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## 40: 49-27

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### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

NJSA:	40:49-27 and 40:49-27a to 40:49-27c			(Municipal bond referendumnumber of signatures required on petition)			
LAWS OF:	1986			СНАР	<b>TE</b> R	69	
BILL NO:	A1900						
Sponsor(s):	Girgenti						
Date Introduced: February 3, 1986							
Committee:	Assembly:	Assembly: Municipal Government					
	Senate:	County and Municipal Government					
Amended during passage: No					<b>—</b>		
Date of Passage:		Assembly:	February 27,	ruary 27, 1986		an a	
		Senate:	June 23, 1986	5	s Singer S		
Date of Approval:		uly 30, 1986		n ny na	and the state of the		
Following statements are attached if available:							
Sponsor statement:			Yes				
Committee s	tatement:	Assembly	Yes		۰.		
		Senate	Yes		* . * * .	, •	
Fiscal Note:			No		1	Sanding	
Veto Message:			No No		<u> </u>		
Message on Signing:					Č,		
Following we	re printed:					8	
Reports:			No		) /	****	
Hearings:			No				

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# ASSEMBLY, No. 1900 STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 3, 1986

By Assemblyman GIRGENTI

AN ACT concerning ordinances authorizing municipal indebtedness, amending R. S. 40:49–27 and supplementing chapter 49 of Title 40 of the Revised Statutes.

- 1 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
- 2 of New Jersey:

1 1. R. S. 40:49–27 is amended to read as follows:

 $\mathbf{2}$ 40:49-27. Any ordinance authorizing the incurring of any in-3 debtedness, except for current expenses shall become operative 4 [ten] 20 days after the publication thereof after its final passage, 5unless within [said ten] those 20 days a protest against the in-6 curring of such indebtedness shall be filed in the office of the municipal clerk, by a petition signed by [taxpayers representing 10% 7 8 in amount of the assessed valuation of such municipality, whose 9 names appear on the last preceding assessment roll thereo, registered voters of the municipality equal in number to at least 15% 10 of the number of votes cast in the municipality at the most recent 11 general election at which members of the General Assembly were 12elected, in which case such ordinance shall remain inoperative until 13 14 a proposition for the ratification thereof shall be adopted, at an election to be held for that purpose, by a majority of the qualified 15voters of the municipality voting on the proposition, subject to the 16provisions of [sections] R. S. 40:49-10 to 40:49-12 [of this Title]. 17 18 The certificate of the clerk of the municipality filed in his office as to the filing or sufficiency of any protest shall be conclusive for 19 the purposes of this section. 2021At least 10 days before any such election, notice thereof shall EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law. Matter printed in italics thus is new matter.

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be published once in a newspaper published in the municipality,or if there be no such newspaper, then in a newspaper publishedin the county and circulating in the municipality.]

25 A petition circulated pursuant to this section shall be subject to

26 the provisions of section 2 through 5 of P. L. ...., c. ... (C. ....)
27 (now pending before the Legislature as this bill).

1 2. (New section) The signatures to a petition circulated pursuant  $\mathbf{2}$ to R. S. 40:49-27 need not all be appended to one paper, but each signer shall add after his signature his place of residence, giving 3 the street and number. One of the signers of each paper shall make 4 an oath before an officer competent to administer the same that 5 6 the statement made therein is true as he believes, and that each 7 signature on the paper is the genuine signature of the person whose name it purports to be. 8

3. (New section) Within 10 days after the filing of the petition, 1  $\mathbf{2}$ the municipal clerk shall examine the same and ascertain whether 3 or not it is signed by the requisite number of qualified voters, and shall attach its certificate showing the result of the examination. 4 If the petition is insufficient, the clerk shall return the petition to 5the person filing it. The petition may be amended and refiled 6 within 10 days after the receipt thereof from the clerk. Within 7 10 days after receiving an amended petition, the clerk shall ex-8 9 amine the petition. If the petition is sufficient, the clerk shall submit it to the governing body of the municipality without delay, 10 and shall take all necessary steps required by R. S. 40:49-10 and 11 12this amendatory and supplementary act for the scheduling of an 13election on the ordinance. If the petition is not sufficient, the clerk shall return it to the person filing it, and the ordinance shall be-14 come operative immediately or on the 20th day following publica-15tion of the ordinance after final passage, as appropriate. 16

4. (New section) If the ordinance is to be submitted to the voters, notice of the election shall be published at least once in a newspaper published in the municipality or, if there is no such newspaper, in a newspaper published in the county and circulating in the municipality. The notice shall be published at least 10 days before the date of the election.

5. This act shall take effect immediately, but shall not apply to
 any referendum required pursuant to a petition filed on or before
 the effective date of this act.

### STATEMENT

This bill provides that a petition for a referendum on the incurrence of municipal indebtedness shall be signed by registered voters equal in number to at least 15% of the votes cast in the municipality at the preceding general election. Under current law, the petition must be signed by taxpayers representing at least 10% of the assessed valuation of real property in the municipality.

The bill recognizes that all registered voters presumably pay property taxes, directly or indirectly. Thus, the bill is consistent with the philosophy of the current law which permits a referendum to be held upon petition of those who must defray debt services. However, the bill would remove the potential difficulty of a bond ordinance being delayed by a small group of substantial property owners, or by a large commercial ratable.

Finally, the bill fills a void in current law by establishing procedures for circulating, verifying and amending petitions concerning the incurrent of indebtedness.

### LOCAL BUDGET AND FINANCE

Provides that a petition for referendum on the incurrence of municipal indebtedness be signed by registered voters numbering at least 15% of the votes cast in the preceding general election.

### ASSEMBLY MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE

### STATEMENT TO ASSEMBLY, No. 1900

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

#### DATED: FEBRUARY 20, 1986

The Assembly Municipal Government Committee favorably reports Assembly Bill No. 1900.

This bill requires that a petition to prohibit the implementation of a debt-incurring ordinance contain at least the number of signatures equal to 15% of the voters who voted at the last election at which members of the General Assembly were elected.

Further, before the debt-incurring ordinance becomes operative, this bill requires 20 days to elapse after the notice of enactment of the ordinance has been published.

In addition, procedures are established for circulating, verifying, and amending petitions concerning the incurrence of indebtedness.

Current law requires that a petition to require a referendum on the implementation of a debt-incurring ordinance be signed by taxpayers representing ownership of at least 10% of the assessed valuation in the municipality. This bill changes the criteria for such a petition from a percentage of ownership of property in the municipality to the number of voters that equal 15% of the number of the total registered voters who voted at the most recent municipal election at which members of the General Assembly were elected.

Also current law requires that a 10-day period of time elapse prior to the implementation of a debt-incurring ordinance, while the Local Bond Law requires a 20-day period. This bill brings the requirements for debt-incurring ordinances into conformity with the Local Bond Law requirements. There is no current statutory requirement for the establishment of procedures for circulating, verifying and amending petitions concerning the incurrence of indebtedness.

### SENATE COUNTY AND MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE

### STATEMENT TO

## ASSEMBLY, No. 1900

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

### **DATED: JUNE 9, 1986**

The Senate County and Municipal Government Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 1900.

Assembly Bill No. 1900 requires that a petition protesting the implementation of an ordinance authorizing the incurrence of debt contain a number of signatures equal to at least 15% of the votes cast in the last election at which members of the General Assembly were elected. In addition, the bill provides that 20 days must elapse after publication of a notice that such an ordinance was enacted before the ordinance becomes operative.

Currently, R. S. 40:49–27 provides that 10 days must elapse after publication of a notice of enactment of an ordinance authorizing debt incurrence before the ordinance becomes operative. That law also requires that a protest against the debt incurrence be signed by taxpayers representing ownership of at least 10% of the assessed valuation in the municipality. If such a protest if filed prior to the end of the 10 day period, the ordinance remains inoperative until ratified by referendum vote.

This bill extends the 10 day period to 20 days and requires that a petition be signed by a number of voters equal to at least 15% of the number of voters voting in the most recent election at which General Assembly members were elected instead of a number of taxpayers representing 10% of the assessed valuation. The bill also establishes procedures for circulating, verifying and amending petitions protesting an ordinance authorizing the incurrence of debt.

The extension of the period before which an ordinance authorizing debt incurrence becomes operative conforms the provisions of R. S. 40:49-27 with the "Local Bond Law," N. J. S. 40A:2-1 et seq. which has a 20 day period before which bond ordinances become effective.