\$2:17B-66 et al

### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

NJSA: 52: 17B-66 et al

(Corrections officers--require basic training)

**LAWS OF: 1988** 

CHAPTER: 176

Bill No:

A441

Sponsor(s):

Pelly

Date Introduced: Pre-filed

Committee: Assembly: Law Public Safety & Corrections

Senate:

Institutions, Health & Welfare; Revenue, Finance &

Appropriations

Amended during passage:

Yes

Amendments during passage

denoted by asterisks.

According to Governor's reccomendations.

Date of Passage: Assembly:

February 18, 1988 Re-enacted 9-8-88

Senate:

Following statements are attached if available:

June 20, 1988 Re-enacted 12-8-88

Date of Approval: December 19, 1988

Sponsor statement:

Yes

Committee Statement: Assembly: Yes

Senate:

Yes

5-19-88 & 10-20-88

Fiscal Note:

No

**Veto Message:** 

Yes

Message on signing:

No

Following were printed:

Reports:

No

Hearings:

No

# SENATE REVENUE, FINANCE AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

# [THIRD REPRINT] ASSEMBLY, No. 441

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: OCTOBER 20, 1988

The Senate Revenue, Finance and Appropriations Committee reported Assembly Bill No. 441 (3R) favorably.

Assembly Bill No. 441 (3R) requires that State and county adult and juvenile corrections officers and juvenile detention officers satisfactorily complete a basic training course before receiving a permanent appointment to the position. The bill also appropriates \$667,750 of which \$75,000 is for the Police Training Commission and \$592,750 is for the Department of Corrections to effectuate the purposes of the bill.

The basic training courses and in-service training course required by the bill are to be developed by the Department of Corrections and reviewed and approved by the Police Training Commission.

The provisions of the bill apply to both current and future appointments. Persons appointed as corrections officers or juvenile detention officers prior to the effective date of the bill must satisfactorily complete the required training program within two years. Corrections officers or juvenile detention officers who have previously completed a basic training course approved by the Police Training Commission, may be exempted from the training requirements set forth in the bill.

This bill, as received by the committee, incorporates the Governor's recommendations in his conditional veto message of September 1, 1988 that has been adopted by the General Assembly.

## FISCAL IMPACT

This bill appropriates \$667,750 from the General Fund of which \$75,000 is for the Police Training Commission and \$592,750 is for the Department of Corrections.

# [THIRD REPRINT] ASSEMBLY, No. 441

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

### PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1988 SESSION

### By Assemblyman PELLY

1 A	$N\ ACT$ to amend the title of "An Act relating to training of
	policemen prior to permanent appointment; appointments in
3	certain municipal and county law enforcement agencies;
	establishing a police training commission; and providing an
5	appropriation therefor," approved June 3, 1961 (P.L.1961,
	c.56), so that the same shall read "An Act relating to training
7	of policemen and State and county corrections officers $^{1}\underline{\text{and}}$
	juvenile detention officers 1 prior to permanent appointment;
9	appointments in certain municipal and county law
	enforcement agencies; establishing a police training
11	commission; and providing an appropriation therefor," and
	amending and supplementing the body of said act, and making

- BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:
- 17 1. The title of P.L.1961, c.56 is amended to read as follows:
  - AN ACT relating to training of policemen and State and county corrections officers <sup>1</sup> and juvenile detention officers <sup>1</sup> prior to
- corrections officers <sup>1</sup> and juvenile detention officers <sup>1</sup> prior to permanent appointment; appointments in certain municipal
- and county law enforcement agencies; establishing a police training commission; and providing an appropriation therefor.
- 23 (cf: P.L.1961, c.56, s. Title)

an appropriation.

- 2. Section 2 of P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-67) is amended to
- 25 read as follows:

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- 2. As used in this act:
- 27 "Approved school" shall mean a school approved and authorized by the Police Training Commission to give police
- training courses or a training course for State and county corrections officers <sup>1</sup>and juvenile detention officers <sup>1</sup> as
- 31 prescribed in this act.

EXPLANATION--Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

Assembly ALP committee amendments adopted February 1, 1988.

Senate SIH committee amendments adopted May 19, 1988.

Assembly amendments adopted in accordance with Governor's recommendations September 1, 1988.

- "Commission" shall mean the Police Training Commission or officers or employees thereof acting on its behalf.
- 3 "County" shall mean any county which within its jurisdiction has or shall have a law enforcement unit as defined in this act.
- "Law enforcement unit" shall mean any police force or organization in a municipality or county which has by statute or ordinance the responsibility of detecting crime and enforcing

the general criminal laws of this State.

- "Municipality" shall mean a city of any class, township, borough, village, camp meeting association, or any other type of
  municipality in this State which, within its jurisdiction, has or shall have a law enforcement unit as defined in this act.
- "Permanent appointment" shall mean an appointment having permanent status as a police officer in a law enforcement unit as prescribed by <sup>1</sup>[Title 11, Revised Statutes] <u>Title 11A of the New Jersey Statutes</u><sup>1</sup>, <sup>1</sup>[Civil Service] Merit System Board<sup>1</sup>
- Rules and Regulations, or of any other law of this State, municipal ordinance, or rules and regulations adopted thereunder.
- "Police officer" shall mean any employee of a law enforcement unit, including sheriff's officers and county
- investigators in the office of the county prosecutor, other than civilian heads thereof, assistant prosecutors and legal assistants,
- persons appointed pursuant to the provisions of R.S.40:47-19, persons whose duties do not include any police function, court
- attendants<sup>1</sup>, and<sup>1</sup> State and county correction officers <sup>1</sup>and juvenile detention officers<sup>1</sup>.
- 27 (cf: P.L.1985, c.491, s.1)
  - 3. Section 5 of P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-70) is amended to
- 29 read as follows:
- 5. There is hereby established in the Division of Criminal
  Justice in the Department of Law and Public Safety a Police
  Training Commission whose membership shall consist of the
  following persons:
- a. Two citizens of this State who shall be appointed by the
  Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate for terms of three years commencing with the expiration of the terms of the
  citizen members, other than the representative of the New Jersey Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, now in
  office.

- b. The president or other representative designated in accordance with the bylaws of each of the following
- organizations: the New Jersey State Association of Chiefs of Police; the New Jersey State Patrolmen's Benevolent
- 5 Association, Inc.; the New Jersey State League of Municipalities; the New Jersey State Lodge, Fraternal Order of
- Police; the County Prosecutors' Association of New Jersey and the Sheriffs' Association of New Jersey.
- 9 c. The Attorney General, the Superintendent of State Police, the Commissioner of Education, the Chancellor of Higher
- Education, <u>and the Commissioner of the Department of</u>
  <u>Corrections</u>, ex officio, or when so designated by them, their
- 13 deputies.
  - d. The Special Agent in Charge of the State of New Jersey
- for the Federal Bureau of Investigation or his designated representative.
- 17 (cf: P.L.1985, c.491, s.3)
  - 4. Section 6 of P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-71) is amended to
- 19 read as follows;
  - 6. The commission is vested with the power, responsibility
- 21 and duty:
  - a. To prescribe standards for the approval and continuation of
- approval of schools at which police training courses authorized by this act and in-service police training courses shall be
- conducted, including but not limited to presently existing regional, county, municipal and police chief association police
- training schools <u>or at which basic training courses and in-service</u>
  training courses shall be conducted for State and county juvenile
- 29 and adult corrections officers <sup>1</sup>and juvenile detention officers <sup>1</sup>;
- b. To approve and issue certificates of approval to such
- schools, to inspect such schools from time to time, and to revoke any approval or certificate issued to such schools;
- 33 c. To prescribe the curriculum, the minimum courses of study, attendance requirements, equipment and facilities, and
- standards of operation for such schools. Courses of study in crime prevention may be recommended to the Police Training
- Commission by the Crime Prevention Advisory Committee, established by section 2 of P.L.1985, c.1 (C.52:17B-77.1). The
- 39 Police Training Commission may prescribe psychological and

- 1 psychiatric examinations for police recruits while in such schools;
- d. To prescribe minimum qualifications for instructors at such schools and to certify, as qualified, instructors for
- 5 approved police training schools and to issue appropriate certificates to such instructors;
- e. To certify police officers <sup>1</sup>[or], <sup>1</sup> corrections officers <sup>1</sup>and juvenile detention officers <sup>1</sup> who have satisfactorily completed
- training programs and to issue appropriate certificates to such police officers <sup>1</sup>[or], <sup>1</sup> corrections officers <sup>1</sup>and juvenile
- 11 <u>detention officers</u><sup>1</sup>;
  - f. To advise and consent in the appointment of an
- administrator of police services by the Attorney General pursuant to section 8 of P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-73);
- 15 g. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1985, c.491.)
  - h. To make such rules and regulations as may be reasonably
- necessary or appropriate to accomplish the purposes and objectives of this act;
- i. To make a continuous study of police training methods <u>and</u>

  1 training methods for <u>corrections</u> officers 1 and juvenile
- 21 <u>detention officers</u><sup>1</sup> and to consult and accept the cooperation of any recognized federal or State law enforcement agency or
- 23 educational institution;
  - j. To consult and cooperate with universities, colleges and
- 25 institutes in the State for the development of specialized courses of study for police officers in police science and police
- 27 administration;
  - k. To consult and cooperate with other departments and
- agencies of the State concerned with police training or the training of corrections officers <sup>1</sup> and juvenile detention officers <sup>1</sup>;
- l. To participate in unified programs and projects relating to police training and the training of corrections officers <sup>1</sup>and
- juvenile detention officers<sup>1</sup> sponsored by any federal, State, or other public or private agency;
- 35 m. To perform such other acts as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out its functions and duties as set forth in
- 37 this act;
- n. To extend the time limit for satisfactory completion of
- 39 police training programs or programs for the training of

- 1 <u>corrections officers</u> <sup>1</sup><u>and juvenile detention officers</u> <sup>1</sup> upon a finding that health, extraordinary workload or other factors
- 3 have, singly or in combination, effected a delay in the satisfactory completion of such training program;
- o. To furnish approved schools, for inclusion in their regular police training courses and curriculum, with information
- concerning the advisability of high speed chases, the risk caused thereby, and the benefits resulting therefrom.
- 9 p. To review and approve new standards and course curricula developed by the Department of Corrections for both basic and
- in-service training of State and county corrections officers <sup>1</sup>and juvenile detention officers <sup>1</sup>. These courses for the State
- centrally provided at the Corrections Officers Training
- Academy of the Department of Corrections. Courses for the county corrections officers <sup>1</sup> and juvenile detention officers <sup>1</sup>
- shall also be centrally provided at the Corrections Officers

  Training Academy unless an off-grounds training program is
- established by the county. A county may elect to establish and conduct a basic training program for corrections officers <sup>1</sup>and
- juvenile detention officers<sup>1</sup> seeking permanent appointment in that county. The Corrections Officer Training Academy shall
- develop the curriculum of the basic training program to be conducted by a county.
- 25 (cf: P.L.1985, c.491, s.3)
  - 5. (New section) a. A person appointed as an adult or
- juvenile corrections officer <sup>1</sup>or as a juvenile detention officer <sup>1</sup> by the State or county shall satisfactorily complete prior to
- permanent appointment a basic training course approved by the Police Training Commission. A corrections officer <sup>1</sup>or juvenile
- 31 <u>detention officer</u><sup>1</sup> who was appointed before the effective date of this act shall satisfactorily complete, within <sup>3</sup>[one year] <u>two</u>
- 33 <u>years</u><sup>3</sup> of the <sup>3</sup><u>effective</u><sup>3</sup> date of this act, an in-service basic training course approved by the Police Training Commission and
- designed to meet the training needs of corrections officers <sup>1</sup>or juvenile detention officers <sup>1</sup> with prior work experience.
- A person <sup>2</sup>[may] <sup>3</sup>[shall<sup>2</sup>] may<sup>3</sup> be exempt from the requirements of this section if that person has successfully completed <sup>3</sup>[<sup>2</sup>and earned a certificate from<sup>2</sup> a basic]<sup>3</sup> training

1	<sup>3</sup> [course for corrections officers <sup>1</sup> or for juvenile detention
	officers 13 conducted by 2[a federal, State or county agency the
3	requirements of which were substantially equivalent to the
	requirements of a basic training course approved by] <sup>3</sup> [the
5	Corrections Officers Training Academy or, in the case of a
	county training program, approved by <sup>2</sup> ] a federal, State or
7	county agency the requirements of which are substantially
	equivalent to the requirements of a basic training course
9	approved by <sup>3</sup> the Police Training Commission <sup>3</sup> pursuant to
	section 4 of this act <sup>3</sup> .
11	b. A person shall be given a probationary appointment as a
	corrections officer <sup>1</sup> or as a juvenile detention officer <sup>1</sup> for a
13	period of one year so that the person seeking permanent
	appointment may satisfactorily complete a basic training course
15	for corrections officers <sup>1</sup> or for juvenile detention officers <sup>1</sup>
	conducted at a school approved by the Police Training
17	Commission. The probationary time may exceed one year for
	those persons enrolled within the one year period in a basic
19	training course scheduled to end after the expiration of the one
	year period. A person shall participate in a basic training course
21	only if that person holds a probationary appointment and that
	person shall be entitled to a leave of absence with pay to attend
23	a basic training course.
	<sup>1</sup> 6. There is appropriated from the General Fund a sum of
25	\$75,000.00 to the Police Training Commission in the Department
	of Law and Public Safety 3 and \$592,750.00 to the Department of
27	Corrections <sup>3</sup> to effectuate the purposes of this act. <sup>1</sup>
	$^{1}$ [6.] $^{7.1}$ This act shall take effect on the $^{3}$ [120th] $^{180th}$ day
29	after the day of enactment.
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	CORRECTIONS AND PRISONS
33	Public Employees and Personnel
3 5	Poguines State and county adult and juvenile corrections
4 h	- POULLEGE FIRE AND COUNTY ADULT AND HITCHYLA AAMAAAIAMA

Requires State and county adult and juvenile corrections 35 officers and juvenile detention officers to complete a basic 37 training course approved by the Police Training Commission;

appropriates \$667,750.

- A county may elect to establish and conduct a basic training program for corrections officers seeking permanent appointment in that county. The Corrections Officer Training Academy shall develop the curriculum of the basic training program to be conducted by a county.
  - 5. (New section) a. A person appointed as an adult or juvenile corrections officer by the State or county shall satisfactorily complete prior to permanent appointment a basic training course approved by the Police Training Commission. A corrections officer who was appointed before the effective date of this act shall satisfactorily complete, within one year of the date of this act, an in-service basic training course approved by the Police Training Commission and designed to meet the training needs of corrections officers with prior work experience.

A person may be exempt from the requirements of this section if that person has successfully completed a basic training course for corrections officers conducted by a federal, State or county agency the requirements of which were substantially equivalent to the requirements of a basic training course approved by the Police Training Commission.

- b. A person shall be given a probationary appointment as a corrections officer for a period of one year so that the person seeking permanent appointment may satisfactorily complete a basic training course for corrections officers conducted at a school approved by the Police Training Commission. The probationary time may exceed one year for those persons enrolled within the one year period in a basic training course scheduled to end after the expiration of the one year period. A person shall participate in a basic training course only if that person holds a probationary appointment and that person shall be entitled to a leave of absence with pay to attend a basic training course.
- 6. This act shall take effect on the 120th day after the day of enactment.

## 35 STATEMENT

This bill requires State and county adult and juvenile corrections officers to satisfactorily complete a basic training course prior to receiving permanent appointment as corrections officers.

Basic training courses and in-service training courses attended for

- State and county corrections officers are to be developed by the Department of Corrections and reviewed and approved by the Police
- 3 Training Commission. The courses for State corrections officers are to be conducted at the Corrections Officers Training Academy of the
- Department of Corrections; the courses for the county corrections officers are also to be conducted at the Corrections Officers Training
- 7 Academy unless a county establishes an off-grounds training program.

A person may be exempt from the training requirements if that person has successfully completed a basic training course for corrections officers conducted by a federal, State or county agency the requirements of which are substantially similar to the basic training course developed by the Department of Corrections and approved by the Police Training Commission.

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#### **CORRECTIONS AND PRISONS**

### Public Employees and Personnel

19 Requires State and county adult and juvenile corrections officers to complete a basic training course approved by the Police Training

21 Commission.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

September 1, 1988

#### ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 441

(Second Reprint)

To the General Assembly:

Pursuant to Article V, Section I, Paragraph 14 of the Constitution, I am returning Assembly Bill No. -41 (Second Reprint) with my objections for reconsideration.

The purpose of this bill is to provide uniform basic training and inservice training of State and county corrections officers and juvenile detention officers. Basic training courses and in-service training for State and county corrections officers and juvenile detention officers are to be developed by the Department of Corrections and reviewed and approved by the Police Training Commission. The courses for State corrections officers and county juvenile detention officers are to be conducted at the Corrections Officers Training Academy of the Department of Corrections; the courses for county corrections officers are also to be conducted at the Corrections Officers Training Academy unless a county establishes an off-grounds training program. The Corrections Officers Training Academy shall develop the curriculum for the basic training program to be conducted by a county.

Originally, the bill required that a corrections officer or juvenile detention officer appointed before the effective date of this Act shall satisfactorily complete, within one year, an in-service basic training course approved by the Police Training Commission and designed to meet the training needs of corrections officers or juvenile detention officers with prior work experience. Veteran corrections officers could be exempted from these in-service training requirements if they successfully completed a basic training course for corrections officers or for juvenile detention officers conducted by a federal, State or county agency the requirements of which were substantially equivalent to the requirements of a basic training course approved by the Police Training Commission.

On May 19, 1988, this exemption section was amended in the Senate Institutions, Health and Welfare Committee. These amendments provided that a veteran corrections officer shall be exempt from the training requirements if he or she has successfully completed and earned a certificate from a basic training

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

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course for corrections officers or juvenile detention officers conducted by the Corrections Officers Training Academy, or, in the case of a county training program, approved by the Police Training Commission. This amendment would exempt all veteran corrections officers from in-service training requirements as long as they received basic training at the Corrections Officers Training Academy at any time in the past. The Department of Corrections sought this amendment because of the administrative burden which would be imposed in retraining approximately 3,000 veteran officers. The Department of Corrections feared that although these veteran officers had received updated, albeit less formal on-the-job training in the latest techniques and standards, the Department might not be able to sufficiently document this training to meet the Police Training Commission's substantial equivalency requirements as set forth in the original exemption. The Department also was concerned that the bill allowed only one year to retrain all veteran officers who needed such training.

The Police Training Commission (PTC), objected to the amendments which change the exemption requirements in the bill. According to the PTC, the original exemption language is necessary to ensure that all law enforcement officers, including corrections officers, have up-to-date training of the highest standards.

I agree that it is necessary that all corrections officers be properly trained, whether they be new recruits or veteran officers who have been on the job for years. At the same time, there is no need to impose unnecessary burdens on the Department of Corrections when in fact their veteran officers have been receiving adequate training over the years. Recently, representatives of the Department of Correction and the Police Training Commission met and reached an agreement which facilitates all interests. The recommendations presented below memorialize that agreement.

First, it is recommended that veteran officers may be exempt from the requirements of in-service training if they have successfully completed training (as opposed to a basic training course) which is substantially equivalent to that basic training course approved by the Police Training Commission. This change, in effect, allows the Department of Corrections and the Police Training

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Commission to agree on a specific test or other method to determine the substantial equivalency of veteran officers' training, and thereby allow the veteran officers to be exempted based on their actual knowledge of the latest techniques and standards, giving proper deference to their work experience. Second, I recommend that the time period in which veteran officers must complete mandated in-service basic training be expanded to two years as opposed to the one-year period which presently is in the bill. Third, the effective date of the Act should be changed from the "120th" to the "180th" day after enactment to allow the Department of Corrections sufficient time to develop standards and course curricula, train instructors and otherwise prepare to implement the Act's provisions. Finally, while the bill provides \$75,000 to the PTC to effectuate the purposes of the Act, there is no appropriation to the Department of Corrections which is given responsibility for developing curricular and providing training for both its own officers and for many county corrections officers and juvenile detention officers. Consequently, I recommend that this bill include a \$592,750.00 appropriation to the Department of Corrections to defray these costs.

Therefore, I herewith return Assembly Bill No. 441 (Second Reprint) and recommend that it be amended as follows:

Page 5, Section 5, Line 32:	Delete "one year", insert "two years"
Page 5, Section 5, Line 33:	Insert "effective" before "date of this
	act"
Page 5, Section 5, Line 37:	Delete "shall", insert "may"
Page 5, Section 5, Line 38:	Delete "and"
Page 5, Section 5, Line 39:	Delete "earned a certificate from a
	basic"; and after "training", delete
	"course for"
Page 6, Section 5, Line 1:	Delete in entirety
Page 6, Section 5, Line 2:	After "conducted by", insert "a federal,
	State or county agency the requirements
	of which are substantially equivalent
	to the requirements of a basic training
	course approved by"

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

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Page 6, Section 5, Line 4:
Delete "the"

Page 6, Section 5, Line 5:
Delete in entirety

Page 6, Section 5, Line 6: Delete "county training program

approved by"

Page 6, Section 5, Line 7: After "Commission", insert "pursuant to

section 4 of this Act"

Page 6, Section 6, Line 23: After "of Law and Public Safety",

insert "and \$592,750.00 to the

Department of Corrections."

Page 6, Section 7, Line 24: Delete "120th", insert "180th"

Respectfully,

,s/ Thomas H. Kean

GOVERNOR

[seal]

Attest:

/s/ Michael R. Cole

Chief Counsel

#### SENATE INSTITUTIONS. HEALTH AND WELFARE COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

# [FIRST REPRINT] ASSEMBLY, No. 441

with Senate committee amendments

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 19, 1988

The Senate Institutions, Health and Welfare Committee favorably reports Assembly Bill No. 441 (1R) with committee amendments.

As amended by committee, this bill requires that State and county adult and juvenile corrections officers and juvenile detention officers satisfactorily complete a basic training course before receiving a permanent appointment to the position. The basic training courses and in-service training course required under this bill are to be developed by the Department of Corrections and reviewed and approved by the Police Training Commission. The courses for State corrections officers and juvenile detention officers are to be conducted Department of Corrections' Corrections Officers Training Academy; the courses for county corrections officers and juvenile detention officers are also to be conducted at the Correction Officers Training Academy unless the county establishes its own training program. The curriculum offered at a county training program must be the one developed for it by the Corrections Officers Training Academy.

The provisions of the bill apply to both current and future appointments. Persons appointed as corrections officers or juvenile detention officers prior to the effective date of the bill must satisfactorily complete the required training program within one year. Corrections officers or juvenile detention officers who have previously completed and earned a certificate from a basic training course for corrections officers or juvenile detention officers conducted by the Corrections Officers Training Academy or by a county program approved by the Police Training Commission, are exempted from the training requirements set forth in the bill.

The bill appropriates \$75,000 to the Police Training Commission to effectuate the purposes of the bill.

The committee amended the bill to clarify that corrections officers and juvenile detention officers who have earned a certificate from a basic training course conducted by the Corrections Officers Training Academy or a county course approved by the Police Training Commission, are exempt from the training requirements in the bill.

# ASSEMBLY LAW, PUBLIC SAFETY AND CORRECTIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

# ASSEMBLY, No. 441

with Assembly Committee Amendments

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 1, 1988

The Assembly Law, Public Safety and Corrections Committee favorably reports Assembly Bill 441 with Committee amendments.

Assembly Bill 441, as amended by the Committee, requires that State and county adult and juvenile corrections officers and juvenile detention officers satisfactorily complete a basic training course before receiving a permanent appointment to the position. The basic training courses and in-service training course required under this bill are to be developed by the Department of Corrections and reviewed and approved by the Police Training Commission. The courses for State corrections officers and juvenile detention officers are to be conducted at the Department of Corrections' Corrections Officers Training Academy; the courses for county corrections officers and juvenile detention officers are also to be conducted at the Correction Officers Training Academy unless the county establishes its own training program. The curriculum offered at a county training program must be the one developed for it by the Corrections Officers Training Academy.

The provisions of Assembly Bill 441 apply to both current and future appointments. Persons appointed as corrections officers or juvenile detention officers prior to the effective date of the bill must satisfactorily complete the required training program within one year. Corrections officers or juvenile detention officers who have previously completed a basic training course for corrections officers or juvenile detention officers conducted by a federal, State or county agency are exempted from the training requirements set forth in the bill if the course they completed is substantially similar to the training course the Department of Corrections develops and the Police Training Commission approves pursuant to the provisions of this bill.

The Committee also amended the bill to appropriate \$75,000 to the Police Training Commission to effectuate the purpose of the bill. This bill was pre-filed for introduction in the 1988 session pending technical review. As reported, the bill includes the changes required by technical review which has been performed.