFFICIAL COPY REPRINT]

SENATE, No. 752

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1986 SESSION

By Senator HAINES

An Act extending homestead rebates *and homestead refunds or credits* to residents of life care retirement communities, amending P. L. 1976, c. 72, P. L. 1976, c. 63, P. L. 1977, c. 242 *, P. L. 1985, c. 304* and N. J. S. 54A:4-3.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
- 2 of New Jersey:
- 1 1. Section 1 of P. L. 1976, c. 72 (C. 54:4-3.80) is amended to read
- 2 as follows:

13

- 3 1. a. Every citizen and resident of this State shall be entitled.
- 4 annually, to a homestead rebate on a dwelling house and the land
- upon which such dwelling house is situated, or on a dwelling house 5
- assessed as real estate situated on land owned by another or others 6
- 7 which constitutes the place of domicile and which is owned and used
- by the citizen and resident as a principal residence. If such citizen
- 9 and resident of this State is of the age of 65 or more years, or is less
- than 65 years of age yet permanently and totally disabled, as 10
- "disabled" is defined in the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act" 11
- 12 (**N. J. S.** 54A:1-2f.), or is the surviving spouse of a deceased

citizen and resident of this State who**,** while alive**,**

- received a real property tax deduction pursuant to this act or P. L. 14
- 1963, c. 172 (C. 54:4-8.40 et seq.), upon the same conditions, with 15
- respect to real property, notwithstanding that said surviving spouse 16
- is under the age of 65 is not permanently and totally disabled, 17
- provided that said surviving spouse was 55 years of age or older 18
- at the time of death of said citizen and resident and remains un-
- married, said taxpayer shall annually, upon proper claim being

N—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law. EXPLANATION-

Matter printed in italics thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in asterisks or stars has been adopted as follows -Senate committee amendments adopted February 24, 1986.

-Senate amendments adopted in accordance with Governor's recommendations February 19, 1987.

21 made therefor, be entitled to an additional rebate as set forth in

22 section 2 of this act. The said requirement of ownership shall be

23 satisfied by the holding of the beneficial interest where the legal

24 title thereto is held by another for the benefit of the said citizen

25 and resident, or for a resident shareholder in a cooperative or

26 mutual housing corporation as defined herein.

A person who is a tenant for life or a tenant under a lease for 99

28 years or more or a person who is entitled to and actually takes

29 possession of the land and dwelling house under an executory con-

30 tract for the sale thereof or under an agreement with a lending

31 institution which holds title as security for a loan**[,]** shall be

32 deemed to be an owner for the purpose of this act.

33 A person who resides in a ** [life] ** ** continuing ** care retire-

34 ment community **pursuant to a contract for the provision of con-

34A tinuing care for the life of that person** shall be deemed to be an

 $34\mathtt{B}$ owner of the unit he occupies for the purpose of this act**, provided

34c that the contract also requires the resident to bear, separately from

34D any other charges, the proportionate share of property taxes

34E attributable to the unit that the resident occupies**.

35 b. As used in this act "dwelling house" includes any residential

property assessed as real property consisting of not more than

37 four units of which not more than one may be used for business or

38 commercial purposes.

36

39 c. As used in this act "residential shareholder in a cooperative"

40 means a tenant-stockholder in a cooperative housing corporation

41 who may deduct property taxes on his federal tax return pursuant

42 to the provisions of section 216 of the Internal Revenue Code of

43 1954 as of the date of this amendatory act.

d. As used in this act "mutual housing corporation" means a

45 corporation not-for-profit incorporated under the laws of New

46 Jersey on a mutual or cooperative basis within the scope of section 47 607 of the Lanham Act (National Defense Housing)**.** P. L. 849.

47 607 of the Lanham Act (National Defense Housing)**,** P. L. 849,
48 76th Congress; 54 Stat. 1125, 42 U. S. C. **\$\\$**1521 et seq., as

to total congress, or season read, and on so or y read to sequ, as

49 amended, which acquired a National Defense Housing Project pur-

49A suant to said act.

6. As used in this act "** life ** ** continuing ** care retirement

51 community" means a residential facility primarily for retired per-

52 sons where ** pursuant to a life care contract each resident receives

53 full room and board and medical care in exchange for a capital

54 entrance fee and monthly charge and each unit bears it propor-

55 tionate share of the property taxes of the facility, but where no

56 resident has a proprietary interest in the property or assets of the

facility ** **lodging and nursing, medical or other health related services at the same or another location are provided as continuing care to an individual pursuant to an agreement effective for the

60 life of the individual or for a period greater than one year, includ-

61 ing mutually terminable contracts, and in consideration of the pay-

62 ment of an entrance fee with or without other periodic charges**.

2. Section 7 of P. L. 1976, c. 72 (C. 54:4-3.86) is amended to read as follows:

7. Where title to property as to which a homestead rebate is 3 claimed is held by claimant and other or others, either as tenants 4 in common or as joint tenants, claimant shall not be allowed a 5homestead rebate in an amount in excess of his proportionate share 6 7 of the taxes assessed against said property, which proportionate share, for the purposes of this act, shall be deemed to be equal to 8 that of each of the other tenants, unless it is shown that the interests 9 in question are not equal, in which event claimant's proportionate 10 share shall be as shown. Nothing herein shall preclude more than 11 one tenant, whether title be held in common or joint tenancy, from 12claiming a homestead rebate but no more than the equivalent of one 13full homestead rebate shall be allowed in any year, and in any 14 15 case in which the claimants cannot agree as to the apportionment 16 thereof, such rebate shall be apportioned between or among them in proportion to their interest. Property held by husband and 17 wife, as tenants by the entirety, shall be deemed wholly owned by 18 each tenant, but no more than one homestead rebate in regard to 19 20 such property shall be allowed in any year. Right to claim a home-21stead rebate hereunder shall extend to property the title to which 22 is held by a partnership, to the extent of the claimant's interest as a partner therein, and by a guardian, trustee, committee, con-2324servator or other fiduciary for any person who would otherwise be 25entitled to claim such rebate hereunder, but not to property the title to which is held by a corporation, except as [heretofore] pro-26 vided in section 1 of [this amendatory act] P. L. 1976, c. 72 (C. 27 28 54:4-3.80).

- 3. Section 2 of P. L. 1976, c. 63 (C. 54:4-6.3) is amended to read 2 as follows:
- 3 2. As used in this act unless the context clearly indicates a 4 different meaning:
- a. "Qualified real rental property" means any real property containing a mobile home park or two or more spaces which are rented or leased or offered for rent or lease for occupancy by mobile homes, or any building or structure or complex of buildings

- 9 or structures in which housing units are rented or leased or offered
- 10 for rental or lease for residential purposes except hotels, motels
- or other guesthouses serving transient or seasonal guests, residents of a residential cooperative [or], mutual housing corporation or
- 13 **[life]** **continuing** care retirement community who are
- de la company de
- 14 entitled to a homestead rebate pursuant to section 1 of P. L. 1976,
- 15 c. 72 (C. 54:4-3.80), and owner-occupied structures of three units 15A or less.
- 16 b. "Property tax reduction" means 0.65 times the difference
- 17 between the amount of property tax paid or payable in any year on
- 18 any qualified real rental property, exclusive of improvements not
- 19 included in the assessment on the real property for the base year,
- 20 and the amount of property tax paid in the base year, but such
- 21 calculations for the property tax reduction shall exclude reduc-
- 22 tions resulting from judgments entered by county boards of taxa-
- 23 tion, the tax court, or by courts of competent jurisdiction. "Prop-
- 24 erty tax reduction" shall also include 0.65 times any rebate or re-
- 25 fund of school property taxes which may be provided pursuant
- 26 to P. L. 1976, c. 113. "Property tax reduction" shall not include
- 27 any amount in excess of that which is identified herein. Any such
- 28 amount shall be retained by the property owner.
- 29 c. "Base year" means, for qualified real rental property rented
- 30 or leased or offered for rent or lease on the effective date of this
- 31 act, the calendar year prior to the year in which this act takes effect,
- 32 and for qualified real rental property which is first rented or leased
- 33 or offered for rent or lease after the effective date of this act, the
- 34 calendar year in which it is first offered for rent or lease.
- 4. N. J. S. 54A:4-3 is amended to read as follows:
- 2 54A:4-3. Homestead credit for tenant. a. Any qualified resi-
- 3 dential tenant or shareholder in a cooperative, other than residents
- 4 of a residential cooperative [or], mutual housing corporation or
- 5 ** [life] ** ** continuing ** care retirement community who are en-
- 6 titled to a homestead [exemption] rebate pursuant to section 1 of
- 7 P. L. 1976, c. 72 (C. 54:4-3.80), shall be entitled to a homestead
- 8 credit of \$65.00 against the tax otherwise due hereunder. Any
- 9 qualified residential tenant or shareholder in a cooperative not
- 10 eligible for a homestead **[**exemption**]** rebate shall be entitled to an
- 11 additional homestead credit of \$35.00 if such resident is (1) perma-
- 12 nently and totally disabled, (2) 65 years of age or over, or (3) a
- 13 surviving spouse of a person qualified under (2) above who has
- 14 remained unmarried since becoming a widow or widower at the age
- 14A of 55 years or over.

- b. Husband and wife. A married couple who elect to file separate
- 16 New Jersey returns shall each be entitled to one-half of the credit
- 17 otherwise allowable under subsection a.
- c. Special limitations. (1) If more than one qualified resident
- 19 tenant, other than a husband and wife, qualify for the credit allowed
- 20 under this section by reason of their having occupied the same
- 21 rented homestead, it shall be presumed that the tenant's credit
- 22 otherwise allowed under this section shall be equally divided
- 23 among such taxpayers. A tenant, however, may claim a credit which
- 24 shall bear the same proportion as the rent he pays to the total rent
- 25 paid by all members of the unit.
- 26 (2) A taxpayer shall not be entitled to more than one homestead
- 27 credit in any one year. A taxpayer who claims a homestead credit
- 28 under this section may not claim a homestead [exemption] rebate
- 29 for the same year under any other law [except as provided in
- 30 section 8 of this amendatory and supplementary act].
- 31 (3) The amount of the homestead credit shall be prorated in the
- 32 proportion that the number of days the qualified tenant occupied
- 33 residential property in the year bears to 365 days.
- 34 (4) Where more than one tenant occupies a single dwelling unit
- 35 not more than one qualified tenant credit shall be claimed. No
- 36 tenant homestead credit shall be allowed for occupants of rooming
- 37 houses, hotels or motels unless the rooms rented to the tenant are
- 38 equipped with kitchen and bathroom facilities and unless such
- 39 person is a permanent resident thereof.
- d. If the credit against the tax allowed pursuant to subsection a.
- 41 of this section reduces tax liability to zero, the remaining amount
- 42 of the credit, if any, shall be considered an overpayment of the tax
- 43 and shall be refunded.
- 5. Section 6 of P. L. 1977, c. 242 (C. 54:4-3.80a) is amended to
- 2 read as follows:
- 3 6. a. Each application filed pursuant to section 1 of P. L. 1976,
- 4 c. 72 (C. 54:4-3.80) shall set forth such information as the director
- 5 shall prescribe and shall include, without limitation, the name and
- 6 address of the cooperative [or], mutual housing corporation or
- 7 ** Life] ** ** continuing ** care retirement community, location of
- 8 the property and the amount of real property taxes attributed to
- 9 the cooperative [or], mutual housing residential unit or ** [life] **
- 10 **continuing** care retirement **community** residential unit, as
- 11 indicated in the official notice furnished by the cooperative [or],
- 12 mutual housing **corporation** or ***[life] ** **continuing** care
- 12A retirement ** [owner] ** **community ** for the same year, as

12B in the case of all other homestead rebate applicants. Each such

- 13 applicant must meet all prerequisites for the homestead rebate as
- 14 prescribed in P. L. 1976, c. 72 (C. 54:4-3.80 et seq.).
- b. A local tax assessor shall determine from the application filed
- 16 with him the assumed assessed value of the cooperative [or],
- 17 mutual housing residential unit or ** [life] ** **continuing **care
- 18 retirement **community** residential unit by dividing the amount
- 19 of real property taxes reported under paragraph a. hereof by the
- 20 general local property tax rate for the same tax year.
- 21 c. In the event that the [nonprofit] cooperative [or], mutual
- 22 housing corporation or ** [life] ** **continuing ** care retirement
- 23 community is delinquent in the payment of its property taxes as
- 24 prescribed in P. L. 1976, c. 72 (C. 54:4-3.80 et seq.), any rebate that
- 25 may be due any individual residents shall be withheld until the tax
- 26 delinquency has been satisfied. If such delinquency has not been
- 27 satisfied by December 31, 1977 and thereafter by the dates pre-
- 28 scribed in section 13 of P. L. 1976, c. 72 (C. 54:4-3.92), the State
- 29 Treasurer shall pay over to the tax collector of the municipality,
- 30 within 30 days thereafter, the amount of all rebates due to the
- 31 individual residents. The tax collector shall credit the property
- 32 owner with such payments and the property owner shall, in turn,
- 33 credit the individual unit owners to the extent of their rebate. The
- 34 tax collector shall notify the property owner of the amount to be
- 35 credited.
- **d. On or before October 15 of the pretax year, each residential
- 37 cooperative housing corporation, mutual housing corporation and
- 38 continuing care retirement community shall provide the Director
- 39 of the Division of Taxation with a listing setting forth, as of October
- 40 1 of the pretax year, the names and addresses of all residents
- 41 qualified to receive homestead rebates, the unit number, the amount
- 42 of real property taxes attributed to each unit and any other in-
- 43 formation the Director may require by regulation as may be
- 44 necessary to determine eligibility for the homestead rebate.**
- *6. Section 2 of P. L. 1985, c. 304 (C. 54A:3A-2) is amended to
- 2 read as follows:
- 3 2. As used in this act:
- 4 a. "Condominium" means the form of real property ownership
- 5 provided for under the "Condominium Act," P. L. 1969, c. 257
- 6 (C. 46:8B-1 et seq.).
- b. "Cooperative" means a housing corporation or association
- 8 which entitles the holder of a share or membership interest thereof
- 9 to possess and occupy for dwelling purposes a house, apartment,

- 10 manufactured or mobile home or other unit of housing owned or
- 11 leased by the corporation or association, or to lease or purchase a
- 12 unit of housing constructed or to be constructed by the corporation
- 13 or association.

21

2223

2425

26

27

28

29

30

3132

33 33a

34

35

36 37

38

39

40

40A

40в 40с

40_D

40e

41 42

43

44

45

- 14 c. "Director" means the Director of the Division of Taxation in
- 15 the Department of the Treasury.
- d. "Dwelling house" means any residential property assessed as
- 17 real property which consists of not more than four units, of which
- 18 not more than one may be used for commercial purposes, but shall
- 19 not include a unit in a condominium, cooperative, horizontal
- 20 property regime or mutual housing corporation.
 - e. "Homestead" means and includes:
 - (1) (a) a dwelling house and the land on which that dwelling house is located which constitutes the place of the claimant's domicile and is owned and used by the claimant as his principal residence;
 - (b) a dwelling house situated on land owned by a person other than the claimant which constitutes the place of the claimant's domicle and is owned and used by the claimant as his principal residence;
 - (c) a condominium unit or a unit in a horizontal property regime or a ***[life]** **continuing** care **retirement** community which constitutes the place of the claimant's domicile and is owned and used by the claimant as his principal residence[;].

A person shall be deemed to have ownership of a homestead under this paragraph (1) if that person is a tenant for life or a tenant under a lease for 99 years or more [and], is entitled to and actually takes possession of the homestead under an executory contract for the sale thereof or under an agreement with a lending institution which holds title as security for a loan, or is a resident of a **[life]** **continuing** care **retirement** community **pursuant to a contract for continuing care for the life of that person which requires the resident to bear, separately from any other charges, the proportionate share of property taxes attributable to the unit that the resident occupies**;

(2) a unit in a cooperative or mutual housing corporation which constitutes the place of domicile of a residential shareholder or lessee therein, or of a lessee or shareholder who is not a residential shareholder therein, as his principal residence; and a unit of residential rental property**,** which unit con-

- stitutes the place of the claimant's domicile and is used by the claimant as his principal residence.
- 48 f. "Horizontal property regime" means the form of real property 49 ownership provided for under the "Horizontal Property Act,"
- 50 P. L. 1963, c. 168 (C. 46:8A-1 et seq.).
- 51 g. "Mutual housing corporation" means a corporation not-for-
- 52 profit, incorporated under the laws of this State on a mutual or
- 53 cooperative basis within the scope of section 607 of the Lanham Act
- 54 (National Defense Housing), Pub. L. 849, 76th Congress (42 U. S. C.
- 55 § 1521 et seq.), as amended, which acquired a National Defense
- 56 Housing Project pursuant to that act.
- 57 h. "Principal residence" means a homestead actually and con-
- 58 tinually occupied by a claimant as his permanent residence, as
- 59 distinguished from a vacation home, property owned and rented
- 60 or offered for rent by the claimant, and other secondary real prop-
- 61 erty holdings.

6263

64

65

66

67

68

84

- i. "Residential rental property" means and includes:
- (1) any building or structure or complex of buildings or structures in which dwelling units are rented or leased or offered for rental or lease for residential purposes;
 - (2) a rooming house, hotel or motel, if the rooms constituting the homestead are equipped with kitchen and bathroom facilities; and
- (3) any building or structure or complex of buildings or structures constructed under the following sections of the National Housing Act (Pub. L. 73-479) as amended and supplemented: section 202, Housing Act of 1959 (Pub. L. 86-372) and as subsequently amended, [and] section 231, Housing Act of 1959.
- j. "Residential shareholder in a cooperative or mutual housing corporation" means a tenant or holder of a membership interest in that cooperative or corporation, whose residential unit therein constitutes the place of his domicile and his principal principal residence, and who may deduct real property taxes on his federal income tax return pursuant to section 216 of the Internal Revenue
- 81 Code of 1954[:].
 82 k. "Rent constituting property taxes" means 18% of the rent
 83 paid by the claimant during the taxable year on a unit of residential

rental property which constitutes the claimant's homestead.

85 l. "**Life]** **Continuing** care **retirement** community"
86 means a residential facility primarily for retired persons where
87 **Life]** **Continuing** care **retirement** community"
88 means a residential facility primarily for retired persons where

88 and board and medical care in exchange for a capital entrance fee 89 and monthly charge and each unit bears its proportionate share of 90 the property taxes of the facility, but where no resident has a pro-91 prietary interest in the property or assets of the facility ** **lodg-92ing and nursing, medical or other health related services at the same 93 or another location are provided as continuing care to an individual pursuant to an agreement effective for the life of the individual or 94for a period greater than one year, including mutually terminable 9596 contracts, and in consideration of the payment of an entrance fee with or without other periodic charges**.* 97

[6.] *7.* This act shall take effect immediately.

1

TAXATION — PROPERTY

Extends eligibility for homestead rebates to residents of life care communities.

STATEMENT

This bill extends the homestead rebate to residents of life care retirement communities. These residents have no proprietary interest in the property or assets of the community, but pay a substantial capital entrance fee and a monthly charge and each unit bears its proportionate share of the community's property tax. The bill treats these individuals as homeowners for purposes of homestead rebates.

These individuals are, apparently, currently qualified for the tenant credit under the New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act.

5752 (1987)

ASSEMBLY SENIOR CITIZENS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 752

[OFFICIAL COPY REPRINT]

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 12, 1986

The Assembly Senior Citizens Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 752 OCR.

The purpose of this bill is to expand the State homestead rebate program to include residents of life care communities. Currently, under P. L. 1976, c. 72 (C. 54:4–3.80 et seq.), rebates are allowed for homeowners, as a means of providing property tax relief.

As originally enacted, the homestead rebate statute applied primarily to taxpayers who owned dwelling houses and the land on which the houses were situated, or who occupied such property under a lifetime or 99 year lease. Since the original enactment, however, the Legislature has amended the statute in order to provide rebates to homeowners who were inadvertently overlooked, or whose property tax status changed over time.

At present, residents of life care communities do not qualify for homestead rebates because, statutorily, they are not specifically among those citizens deemed to have a proprietary interest in their dwelling units. However, these residents generally pay a substantial capital entrance fee for the use of their units, as well as a monthly service charge and a proportionate amount of the community's property taxes.

This bill provides that a person who resides in a life care community shall be deemed the owner of his dwelling unit for the purposes of homestead rebate eligibility. The bill defines "life care community" as a residential facility primarily for retired persons, where a resident enters into a life care contract in exchange for a capital entrance fee and monthly charges, and where each unit bears its proportionate share of the facility's property taxes. A resident shall be eligible for a homestead rebate on the basis of property taxes attributable to his unit, as indicated on a notice supplied by the owner of the facility. The bill also provides that a life care community resident who is eligible for a rebate shall not receive a tenant's income tax credit or other tenant property tax benefits.

Finally, the bill clarifies that a resident of a life care community shall be eligible for an income tax deduction or refund, on the basis of property taxes allocatable to his unit, under the "Homestead Tax Relief Act," P. L. 1985, c. 304 (C. 54A:3A-1 et al.). This deduction or refund shall be in addition to the residents' homestead rebate, as in the case with all other citizens and residents similarly qualified.

According to the Senate Revenue, Finance and Appropriations Committee, fiscal estimates on this bill indicate that the cost may range from \$3555,530.00 to \$1,236,000.00 depending on the number of persons found residing in life care retirement communities as these communities are identified. The estimated number of qualified residents varies from 1,150 to 4,000. The cost is based on an average homestead rebate of \$244.00 and an average homestead deduction or refund at \$65.00.

The Senate Revenue, Finance and Appropriations committee noted that the cost estimate represents the gross cost range of the homestead rebates, but must be offset by the value of tenant credits that should be available to those in life care retirement communities who are required to file income tax returns. The committee estimated the net cost to be in the range of \$261,750.00 to \$910,000.00.

SENATE REVENUE, FINANCE AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 752

with Senate committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 24, 1986

The Senate Revenue, Finance and Appropriations Committee reported Senate Bill No. 752 favorably, with amendments.

This bill extends the State homestead rebate program to include residents of life care communities. Currently, under P. L. 1976, c. 72 (C. 54:4–3.80 et seq.), rebates are allowed for homeowners, as a means of providing property tax relief. The rebate program was instituted under Article 8, Section 1, paragraph 5 of the State Constitution, which authorizes the Legislature to enact a "homestead statute" to provide rebates or credits for property taxes "paid by or allocable to" homeowners and certain tenants. Tenants' credits are provided under the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act" (N. J. S. 54A:1–1 et seq.).

As originally enacted, the homestead rebate statute applied primarily to taxpayers who owned dwelling houses and the land on which the houses were situated, or who occupied such property under a lifetime or 99 year lease. Since the original enactment, however, the Legislature has amended the statute in order to provide rebates to homeowners who were inadvertently overlooked, or whose property tax status changed over time. That the Constitution generally empowers the Legislature to determine what constitutes a "homestead" for the purposes of the rebate program has been determined by the courts, on other issues, in the case of *Rubin* v. *Glaser*, 166 N.J. Super. 258 (App. Div., 1979), aff'd. 83 N.J. 299 (1981), app. dism. 499 U.S. 977 (1982).

At present, residents of life care communities do not qualify for homestead rebates because, statutorily, they are not specifically among those citizens deemed to have a proprietary interest in their dwelling units (MacMillan v. Taxation Division Director, 180 N.J. Super. 175 (App. Div., 1981), aff'd. 89 N.J. 216 (1982)). As noted by the sponsor, however, these residents generally pay a substantial capital entrance fee for the use of their units, as well as a monthly service charge and a proportionate amount of the community's property taxes. In certain respects, this arrangement is analogous to the occupation of units in

most cooperatives and in mutual housing corporations, the residents of which are entitled to rebates under P. L. 1977, c. 241. In other respects, as noted in the dissenting Supreme Court opinion in the *Mac-Millan* case, life care contracts closely resemble lifetime tenancies.

This bill provides that a person who resides in a life care community shall be deemed the owner of his dwelling unit for the purposes of homestead rebate eligiblity. The bill defines "life care community" as a residential facility primarily for retired persons, where a resident enters into a life care contract in exchange for a capital entrance fee and monthly charges, and where each unit bears its proportionate share of the facility's property taxes. A resident shall be eligible for a homestead rebate on the basis of property taxes attributable to his unit, as indicated on a notice supplied by the owner of the facility. Finally, the bill provides that a life care community resident who is eligible for a rebate shall not receive a tenant's income tax credit or other tenant property tax benefits.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

The Senate committee amendments clarify that a resident of a life care community shall be eligible for an income tax deduction or refund, on the basis of property taxes allocable to his unit, under the "Homestead Tax Relief Act," P. L. 1985, c. 304 (C. 54A:3A-1 et al.). This deduction or refund shall be in addition to the residents' homestead rebate, as is the case with all other citizens and residents similarly qualified.

Attached to the amendments are printer's notes which effectuate the technical review required of pre-filed bills.

FISCAL IMPACT

Estimates on this bill, as amended, indicate a cost range of \$355,530.00 to \$1,236,000.00 depending on the number of persons found residing in life care retirement communities as these communities are identified. The estimated number of residents qualified varies from 1,150 to 4,000. The cost is based on an average homestead rebate of \$244.00, and an average homestead deduction or refund of \$65.00.

The committee notes that the cost estimate represents the gross cost range of the homestead rebates, but must be offset by the value of tenant credits that should be available to those in life care retirement communities who are required to file income tax returns. The committee estimates the net cost to be in the range of \$261,750.00 to \$910,000.00.