#### LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST Compiled by the NJ State Law Library

NJSA: 30:13-1

(Nursing homes-security deposits)

LAWS OF: 1991

CHAPTER: 262

Bill No:

\$1560

Sponsor(s):

Cardinale & Connors

Date Introduced: Pre-filed

Committee: Assembly: Senior Citizen

Senate:

Senior Citizen

A mended during passage:

Date of Passage: Assembly:

June 24, 1991

Senate:

March 25, 1991

Date of Approval: August 15, 1991

Following statements are attached if available:

Sponsor statement:

Yes

Committee Statement: Assembly: Yes

Senate:

Yes

Fiscal Note:

No

Veto Message:

No

Message on signing:

No

Following were printed:

Reports:

No

Hearings:

No

See newspaper clippings attached:

KBG/SLJ

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AN ACT concerning interest on security deposits held by nursing homes and supplementing P.L.1976, c.120 (C.30:13-1 et seq.).

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. Whenever a nursing home requires a security deposit advanced prior to the admission of a person to the nursing home, the money or other form of security, until repaid or applied to payments in accordance with the terms of the contract or agreement, including the resident's portion of the interest or earnings accumulated thereon as hereinafter provided, shall continue to be the property of the resident and shall be held in trust by the nursing home and shall not be mingled with the personal property or become an asset of the nursing home.
- a. The nursing home shall: (1) invest that money in shares of an insured money market fund established by an investment company based in this State and registered under the "Investment Company Act of 1940," 54 Stat. 789 (15 U.S.C. § 80a-1 et seq.) whose shares are registered under the "Securities Act of 1933," 48 Stat. 74 (15 U.S.C. § 77a et seq.) and the only investments of which fund are instruments maturing in one year or less, or (2) deposit that money in a State or federally chartered bank, savings bank or savings and loan association in this State insured by an agency of the federal government in an account bearing a variable rate of interest, which shall be established at least quarterly, which is similar to the average rate of interest on active interest bearing money market transaction accounts paid by the bank or association, or equal to similar accounts of an investment company described in paragraph (1) of this subsection, less an amount not to exceed 1% per annum of the amount so invested or deposited for the costs of servicing and processing the accounts.
- b. Immediately after the security money is invested, the nursing home shall notify the resident in writing of the name and address of the investment company. State or federally chartered bank, savings bank or savings and loan association in which the deposit or investment of security money is made, and the amount of the deposit.
- c. All of the money so deposited or advanced may be deposited or invested by the nursing home in one interest-bearing or dividend yielding account as long as the nursing home complies

with all the other requirements of this act.

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d. The nursing home is entitled to receive as administration expenses, a sum equivalent to 1% per annum thereon or 12.5% of the aggregate interest yield on the security deposit, whichever is greater, less the amount of any service fee charged by an investment company, a State or federally chartered bank, savings bank or savings and loan association for money deposited pursuant to this section, which is in lieu of all other administrative and custodial expenses. The balance of the interest or earnings paid thereon by the investment company, State or federally chartered bank, savings bank or savings and loan association shall belong to the resident and shall be permitted to compound to the benefit of the resident, or be paid to the resident in cash, or be credited toward the payments due on the anniversary of the resident's admission to the nursing home in accordance with the terms of the contract or agreement.

- e. If the nursing home fails to notify the resident of the name and address of the investment company, State or federally chartered bank, savings bank or savings and loan association in which the deposit or investment of the security is made, and the amount thereof, within 30 days after receipt of the money from the resident, the resident may give written notice to the nursing home that the security money shall be applied on account of payments due or to become due from the resident, and thereafter the resident shall be without obligation to make any further security deposit and the nursing home shall not be entitled to make further demand for a security deposit.
- f. Within 60 days after the person is no longer a resident of the nursing home, the nursing home shall return to the former resident or, if appropriate, to the resident's estate, by personal delivery, registered or certified mail the sum so deposited plus the former resident's portion of the interest or earnings accumulated thereon, less any charges expended in accordance with the terms of a contract or agreement. The interest or earnings and any such deductions shall be itemized and the resident or, if appropriate, the resident's estate, notified thereof by personal delivery, registered or certified mail.
- g. The Commissioner of Banking may promulgate rules and regulations with respect to the establishment of the method of computing the interest due to either the nursing home or to the resident pursuant to the provisions of this act in accordance with the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) if the money is deposited in an account or in shares of an investment company upon which the interest varies on a periodic basis.
- 2. A person shall have a cause of action against the nursing home for any violation of this act. The Department of Health may maintain an action in the name of the State to enforce the provisions of this act and any rules and regulations promulgated

pursuant to this act. The action to recover actual and punitive damages shall be brought in a court of competent jurisdiction. A plaintiff who prevails in an action shall be entitled to recover reasonable attorney's fees and costs of the action.

3. This act shall take effect on the first day of the sixth month following enactment.

#### SENIOR CITIZENS

Requires nursing homes to pay interest on security deposits of residents.

pursuant to this act. The action to recover actual and punitive damages shall be brought in a court of competent jurisdiction. A plaintiff who prevails in an action shall be entitled to recover reasonable attorney's fees and costs of the action.

3. This act shall take effect on the first day of the sixth month following enactment.

### STATEMENT STATEMENT

This bill requires nursing homes to pay interest on all security deposits advanced by persons seeking admission as residents to those facilities prior to their admittance. Each security deposit, including the resident's portion of the interest or earnings accumulated on that deposit, shall remain the property of the nursing home resident until repaid to the resident or applied to payments to the nursing home in accordance with a contract or agreement between the resident and the nursing home.

Specifically, the bill stipulates that a nursing home shall: (1) invest a security deposit advanced by a prospective nursing home resident in an insured money market fund or deposit the money in a variable interest rate account in a State or federally chartered financial institution that has a similar average interest rate; (2) notify each resident in writing of the name and address of the investment company or financial institution in which the money is invested or deposited, as the case may be, and the amount thereof; and (3) within 60 days after the person is no longer a resident of the nursing home, return to the former resident or the resident's estate, as appropriate, the amount of the security deposit plus the former resident's portion of the interest or earnings from the security deposit less any charges expended in accordance with the terms of a contract or agreement.

The bill provides that a nursing home is entitled to receive as administration expenses, a sum equivalent to 1% of the security deposit per annum or 12.5% of the aggregate interest yield on the security deposit, whichever is greater, less the amount of any service fee charged by the investment company or the financial institution. The balance of the interest or earnings belongs to the resident and shall be permitted to compound to the resident's benefit, be paid to the resident in cash, or be credited toward the payments due on the anniversary of the resident's admission to the facility under the terms of a contract or agreement.

Finally, the bill provides that if a nursing home fails to notify a resident of the name and address of the investment company or financial institution in which the resident's security deposit is invested or deposited and the amount thereof within 30 days after receipt of that money from the resident, the resident may notify the facility in writing that the security deposit shall be applied to any payments due or to become due by the resident. The resident

1 2	shall then be free of any obligation to make an additional security deposit to the nursing home. Also, a person shall have a cause of
3	action against a nursing home for any violation of the provisions
J	action against a nursing nome for any violation of the provisions
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7	SENIOR CITIZENS
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9	Requires nursing homes to pay interest on security deposits of
10	residents.

# SENATE SENIOR CITIZEN AND VETERAN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

### SENATE, No. 1560

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JANUARY 25, 1990

The Senate Senior Citizen and Veteran Affairs Committee favorably reports Senate Bill No. 1560.

This bill requires nursing homes to pay interest on all security deposits advanced by persons seeking admission as residents to those facilities prior to their admittance. Each security deposit, including the resident's portion of the interest or earnings accumulated on that deposit, shall remain the property of the nursing home resident until repaid to the resident or applied to payments to the nursing home in accordance with a contract or agreement between the resident and the nursing home.

Specifically, the bill stipulates that a nursing home shall: (1) invest a security deposit advanced by a prospective nursing home resident in an insured money market fund or deposit the money in a variable interest rate account in a State or federally chartered financial institution that has a similar average interest rate; (2) notify each resident in writing of the name and address of the investment company or financial institution in which the money is invested or deposited, as the case may be, and the amount thereof; and (3) within 60 days after the person is no longer a resident of the nursing home, return to the former resident or the resident's estate, as appropriate, the amount of the security deposit plus the former resident's portion of the interest or earnings from the security deposit less any charges expended in accordance with the terms of a contract or agreement.

The bill provides that a nursing home is entitled to receive as administration expenses, a sum equivalent to 1% of the security deposit per annum or 12.5% of the aggregate interest yield on the security deposit, whichever is greater, less the amount of any service fee charged by the investment company or the financial institution. The balance of the interest or earnings belongs to the resident and shall be permitted to compound to the resident's benefit, be paid to the resident in cash, or be credited toward the payments due on the anniversary of the resident's admission to the facility under the terms of a contract or agreement.

Finally, the bill provides that if a nursing home fails to notify a resident of the name and address of the investment company or financial institution in which the resident's security deposit is invested or deposited and the amount thereof within 30 days after receipt of that money from the resident, the resident may notify the facility in writing that the security deposit shall be applied to any

payments due or to become due by the resident. The resident shall then be free of any obligation to make an additional security deposit to the nursing home. Also, a person shall have a cause of action against a nursing home for any violation of the provisions of the bill.

This bill is identical to the Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill Nos. 1131 and 1276 of 1988-1989.

This bill was pre-filed for introduction in the 1990 session pending technical review. As reported, the bill includes the changes required by technical review which has been performed.

#### ASSEMBLY SENIOR CITIZENS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

## SENATE, No. 1560

### STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 17, 1991

The Assembly Senior Citizens Committee favorably reports Senate Bill No. 1560.

This bill requires nursing homes to pay interest on all security deposits advanced by persons seeking admission as residents to those facilities prior to their admittance. Each security deposit, including the resident's portion of the interest or earnings accumulated on that deposit, shall remain the property of the nursing home resident until repaid to the resident or applied to payments to the nursing home in accordance with a contract or agreement between the resident and the nursing home.

Specifically, the bill stipulates that a nursing home shall: (1) invest a security deposit advanced by a prospective nursing home resident in an insured money market fund or deposit the money in a variable interest rate account in a State or federally chartered financial institution that has a similar average interest rate; (2) notify each resident in writing of the name and address of the investment company or financial institution in which the money is invested or deposited, as the case may be, and the amount thereof; and (3) within 60 days after the person is no longer a resident of the nursing home, return to the former resident or the resident's estate, as appropriate, the amount of the security deposit plus the former resident's portion of the interest or earnings from the security deposit less any charges expended in accordance with the terms of a contract or agreement.

The bill provides that a nursing home is entitled to receive as administration expenses, a sum equivalent to 1% of the security deposit per annum or 12.5% of the aggregate interest yield on the security deposit, whichever is greater, less the amount of any service fee charged by the investment company or the financial institution. The balance of the interest or earnings belongs to the resident and shall be permitted to compound to the resident's benefit, be paid to the resident in cash, or be credited toward the payments due on the anniversary of the resident's admission to the facility under the terms of a contract or agreement.

Finally, the bill provides that if a nursing home fails to notify a resident of the name and address of the investment company or financial institution in which the resident's security deposit is invested or deposited and the amount thereof within 30 days after receipt of that money from the resident, the resident may notify the facility in writing that the security deposit shall be applied to

any payments due or to become due by the resident. The resident shall then be free of any obligation to make an additional security deposit to the nursing home. Also, a person shall have a cause of action against a nursing home for any violation of the provisions of the bill.

This bill is identical to Assembly Bill No. 4812 which was also released by this committee on this date.