



**VETO MESSAGE:** No

**GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:** Yes

**FOLLOWING WERE PRINTED:**

To check for circulating copies, contact New Jersey State Government Publications at the State Library (609) 278-2640 ext.103 or <mailto:refdesk@njstatelib.org>

**REPORTS:** No

**HEARINGS:** Yes

Committee Meeting of SENATE ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY COMMITTEE  
December 15, 2022

"The Committee will meet to hear testimony from invited guests on reducing food waste and greenhouse gas emissions through food date labeling" <https://hdl.handle.net/10929/110432>

**NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:** No

CL/JA

P.L. 2023, CHAPTER 193, *approved December 21, 2023*  
Senate, No. 3153 (*Third Reprint*)

1 AN ACT concerning food waste generated by schools and  
2 supplementing Title 13 of the Revised Statutes.

3

4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State  
5 of New Jersey:

6

7 1. a. Except as provided in subsection <sup>1</sup>**[b.]** <sup>3</sup>**[c.1]** <sup>3</sup>**d.** of this  
8 section, notwithstanding the provisions of <sup>3</sup>**[any State law]** the  
9 "Solid Waste Management Act," P.L.1970, c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et seq.),  
10 the "New Jersey Statewide Mandatory Source Separation and  
11 Recycling Act," P.L.1987, c.102 (C.13:1E-99.11 et seq.)<sup>3</sup>, or rule  
12 or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, or a district solid waste  
13 management plan adopted pursuant to P.L.1970, c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et  
14 seq.) to the contrary, a school may deliver, or provide for the  
15 delivery of, compostable <sup>2</sup>or anaerobically digestible<sup>2</sup> food waste  
16 generated by the school to another school in the State, <sup>3</sup>and a school  
17 in the State may accept and process compostable or anaerobically  
18 digestible food waste,<sup>3</sup> provided that the receiving school:

19

(1) accepts the food waste;

20

(2) composts the food waste using an on-site, in-vessel  
21 composting system <sup>2</sup>or digests the food waste using an on-site  
22 anaerobic digestion system<sup>2</sup>; <sup>3</sup>**[and]<sup>3</sup>**

23

(3) does not accept food waste in excess of the capacity of its in-  
24 vessel composting system <sup>2</sup>or anaerobic digestion system<sup>2</sup> <sup>3</sup>**[.]** ;  
25 and

26

(4) notifies the Department of Environmental Protection and  
27 applicable local government entities of its intent to begin accepting  
28 food waste from another school via a form provided by the  
29 department.<sup>3</sup>

30

b. <sup>1</sup>A school that receives food waste pursuant to subsection a.  
31 of this section shall not be required by the Department of  
32 Environmental Protection to obtain a permit, approval, or other  
33 authorization issued by the department pursuant to the "Solid Waste  
34 Management Act," P.L.1970, c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et seq.) <sup>3</sup>**[.]** <sup>3</sup>or<sup>3</sup> the  
35 "New Jersey Statewide Mandatory Source Separation and Recycling  
36 Act," P.L.1987, c.102 (C.13:1E-99.11 et al.), <sup>3</sup>**[the "Air Pollution**  
37 Control Act (1954)," P.L.1954, c.212 (C.26:2C-1 et seq.), or the  
38 "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et

**EXPLANATION** – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets **[thus]** in the above bill is  
not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

<sup>1</sup>Senate SEN committee amendments adopted December 15, 2022.

<sup>2</sup>Assembly floor amendments adopted June 30, 2023.

<sup>3</sup>Senate amendments adopted in accordance with Governor's  
recommendations December 11, 2023.

1 seq.).<sup>1</sup> or any rules or regulations adopted pursuant thereto, in  
2 connection with the receipt of the food waste or the processing of  
3 food waste generated on-site.

4 c.<sup>1</sup> <sup>3</sup>Notwithstanding the provisions of any State law or rule or  
5 regulation adopted pursuant thereto, a school that composts food  
6 waste generated on-site or received pursuant to subsection a. of this  
7 section using an on-site, in-vessel composting system, or digests  
8 such food waste using an on-site anaerobic digestion system, shall  
9 not be subject to any fees to obtain any permits required for such an  
10 on-site, in-vessel composting system or anaerobic digestion system  
11 pursuant to the "Air Pollution Control Act (1954)," P.L.1954, c.212  
12 (C.26:2C-1 et seq.), the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977,  
13 c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), any other State law, or any rule or  
14 regulation adopted pursuant thereto.

15 d.<sup>3</sup> The provisions of this section shall not apply to a school that  
16 is subject to the provisions of P.L.2020, c.24 (C.13:1E-99.122 et  
17 al.). A school that is subject to the provisions of P.L.2020, c.24  
18 (C.13:1E-99.122 et al.) shall dispose of its food waste in accordance  
19 with that law.

20 <sup>1</sup>[c.] <sup>3</sup>[d.<sup>1</sup>] e. In order to ensure that a school's composting or  
21 anaerobic digestion of food waste is conducted in a manner that  
22 avoids public health and environmental impacts, the Department of  
23 Environmental Protection shall issue guidance for school  
24 composting and anaerobic digestion systems addressing odor  
25 control, vessel siting, operational standards, and record keeping.  
26 The Department of Environmental Protection may promulgate such  
27 rules and regulations as are necessary to implement the  
28 requirements of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the  
29 Legislature as this bill).

30 f.<sup>3</sup> As used in this section:

31 <sup>2</sup>"Anaerobically digestible" means capable of undergoing  
32 anaerobic biological decomposition such that the material breaks  
33 down into a slurry fraction of digestate and a gaseous fraction of  
34 biogas.

35 "Anaerobic digestion system" means a system of anaerobically  
36 digesting anaerobically digestible waste in which the waste is  
37 entirely enclosed, except for ventilation ducts or other means of  
38 ventilation, such that the material breaks down into, or otherwise  
39 becomes part of, liquid and solid digestate in addition to biogas.<sup>2</sup>

40 "Compostable" means capable of undergoing aerobic biological  
41 decomposition such that the material breaks down into, or otherwise  
42 become part of, usable compost in a safe and timely manner.

43 "In-vessel composting system" means a system of composting  
44 compostable waste in which the waste is entirely enclosed, except  
45 for ventilation ducts or other means of ventilation, within a  
46 building, container, or other vessel.

**S3153 [3R]**

1 "School" means a public or nonpublic elementary or secondary  
2 school offering education in grades K through 12, or any  
3 combination thereof, at which a child may legally fulfill  
4 compulsory school attendance requirements.

5

6 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

7

8

9

10

11 \_\_\_\_\_  
12 Authorizes schools to receive certain food waste from other  
13 schools, and provides exemption to such receiving schools from  
certain DEP permits, under certain conditions.

**SENATE, No. 3153**

**STATE OF NEW JERSEY**  
**220th LEGISLATURE**

INTRODUCED OCTOBER 3, 2022

**Sponsored by:**  
**Senator RICHARD J. CODEY**  
**District 27 (Essex and Morris)**

**SYNOPSIS**

Authorizes schools to receive and compost food waste from other schools, under certain conditions.

**CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



1 AN ACT concerning food waste generated by schools and  
2 supplementing Title 13 of the Revised Statutes.

3

4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State  
5 of New Jersey:

6

7 1. a. Except as provided in subsection b. of this section,  
8 notwithstanding the provisions of any State law, or rule or  
9 regulation adopted pursuant thereto, or a district solid waste  
10 management plan adopted pursuant to P.L.1970, c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et  
11 seq.) to the contrary, a school may deliver, or provide for the  
12 delivery of, compostable food waste generated by the school to  
13 another school in the State, provided that the receiving school:

14 (1) accepts the food waste;

15 (2) composts the food waste using an on-site, in-vessel  
16 composting system; and

17 (3) does not accept food waste in excess of the capacity of its in-  
18 vessel composting system.

19 b. The provisions of this section shall not apply to a school that  
20 is subject to the provisions of P.L.2020, c.24 (C.13:1E-99.122 et  
21 al.). A school that is subject to the provisions of P.L.2020, c.24  
22 (C.13:1E-99.122 et al.) shall dispose of its food waste in accordance  
23 with that law.

24 c. As used in this section:

25 "Compostable" means capable of undergoing aerobic biological  
26 decomposition such that the material breaks down into, or otherwise  
27 become part of, usable compost in a safe and timely manner.

28 "In-vessel composting system" means a system of composting  
29 compostable waste in which the waste is entirely enclosed, except  
30 for ventilation ducts or other means of ventilation, within a  
31 building, container, or other vessel.

32 "School" means a public or nonpublic elementary or secondary  
33 school offering education in grades K through 12, or any  
34 combination thereof, at which a child may legally fulfill  
35 compulsory school attendance requirements.

36

37 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

38

39

40

STATEMENT

41

42 This bill would authorize a school to receive and compost food  
43 waste from another school, provided that the receiving school  
44 accepts the food waste, composts the food waste using an in-vessel  
45 composting system, and does not accept food waste in excess of the  
46 capacity of its in-vessel composting system. The bill would not  
47 apply to schools that are covered under P.L.2020, c.24 (C.13:1E-

**S3153 CODEY**

3

1 99.122 et al.), which would continue to dispose of their food waste  
2 pursuant to that law.

3 As used in the bill, "in-vessel composting system" means a  
4 system of composting compostable waste in which the waste is  
5 entirely enclosed, except for ventilation ducts or other means of  
6 ventilation, within a building, container, or other vessel.

# SENATE ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY COMMITTEE

## STATEMENT TO

### **SENATE, No. 3153**

with committee amendments

# **STATE OF NEW JERSEY**

DATED: DECEMBER 15, 2022

The Senate Environment and Energy Committee favorably reports Senate Bill No. 3153, with committee amendments.

This bill, as amended by the committee, would authorize a school to receive and compost food waste from another school, provided that the receiving school accepts the food waste, composts the food waste using an in-vessel composting system, and does not accept food waste in excess of the capacity of its in-vessel composting system.

In addition, the bill provides that schools that receive food waste pursuant to the bill would not be required to obtain a permit, approval, or other authorization required by the Department of Environmental Protection under the "Solid Waste Management Act," P.L.1970, c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et seq.), the "New Jersey Statewide Mandatory Source Separation and Recycling Act," P.L.1987, c.102 (C.13:1E-99.11 et al.), the "Air Pollution Control Act (1954)," P.L.1954, c.212 (C.26:2C-1 et seq.), or the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), or any rules or regulations adopted pursuant thereto, related to the receipt of the food waste or the processing of food waste generated on-site.

The bill would not apply to schools that are covered under P.L.2020, c.24 (C.13:1E-99.122 et al.), which schools would be required to continue to dispose of their food waste pursuant to that law.

The committee amendments to the bill provide that schools that receive food waste pursuant to the bill would not need to obtain certain permits, approvals, or other authorization required by the Department of Environmental Protection in connection with the receipt of the food waste or the processing of food waste generated on-site.

STATEMENT TO  
[First Reprint]  
**SENATE, No. 3153**

with Assembly Floor Amendment  
(Proposed by Assemblyman KENNEDY)

ADOPTED: JUNE 30, 2023

These floor amendments would: (1) expand the bill to authorize schools to receive anaerobically digestible food waste, in addition to compostable food waste; and (2) add definitions for the terms “anaerobically digestible” and “anaerobic digestion system.”

# ASSEMBLY, No. 4548

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED SEPTEMBER 22, 2022

**Sponsored by:**

**Assemblyman JAMES J. KENNEDY**

**District 22 (Middlesex, Somerset and Union)**

**Assemblywoman SHAMA A. HAIDER**

**District 37 (Bergen)**

**Assemblyman STERLEY S. STANLEY**

**District 18 (Middlesex)**

**SYNOPSIS**

Authorizes schools to receive and compost food waste from other schools, under certain conditions.

**CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



1 AN ACT concerning food waste generated by schools and  
2 supplementing Title 13 of the Revised Statutes.

3

4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State  
5 of New Jersey:

6

7 1. a. Except as provided in subsection b. of this section,  
8 notwithstanding the provisions of any State law, or rule or  
9 regulation adopted pursuant thereto, or a district solid waste  
10 management plan adopted pursuant to P.L.1970, c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et  
11 seq.) to the contrary, a school may deliver, or provide for the  
12 delivery of, compostable food waste generated by the school to  
13 another school in the State, provided that the receiving school:

14 (1) accepts the food waste;

15 (2) composts the food waste using an on-site, in-vessel  
16 composting system; and

17 (3) does not accept food waste in excess of the capacity of its in-  
18 vessel composting system.

19 b. The provisions of this section shall not apply to a school that  
20 is subject to the provisions of P.L.2020, c.24 (C.13:1E-99.122 et  
21 al.). A school that is subject to the provisions of P.L.2020, c.24  
22 (C.13:1E-99.122 et al.) shall dispose of its food waste in accordance  
23 with that law.

24 c. As used in this section:

25 "Compostable" means capable of undergoing aerobic biological  
26 decomposition such that the material breaks down into, or otherwise  
27 become part of, usable compost in a safe and timely manner.

28 "In-vessel composting system" means a system of composting  
29 compostable waste in which the waste is entirely enclosed, except  
30 for ventilation ducts or other means of ventilation, within a  
31 building, container, or other vessel.

32 "School" means a public or nonpublic elementary or secondary  
33 school offering education in grades K through 12, or any  
34 combination thereof, at which a child may legally fulfill  
35 compulsory school attendance requirements.

36

37 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

38

39

40

#### STATEMENT

41

42 This bill would authorize a school to receive and compost food  
43 waste from another school, provided that the receiving school  
44 accepts the food waste, composts the food waste using an in-vessel  
45 composting system, and does not accept food waste in excess of the  
46 capacity of its in-vessel composting system. The bill would not  
47 apply to schools that are covered under P.L.2020, c.24 (C.13:1E-

1 99.122 et al.), which would continue to dispose of their food waste  
2 pursuant to that law.

3 As used in the bill, "in-vessel composting system" means a  
4 system of composting compostable waste in which the waste is  
5 entirely enclosed, except for ventilation ducts or other means of  
6 ventilation, within a building, container, or other vessel.

ASSEMBLY ENVIRONMENT AND SOLID WASTE  
COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO  
ASSEMBLY, No. 4548

with committee amendments

**STATE OF NEW JERSEY**

DATED: SEPTEMBER 29, 2022

The Assembly Environment and Solid Waste Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 4548 with committee amendments.

This bill, as amended by the committee, would authorize a school to receive compostable or anaerobically digestible food waste from another school, provided that the receiving school accepts the food waste, composts the food waste using an in-vessel composting system or digests the food waste using an on-site anaerobic digestion system, and does not accept food waste in excess of the capacity of its in-vessel composting system or anaerobic digestion system.

In addition, the bill provides that schools that receive food waste pursuant to the bill would be exempt from permits required by the Department of Environmental Protection under the "Solid Waste Management Act," P.L.1970, c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et seq.), the "New Jersey Statewide Mandatory Source Separation and Recycling Act," P.L.1987, c.102 (C.13:1E-99.11 et al.), the "Air Pollution Control Act (1954)," P.L.1954, c.212 (C.26:2C-1 et seq.), or the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), or any rules or regulations adopted pursuant thereto, related to the receipt of the food waste or the processing of food waste generated on-site.

The bill would not apply to schools that are covered under P.L.2020, c.24 (C.13:1E-99.122 et al.), which would continue to dispose of their food waste pursuant to that law.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

The committee amendments to the bill:

- 1) expand the bill to authorize schools to receive anaerobically digestible food waste, in addition to compostable food waste;
- 2) provide that schools that receive food waste pursuant to the bill would not need to obtain certain permits required by the Department of Environmental Protection related to the receipt of the food waste or the processing of food waste generated on-site;
- 3) add definitions for the terms "anaerobically digestible" and "anaerobic digestion system"; and
- 4) make technical amendments.

**SENATE BILL NO. 3153**  
(Second Reprint)

To the Senate:

Pursuant to Article V, Section I, Paragraph 14 of the New Jersey Constitution, I am returning Senate Bill No. 3153 (Second Reprint) with my recommendations for reconsideration.

This bill would allow a school to deliver compostable or anaerobically digestible food waste generated by that school to another school, as long as the receiving school accepts the waste and composts it in an in-vessel composting or anaerobic digestion system. The bill would allow this without regard for any State laws, regulations, or district solid waste management plans to the contrary, and would prohibit the Department of Environmental Protection ("DEP") from requiring the receiving school to obtain a permit or other authorization under the Solid Waste Management Act, P.L.1970, c.39 (N.J.S.A. 13:1E-1 et seq.), the New Jersey Statewide Mandatory Source Separation and Recycling Act, P.L.1987, c.102 (N.J.S.A. 13:1E-99.11 et al.), the New Jersey Water Pollution Control Act ("WPCA"), P.L.1977, c.74 (N.J.S.A. 58:10A-1 et seq.), the New Jersey Air Pollution Control Act ("APCA"), P.L.1954, c.212 (N.J.S.A. 26:2C-1 et seq.), or any rules or regulations concerning food waste receipt or processing. The bill would not apply to schools to which the Food Waste Recycling Act, P.L.2020, c.24, applies, and any such schools would be required to continue to dispose of their food waste in accordance with that law.

I commend the sponsors of this bill for their attention to the issue of food waste in New Jersey, and in our schools in particular. As highlighted in the Food Waste Reduction Plan recently published by the New Jersey DEP, food waste makes up more than 20 percent of the waste disposed of in New Jersey's landfills and incinerators. This represents a tragic failure to feed the 11 percent of New Jersey residents who are food insecure, as well as a waste of the economic and human resources used to produce the food. In addition, the

decomposition or combustion of approximately 1.5 million tons of food waste a year contributes significantly to the State's greenhouse gas emissions. With all the meals eaten at schools around our State, school food waste is a meaningful part of the food waste problem.

While it is better to generate less excess food in the first place and improve systems to get unused food to hungry people, composting unused food is better than sending it to an incinerator or landfill because it results in significantly lower greenhouse gas emissions and produces an environmentally valuable end product. School composting is particularly valuable because it can be an opportunity for students to learn about responsible waste management, provide learning opportunities for Science, Technology Engineering and Mathematics (STEM) classes, and support a school gardening program that contributes to student learning about agriculture, biology, ecology, and nutrition.

I fully agree with the sponsors of this bill that it is important to remove barriers that may hinder schools from developing successful composting programs, and I support the idea of allowing a school with an appropriate composting system to accept food waste from another school. However, I am concerned that the extent of the exemptions from applicable State laws and permitting requirements in the bill, as drafted, would cause the State to be out of compliance with the federal air pollution and water pollution control laws that the DEP is required to implement. I am also concerned that the bill does not provide adequate safeguards to ensure that school composting operations are conducted in an environmentally-sound manner.

My recommended changes to the bill clarify that a school does not need to obtain a solid waste permit from the DEP to compost food waste generated on-site or at another school. To reduce the burden of complying with any applicable permitting requirements under the New Jersey APCA and WPCA, which cannot be waived pursuant to federal law, I am also recommending that schools not be subject to permitting fees for composting systems. Finally, in order to ensure that,

notwithstanding the solid waste permit exemption, school food composting operations are conducted in a manner that effectively minimizes odors and public health and environmental impacts, I am recommending that the bill direct the DEP to promulgate regulations or guidance documents addressing appropriate management practices, and that schools participating in the program file a simple notice form with the DEP to enable DEP to collect information to inform future food waste reduction efforts.

Therefore, I herewith return Senate Bill No. 3153 (Second Reprint) and recommend that it be amended as follows:

- Page 2, Section 1, Line 7: Delete "c." and insert "d."
- Page 2, Section 1, Line 8: Delete "any State law" and insert "the "Solid Waste Management Act," P.L.1970, c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et seq.), the "New Jersey Statewide Mandatory Source Separation and Recycling Act," P.L.1987, c.102 (C.13:1E-99.11 et seq.)"
- Page 2, Section 1, Line 13: After "State," insert "and a school in the State may accept and process compostable or anaerobically digestible food waste,"
- Page 2, Section 1, Line 18: Delete "and"
- Page 2, Section 1, Line 20: Delete "." and insert "; and  
(4) notifies the Department of Environmental Protection and applicable local government entities of its intent to begin accepting food waste from another school via a form provided by the department."
- Page 2, Section 1, Line 25: After "(C.13:1E-1 et seq.)" delete "," and insert "or"
- Page 2, Section 1, Line 27: Delete "the "Air Pollution Control"
- Page 2, Section 1, Line 28: Delete in its entirety
- Page 2, Section 1, Line 29: Delete "Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.),"
- Page 2, Section 1, Line 33: After "c." insert "Notwithstanding the provisions of any State law or rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, a school that composts food waste generated on-site or received pursuant to subsection a. of this section using an on-site, in-vessel composting

system, or digests such food waste using an on-site anaerobic digestion system, shall not be subject to any fees to obtain any permits required for such an on-site, in-vessel composting system or anaerobic digestion system pursuant to the "Air Pollution Control Act (1954)," P.L.1954, c.212 (C.26:2C-1 et seq.), the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977, c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), any other State law, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto.

d."

Page 2, Section 1, Line 38:

Delete "d." and insert "e. In order to ensure that a school's composting or anaerobic digestion of food waste is conducted in a manner that avoids public health and environmental impacts, the Department of Environmental Protection shall issue guidance for school composting and anaerobic digestion systems addressing odor control, vessel siting, operational standards, and record keeping. The Department of Environmental Protection may promulgate such rules and regulations as are necessary to implement the requirements of P.L. c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

f."

Respectfully,

/s/ Philip D. Murphy

Governor

[seal]

Attest:

/s/ Parimal Garg

Chief Counsel to the Governor

# Governor Murphy Takes Action on Legislation

12/21/2023

**TRENTON** – Today, Governor Murphy signed the following bills into law:

**SCS for S-524wGR/ACS for A-1700 (Ruiz, Cunningham/Quijano, Mukherji, Atkins)** - Creates Mental Health Diversion Program to divert eligible persons away from criminal justice system and into appropriate case management and mental health services

**S-2818wGR/A-4394 (Turner/Kennedy)** - Establishes "Working Group to Study Pricing of Motor Fuels by Retail Dealers"

**SCS for S-2848wGR/A-4328 (Smith, Greenstein/DeAngelo, Karabinchak)** - Revises criteria for remote net metering program established by BPU

**S-3011/A-4800 (Scutari/Murphy, McKeon, Mukherji)** - Concerns use of ignition interlock devices for drunk driving offenses

**S-3044wGR/A-4716 (Diegnan, Greenstein/Stanley, Benson, Mukherji)** - Makes supplemental appropriation of \$15 million to DEP for implementation of Electric School Bus Program

**S-3153wGR/A-4548 (Codey/Kennedy, Haider, Stanley)** - Authorizes schools to receive certain food waste from other schools, and provides exemption to such receiving schools for certain DEP permits, under certain conditions

**S-3480wGR/A-5137 (Vitale, Pou/McKeon, Park, Murphy)** – "The Small Business Health Insurance Affordability Act"; revises certain requirements for individual and small employer health benefits plans

**SCS for -3756wGR/ACS for A-5363 (Scutari, Sarlo/Schaer, Wimberly)** - Permits SHBP and SEHBP to award contracts for more claims administrators for each program plan; requires claims data and trend reports to be provided to certain persons

**S-3839wGR/A-4061 (Greenstein, Steinhardt/Mukherji, Wirths, Space)** - Requires Commissioner of Corrections to institute 10-minute shift overlap in State correctional facilities; appropriates \$13 million

**S-4011wGR/A-5650 (Ruiz/Coughlin, Pintor Marin, Wimberly)** - Modifies New Jersey Community-Anchored Development Program

**A-5549/S-3960 (Lopez, Benson, McKnight/Vitale)** - Extends eligibility for certain individuals for emergency assistance

**ACS for A-5757/S-4127 (Conaway, Speight, Sumter/Gopal)** - Extends certain pay parity regarding telemedicine and telehealth for one year