LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST Compiled by the NJ State Law Library

(Water Supply Replacement Trust

Fund--establish)

NJSA:

58:12A-22

LAWS OF:

1991

CHAPTER: 456

BILL NO:

S3282

SPONSOR(S):

Dalton

DATE INTRODUCED:

February 4, 1991

COMMITTEE:

ASSEMBLY:

Energy & Environment

SENATE:

Environmental Quality; Revenue, Finance

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

Amendments during passage denoted by

r. . .

asterisks

DATE OF PASSAGE:

ASSEMBLY:

January 6, 1992

SENATE:

March 25, 1991

DATE OF APPROVAL:

January 18, 1992

FOLLOWING STATEMENTS ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

SPONSOR STATEMENT:

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT:

ASSEMBLY:

Yes

SENATE:

Yes 2-25-91 & 3-11-92

FISCAL NOTE:

No

VETO MESSAGE:

No

MESSAGE ON SIGNING:

No

FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:

REPORTS:

No

HEARINGS:

No

KBG/pp

[THIRD REPRINT] SENATE, No. 3282

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 4, 1991

By Senators DALTON and GORMLEY

AN ACT concerning remediation of contaminated potable water supplies, amending and supplementing P.L.1988, c.106, and making an appropriation.

3 4 5

6

7 8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21 22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29 30

31

32

33 34

35 36

37

38

39

1

2

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. Section 1 of P.L.1988, c.106 (C.58:12A-22) is amended to read as follows:
- 1. a. There is established in the Department of Environmental Protection a non-lapsing revolving fund to be known as the "Water Supply Replacement Trust Fund," hereinafter referred to as the fund. The department shall administer the fund, and monies in the fund shall be used to (1) provide loans to individuals, municipalities \mathbf{or} municipally-owned privately-owned public water systems as defined in section 3 of P.L.1977, c.224 (C.58:12A-3) for the purposes of providing [a] interim or permanent alternate water [supply] supplies to persons whose principal source of potable water is contaminated or is threatened with contamination by hazardous substances ¹[, naturally occurring hazardous substances, aesthetic hazards, or microbiological agents]1 as identified by the department 1,1 or fails to meet the State primary drinking water standards contained in regulations developed pursuant to this act, ¹or fails to meet a standard for ³[salinity] sodium, chlorine³, iron, or manganese established by the department pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending in the Legislature as this bill), 1 and (2) ¹[to]¹ provide funds to the department to conduct feasibility studies to determine appropriate remedies for contaminated potable water supplies, ³including the evaluation of water treatment systems, 3 to conduct confirmatory tests to determine the presence of hazardous substances 1[, naturally occurring hazardous substances, aesthetic hazards, or microbiological agents]1 in potable water supplies, to study the extent to which water supplies are contaminated or are threatened contamination with hazardous substances, ¹[naturally occurring hazardous substances, aesthetic hazards, or microbiological develop recommendations for remediating contaminated or threatened water supplies, and to defray administrative costs incurred by the department in implementing

EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.
Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:
Senate SEQ committee amendments adopted February 25, 1991.
Senate SRF committee amendments adopted March 11, 1991.
Assembly AEE committee amendments adopted August 1, 1991.

the provisions of this act. Payments of principal and interest on loans issued under the authority of this act shall be deposited in the fund, and shall remain available for further disbursements as new loans to be awarded pursuant to this act. Any monies deposited in the "Water Supply Replacement Trust Fund" are hereby appropriated to the Department of Environmental Protection to carry out the purposes of this act.

- b. Loans made to local government units pursuant to this act shall bear interest at a rate fixed by the State Treasurer, which rate shall not exceed 2 percent per year for a term of not more than 20 years.
- c. As used in this act, "hazardous substance" means any substance defined as a hazardous substance by the Department of Environmental Protection pursuant to rules and regulations adopted pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11b) ¹[; "naturally occurring hazardous substance" means mercury or lead; "aesthetic hazard" means corrosivity, nitrates, iron, manganese, sodium, or hardness; and "microbiological agent" means a microorganism that is injurious to human health or the environment]¹.
- (cf: P.L.1989, c.311, s.1)

- 2. (New section) a. There is established in the "Water Supply Replacement Trust Fund" established pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1988, c.106 (C.58:12A-22) a Water Supply ¹[Replacement] Remediation sub-account.
- Of the monies appropriated to the Water Supply b. ¹[Replacement] Remediation sub-account pursuant to section 2 [5] 6^{2} of 3 [this amendatory and supplementary act, 2 [\$500,000] \$200,000²] P.L. , C. (C.) (pending in the Legislature as this bill), $$500,000^3$ shall be used by Department of Environmental Protection ¹[or a municipal or regional health agency certified by the department pursuant to section 15 of P.L.1977, c.443 (C.26:3A2-33) for the purpose of financing confirmatory tests to determine the presence of naturally occurring hazardous substances, aesthetic hazards, or microbiological agents in potable water supplies] ³for the evaluation of water treatment systems,3 and the Department of Community Affairs to administer the loan program established pursuant to section 3 of 3[this amendatory and supplementary act] P.L., c. (C.) (pending in the Legislature as this bill) 3 .
- c. Any owner of a single family residence who has conducted a test of the potable water supply used by the occupants of the single family residence, the results of which indicate ¹[the presence of naturally occurring hazardous substances, aesthetic hazards, or microbiological agents in the potable water supply in excess] a violation of a primary drinking water standard or a violation ¹ of a ³[safety level or concentration ¹for salinity] standard for sodium, chlorine ³, iron, or manganese, ¹ established by the department pursuant to section 4 of this amendatory and supplementary act, may ¹[petition the department to conduct a

1

2

3

4

5

6

7 8

9

10

11

12 13

14 15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24 25

26 27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35 36

37 38

39

40

41

42 43

44 45

46 47

48

49

50

confirmatory test, which may be based on representative sampling, to determine the accuracy of the initial test. Upon receipt of such a request, the department shall conduct the confirmatory test] apply for a loan pursuant to section 3 of this amendatory and supplementary act¹.

- 3. (New section) a. Of the amount appropriated to the Water Supply Remediation sub-account pursuant to section ²[5] 6² of ³[this amendatory and supplementary act. the sum of ²[\$3,500,000] \$3,800,000²] P.L. , c. , (C.) (pending in the Legislature as this bill), \$3,500,000³ is allocated to the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency established pursuant to P.L.1983, c.530 (C.55:14K-1 et seq.) and dedicated for the purposes of providing low interest loans to owners of single family residences, whose source of potable water ¹[is contaminated or threatened by contamination with naturally hazardous substances, occurring aesthetic microbiological agents] violates primary drinking water standards, or violates a ³[concentration or safety level for salinity] standard for sodium, chlorine³, iron, or manganese established by the department pursuant to section 4 of ³[this amendatory and supplementary act¹] P.L. , c. (C. (pending in the Legislature as this bill) 3 , to provide an interim or permanent alternative potable water supply or adequate and appropriate treatment technology.
- b. The New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency shall establish a program to provide the loans authorized pursuant to this section, which shall include, but need not be limited to, funding priorities based on the priority system developed by the Department of Environmental Protection² ²[department] pursuant to section 4 of ³[this amendatory and supplementary (C.) (pending in the Legislature as this , C. bill). 3 The loans issued pursuant to this section shall bear interest of not more than 2 percent per year, and shall be for a term of not more than five years. The maximum amount for any single loan shall be \$10,000. Loan applicants shall provide certification from the Department of Environmental Protection or from a municipal or regional health agency certified pursuant 15 of P.L.1977, c.443 (C.26:3A2-33) of the contamination or the threat of contamination when applying for loans on forms prescribed by the agency.
- 4. ¹(New section)¹ The ²[department] Department of Environmental Protection² shall ¹[adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) establishing safety levels or concentrations of naturally occurring hazardous substances, aesthetic hazards, and microbiological agents in potable water supplies;] establish ³[concentration and safety levels for salinity, iron, and manganese for the purpose] standards for sodium, chlorine, iron, and manganese for the purpose³ of awarding loans to owners of single family residences whose source of potable water violates

S3282 [3R]

3[these standards and shall develop a priority system based on these levels and concentrations pursuant to which funds may be allocated pursuant to section 3 of this amendatory and supplementary act] those standards. The department shall develop a priority system, based on the nature and extent of the human health or environmental danger posed by a violation of a primary drinking water standard or a standard adopted pursuant to this section, for use by the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency in making low interest rate loans in accordance with section 3 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending in the Legislature as this bill)³.

15. (New section) An owner of a single family residence eligible for financial assistance pursuant to the "Spill Compensation and Control Act," P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11 et seq.), who receives a loan from the Water Supply Remediation sub-account pursuant to P.L. , c. (C.) (pending in the Legislature as this bill) shall submit a claim against the "New Jersey Spill Compensation Fund," created pursuant to section 10 of P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11i), in the amount of the loan. Any amount paid by the "New Jersey Spill Compensation Fund" to a person submitting a claim pursuant to this section shall be utilized to repay the loan within 7 days of receipt of the payment. 1

¹[5.] <u>6.</u>¹ There is appropriated to the Water Supply Remediation sub-account ³, ³ established pursuant to section 2 of ³[this amendatory and supplementary act] <u>P.L.</u>, <u>c.</u> (C.) (pending in the Legislature as this bill), ³ the sum of \$4,000,000 from the "Clean Waters Fund" established pursuant to P.L.1976, c.92 from amounts in the fund received as reimbursements for emergency water supply benefits derived from expenditures made pursuant to P.L.1981, c.28.

¹[6.] 7. This act shall take effect immediately.

ENVIRONMENT

 Establishes Water Supply Remediation sub-account to remediate certain contaminated potable water supplies; appropriates \$4 million.

or microbiological agents, to provide an interim or permanent alternative potable water supply or adequate and appropriate treatment technology.

- b. The New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency shall establish a program to provide the loans authorized pursuant to this section, which shall include, but need not be limited to, funding priorities based on the priority system developed by the department pursuant to section 4 of this amendatory and supplementary act. The loans issued pursuant to this section shall bear interest of not more than 2 percent per year, and shall be for a term of not more than five years. The maximum amount for any single loan shall be \$10,000. Loan applicants shall provide certification from the Department of Environmental Protection or from a municipal or regional health agency certified pursuant to section 15 of P.L.1977, c.443 (C.26:3A2-33) of the contamination or the threat of contamination when applying for loans on forms prescribed by the agency.
- 4. The department shall adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) establishing safety levels or concentrations of naturally occurring hazardous substances, aesthetic hazards, and microbiological agents in potable water supplies; and shall develop a priority system based on these levels and concentrations pursuant to which funds may be allocated pursuant to section 3 of this amendatory and supplementary act.
- 5. There is appropriated to the Water Supply Remediation sub-account established pursuant to section 2 of this amendatory and supplementary act the sum of \$4,000,000 from the "Clean Waters Fund" established pursuant to P.L.1976, c.92 from amounts in the fund received as reimbursements for emergency water supply benefits derived from expenditures made pursuant to P.L.1981, c.28.
 - 6. This act shall take effect immediately.

STATEMENT

This bill would establish a Water Supply Remediation sub-account in the "Water Supply Replacement Trust Fund" created pursuant to P.L.1988, c.106 to be used by the Department of Environmental Protection for financing confirmatory tests to determine the presence of naturally occurring hazardous substances, aesthetic hazards, and microbiological agents in potable water supplies. These substances are mercury and lead; corrosivity, nitrates, iron, manganese, sodium, or hardness; and microorganisms injurious to human health or the environment. Owners of single family residences who have conducted tests of their potable water supplies that show the presence of naturally occurring hazardous substances above an action level determined by the department would be eligible to request the department to do a confirmatory test.

S3282

Pursuant to this bill, \$4.0 million would be appropriated from amounts received in the "Clean Waters Fund" as reimbursements for emergency water supply benefits. Of this amount, \$3,500,000 would be allocated to the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency for the purpose of providing low interest loans to owners of single family residences whose source of potable water is contaminated with naturally occurring hazardous substances to finance the installation of an alternative water supply or adequate and appropriate treatment technology. The remaining \$500,000 would be used by the department to conduct confirmatory testing.

The department would be required to set limits for naturally occurring hazardous substances, aesthetic hazards, and microbiological agents through the adoption of rules and regulations. These limits would then be used by NJHMFA to establish funding priorities.

ENVIRONMENT

Establishes Water Supply Remediation sub-account to remediate certain contaminated potable water supplies; appropriates \$4 million.

ASSEMBLY ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[SECOND REPRINT] SENATE, No. 3282

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: AUGUST 1, 1991

Senate Bill No. 3282 (2R), with Assembly Committee Amendments, is reported favorably by the Assembly Energy and Environment Committee.

This bill authorizes the use of monies in the "Water Supply Replacement Trust Fund" to provide low interest rate loans to individuals whose source of water supply is contaminated, or threatened with contamination, by hazardous substances or fails to meet the secondary standards for sodium, chlorine, iron and manganese, and authorizes the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) to determine remedies, evaluate water treatment systems, and conduct confirmatory tests. The bill also appropriates \$4 million for use therefor.

The bill establishes a Water Supply Remediation sub-account in the "Water Supply Replacement Trust Fund," to be funded with a \$4 million dollar appropriation from monies in the "Clean Waters Fund," established pursuant to P.L.1976, c.92. Monies appropriated to the sub-account are from reimbursements received by the Clean Waters Fund for emergency water supply benefits resulting from expenditures made pursuant to P.L.1981, c.28. Of the amount appropriated, \$3,500,000 is allocated to the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency (NJHMFA) for use in providing low-interest loans to owners of single family residences whose potable water supplies do not meet existing primary drinking water quality standards or standards established for sodium, chlorine, iron, and manganese. The loans are to be used to provide water treatment systems or alternative water supplies. Loan amounts shall not exceed \$10,000. Loans shall be made at an interest rate not to exceed 2%, for a term not to exceed five years.

The remaining \$500,000 appropriated to the sub-account is to be used by the DEP to evaluate alternative water treatment systems and by the Departments of Community Affairs to administer the loan program.

The bill also requires DEP to adopt standards for sodium, chlorine iron, and manganese, and to establish funding priorities based on the the danger posed by a violation of a primary drinking water standards or a standard for sodium, chlorine, iron, or manganese to human health and the environment. The priority rankings are to be used by NJHMFA in awarding loans to single family residences.

Lastly, section 6 of the bill requires that, if it is determined that the contamination was the result of a discharge of a hazardous substance, an owner receiving a loan under the terms of this bill shall file a property damage claim against the New Jersey Spill Compensation Fund; and any monies recovered from that fund shall be used to pay the unpaid portion of the loan within 7 days of receipt of the claim payment.

The committee amendments increase, from \$200,000 to \$500,000, the amount of monies in the sub-account to be used by DEP for evaluating water treatment systems and DCA for making loans. Restoration of the \$500,000 appropriation is predicated on a 10-year cost estimate of \$50,000 per year submitted by the two departments. The remaining amendments are largely of a clarifying or technicanal nature.

FISCAL IMPACT

The bill appropriates \$4,000,000 from amounts in the "Clean Waters Fund" received as reimbursements for emergency water supply benefits.

SENATE ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 3282

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 25, 1991

The Senate Environmental Quality Committee favorably reports Senate Bill No. 3282 with committee amendments.

This bill would establish a Water Supply Remediation sub-account in the "Water Supply Replacement Trust Fund." Four million dollars would be appropriated from amounts received in the "Clean Waters Fund" as reimbursements for emergency water supply benefits to the sub-account. Of this amount, \$3,500,000 would be allocated to the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency (NJHMFA) to provide low interest loans to owners of single family residences whose water supplies do not meet existing primary drinking water quality standards or concentration or safety limits set by the department for salinity, iron, and manganese. These loans would be used to install a treatment technology or procure an alternative water supply. The remaining \$500,000 would be used by the Departments of Environmental Protection and Community Affairs to administer the loan program.

Pursuant to this bill, the Department of Environmental Protection would be required to set concentration and safety limits for salinity, iron, and manganese and to establish funding priorities based on these limits, which would be used by NJHMFA to award loans.

The committee amended the bill to change the contaminants for which remediation loans could be granted and deleted a requirement that DEP adopt rules and regulations. The committee also amended the bill to specify that homeowners eligible for compensation from the State "Spill Fund" but who receive a loan pursuant to this bill would have to file for reimbursement from the "Spill Fund" to repay the loan.

SENATE REVENUE, FINANCE AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[FIRST REPRINT] SENATE, No. 3282

with Senate committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MARCH 11, 1991

The Senate Revenue, Finance and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 3282 (1R), with committee amendments.

This bill establishes a Water Supply Remediation sub-account in the "Water Supply Replacement Trust Fund." Four million dollars would be appropriated from amounts received in the "Clean Waters Fund," established pursuant to P.L.1976, c.92, as reimbursements for emergency water supply benefits to the sub-account. Of this amount, \$3,800,000 would be allocated to the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency (NJHMFA) to provide low interest loans to owners of single family residences whose water supplies do not meet existing primary drinking water quality standards or concentration or safety limits set by the Department of Environmental Protection for salinity, iron, and manganese. These loans would be used to install a treatment technology or procure an alternative water supply. The remaining \$200,000 would be used by the Departments of Environmental Protection and Community Affairs to administer the loan program.

Pursuant to this bill, the Department of Environmental Protection would be required to set concentration and safety limits for salinity, iron, and manganese and to establish funding priorities based on these limits, which would be used by NJHMFA to award loans.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

The committee amended the bill to increase the amount of money to be allocated as loans and decrease the amount to be used for administration. The amendments also correct section references and clarify department references in the bill.

FISCAL IMPACT

The bill appropriates \$4,000,000 from amounts in the "Clean Waters Fund" received as reimbursements for emergency water supply benefits.