2A:156 A-3

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

NJSA:	2A:156	A-3 et al		("Wiretapping act a	amendmer	nts")
LAWS OF	: 1989			CHAPTER: 85		
BILL NO:	A 3545,	A892, A2477	7, A 3759			
SPONSOR	(S):	Franks and	others			
Date Intro	oduced:	June 29, 19	988			
Committe	e:	Assembly:	Judiciary			• • • • • • • • • •
		Senate:	Judiciary		* 419* ⁻¹⁵ - 1984 815 ⁴⁶	and and a second se
Amended	during pa	ssage:	Yes	Assembly Committee enacted.	e substitu	ite (
Date of P	assage:	Assembly:	November 21, 198	8	· ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	ار با میں جو را میں ا ایک میں جو را میں ا
		Senate:	May 1, 1989			and
Date of A	pproval:	June 1, 19	89			anter an training
Following statements are attached if available:						
Sponsor statement:				Yes		÷
Committee statement:		Assembly	Yes		n ng	
			Senate	Yes		
Fiscal No	te:			No		
Veto Message:				No		
Message on Signing:				No		
Following	were pri	nted:				
Reports:				No		
Hearings:				No		

RDV

P.L. 1989, CHAPTER 85, *approved June 1, 1989* Assembly Committee Substitute for 1988 Assembly Nos. 3545, 892, 2477 and 3759 (First Reprint)

- 1 AN ACT to amend the "New Jersey Wiretapping and Electronic Surveillance Control Act," approved January 14, 1969 3 (P.L.1968, c.409).
- 5 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersev:
- ¹1. Section 3 of P.L. 1968, c. 409 (C.2A: 156A-3) is amended to 7 read as follows:
- 3. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this act, any 9 person who:
- 11 a. [Willfully] Purposely intercepts, endeavors to intercept, or procures any other person to intercept or endeavor to intercept any wire or oral communication; or 13
- b. [Willfully] Purposely discloses or endeavors to disclose to any other person the contents of any wire or oral communication, 15
- or evidence derived therefrom, knowing or having reason to know
- that the information was obtained through the interception of a 17 wire or oral communication: or
- 19 c. [Willfully] Furposely uses or endeavors to use the contents of any wire or oral communication, or evidence derived therefrom, knowing or having reason to know, that the 21 information was obtained through the interception of a wire or
- 23 oral communication;

shall be guilty of a [misdemeanor and shall be fined not more than \$10,000.00 or imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both] 25 crime of the third degree. Subsections b. and c. of this section shall not apply to the contents of any wire or oral 27

communication, or evidence derived therefrom, that has become common knowledge or public information.¹ 29

(cf: P.L.1968, c.409, s.3)

EXPLANATION-Hatter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows: Senate SJU committee amendments adopted February 23, 1989.

¹2. Section 5 of P.L.1968, c 409 (C.2A:156A-5) is amended to read as follows:

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5. Except as otherwise specifically provided in section 6 of this act, any person who:

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a. [Willfully] <u>Purposely</u> possesses an intercepting device, knowing or having reason to know that the design of such device renders it primarily useful for the purpose of the surreptitious interception of a wire or oral communication;

b. [Willfully] <u>Purposely</u> sells an intercepting device, knowing or having reason to know that the design of such device renders it
primarily useful for the purpose of the surreptitious interception of a wire or oral communication;

c. [Willfully] <u>Purposely</u> distributes an intercepting device, knowing or having reason to know that the design of such device
renders it primarily useful for the purpose of the surreptitious interception of a wire or oral communication;

d. [Willfully] <u>Purposely</u> manufactures or assembles an intercepting device, knowing or having reason to know that the
design of such device renders it primarily useful for the purpose of the surreptitious interception of a wire or oral communication;
ar

e. [Willfully] <u>Purposely</u> places in any newspaper, magazine,
handbill, or other publication any advertisement of any intercepting device, knowing or having reason to know that the
design of such device renders it primarily useful for the purpose of the surreptitious interception of a wire or oral communication
or of any intercepting device where such advertisement promotes the use of such device for the purpose of the surreptitious
interception of a wire or oral communication;

shall be guilty of a [misdemeanor and shall be fined not more 31 than \$10,000.00 or imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both] crime of the third degree.¹

33 (cf: P.L.1975, c.131, s.2)

1[1.] 3.1 Section 8 of P.L.1968, C.409 (C.2A:156A-8) is amended to read as follows:

B. The Attorney General, a county prosecutor or with the
 approval of the Attorney General, except in those investigations
 directly involving possible misconduct by officials and employees
 of the Department of Law and Public Safety, the chairman of the

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1 State Commission of Investigation when authorized by a majority of the members of that commission, or a person designated to act 3 for such an official and to perform his duties in and during his actual absence or disability, may authorize, in writing, an ex-5 parte application to a judge designated to receive the same for an order authorizing the interception of a wire or oral 7 communication by the investigative or law enforcement officers or agency having responsibility for an investigation when such 9 interception may provide evidence of the commission of the offense of murder, kidnapping, gambling, robbery, bribery, [extortion, loansharking, mayhem, violations of section 19 of the 11 "New Jersey Controlled Dangerous Substances Act," P.L.1970, 13 c.226 (C.4:21-19) except possession of 84 grams or less of marihuana,] a violation of N.J.S.2C:21-19 punishable by imprisonment for more than one year, terroristic threats, 15 violations of N.J.S.2C:35-3, N.J.S.2C:35-4 and N.J.S.2C:35-5, 17 violations of sections 112 through 116, inclusive, of the "Casino Control Act," P.L.1977, c.110 (C.5:12-112 through 116), arson, 19 burglary, [embezzlement] theft and related offenses punishable by imprisonment for more than one year, escape, forgery, [receiving stolen property punishable by imprisonment for more 21 than 1 year.] alteration of motor vehicle identification numbers. [or larceny punishable by imprisonment for more than 1 year,] 23 unlawful manufacture, purchase, use, or transfer of firearms, [or] unlawful possession or use of [bombs] destructive devices or 25 explosives, racketeering or a violation of subsection g. of N.J.S.2C:5-2, leader of organized crime, organized criminal 27 activity directed toward the unlawful transportation, storage, disposal, discharge, release, abandonment or disposition of any 29 harmful, hazardous, toxic, destructive, or polluting substance, violations of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:24-4 or any conspiracy to 31 commit any of the foregoing offenses or which may provide evidence aiding in the apprehension of the perpetrator or 33 perpetrators of any of the foregoing offenses. 35 (cf: P.L.1978, c.51, s.3) ¹[2.] 4.¹ Section' 12 of P.L. 1968, c. 409 (C.2A: 156A-12) is amended to read as follows: 37

12. Each order authorizing the interception of any wire or oral39 communication shall state:

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a. The judge is authorized to issue the order:

b. The identity of, or a particular description of, the person, if 3 known, whose communications are to be intercepted;

c. The character and location of the particular communication facilities as to which, or the particular place of the 5 communication as to which, authority to intercept is granted;

7 d. A particular description of the type of the communication to be intercepted and a statement of the particular offense to 9 which it relates:

e. The identity of the investigative or law enforcement 11 officers or agency to whom the authority to intercept a wire or oral communication is given and the identity of whoever 13 authorized the application; and

f. The period of time during which such interception is 15 authorized, including a statement as to whether or not the interception shall automatically terminate when the described 17 communication has been first obtained.

No order entered under this section shall authorize the 19 interception of any wire or oral communication for a period of time in excess of that necessary under the circumstances. Every 21 order entered under this section shall require that such interception begin and terminate as soon as practicable and be conducted in such a manner as to minimize or eliminate the 23 interception of such communications not otherwise subject to interception under this act by making reasonable efforts. 25 whenever possible, to reduce the hours of interception authorized 27 by said order. [In no case shall an] Except as provided below in subsection g. of this section, no order entered under this section shall authorize the interception of wire or oral communications 29 for any period exceeding 20 days. Extensions or renewals of such 31 an order may be granted for two additional periods of not more than 10 days. No extension or renewal shall be granted unless an application for it is made in accordance with this section, and the 33 court makes the findings required by sections 10, 11 and this section. 35 g. Orders entered under this section to provide evidence of

racketeering in violation of N.J.S.2C:41-2, leader of organized 37 crime in violation of subsection g. of N.J.S.2C:5-2, or leader of 39 narcotics trafficking network in violation of N.J.S.2C:35-3, may

[1R] ACS for A3545

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- 1 <u>authorize the interception of wire or oral communications for a</u> period not to exceed 30 days and extensions or renewals of any
- 3 <u>order may be granted for additional periods of not more than 30</u> days, without limitation on the number of extension or renewal
- 5 orders ¹;provided, however, that orders authorized pursuant to this subsection shall not exceed six months¹.

<u>h.</u> Whenever an order authorizing an interception is entered, the order may require reports to be made to the judge who issued
the order showing what progress has been made toward achievement of the authorized objective and the need for
continued interception. Such reports shall be made at such intervals as the court may require.

An order authorizing the interception of a wire or oral communication shall, upon request of the applicant, direct that a
communication common carrier shall furnish the applicant forthwith all information, facilities and technical assistance
necessary to accomplish the interception unobtrusively and with a minimum of interference with the services that such carrier is affording the person whose communications are to be intercepted.

The obligation of a communication common carrier under such 21 an order may include but is not limited to conducting, for good cause shown, an in-progress trace during an interception provided, however, that a county prosecutor must receive the 23 approval of the Attorney General or his designee prior to 25 requesting an order which includes an in-progress trace. Any communication common carrier furnishing such facilities or 27 technical assistance shall be compensated therefor by the applicant at the prevailing rates. Said carrier shall be immune 29 from civil liability for any assistance rendered to the applicant pursuant to this section.

31 (cf: P.L.1978, c.51, s.5)

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¹5. Section 19 of P.L.1968, c.409 (C.2A:156A-19) is amended to 33 read as follows:

19. Except as specifically authorized pursuant to this act any
 person who knowingly uses or discloses the existence of an order authorizing interception of a wire or oral communication or the
 contents of, or information concerning, an intercepted wire or oral communication or evidence derived therefrom, is guilty of a

39 [misdemeanor] <u>crime of the third degree.</u>¹ (cf: P.L.1968, c.409, s.19)

1	1[3.] 6.1 Section 28 of P.L.1968, c.409 is amended to read as
	feilows:
3	28. This act shall take effect January 1, 1969 and remain in
	offect until [July 1, 1989] <u>July 1, 1994</u> .
5	(cf: P.L. 1968, c.50, s.1) ·
·	¹ [4.] <u>7.</u> ¹ This act shall take effect immediately.
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9	CRIMINAL JUSTICE
	Criminal Investigation and Arrest
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	Amends the wiretapping act to expand circumstances under which
13	electronic surveillance is allowed and deletes obsolete references.

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ASSEMBLY, No. 3545

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED JUNE 29, 1988

By Assemblymen FRANKS and ROMA

 AN ACT to amend the "New Jersey Wiretapping and Electronic Surveillance Control Act," approved January 14, 1969 (P.L.
 1968, c. 409).

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- 5 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:
 - 1. Section 8 of P.L. 1968, c. 409 (C. 2A:156A-8) is amended to read as follows:

8. The Attorney General, a county prosecutor or with the 9 approval of the Attorney General, except in those investigations directly involving possible misconduct by officials and employees 11 of the Department of Law and Public Safety, the chairman of the 13 State Commission of Investigation when authorized by a majority of the members of that commission, or a person designated to act 15 for such an official and to perform his duties in and during his actual absence or disability, may authorize, in writing, an ex 17 parte application to a judge designated to receive the same for an order authorizing the interception of a wire or oral 19 communication by the investigative or law enforcement officers or agency having responsibility for an investigation when such interception may provide evidence of the commission of the 21 offense of murder, kidnapping, gambling, robbery, bribery, [extortion, loansharking, mayhem, violations of section 19 of the 23 "New Jersey Controlled Dangerous Substances Act," P.L. 1970, c. 25 226 (C. 24:21-19) except possession of 84 grams or less of

- marihuana,] <u>a violation of N.J.S. 2C:21-19 punishable by</u> 27 <u>imprisonment for more than one year, terroristic threats,</u> <u>violations of N.J.S. 2C:35-3, N.J.S. 2C:35-4 and N.J.S. 2C:35-5,</u>
- violations of sections 112 through 116, inclusive, of the "Casino Control Act," P.L. 1977, c. 110 (C. 5:12-112 through 116), arson,
 burglary, [embezzlement] theft and related offenses punishable by imprisonment for more than one year, escape, forgery,

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is now matter.

 receiving stelen property punishable by imprisonment for more than 1 year, alteration of motor vehicle identification numbers,
 or larceny punishable by imprisonment for more than 1 year, unlawful manufacture, purchase, use, or transfer of firearms, [or]
 unlawful possession or use of [bombs] destructive devices or

7 of organized crime, unlawful transportation, storage, disposal, discharge, release, abandonment or disposition of any harmful,

explosives, racketeering or a violation of N.J.S. 2C:5-2g, leader

9 <u>hazardous, toxic, destructive, or polluting substance,</u> or any conspiracy to commit any of the foregoing offenses or which may
 11 provide evidence aiding in the apprehension of the perpetrator or

13 (cf: P.L. 1978, c. 51, s. 3)

2. Section 12 of P.L. 1968, c. 409 (C. 2A:156A-12) is amended to read as follows:

12. Each order authorizing the interception of any wire or oral communication shall state:

a. The judge is authorized to issue the order;

perpetrators of any of the foregoing offenses.

19 b. The identity of, or a particular description of, the person, if known, whose communications are to be intercepted;

c. The character and location of the particular communication facilities as to which, or the particular place of the communication as to which, authority to intercept is granted;

 d. A particular description of the type of the communication
 25 to be intercepted and a statement of the particular offense to which it relates:

27 e. The identity of the investigative or law enforcement officers or agency to whom the authority to intercept a wire or

29 oral communication is given and the identity of whoever authorized the application; and

31 f. The period of time during which such interception is authorized, including a statement as to whether or not the 33 interception shall automatically terminate when the described

communication has been first obtained.

35 No order entered under this section shall authorize the interception of any wire or oral communication for a period of

37 time in excess of that necessary under the circumstances. Every order entered under this section shall require that such

39 interception begin and terminate as soon as practicable and be

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conducted in such a manner as to minimize or eliminate the 1 interception of such communications not otherwise subject to interception under this act by making reasonable efforts, 3 whenever possible, to reduce the hours of interception authorized by said order. [In no case shall an] Except as provided below in 5 subsection g. of this section, no order entered under this section 7 shall authorize the interception of wire or oral communications for any period exceeding 20 days. Extensions or renewals of such an order may be granted for two additional periods of not more 9 than 10 days. No extension or renewal shall be granted unless an application for it is made in accordance with this section, and the 11 court makes the findings required by sections 10, 11 and this section. 13

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g. Orders entered under this section to provide evidence of
 racketeering in violation of N.J.S. 2C:41-2, leader of organized
 crime in violation of N.J.S. 2C:5-2g, or leader of narcotics

17 <u>trafficking network in violation of N.J.S. 2C:35-3, may authorize</u> the interception of wire or oral communications for a period not

19 to exceed 30 days and extensions or renewals of any order may be granted for additional periods of not more than 30 days, without

21 limitation on the number of extension or renewal orders.

<u>h.</u> Whenever an order authorizing an interception is entered,
 the order may require reports to be made to the judge who issued the order showing what progress has been made toward
 achievement of the authorized objective and the need for continued interception. Such reports shall be made at such intervals as the court may require.

An order authorizing the interception of a wire or oral communication shall, upon request of the applicant, direct that a communication common carrier shall furnish the applicant forthwith all information, facilities and technical assistance necessary to accomplish the interception unobtrusively and with a minimum of interference with the services that such carrier is affording the person whose communications are to be intercepted.

35 The obligation of a communication common carrier under such an order may include but is not limited to conducting, for good 37 cause shown, an in-progress trace during an interception provided, however, that a county prosecutor must receive the 39 approval of the Attorney General or his designee prior to requesting an order which includes an in-progress trace. Any communication common carrier furnishing such facilities or
 technical assistance shall be compensated therefor by the applicant at the prevailing rates. Said carrier shall be immune
 from civil liability for any assistance rendered to the applicant pursuant to this section.

(cf: P.L. 1978, c. 51, s. 5)

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3. This act shall take effect immediately.

STATEMENT

This bill amends the "New Jersey Wiretapping and Electronic Surveillance Control Act" to delete references to crimes which
are now obsolete in favor of references to analogous offenses under the Penal Code.

17 In addition this bill adds new offenses to the coverage of this act to permit law enforcement officials to use electronic
19 surveillance techniques (1) to secure evidence of the offenses of leader of organized crime and leader of narcotics trafficking
21 network, (2) to secure evidence of racketeering violations, and (3) to secure evidence of serious environmental crimes.

With respect to the crimes of racketeering, leader of organized crime and leader of narcotics trafficking network, the bill would extend the time limits of initial authorization orders from 20 to 30 days, and would permit an unlimited number of 30 day renewal orders.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE

Criminal Investigation and Arrest

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Amends the wiretapping act to expand circumstances under which electronic surveillance is allowed and deletes obsolete references.

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ASSEMBLY, No. 2477

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 18, 1988

By Assemblywoman SMITH, Assemblyman KYRILLOS, and Assemblywoman CRECCO

- AN ACT to amend the "New Jersey Wiretapping and Electronic Surveillance Control Act," approved January 14, 1969 (P.L.
 1968, c. 409).
- 5 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:
- 7
- 1. Section 8 of P.L. 1968, c. 409 (C. 2A:156A-8) is amended to read as follows:

8. The Attorney General, a county prosecutor or with the approval of the Attorney General, except in those investigations
 directly involving possible misconduct by officials and employees

- of the Department of Law and Public Safety, the chairman of the 13 State Commission of Investigation when authorized by a majority of the members of that commission, or a person designated to act
- 15 for such an official and to perform his duties in and during his actual absence or disability, may authorize, in writing, an ex
- parte application to a judge designated to receive the same for an order authorizing the interception of a wire or oral
 communication by the investigative or law enforcement officers or agency having responsibility for an investigation when such
 interception may provide evidence of the commission of the
- offense of murder, kidnapping, gambling, robbery, bribery, extortion, loansharking, mayhem, violations of [section 19 of the "New Jersey Controlled Dangerous Substances Act," P.L. 1970, c.
- 25 226 (C. 24:21-19)] N.J.S. 2C:35-5 except possession of 84 grams or less of marijuana, violations of sections 112 through 116,
 27 inclusive, of the "Casino Control Act," P.L. 1977, c. 110 (C. 5:12-112 through 116), arson, burglary, embezzlement, escape,
 29 forgery, receiving stolen property punishable by imprisonment for more than one year, alteration of motor vehicle identification numbers, or larceny punishable by imprisonment for more than

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

1	one year, unlawful manufacture, purchase, use, or transfer of
	firearms, or unlawful presention or use of bombs or explosives,
3	violations of subsection b. of N.J.S. 2C:24-4, or any conspiracy to
	commit any of the foregoing offenses or which may provide
5	evidence aiding in the apprehension of the perpetrator or
	perpetrators of any of the foregoing offenses.
7	(cf: P.L. 1978, c. 51, s. 3)
	2. This act shall take effect immediately.
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11	STATEMENT
13	This bill would permit law enforcement officials to use
15	wiretaps in cases involving child pornography.
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17	CRIMINAL JUSTICE
.,	Criminal Investigation and Arrest
19	Standar and Store and Milder
	Extends wiretap law to cases involving child pornography.

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STATE OF BUT ERST

INTRODUCED SEPTEMBER 22, 1988

By Assemblymen BENNETT, PALAIA, Kyrillos, Assemblywomen Smith, Farragher and Assemblyman Smith

- AN ACT concerning environmental offenses and amending 1 P.L.1968, c.409.
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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. Section 8 of P.L.1968. c.409 (C.2A:156A-8) is amended to read as follows:

8. The Attorney General, a county prosecutor or with the approval of the Attorney General, except in those investigations 9 directly involving possible misconduct by officials and employees of the Department of Law and Public Safety, the chairman of the 11 State Commission of Investigation when authorized by a majority of the members of that commission, or a person designated to act 13 for such an official and to perform his duties in and during his 15 actual absence or disability, may authorize, in writing, an exparte application to a judge designated to receive the same for an

order authorizing the interception of a wire or oral 17 communication by the investigative or law enforcement officers 19 or agency having responsibility for an investigation when such interception may provide evidence of the commission of the

21 offense of murder, kidnapping, gambling, robbery, bribery, extortion, loansharking, mayhem, violations of [section 19 of the

23 "New Jersey Controlled Dangerous Substances Act," P.L.1970, c.226 (C.24:21-19) except possession of 84 grams or less of

marihuana] N.J.S.2C:35-4, N.J.S.2C:35-5, or N.J.S.2C:35-6, 25 violations of sections 112 through 116, inclusive, of the Casino

- 27 Control Act," P.L.1977, c.110 (C.5:12-112 through 116), arson, burglary, embezzlement, escape, forgery, receiving stolen
- 29 property punishable by imprisonment for more than 1 year, alteration of motor vehicle identification numbers, or larceny 31 punishable by imprisonment for more than 1 year, unlawful manufacture, purchase, use, or transfer of firearms, or unlawful possession or use of bombs or explosives, or unlawful 33 transportation, storage, disposal, discharge,

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brachets [thus] in the above bill is not exacted and is intended to be unitted in the law.

release.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

abandomment, or disposition of any harmful, hazardous, toxic, 1 destructive, or polluting substance, or violations of the "Solid 3 Waste Management Act," P.L. 1970, c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et seq.), the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), N.J.S.2C:17-2, the "Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act." 5 P.L. 1987. c. 156 (C. 13:98-1 et seq.). the "Ocean Dumping Enforcement Act," P.L. 1988, c.61 (C.58:10A-47 et seq.), or any 7 other environmental law a violation of which is an offense, or any conspiracy to commit any of the foregoing offenses or which may 9 provide evidence aiding in the apprehension of the perpetrator or perpetrators of any of the foregoing offenses. 11 (cf: P.L.1978, c.51, s.3) 2. This act shall take effect immediately. 13 15 STATEMENT 17 This bill would amend the "New Jersey Wiretapping and Electronic Surveillance Control Act" to also authorize 19 wiretapping and electronic surveillance unlawful for transportation. storage. disposal. 21 discharge. release. abandonment, or disposition of any harmful, hazardous, toxic, 23 destructive, or polluting substance and for criminal violations of the "Solid Waste Management Act." the "Water Pollution Control Act," N.J.S.2C:17-2, the "Freshwater Wetlands Protection Act," 25 the "Ocean Dumping Enforcement Act," and any other environmental law a violation of which is an offense. 27 The bill would also make a technical change to delete a 29 repealed statute and incorporate a reference to the "Comprehensive Drug Reform Act of 1987" for substantially the 31 same offense. This bill is necessary to help deter environmental crime, especially illegal dumping of wastes. 33 35 ENVIRONMENT 37 **Criminal Justice** 39 Amends "New Jersey Wiretapping and Electronic Surveillance Control Act" to include environmental offenses.

A3759 2

ASSEMBLY, No. 892

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 1988 SESSION

By Assemblyman KERN

A STATES

AN ACT to amend the "New Jersey Wiretapping and Electronic Surveillance Control Act," approved January 14, 1969 (P.L. 1968, c. 409).

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. Section 8 of P.L. 1968, c. 409 (C. 2A:156A-8) is amended to read as follows:

9 8. The Attorney General, a county prosecutor or with the approval of the Attorney General, except in those investigations 11 directly involving possible misconduct by officials and employees of the Department of Law and Public Safety, the chairman of the State Commission of Investigation when 13 authorized by a majority of the members of that commission, or 15 a person designated to act for such an official and to perform his duties in and during his actual absence or disability, may authorize, in writing, an ex parte application to a judge 17 designated to receive the same for an order authorizing the interception of a wire or oral communication by the 19 investigative or law enforcement officers or agency having 21 responsibility for an investigation when such interception may provide evidence of the commission of the offense of murder, 23 kidnapping, gambling, robbery, bribery, theft by extortion, [loansharking, mayhem] a violation of N.J.S. 2C:21-19 25 punishable by imprisonment for more than one year, terroristic threats, violations of section 19 of the "New Jersey Controlled Dangerous Substances Act," P.L. 1970, c. 226 (C. 24:21-19) 27 except possession of 84 grams or less of marihuana, violations of sections 112 through 116, inclusive, of the "Casino Control 29 Act," P.L. 1977, c. 110 (C. 5:12-112 through 116), arson,

EXPLANATION-Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

1	burglery, [embezzlement] theft punishable by imprisonment for more than one year, escape, forgery, receiving stolen property	
3	punishable by imprisonment for more than one year, (alteration of motor vehicle identification numbers, or larceny punishable	
5	by imprisonment for more than one year,] alteration of motor vehicle identification numbers unlawful manufacture, purchase,	
7	use, or transfer of firearms, [or] unlawful possession or use of [bombs] destructive devices or explosives, racketeering,	X
9	unlawful transportation, storage, disposal, discharge, release,	ě.
1	abandonment or disposition of any solid waste or any harmful, hazardous, toxic, destructive, or polluting substance hindering	
3	apprehension or prosecution or offical misconduct or any conspiracy to commit any of the foregoing offenses or which may provide evidence aiding in the apprehension of the	
.5	perpetrator or perpetrators of any of the foregoing offenses. 2. Section 12 of P.L. 1968, c. 409 (C. 2A:156A-12) is emended	Ξ.
7	to read as follows: 12. Each order authorizing the interception of any wire or	
9	oral communication shall state: a. The judge is authorized to issue the order;	
1	b. The identity of, or a particular description of, the parson, if known, whose communications are to be intercepted;	
3	c. The character and location of the particular communication facilities as to which, or the particular place of	
5	the communication as to which, authority to intercept is granted; d. A particular description of the type of the communication.	
7	to be intercepted and a statement of the particular offense to which it relates;	a X
9	e. The identity of the investigative or how enforcement officers or agency to whom the authority to intercent a wire or	
1	oral communication is given and the identity of where authorized the application; and	
3	f. The period of time during which such interception is authorized, including a statement as to whether or not the	
15	interception shall automatically terminate when the described	ħξ
37	communication has been first obtained. No order entered under this section shall authorize the	
	interception of any wire or oral communication for a pariod of	

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Every order entered under this section shall require that such 1 interception begin and terminate as soon as practicable and be conducted in such a manner as to minimize or eliminate the 3 interception of such communications not otherwise subject to interception under this act by making reasonable efforts, 5 whenever possible, to reduce the hours of interception 7 authorized by said order. In no case shall an order entered under this section authorize the interception of wire or oral communications for any period exceeding [20] 30 days. 9 Extensions or renewals of such an order may be granted for two 11 additional periods of not more than [10] 15 days. No extension or renewal shall be granted unless an application for it is made 13 in accordance with this section, and the court makes the findings required by sections 10, 11 and this section.

Whenever an order authorizing an interception is entered, the 15 order may require reports to be made to the judge who issued 17 the order showing what progress has been made toward achievement of the authorized objective and the need for continued interception. Such reports shall be made at such 19 intervals as the court may require.

21 An order authorizing the interception of a wire or oral communication shall, upon request of the applicant, direct that a communication common carrier shall furnish the applicant 23 forthwith all information, facilities and technical assistance necessary to accomplish the interception unobtrusively and with 25 a minimum of interference with the services that such carrier is 27 affording the person whose communications are to be intercepted.

The obligation of a communication common carrier under such 29 an order may include but is not limited to conducting, for good cause shown, an in-progress trace during an interception 31 provided, however, that a county prosecutor must receive the approval of the Attorney General or his designee prior to 33 requesting an order which includes an in-progress trace. Any communication common carrier furnishing such facilities or 35 technical assistance shall be compensated therefor by the 37 applicant at the prevailing rates. Said carrier shall be immune from civil liability for any assistance rendered to the applicant 39 pursuant to this section.

3. This act shall take effect immediately.

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with a significantly ALL MELLER SI This bill would change the "New Jersey Wiretenning 3 Electronic Surveillance Control Act" by deleting references crimes which are now obsolete in fever of references analogous offenses under the "New Jersey Code of Criminal Justice." The bill also amends the act to permit law enforcement officials to use electronic surveillance techniques (1) in cases of crimes involving solid waste or hazardous substances, (2) to secure evidence of racketeering violations, and (3) to secure evidence of the offenses of official 11 misconduct, hindering apprehension or prosecution, terroristic threats, and theft offences punishable by imprisonment for more 13 than one year. hanaithe att 1.2 Million Long 19

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CRIMINAL JUSTICE

Criminal Investigation and Arrest

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sill tasks that is Amenda "New Jersey Wiretapping and the 21 Surveillance Control Act" to expand circumstances un electronic surveillance is allowed and corrects of references to laws. 23 athmet wateries in the the noted with these sections in all starting the 23.02 Service and from the second of the The second descent second and the second sec STREET, AND SHORE'S his trace and all

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ASSEMBLY JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, Nos 3545, 892, 2477 and 3759 STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: OCTOBER 13, 1988

The Assembly Judiciary Committee reports favorably an Assembly Committee Substitute for Assembly Bill Nos. 3545/892/2477/3759. The committee substitute amends the wiretapping law to add new offenses to the act so as to permit law enforcement officials to use electronic surveillance techniques (1) to secure evidence of the offenses of leader of organized crime and leader of narcotics trafficking network, (2) to secure evidence of racketeering violations, (3) to secure evidence of organized criminal activity directed toward serious environmental crimes and (4) to secure evidence of child pornography.

With respect to the crimes of racketeering, leader of organized crime and leader of narcotics trafficking network, the committee substitute extends the time limit of initial authorization orders from 20 to 30 days, and permits an unlimited number of renewal orders for 30 days.

The committee substitute also deletes obsolete references.

SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

A 3543

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ASSEMBLY, Nos. 3545, 892, 2477 and 3759

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 23, 1989

The Senate Judiciary Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Commmittee Substitute for Assembly Bill Nos. 3545, 892, 2477 and 3759.

Presently, the authorization for the "New Jersey Wiretapping and Electronic Surveillance Control Act" expires on July 1, 1989. This bill would extend authorization for the wiretap statute until July 1, 1994.

The bill would also add new crimes to the list of crimes for which law enforcement officers can seek wiretaps. Those offenses are: leader of organized crime network; leader of a narcotics trafficking network; racketeering; organized criminal activity involving the unlawful storage or disposal of hazardous substances and child pornography.

With respect to the crimes of racketeering, leader of an organized crime network and leader of a narcotics trafficking network, the bill would set the length of the initial wiretap authorization order at 30 days and would permit an unlimited number of renewal orders. The committee amended this provision to limit the maximum length of the type of wiretap order to six months. Normally under the wiretap statute, an initial authorization runs for 20 days and law enforcement officers may be granted two extensions of not more than 10 days.

The committee also amended three sections of the present statute dealing with criminal penalties for violations of the wiretap law. The amendments update the terminology used in these sections to conform to the terminology of Title 2C. The amendments to these sections also clarify that criminal violations of the wiretap statute are to be graded as crimes of the third degree.