52:15D-13

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

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LAWS OF: 2017 **CHAPTER:** 15

NJSA: 52:15D-13 (Ensures project deadline fairness, enhances transparency, and establishes foreclosure

protection and mortgage relief program for Superstorm Sandy- impacted victims)

BILL NO: A333 (Substituted for S2300)

SPONSOR(S) Singleton and others

DATE INTRODUCED: 1-27-2016

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Housing & Community Development

SENATE: Community & Urban Affairs

Budget & Appropriations

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: 6-30-2016

SENATE: 12-19-2016

DATE OF APPROVAL: 2-10-2017

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (Second Reprint enacted)

Yes

A333

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 8 of introduced bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes Housing & Community

Development

SENATE: Yes Community & Urban Affairs

Budget & Appropriations

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: Yes

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: Yes

S2300

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 9 of introduced bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No

SENATE: Yes Community & Urban Affairs

Budget & Appropriations

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

(continued)

	FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT:	No
	LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE:	Yes
VETO MESSAGE:		No
GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:		
FOLLOWING V	VERE PRINTED:	

To check for circulating copies, contact New Jersey State Government Publications at the State Library (609) 278-2640 ext.103 or mailto:refdesk@njstatelib.org

REPORTS: No

HEARINGS: No

NEWSPAPER ARTICLES: Yes

RWH/JA

[&]quot;Christie rips Sandy foreclosure protection bill - but signs it into law," New Jersey 101.5, February 10, 2017

[&]quot;Christie, with regrets, signs Sandy foreclosure bill," app.com, February 10, 2017

[&]quot;Chris Christie Signs Bill to Stop Sandy-Related Foreclosures," The New York Times, February 10, 2017

[&]quot;Christie Signs Sandy Foreclosure Bill," WBGO.org, February 10, 2017

[&]quot;Christie signs bill to combat Sandy-related foreclosures," Associated Press State Wire: New Jersey, February 10, 2017

[&]quot;Christie signs bill to halt Sandy foreclosures," The Star-Ledger, February 11, 2017

[&]quot;Christie signs bill to give Sandy victims some protection against foreclosure," nj.com, February 11, 2017

P.L.2017, CHAPTER 15, approved February 10, 2017 Assembly, No. 333 (Second Reprint)

1 **AN ACT** concerning Superstorm Sandy recovery, and amending and supplementing P.L.2015, c.102.

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BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. Section 2 of P.L.2015, c.102 (C.52:15D-4) is amended to read as follows:
- 9 2. As used in P.L.2015, c.102 (C.52:15D-3 et seq.) , as 10 amended and supplemented:

"Agency" means the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1983, c.530 (C.55:14K-4).

"Applicant" means an individual or business that has applied for, is waiting for, or is receiving benefits under a recovery and rebuilding program, and shall include individuals who are awaiting the completion of a construction project using benefits received under a recovery and rebuilding program.

19 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Community 20 Affairs.

"Department" means the Department of Community Affairs.

"Forbearance" means a period ²[, ending November 1, 2018,] of time² during which obligations for mortgage and interest payments are suspended.

"FRM" means the Fund for Restoration of Multifamily Housing.

"Qualified contractor pool" means a listing of contractors approved by the Department of Community Affairs participating in the RREM program.

"LMI" means Low-to-Moderate Income and the program for which policies and procedures have been adopted by the Department of Community Affairs.

"Mortgage" means a mortgage, trust deed, or other security in the nature of a residential mortgage.

"Recovery and rebuilding program" means the use of funding provided by the federal government for the RREM and LMI programs, which are intended to help individuals rebuild and recover from Superstorm Sandy, the TBRA program, which is intended to assist renters in returning to and residing in areas impacted by Superstorm Sandy, and the FRM program, which is

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹Assembly AHO committee amendments adopted February 22, 2016.

²Assembly floor amendments adopted June 27, 2016.

- intended to assist developers in repairing or replacing rental housing units damaged or destroyed by Superstorm Sandy.
- 3 "RREM" means Reconstruction, Rehabilitation, Elevation and 4 Mitigation.
- 5 "Sandy-impacted homeowner" means a homeowner ² who, as of 6 October 29, 2012, occupied a home as his or her primary residence 7 that, as a result of Superstorm Sandy, sustained:
- 8 <u>(1) damage of at least \$8,000, or</u>
- 9 (2) more than one foot of water on the first floor as determined
 10 ¹[by the Federal Emergency Management Agency] pursuant to the
 11 applicable RREM and LMI policies and procedures ¹] for whom one
 12 or both of the following are true:
- 13 (1) the homeowner received rental assistance from the Federal
 14 Emergency Management Agency as a result of damage to his or her
 15 primary residence due to Superstorm Sandy; or
- 16 (2) the homeowner has been approved for assistance through the 17 RREM or LMI program².
- "Superstorm Sandy" means the major storm that made landfall in
 New Jersey on October 29, 2012.
- 20 "TBRA" means Tenant-Based Rental Assistance.
- 21 (cf: P.L.2015, c.102, s.2)

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- 23 2. Section 3 of P.L.2015, c.102 (C.52:15D-5) is amended to 24 read as follows:
- 3. Within 60 days of the effective date of [P.L.2015, c.102, (C.52:15D-3 et seq.)] P.L. c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the department shall:
 - a. Provide each applicant to the RREM and LMI program with a personal timeline setting forth a general estimation of the time in which an applicant can expect to receive assistance through the RREM program and LMI program and a reasonable estimate of when the applicant can expect completion of the project for which they have requested assistance, based upon the department's past experience administering funds through the RREM program and LMI program. The timeline shall track the process of applying for assistance from the RREM and LMI programs from the time an applicant files his or her application with the department through the completion of the project for which the applicant requested assistance, and shall include:
- 40 (1) When the applicant should expect to receive 50 percent of 41 the RREM grant money that the department has awarded the 42 applicant; and
- 43 (2) When the applicant should expect to receive 100 percent of 44 the RREM and LMI grant money that the department has awarded 45 the applicant.

b. Provide each applicant to the RREM program and LMI
 program with information about the status of his or her individual
 application, including:

- (1) the date on which the department received the application;
- (2) a list of all required documents or other verifications submitted by the applicant related to the application and the date on which the department received each document; and
- (3) a list of all documents or other verifications which still need to be submitted by the applicant in order to complete the RREM application and LMI application and the date on which each item must be received.
- c. Upon request from an applicant to the RREM program and LMI program appealing a decision to deny the applicant benefits under the program, provide to the applicant information about the status of his or her appeal, including:
 - (1) the date on which the applicant filed the appeal;
- (2) all pending reviews of the appeal and the date of any upcoming hearings related to the appeal;
- (3) the department's final determination, if one is made as of the date the request for information is fulfilled, or otherwise the date on which the applicant can expect that the department will make a final determination concerning the appeal; [and]
- (4) a list of all documents related to the appeal and the date on which each document was filed <u>; and</u>
- (5) an explanation of any decision to deny an application for aid, and an explanation of how to remedy the application, when possible, and continue the appeal process.
- d. In the event the department denies an appeal by a RREM or LMI applicant, the department shall refer the applicant to a housing counselor who is certified by the federal Department of Housing and Urban Development or is part of a program established by the department to provide housing counseling to people impacted by Superstorm Sandy.
- e. Extend the one-year deadline for completing a project
 following a RREM or LMI grant award date for any applicant who
 demonstrates that the delay is the result of:
 - (1) the non-performance or non-availability of the contractor, or
 - (2) delays by the department in approving the contractor associated with the project.
- 40 <u>f. Maintain an appeals process for at least six months</u>
 41 <u>following the effective date of P.L. c. (pending before the</u>
- 42 <u>Legislature as this bill</u>), open to any applicant to the RREM
- 43 program who submitted an initial application by the deadline of
- 44 August 1, 2013, regardless of the reason the applicant had
- 45 <u>previously withdrawn, or been denied or removed from the</u>
- 46 <u>application process.</u>
- 47 (cf: P.L.2015, c.102, s.3)

3. Section 5 of P.L.2015, c.102 (C.52:15D-7) is amended to read as follows:

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- 5. a. Within 180 days of the effective date of P.L.2015, c.102 [,] (C.52:15D-3 et seq.), the department shall develop and maintain an Internet website or webpage providing information concerning recovery and rebuilding programs. At a minimum, the website shall:
- (1) Allow an applicant to a recovery and rebuilding program to submit securely through the website a request for specific information on the current status of his or her application for assistance from a recovery and rebuilding program, to which the department shall respond by phone or by email within two business days.
- (2) Provide a plain language explanation of every recovery and rebuilding program, all requirements to apply for and receive benefits, how to file appeals, and a description of the process necessary to correct any deficiency with an application.
- (3) Provide contact information for each builder in the qualified contractor pool, including each builder's telephone number and Internet website address, and identify any builders that have been removed from the qualified contractor pool.
- (4) Provide and update information regarding the expenditure of recovery and rebuilding program funds and related contracts on the Internet website on a monthly basis. A full and current explanation of the criteria and process by which recovery and rebuilding program applications are prioritized shall also appear on the website. Changes to program policy, information on new contractor awards, and the status of work performed pursuant to the contractor awards shall be posted on the Internet website.
- (5) Provide information on how all recovery and rebuilding program funding has been and will be allocated on the Internet website, including information about the allocation process for all rounds of funding distribution; and:
- (a) the total number of applications submitted for recovery and rebuilding program funding;
- (b) the number of applicants that have received 50 percent or more of the recovery and rebuilding program grant money that the department has awarded them;
- (c) the number of applicants that have received 100 percent of the recovery and rebuilding program grant money that the department has awarded them;
- (d) the number of applicants that have completed recovery and rebuilding program-funded construction or elevation projects in compliance with local, State, and federal building codes and regulations; and
- 46 (e) the number of applicants that have received a final certificate of occupancy and grant closeout.

- b. The department shall develop and publish on the Internet 1 2 website a description of how it developed the timelines for the 3 disbursement of recovery and rebuilding program assistance 4 developed pursuant to sections 3, 7, and 8 of P.L.2015, c.102 [,] 5 (C.52:15D-3 et seq.). The department shall allow an applicant to 6 request his or her individualized timeline for the disbursement of 7 program funding, developed pursuant to sections 3, 7, and 8 of 8 P.L.2015, c.102 [,] (C.52:15D-3 et seq.), through the website, to 9 which the department shall respond by phone or by email within 10 two business days.
- c. The department shall publish on the Internet website its quarterly goals for the disbursement of recovery and rebuilding program assistance developed pursuant to section 4 of P.L.2015, c.102 [,] (C.52:15D-3 et seq.).
- d. The department shall publish on the Internet website the commissioner's report on the use of Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery funds and other funds that may be available for similar purposes for interim assistance submitted to the Governor and Legislature pursuant to section 6 of P.L.2015, c.102 [,] (C.52:15D-3 et seq.).
 - e. In addition to publishing the information as required in subsections a. through d. of this section, the department may distribute the information by any other method it deems appropriate.

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- f. (1) By the first day of the sixth month next following
 enactment of P.L. c. (pending before the Legislature as this
 bill), the department shall publicly report:
- 28 (a) The reason for each application denial and wait-list 29 placement from the RREM, TBRA, and LMI programs since the 30 beginning of the recovery effort;
- 31 (b) After conducting a reasonable effort to contact withdrawn
 32 applicants, the reason for each withdrawal by an applicant from the
 33 RREM, TBRA, and LMI programs since the beginning of the
 34 recovery effort; and
- 35 (c) Concerning application denials, wait-list placements, and
 36 withdrawals from the RREM, TBRA, and LMI programs since the
 37 beginning of the recovery effort, information on where the
 38 associated funding has been allocated.
- 39 (2) On a quarterly basis, beginning with the enactment of 40 P.L. c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill), and 41 continuing through the end of 2018, the department shall publicly 42 report:
- 43 (a) The reason for each new application denial and wait-list 44 placement from the RREM, TBRA, and LMI programs;
- (b) After conducting a reasonable effort to contact withdrawn
 applicants, the reason for each new withdrawal by an applicant from
 the RREM, TBRA, and LMI programs; and

- 1 (c) Concerning new application denials, wait-list placements, 2 and withdrawals from the RREM, TBRA, and LMI programs, 3 information on where the associated funding is instead being 4 allocated.
- 5 (cf: P.L.2015, c.102, s.5)

- 4. Section 7 of P.L.2015, c.102 (C.52:15D-9) is amended to read as follows:
- 7. Within 60 days of the effective date of P.L.2015, c.102 [,] (C.52:15D-3 et seq.), the department shall:
- a. Provide each applicant to the TBRA program with a timeline setting forth a general estimation of the time in which an applicant can expect to receive assistance through the TBRA program, based upon the department's past experience administering funds through the TBRA program. The timeline shall track the process of applying for assistance from the TBRA program from the time an applicant files his or her application.
- b. Provide each applicant to the TBRA program with information about the status of his or her individual application, including;
 - (1) the date on which the department received the application;
- (2) a list of all required documents or other verifications submitted by the applicant related to the application and the date on which the department received each document; and
- (3) a list of all documents or other verifications which still need to be submitted by the applicant in order to complete the TBRA application and the date on which each item must be received.
- c. Upon request from an applicant to the TBRA program appealing a decision to deny the applicant benefits under the program, provide to the applicant information about the status of his or her appeal, including:
 - (1) the date on which the applicant filed the appeal;
- (2) all pending reviews of the appeal and the date of any upcoming hearings related to the appeal;
- (3) the department's final determination, if one is made as of the date the request for information is fulfilled, or otherwise the date on which the applicant can expect that the department will make a final determination concerning the appeal; [and]
- 39 (4) a list of all documents related to the appeal and the date on 40 which each document was filed <u>: and</u>
 - (5) an explanation for any decision to deny an application for aid, and, if eventual approval is still possible, an explanation for ways to remedy the application.
 - d. In the event the department denies an appeal by a TBRA applicant, the department shall refer the applicant to a housing counselor who is certified by the federal Department of Housing and Urban Development or is part of a program established by the

department to provide housing counseling to people impacted by Superstorm Sandy.

(cf: P.L.2015, c.102, s.7)

- 5. (New section) a. A Sandy-impacted homeowner shall be eligible for a forbearance ²[if payments due under a mortgage were current as of August 10, 2015, the effective date of P.L.2015, c.102 (C.52:15D-3 et seq.)] regardless of whether the homeowner's primary residence is already the subject of a foreclosure proceding ². The Sandy-impacted homeowner shall apply to the commissioner, on forms to be provided by the department, for a certification of eligibility for the forbearance under this subsection before the first day of the ²[fifth] third² month next following ²[the effective date of P.L., c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill)] the date when the commissioner makes the application available pursuant to subparagraph (b) of paragraph (1) of subsection e. of this section ². The commissioner shall approve or deny an application within 30 days of its delivery to the commissioner. If the application is not approved or denied within 30 days of its delivery, the application
 - b. ²The forbearance period shall conclude upon the earlier of:
 - (1) the conclusion of one year following issuance of a certificate of occupancy for recovery and rebuilding program work;
 - (2) July 1, 2019; or

shall be deemed approved.

- (3) regarding a property in foreclosure proceedings, upon the expiration of 10 days following sheriff's sale.
- c.² Notwithstanding the provisions of any law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, the repayment period of any mortgage subject to the forbearance established in subsection a. of this section shall be extended by the number of months the forbearance is in effect. During the time of the forbearance and during the period constituting an extension of the mortgage, ¹ [the interest rate shall be the same rate as agreed upon in the original mortgage] all terms and conditions of the original mortgage, except with regard to default and delinquency during forbearance, shall continue without modification¹, and there shall be no fees assessed for the forbearance, or penalty for early repayment.
- ²[c.] d.² A Sandy-impacted homeowner who was the subject of a foreclosure proceeding as of August 10, 2015, the effective date of P.L.2015, c.102 (C.52:15D-3 et seq.) shall, upon good cause shown, be awarded, by the court and upon application by the property owner, a stay in the foreclosure proceedings ²[until November 1, 2018]². An application to the court by a property owner under this subsection shall be made before the first day of the fifth month next following the effective date of P.L. , c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill) ², unless the courts in

- 1 their discretion permit application submission for a longer period.
- 2 The receipt of rental assistance from the Federal Emergency
- 3 Management Agency as a result of damage to the homeowner's
- 4 primary residence due to Superstorm Sandy, or approval for
- 5 <u>assistance through the RREM or LMI program, shall constitute</u>
- 6 good cause for the award of a stay under this subsection for a period
- 7 <u>concluding upon the earlier of:</u>
 - (1) the conclusion of one year following issuance of a certificate of occupancy for recovery and rebuilding program work; or
- 10 (2) July 1, 2019².
 - ²[d. The commissioner shall] <u>e. (1) Prior to the first day of the second month next following the effective date of P.L.</u>, <u>c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the commissioner shall:</u>
- 13 (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the commissioner shall:

 14 (a)² notify as many Sandy-impacted homeowners as is

 15 reasonably possible of eligibility for a forbearance or stay of

 16 foreclosure proceedings ²[prior to the first day of the second month

 17 next following effective date of P.L., c. (pending before the

 18 Legislature as this bill).
- 19 e.**]** :

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- (b) post information on eligibility and the application process for the forbearance and stay of foreclosure proceedings, and make forbearance applications available, on the department's Internet website;
- (c) notify the courts of what individuals and associated properties are eligible for a forbearance or stay of foreclosure proceedings; and
- (d) to the greatest extent reasonably possible, notify the State's active mortgage lenders of what individuals and associated properties are eligible for a forbearance or stay of foreclosure proceedings.
- (2) Upon knowledge of a homeowner's eligibility for a forbearance or stay of foreclosure proceedings, the mortgage lender shall notify the homeowner and the courts.
- (3) Upon approval of a forbearance application pursuant to subsection a. of this section, the commissioner shall notify the applicant, the mortgage lender, and the courts.
- <u>f.</u>² Sandy-impacted homeowners awarded a stay of foreclosure 37 proceedings or forbearance 2, or both, 2 under this section shall be 38 responsible for the maintenance of the property during the stay or 39 period of forbearance ², or both². ¹[A] After service of notice of 40 any proceedings conducted to terminate forbearance, made on the 41 42 mortgagor at an address determined pursuant to due diligence of the 43 movant mortgagee or creditor to be the actual current residence of the mortgagor, providing opportunity for the mortgagor to respond 44 and contest the proceedings, a stay of foreclosure proceedings or 45 forbearance 2, or both, 2 awarded under this section shall cease 46 immediately upon a court's determination that the subject 47

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residential property has been abandoned by the Sandy-impacted

homeowner.

²[f.] g.² Nothing in this section shall be construed as limiting the ability of a mortgagee and residential property owner to participate in a mediation sponsored by the Administrative Offices of the Court in accordance with the requirements of the mediation program. Nothing in this section shall be construed to impact property tax and insurance obligations of a property owner related to any real property in the State.

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6. This act shall take effect immediately.

Ensures project deadline fairness, enhances transparency, and establishes foreclosure protection and mortgage relief program for certain Superstorm Sandy-impacted homeowners.

ASSEMBLY, No. 333

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

217th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2016 SESSION

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman TROY SINGLETON

District 7 (Burlington)

Assemblywoman ANNETTE QUIJANO

District 20 (Union)

Assemblyman RALPH R. CAPUTO

District 28 (Essex)

Assemblyman ADAM J. TALIAFERRO

District 3 (Cumberland, Gloucester and Salem)

Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblyman Holley

SYNOPSIS

Ensures fairness of project deadlines, enhances transparency, and creates foreclosure protections for Superstorm Sandy victims.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 2/19/2016)

1	AN ACT concerning Superstorm Sandy recovery, and amending and
2	supplementing P.L.2015, c.102.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 1. Section 2 of P.L.2015, c.102 **[,]** (C.52:15D-4) is amended to read as follows:
- 9 2. As used in P.L.2015, c.102 (C.52:15D-3 et seq.) , as amended and supplemented:
- "Agency" means the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1983, c.530 (C.55:14K-4).

"Applicant" means an individual or business that has applied for, is waiting for, or is receiving benefits under a recovery and rebuilding program, and shall include individuals who are awaiting the completion of a construction project using benefits received under a recovery and rebuilding program.

- 19 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Community 20 Affairs.
 - "Department" means the Department of Community Affairs.
- 22 <u>"Forbearance" means a period, ending November 1, 2018, during</u>
 23 <u>which obligations for mortgage and interest payments are</u>
 24 <u>suspended.</u>
 - "FRM" means the Fund for Restoration of Multifamily Housing.
 - "Qualified contractor pool" means a listing of contractors approved by the Department of Community Affairs participating in the RREM program.
 - "LMI" means Low-to-Moderate Income and the program for which policies and procedures have been adopted by the Department of Community Affairs.
- "Mortgage" means a mortgage, trust deed, or other security in
 the nature of a residential mortgage.
 - "Recovery and rebuilding program" means the use of funding provided by the federal government for the RREM and LMI programs, which are intended to help individuals rebuild and recover from Superstorm Sandy, the TBRA program, which is intended to assist renters in returning to and residing in areas impacted by Superstorm Sandy, and the FRM program, which is intended to assist developers in repairing or replacing rental housing units damaged or destroyed by Superstorm Sandy.
- "RREM" means Reconstruction, Rehabilitation, Elevation andMitigation.
- "Sandy-impacted homeowner" means a homeowner who, as of
 October 29, 2012, occupied a home as his or her primary residence
- 46 that, as a result of Superstorm Sandy, sustained:

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- 1 (1) damage of at least \$8,000, or
- (2) more than one foot of water on the first floor as determined
 by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.
- 4 <u>"Superstorm Sandy" means the major storm that made landfall in</u> 5 New Jersey on October 29, 2012.
 - "TBRA" means Tenant-Based Rental Assistance.
- 7 (cf: P.L.2015, c.102, s.2)

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- 9 2. Section 3 of P.L.2015, c.102 (C.52:15D-5) is amended to 10 read as follows:
- 3. Within 60 days of the effective date of [P.L.2015, c.102, (C.52:15D-3 et seq.)] P.L. c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the department shall:
 - a. Provide each applicant to the RREM and LMI program with a personal timeline setting forth a general estimation of the time in which an applicant can expect to receive assistance through the RREM program and LMI program and a reasonable estimate of when the applicant can expect completion of the project for which they have requested assistance, based upon the department's past experience administering funds through the RREM program and LMI program. The timeline shall track the process of applying for assistance from the RREM and LMI programs from the time an applicant files his or her application with the department through the completion of the project for which the applicant requested assistance, and shall include:
 - (1) When the applicant should expect to receive 50 percent of the RREM grant money that the department has awarded the applicant; and
 - (2) When the applicant should expect to receive 100 percent of the RREM and LMI grant money that the department has awarded the applicant.
 - b. Provide each applicant to the RREM program and LMI program with information about the status of his or her individual application, including:
 - (1) the date on which the department received the application;
 - (2) a list of all required documents or other verifications submitted by the applicant related to the application and the date on which the department received each document; and
 - (3) a list of all documents or other verifications which still need to be submitted by the applicant in order to complete the RREM application and LMI application and the date on which each item must be received.
 - c. Upon request from an applicant to the RREM program and LMI program appealing a decision to deny the applicant benefits under the program, provide to the applicant information about the status of his or her appeal, including:
 - (1) the date on which the applicant filed the appeal;

- 1 (2) all pending reviews of the appeal and the date of any upcoming hearings related to the appeal;
 - (3) the department's final determination, if one is made as of the date the request for information is fulfilled, or otherwise the date on which the applicant can expect that the department will make a final determination concerning the appeal; **[**and **]**
 - (4) a list of all documents related to the appeal and the date on which each document was filed <u>; and</u>
 - (5) an explanation of any decision to deny an application for aid, and an explanation of how to remedy the application, when possible, and continue the appeal process.
 - d. In the event the department denies an appeal by a RREM or LMI applicant, the department shall refer the applicant to a housing counselor who is certified by the federal Department of Housing and Urban Development or is part of a program established by the department to provide housing counseling to people impacted by Superstorm Sandy.
 - e. Extend the one-year deadline for completing a project following a RREM or LMI grant award date for any applicant who demonstrates that the delay is the result of:
 - (1) the non-performance or non-availability of the contractor, or
 - (2) delays by the department in approving the contractor associated with the project.
 - f. Maintain an appeals process for at least six months following the effective date of P.L. c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill), open to any applicant to the RREM program who submitted an initial application by the deadline of August 1, 2013, regardless of the reason the applicant had previously withdrawn, or been denied or removed from the application process.
- 31 (cf: P.L.2015, c.102, s.3)

- 33 3. Section 5 of P.L.2015, c.102 (C.52:15D-7) is amended to read as follows:
 - 5. a. Within 180 days of the effective date of P.L.2015, c.102 **[,]** (C.52:15D-3 et seq.), the department shall develop and maintain an Internet website or webpage providing information concerning recovery and rebuilding programs. At a minimum, the website shall:
 - (1) Allow an applicant to a recovery and rebuilding program to submit securely through the website a request for specific information on the current status of his or her application for assistance from a recovery and rebuilding program, to which the department shall respond by phone or by email within two business days.
- 46 (2) Provide a plain language explanation of every recovery and 47 rebuilding program, all requirements to apply for and receive

benefits, how to file appeals, and a description of the process
 necessary to correct any deficiency with an application.

- (3) Provide contact information for each builder in the qualified contractor pool, including each builder's telephone number and Internet website address, and identify any builders that have been removed from the qualified contractor pool.
- (4) Provide and update information regarding the expenditure of recovery and rebuilding program funds and related contracts on the Internet website on a monthly basis. A full and current explanation of the criteria and process by which recovery and rebuilding program applications are prioritized shall also appear on the website. Changes to program policy, information on new contractor awards, and the status of work performed pursuant to the contractor awards shall be posted on the Internet website.
- (5) Provide information on how all recovery and rebuilding program funding has been and will be allocated on the Internet website, including information about the allocation process for all rounds of funding distribution; and:
- (a) the total number of applications submitted for recovery and rebuilding program funding;
- (b) the number of applicants that have received 50 percent or more of the recovery and rebuilding program grant money that the department has awarded them;
- (c) the number of applicants that have received 100 percent of the recovery and rebuilding program grant money that the department has awarded them;
- (d) the number of applicants that have completed recovery and rebuilding program-funded construction or elevation projects in compliance with local, State, and federal building codes and regulations; and
- (e) the number of applicants that have received a final certificate of occupancy and grant closeout.
- b. The department shall develop and publish on the Internet website a description of how it developed the timelines for the disbursement of recovery and rebuilding program assistance developed pursuant to sections 3, 7, and 8 of P.L.2015, c.102 [,] (C.52:15D-3 et seq.). The department shall allow an applicant to request his or her individualized timeline for the disbursement of program funding, developed pursuant to sections 3, 7, and 8 of P.L.2015, c.102 [,] (C.52:15D-3 et seq.), through the website, to which the department shall respond by phone or by email within two business days.
- c. The department shall publish on the Internet website its quarterly goals for the disbursement of recovery and rebuilding program assistance developed pursuant to section 4 of P.L.2015, c.102 [,] (C.52:15D-3 et seq.).
- d. The department shall publish on the Internet website the commissioner's report on the use of Community Development

- 1 Block Grant Disaster Recovery funds and other funds that may be
- 2 available for similar purposes for interim assistance submitted to
- 3 the Governor and Legislature pursuant to section 6 of P.L.2015,
- 4 c.102 [,] (C.52:15D-3 et seq.).
- 5 e. In addition to publishing the information as required in
- 6 [subsections a. through d. of] this section, the department may
- 7 distribute the information by any other method it deems
- 8 appropriate.
- 9 <u>f. (1) By the first day of the sixth month next following</u>
- 10 enactment of P.L. c. (pending before the Legislature as this
- bill), the department shall publicly report:
- 12 (a) The reason for each application denial and wait-list
- 13 placement from the RREM, TBRA, and LMI programs since the
- 14 <u>beginning of the recovery effort;</u>
- 15 (b) After conducting a reasonable effort to contact withdrawn
- applicants, the reason for each withdrawal by an applicant from the
- 17 RREM, TBRA, and LMI programs since the beginning of the
- 18 recovery effort; and
- (c) Concerning application denials, wait-list placements, and
- 20 withdrawals from the RREM, TBRA, and LMI programs since the
- 21 <u>beginning</u> of the recovery effort, information on where the
- 22 <u>associated funding has been allocated.</u>
- 23 (2) On a quarterly basis, beginning with the enactment of
- 24 P.L. c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill), and
- 25 continuing through the end of 2018, the department shall publicly
- 26 report:
- 27 (a) The reason for each new application denial and wait-list
- 28 placement from the RREM, TBRA, and LMI programs;
- 29 (b) After conducting a reasonable effort to contact withdrawn
- 30 applicants, the reason for each new withdrawal by an applicant from
- 31 the RREM, TBRA, and LMI programs; and
- 32 (c) Concerning new application denials, wait-list placements,
- and withdrawals from the RREM, TBRA, and LMI programs,
- 34 <u>information on where the associated funding is instead being</u>
- 35 <u>allocated.</u>
- 36 (cf: P.L.2015, c.102, s.5)

45

- 38 4. Section 7 of P.L.2015, c.102 (C.52:15D-9) is amended to
- read as follows:
- 7. Within 60 days of the effective date of P.L.2015, c.102 [,]
- 41 (C.52:15D-3 et seq.), the department shall:
- a. Provide each applicant to the TBRA program with a timeline
- 43 setting forth a general estimation of the time in which an applicant
- can expect to receive assistance through the TBRA program, based
- 46 the TBRA program. The timeline shall track the process of

upon the department's past experience administering funds through

- 47 applying for assistance from the TBRA program from the time an
- 48 applicant files his or her application.

- b. Provide each applicant to the TBRA program with
 information about the status of his or her individual application,
 including;
 - (1) the date on which the department received the application;
 - (2) a list of all required documents or other verifications submitted by the applicant related to the application and the date on which the department received each document; and
 - (3) a list of all documents or other verifications which still need to be submitted by the applicant in order to complete the TBRA application and the date on which each item must be received.
 - c. Upon request from an applicant to the TBRA program appealing a decision to deny the applicant benefits under the program, provide to the applicant information about the status of his or her appeal, including:
 - (1) the date on which the applicant filed the appeal;
 - (2) all pending reviews of the appeal and the date of any upcoming hearings related to the appeal;
 - (3) the department's final determination, if one is made as of the date the request for information is fulfilled, or otherwise the date on which the applicant can expect that the department will make a final determination concerning the appeal; [and]
 - (4) a list of all documents related to the appeal and the date on which each document was filed; and
 - (5) an explanation for any decision to deny an application for aid, and, if eventual approval is still possible, an explanation for ways to remedy the application.
 - d. In the event the department denies an appeal by a TBRA applicant, the department shall refer the applicant to a housing counselor who is certified by the federal Department of Housing and Urban Development or is part of a program established by the department to provide housing counseling to people impacted by Superstorm Sandy.
- 33 (cf: P.L.2015, c.102, s.7)

- 5. (New section) a. A Sandy-impacted homeowner shall be eligible for a forbearance if payments due under a mortgage were current as of August 10, 2015, the effective date of P.L.2015, c.102 (C.52:15D-3 et seq.). The Sandy-impacted homeowner shall apply to the commissioner, on forms to be provided by the department, for a certification of eligibility for the forbearance under this subsection before the first day of the fifth month next following the effective date of P.L. , c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill). The commissioner shall approve or deny an application within 30 days of its delivery to the commissioner. If the application is not approved or denied within 30 days of its delivery the application
- approved or denied within 30 days of its delivery, the application shall be deemed approved.
- b. Notwithstanding the provisions of any law, rule, or regulation to the contrary, the repayment period of any mortgage

- subject to the forbearance established in subsection a. of this section shall be extended by the number of months the forbearance is in effect. During the time of the forbearance and during the period constituting an extension of the mortgage, the interest rate shall be the same rate as agreed upon in the original mortgage, and there shall be no fees assessed for the forbearance, or penalty for early repayment.
 - c. A Sandy-impacted homeowner who was the subject of a foreclosure proceeding as of August 10, 2015, the effective date of P.L.2015, c.102 (C.52:15D-3 et seq.) shall, upon good cause shown, be awarded, by the court and upon application by the property owner, a stay in the foreclosure proceedings until November 1, 2018. An application to the court by a property owner under this subsection shall be made before the first day of the fifth month next following the effective date of P.L. , c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
 - d. The commissioner shall notify as many Sandy-impacted homeowners as is reasonably possible of eligibility for a forbearance or stay of foreclosure proceedings prior to the first day of the second month next following effective date of P.L. , c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
 - e. Sandy-impacted homeowners awarded a stay of foreclosure proceedings or forbearance under this section shall be responsible for the maintenance of the property during the stay or period of forbearance. A stay of foreclosure proceedings or forbearance awarded under this section shall cease immediately upon a court's determination that the subject residential property has been abandoned by the Sandy-impacted homeowner.
 - f. Nothing in this section shall be construed as limiting the ability of a mortgagee and residential property owner to participate in a mediation sponsored by the Administrative Offices of the Court in accordance with the requirements of the mediation program. Nothing in this section shall be construed to impact property tax and insurance obligations of a property owner related to any real property in the State.

6. This act shall take effect immediately.

STATEMENT

This bill ensures the fairness of project deadlines, enhances transparency, and creates foreclosure protections for Superstorm Sandy victims.

The bill requires the Department of Community Affairs ("DCA") to extend the deadline for project completion following a RREM or LMI grant award date for any applicant who demonstrates that the

delay has resulted from certain faults of the builder, or delays by DCA in approving the builder associated with the project.

Upon any decision to deny an application for aid under either the TBRA, LMI, or RREM program, this bill requires DCA to provide the applicant with an explanation for the denial, and an explanation for ways to remedy the application. The bill gives DCA the responsibility to publicly report the reason for each application denial, wait-list placement, and withdrawal from the RREM, TBRA, and LMI programs since the beginning of the recovery effort, and to report the reasons for new denials, wait-list placements, and withdrawals on a quarterly basis through 2018. Concerning withdrawn applications, the public requirements shall apply only after DCA has conducted a reasonable effort to contact the withdrawn applicant.

The bill also requires DCA to publicly report on where all funding associated with application denials, wait-list placements, and withdrawals has instead been allocated. The bill applies this requirement to all application denials, wait-list placements, and withdrawals since the beginning of the recovery effort, and requires ongoing reporting on a quarterly basis through the end of 2018.

The bill requires DCA to maintain a RREM appeals process for at least six months following the bill's effective date. The appeals process shall be open to any applicant to the RREM program who submitted an initial application by the deadline of August 1, 2013, regardless of the reason the applicant had been denied or removed from the application process.

Finally, in order to address the economic crisis that many families continue to experience as a result of Superstorm Sandy, this bill offers temporary protections against foreclosure to certain Sandy victims. Under the bill, homeowners who are not in foreclosure, and who sustained at least \$8,000 worth of damage, or over one foot of water on the first floor as a result of the storm, will be authorized to apply to DCA for a certificate of eligibility for mortgage forbearance. The forbearance would establish a time period, ending November 1, 2018, during which the homeowner would not be responsible for mortgage payments. The term of the mortgage would automatically extend, under the same terms, for the number of months the mortgage is in forbearance.

Homeowners who are already in foreclosure litigation, and sustained at least \$8,000 worth of damage, or over one foot of water on the first floor as a result of the storm, will be authorized to apply to the court for a stay of proceedings, also to end November 1, 2018.

Any homeowner who is awarded a forbearance or a stay of foreclosure proceedings will continue to be responsible for property taxes, insurance, and general property maintenance.

ASSEMBLY HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 333

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: FEBRUARY 22, 2016

The Assembly Housing and Community Development Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Assembly Bill No. 333.

As amended by the committee, this bill ensures the fairness of project deadlines, enhances transparency, and creates foreclosure protections for Superstorm Sandy victims.

The bill requires the Department of Community Affairs ("DCA") to extend the deadline for project completion following a Reconstruction, Rehabilitation, Elevation and Mitigation ("RREM") or Low-to-Moderate Income ("LMI") program grant award date for any applicant who demonstrates that the delay has resulted from certain faults of the builder, or delays by DCA in approving the builder associated with the project.

Upon any decision to deny an application for aid under either the Tenant-Based Rental Assistance ("TBRA"), LMI, or RREM program, this bill requires DCA to provide the applicant with an explanation for the denial, and an explanation for ways to remedy the application. The bill gives DCA the responsibility to publicly report the reason for each application denial, wait-list placement, and withdrawal from the RREM, TBRA, and LMI programs since the beginning of the recovery effort, and to report the reasons for new denials, wait-list placements, and withdrawals on a quarterly basis through 2018. Concerning withdrawn applications, the public reporting requirements shall apply only after DCA has conducted a reasonable effort to contact the withdrawn applicant.

The bill also requires DCA to publicly report on where all funding associated with application denials, wait-list placements, and withdrawals has instead been allocated. The bill applies this requirement to all application denials, wait-list placements, and withdrawals since the beginning of the recovery effort, and requires ongoing reporting on a quarterly basis through the end of 2018.

The bill requires DCA to maintain a RREM appeals process for at least six months following the bill's effective date. The appeals process shall be open to any applicant to the RREM program who

submitted an initial application by the deadline of August 1, 2013, regardless of the reason the applicant had been denied or removed from the application process.

Finally, as amended, in order to address the economic crisis that many families continue to experience as a result of Superstorm Sandy, this bill offers temporary protections against foreclosure to certain Sandy victims. Under the bill, homeowners who are not in foreclosure, and who sustained at least \$8,000 worth of damage, or over one foot of water on the first floor as a result of the storm, will be authorized to apply to DCA for a certificate of eligibility for mortgage forbearance. The forbearance would establish a time period, ending November 1, 2018, during which the homeowner would not be responsible for principal or interest payments on the mortgage. The term of the mortgage would automatically extend, under the same terms, for the number of months the mortgage is in forbearance.

As amended, homeowners who are already in foreclosure litigation, and sustained at least \$8,000 worth of damage, or over one foot of water on the first floor as a result of the storm, as determined by RREM and LMI program procedures, will be authorized to apply to the court for a stay of proceedings, also to end November 1, 2018.

As amended, any homeowner who is awarded a forbearance or a stay of foreclosure proceedings will continue to be responsible for property taxes, insurance, and general property maintenance. So long as the homeowner is first offered sufficient notice, a forbearance may be terminated upon a court determination that the homeowner has abandoned the property.

This bill was pre-filed for introduction in the 2016-2017 session pending technical review. As reported, the bill includes the changes required by technical review, which has been performed.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

These committee amendments accomplish the following:

- Amend section 1 to allow RREM and LMI program procedures, instead of FEMA decisions, to determine the water height necessary for a homeowner to qualify as a "Sandyimpacted homeowner," and thereby obtain eligibility for a mortgage forbearance;
- Amend subsection b. of section 5 to clarify that Sandyimpacted homeowners will not be responsible for principal or interest payments during the forbearance period, and that other terms and conditions of the original mortgage, except with regard to default and delinquency, will continue without modification; and
- Amend subsection e. of section 5 to ensure that the Sandyimpacted homeowner is given sufficient notice prior to any proceeding that may result in mortgage forbearance termination due to property abandonment.

SENATE COMMUNITY AND URBAN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[Second Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 333

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: OCTOBER 13, 2016

The Senate Community and Urban Affairs Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 333 (2R).

As previously amended in the General Assembly, this bill ensures the fairness of project deadlines, enhances transparency, and creates foreclosure protections for Superstorm Sandy victims.

The bill requires the Department of Community Affairs ("DCA") to extend the deadline for project completion following a Reconstruction, Rehabilitation, Elevation and Mitigation ("RREM") or Low-to-Moderate Income ("LMI") program grant award date for any applicant who demonstrates that the delay has resulted from certain faults of the builder, or delays by DCA in approving the builder associated with the project.

Upon any decision to deny an application for aid under either the Tenant-Based Rental Assistance ("TBRA"), LMI, or RREM program, this bill requires DCA to provide the applicant with an explanation for the denial and an explanation for ways to remedy the application. The bill gives DCA the responsibility to publicly report the reason for each application denial, wait-list placement, and withdrawal from the RREM, TBRA, and LMI programs since the beginning of the recovery effort, and to report the reasons for new denials, wait-list placements, and withdrawals on a quarterly basis through 2018. Concerning withdrawn applications, the public reporting requirements shall apply only after DCA has conducted a reasonable effort to contact the withdrawn applicant.

The bill also requires DCA to publicly report on where all funding associated with application denials, wait-list placements, and withdrawals has instead been allocated. The bill applies this requirement to all application denials, wait-list placements, and withdrawals since the beginning of the recovery effort, and requires ongoing reporting on a quarterly basis through the end of 2018.

The bill requires DCA to maintain a RREM appeals process for at least six months following the bill's effective date. The appeals process shall be open to any applicant to the RREM program who submitted an initial application by the deadline of August 1, 2013, regardless of the reason the applicant had been denied or removed from the application process.

Finally, in order to address the economic crisis that many families continue to experience as a result of Superstorm Sandy, this bill offers temporary protections against foreclosure to certain Sandy victims.

Any homeowner who is awarded a forbearance or a stay of foreclosure proceedings will continue to be responsible for property taxes, insurance, and general property maintenance. So long as the homeowner is first offered sufficient notice, a forbearance may be terminated upon a court determination that the homeowner has abandoned the property.

SENATE BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[Second Reprint] **ASSEMBLY, No. 333**

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: NOVEMBER 3, 2016

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 333 (2R).

This bill ensures the fairness of project deadlines, enhances transparency, and creates foreclosure protections for Superstorm Sandy victims.

The bill requires the Department of Community Affairs ("DCA") to extend the deadline for project completion following a Reconstruction, Rehabilitation, Elevation and Mitigation ("RREM") or Low-to-Moderate Income ("LMI") program grant award date for any applicant who demonstrates that the delay has resulted from certain faults of the builder, or delays by DCA in approving the builder associated with the project.

Upon any decision to deny an application for aid under either the Tenant-Based Rental Assistance ("TBRA"), LMI, or RREM program, this bill requires DCA to provide the applicant with an explanation for the denial and an explanation for ways to remedy the application. The bill gives DCA the responsibility to publicly report the reason for each application denial, wait-list placement, and withdrawal from the RREM, TBRA, and LMI programs since the beginning of the recovery effort, and to report the reasons for new denials, wait-list placements, and withdrawals on a quarterly basis through 2018. Concerning withdrawn applications, the public reporting requirements shall apply only after DCA has conducted a reasonable effort to contact the withdrawn applicant.

The bill also requires DCA to publicly report on where all funding associated with application denials, wait-list placements, and withdrawals has instead been allocated. The bill applies this requirement to all application denials, wait-list placements, and withdrawals since the beginning of the recovery effort, and requires ongoing reporting on a quarterly basis through the end of 2018.

The bill requires DCA to maintain a RREM appeals process for at least six months following the bill's effective date. The appeals process shall be open to any applicant to the RREM program who submitted an initial application by the deadline of August 1, 2013, regardless of the reason the applicant had been denied or removed from the application process.

Finally, in order to address the economic crisis that many families continue to experience as a result of Superstorm Sandy, this bill offers temporary protections against foreclosure to certain Sandy victims.

Any homeowner who is awarded a forbearance or a stay of foreclosure proceedings will continue to be responsible for property taxes, insurance, and general property maintenance. So long as the homeowner is first offered sufficient notice, a forbearance may be terminated upon a court determination that the homeowner has abandoned the property.

As reported, this bill is identical to Senate Bill No. 2300 (1R) as also reported by the committee.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The Office of Legislative Services has determined that the bill would have an indeterminate impact on State finances. The State may incur additional expenditures with new reporting and notification requirements established by the bill. The State maintains several websites through which it provides a wide array of information concerning recovery and rebuilding programs and policies. The DCA could post any new reports required by the bill on any of these websites. Changes to the pace at which LMI and RREM funds are expended will not affect State revenues and expenditures.

The bill allows Sandy-impacted homeowners to apply for mortgage forbearance and, if their property is in foreclosure, a stay of foreclosure proceedings. Approximately 70,000 households would be eligible to apply for mortgage forbearance and a stay of foreclosure proceedings (7,995 eligible LMI and RREM participants and 61,441 recipients of FEMA housing assistance). The OLS cannot predict how many homeowners will apply for mortgage forbearance or a stay of foreclosure proceedings. The potential number of applicants represents a projection of the total number of applications that would be eligible to apply for mortgage forbearance and a stay of foreclosure proceedings. It is not an estimate of the number of Sandy-impacted homeowners that will apply for mortgage relief or be approved for mortgage relief by either the Commissioner of Community Affairs or the Judiciary.

It is possible that a homeowner could receive mortgage forbearance until July 1, 2019. This period of protection against the sale, foreclosure, or seizure of a property will allow mortgage loans issued by the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Company (NJHMFA) to go unpaid for about two years. If the NJHMFA receives insufficient mortgage payments for the purpose of servicing related mortgage revenue bonds, it will be required to use other funds to make scheduled mortgage payments. Any additional funds expended by the NJHMFA may be recovered as mortgagors (borrowers) become current in their payments or the property is sold through the foreclosure process.

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] ASSEMBLY No. 333

with Assembly Floor Amendments (Proposed by Assemblyman SINGLETON)

ADOPTED: JUNE 27, 2016

These Assembly amendments narrow the potential field of applicants for a mortgage obligation forbearance or stay of foreclosure proceedings permitted under the bill to homeowners who have either been approved for assistance through the RREM or LMI program, or have received rental assistance from FEMA as a result of damage to their primary residence due to Superstorm Sandy. Previously, the bill had allowed this relief to homeowners who sustained at least \$8,000 worth of damage, or over one foot of water on the first floor as a result of the storm, as determined by RREM and LMI program procedures.

These amendments also change the timeframe of the mortgage obligation forbearance and stay of foreclosure proceedings to the earlier of:

- the end of one year following issuance of a certificate of occupancy for recovery and rebuilding program work;
- July 1, 2019; or
- regarding a property in foreclosure proceedings, upon the expiration of 10 days following sheriff's sale.

Previously, the bill permitted this relief to be available until November 1, 2018. The amendments also replace a five-month deadline from the bill's enactment to apply for the forbearance with a three-month deadline from application availability. With respect to applications for a stay of foreclosure proceedings, the amendments retain the five-month deadline, but permit the courts to extend this timeframe in their discretion.

These amendments also allow Sandy-impacted homeowners who are already in foreclosure to apply for the same forbearance relief that the bill permits other Sandy-impacted homeowners to apply for, in addition to the stay of foreclosure proceedings. This allows Sandy-impacted homeowners in foreclosure to pause the obligation to make monthly mortgage payments, thus limiting growth in the amount necessary for the homeowner to redeem the property and remain in the home.

These amendments clarify that the receipt of rental assistance from the Federal Emergency Management Agency as a result of damage to the homeowner's primary residence due to Superstorm Sandy, or approval for assistance through the RREM or LMI program, shall constitute good cause for the award of a stay of foreclosure proceedings under the bill. These amendments also enhance the bill's notification requirements. As amended, by the first day of the second month next following the bill's enactment, in addition to notifying as many Sandy-impacted homeowners as is reasonably possible of eligibility for a forbearance or stay of foreclosure proceedings DCA is also responsible for:

- posting information on eligibility and the application process for the forbearance and stay of foreclosure proceedings, and make forbearance applications available, on its Internet website;
- notifying the courts of what individuals and associated properties are eligible for a forbearance or stay of foreclosure proceedings; and
- to the greatest extent reasonably possible, notifying the State's active mortgage lenders of what individuals and associated properties are eligible for a forbearance or stay of foreclosure proceedings.

The amendments also require that, upon knowledge of a homeowner's eligibility for a forbearance or stay of foreclosure proceedings, the mortgage lender shall notify the homeowner and the courts. Additionally, upon approval of a forbearance application, the amendments require DCA to notify the applicant, the mortgage lender, and the courts.

Finally, these amendments make technical corrections to subsection e. of section 5 of the bill.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[Second Reprint]

ASSEMBLY, No. 333 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 217th LEGISLATURE

DATED: JULY 11, 2016

SUMMARY

Synopsis: Ensures project deadline fairness, enhances transparency, and

establishes foreclosure protection and mortgage relief program for

certain Superstorm Sandy-impacted homeowners.

Type of Impact: Indeterminate impact on State finances.

Agencies Affected: Department of Community Affairs, New Jersey Housing and

Mortgage Finance Agency (NJHMFA) and the Judiciary

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
State Cost	Indeterminate Impact – See comments below		

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) has determined that the enactment of Assembly Bill No. 333 (2R) would have an indeterminate impact on State finances. The State may incur additional expenditures associated with new reporting and notification requirements established by the bill.
- Approximately 70,000 homeowners would become eligible to apply for mortgage forbearance or a stay of foreclosure proceedings. Information on the number of primary residences in foreclosure that are owned by Sandy-impacted homeowners is not available at this time.
- If the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency (NJHMFA) receives insufficient mortgage payments for the purpose of servicing related mortgage revenue bonds, it will be required to use other funds to make scheduled mortgage payments. Any additional funds expended by the NJHMFA may be recovered as mortgagors (borrowers) become current in their payments or if the property is sold through the foreclosure process.

BILL DESCRIPTION

Assembly Bill No. 333 (2R) of 2016 amends current laws governing the expenditure of federal Community Development Block Grant-Disaster Recovery (CDBG-DR) funds awarded to



New Jersey following Superstorm Sandy and establishes a mortgage relief program for certain Superstorm Sandy-impacted homeowners. The bill requires the Department of Community Affairs (DCA) to extend the deadline for project completion following a Reconstruction, Rehabilitation, Elevation, and Mitigation Program (RREM) or Low-to-Moderate Income Homeowners Rebuilding Program (LMI) grant award date for any applicant who demonstrates that the delay has result from certain faults of the builder or delays by the DCA in approving the builder associated with the project. The bill also requires the DCA to provide any applicant denied aid under the LMI, RREM, and Tenant-Based Rental Assistance (TBRA) with an explanation for the denial of assistance and an explanation of how their application may remedied.

The bill requires the DCA to report the reason for each application denial, wait-list placement, and withdrawal from LMI, RREM, and TBRA since the beginning of the State's recovery efforts, and to report the reasons for new denials, wait-list placements, and withdrawals on a quarterly basis through 2018. The public reporting requirements for program withdrawals apply only after the DCA has conducted a reasonable effort to contact the withdrawn applicant. The bill requires the DCA to publicly report, on a quarterly basis through 2018, where all funding associated with application denials, wait-list placements, and withdrawals since the beginning of the recovery effort has instead been allocated. The bill requires the DCA to maintain a RREM appeals process for at least six months following the bill's effective date. The appeals process is open to any application who submitted an initial application by the deadline of August 1, 2013, regardless of the reason the applicant had been denied or removed from the application process.

The bill also offers temporary protections against foreclosure to certain Superstorm Sandy victims. Homeowners who have either been approved for assistance through the RREM or LMI programs or have received rental assistance through the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) as result of damage to their primary residence due to Superstorm Sandy may apply to the DCA for a certificate of eligibility for mortgage forbearance. Mortgage forbearance applications must be filed no later than three months after the application is made available by the Commissioner of Community Affairs. An application must be approved or denied within 30 days of its delivery to the commissioner. If no action is taken within the 30-day approval period, the application is deemed approved. The forbearance period concludes upon the earlier of: (1) the conclusion of one year following the issuance of a certificate of occupancy for recovery and rebuilding program work; (2) July 1, 2019; or (3) regarding a property in foreclosure proceedings, upon the expiration of 10 days following sheriff's sale.

The amended bill allows Sandy-impacted homeowners who are already in foreclosure to apply for the same mortgage forbearance relief in addition to a stay of the foreclosure proceedings. The bill provides that the receipt of rental assistance from FEMA or assistance through the LMI and RREM programs constitutes good cause for the award of a stay of foreclosure proceedings. The stay concludes upon the earlier of: (1) the conclusion of one year following issuance of a certificate of occupancy for recovery and rebuilding program work or (2) July 1, 2019. The bill requires the DCA to notify as many Sandy-impacted homeowners as reasonably possible of their eligibility to apply for mortgage forbearance or a stay of foreclosure proceedings.

Finally, the bill requires the DCA to post information on eligibility and the application process for the forbearance and stay of foreclosure proceedings, and make forbearance applications available on its Internet website, and also notify the courts and the State's active mortgage lenders of which individuals and associated properties are eligible for forbearance or stay of foreclosure proceedings. Any homeowner who is awarded forbearance or a stay of foreclosure proceedings is responsible for the payment of property taxes and insurance and

general property maintenance. So long as the homeowner is first offered sufficient notice, forbearance may be terminated upon a court determination that the homeowner has abandoned the property.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS has determined that the enactment of Assembly Bill No. 333 (2R) would have an indeterminate impact on State finances. The State may incur additional expenditures associated with new reporting and notification requirements established by the bill. The State maintains several websites through which it provides a wide array of information concerning recovery and rebuilding programs and policies. The DCA could post any new reports required by the bill on any of these websites. Changes to the pace at which LMI and RREM funds are expended will not affect State revenues and expenditures. New Jersey has allocated \$1.462 billion in CDBG-DR funds (35 percent of the State's total award) to the LMI, RREM, and TBRA programs; of that amount, \$1.028 billion has been expended. The OLS notes that federal regulations require all CDBG-DR to be committed by September 30, 2017 and expended by September 30, 2019. According to program expenditure forecasts available through the www.renewjerseystronger.org, all LMI, RREM, and TBRA funds will be expended by the end of Fiscal Year 2018 (June 30, 2018).

The OLS notes that the bill requires the DCA to re-open the RREM appeals process for a period of at least six months following the effective date of the bill. The appeals process would be open to any RREM Program applicant who submitted an application for assistance by August 1, 2013, regardless of the reason the applicant had withdrawn, was denied RREM assistance, or was removed from the program. The RREM Program Guidelines required applicants to appeal their ineligibility determination in writing within 30 days of receipt of their ineligibility letter. The State provided a second appeal period in February and March of 2014 for those applicants who were deemed ineligible for RREM assistance but did not file an appeal within 30 days of receipt of their ineligibility determination. During the Fiscal Year 2017 budget process, the DCA indicated that 7,623 RREM applicants have withdrawn from the program or were determined to be ineligible for assistance.

The bill allows Sandy-impacted homeowners to apply for mortgage forbearance and, if their property is in foreclosure, a stay of foreclosure proceedings. Assembly Bill No. 333 (2R) defines a "Sandy-impacted homeowner" as a homeowner who either received rental assistance from FEMA due to damage to their primary residence caused by Superstorm Sandy or has been approved for assistance through the LLMI or RREM programs. Approximately 70,000 households would be eligible to apply for mortgage forbearance and a stay of foreclosure proceedings (8,044 eligible LMI and RREM participants and 61,441 recipients of FEMA housing assistance). The OLS cannot predict how many homeowners will apply for mortgage forbearance or a stay of foreclosure proceedings.

If Assembly Bill No. 333 (2R) is enacted into law, it is possible that a homeowner could receive mortgage forbearance until July 1, 2019. This period of protection against the sale,

foreclosure, or seizure of a property will allow mortgage loans issued by the NJHMFA to go unpaid for about two years. NJHMFA projects are usually supported by mortgage revenue bonds. Mortgage revenue bonds are secured by mortgages and mortgage loan repayments on single-family homes. Either all, or a portion of, the principal and interest payments on a home mortgage is used to make payments to NJHMFA bondholders. If the mortgage payments are not sufficient to fully fund those amounts owed to bondholders, the NJHMFA would be required to use other moneys (such as surplus, funds designated for other programs, or funds held in a debt service reserve) to make scheduled bond payments. Any additional funds expended by the NJHMFA may be recovered as mortgagors become current in their payments or if their property is sold through the foreclosure process. The mortgage forbearance period proposed by the bill could provide certain borrowers sufficient time to address financial concerns and avoid the foreclosure process.

Section: Local Government

Analyst: Scott A. Brodsky

Senior Fiscal Analyst

Approved: Frank W. Haines III

Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

SENATE, No. 2300

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

217th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JUNE 6, 2016

Sponsored by: Senator BRIAN P. STACK District 33 (Hudson) Senator JENNIFER BECK District 11 (Monmouth)

SYNOPSIS

Ensures fairness of project deadlines, enhances transparency, and creates foreclosure protections for Superstorm Sandy victims.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 10/14/2016)

1	AN ACT concerning Superstorm Sandy recovery, and amending and
2	supplementing P.L.2015, c.102.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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- 7 1. Section 2 of P.L.2015, c.102 [,] (C.52:15D-4) is amended to 8 read as follows:
- 9 2. As used in P.L.2015, c.102 (C.52:15D-3 et seq.), as amended and supplemented:
- "Agency" means the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1983, c.530 (C.55:14K-4).
 - "Applicant" means an individual or business that has applied for, is waiting for, or is receiving benefits under a recovery and rebuilding program, and shall include individuals who are awaiting the completion of a construction project using benefits received under a recovery and rebuilding program.
- 19 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Community 20 Affairs.
- 21 "Department" means the Department of Community Affairs.
 - "Forbearance" means a period, ending November 1, 2018, during which obligations for mortgage and interest payments are suspended.
 - "FRM" means the Fund for Restoration of Multifamily Housing.
 - "Qualified contractor pool" means a listing of contractors approved by the Department of Community Affairs participating in the RREM program.
 - "LMI" means Low-to-Moderate Income and the program for which policies and procedures have been adopted by the Department of Community Affairs.
- "Mortgage" means a mortgage, trust deed, or other security inthe nature of a residential mortgage.
 - "Recovery and rebuilding program" means the use of funding provided by the federal government for the RREM and LMI programs, which are intended to help individuals rebuild and recover from Superstorm Sandy, the TBRA program, which is intended to assist renters in returning to and residing in areas impacted by Superstorm Sandy, and the FRM program, which is intended to assist developers in repairing or replacing rental housing units damaged or destroyed by Superstorm Sandy.
- 42 "RREM" means Reconstruction, Rehabilitation, Elevation and 43 Mitigation.

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- "Sandy-impacted homeowner" means a homeowner who, as of
 October 29, 2012, occupied a home as his or her primary residence
 that, as a result of Superstorm Sandy, sustained:
 - (1) damage of at least \$8,000, or
- 5 (2) more than one foot of water on the first floor as determined 6 pursuant to the applicable RREM and LMI policies and procedures.
 - "Superstorm Sandy" means the major storm that made landfall in New Jersey on October 29, 2012.
 - "TBRA" means Tenant-Based Rental Assistance.
- 10 (cf: P.L.2015, c.102, s.2)

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- 2. Section 3 of P.L.2015, c.102 (C.52:15D-5) is amended to read as follows:
- 3. Within 60 days of the effective date of [P.L.2015, c.102, (C.52:15D-3 et seq.)] P.L. c. (pending before the Legislature as
- 16 <u>this bill</u>), the department shall:
- a. Provide each applicant to the RREM and LMI program with 17 a personal timeline setting forth a general estimation of the time in 18 19 which an applicant can expect to receive assistance through the 20 RREM program and LMI program and a reasonable estimate of 21 when the applicant can expect completion of the project for which 22 they have requested assistance, based upon the department's past 23 experience administering funds through the RREM program and 24 LMI program. The timeline shall track the process of applying for 25 assistance from the RREM and LMI programs from the time an 26 applicant files his or her application with the department through 27 the completion of the project for which the applicant requested assistance, and shall include: 28
 - (1) When the applicant should expect to receive 50 percent of the RREM grant money that the department has awarded the applicant; and
 - (2) When the applicant should expect to receive 100 percent of the RREM and LMI grant money that the department has awarded the applicant.
 - b. Provide each applicant to the RREM program and LMI program with information about the status of his or her individual application, including:
 - (1) the date on which the department received the application;
 - (2) a list of all required documents or other verifications submitted by the applicant related to the application and the date on which the department received each document; and
 - (3) a list of all documents or other verifications which still need to be submitted by the applicant in order to complete the RREM application and LMI application and the date on which each item must be received.
- 46 c. Upon request from an applicant to the RREM program and 47 LMI program appealing a decision to deny the applicant benefits

1 under the program, provide to the applicant information about the 2 status of his or her appeal, including:

(1) the date on which the applicant filed the appeal;

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- (2) all pending reviews of the appeal and the date of any upcoming hearings related to the appeal;
- (3) the department's final determination, if one is made as of the date the request for information is fulfilled, or otherwise the date on which the applicant can expect that the department will make a final determination concerning the appeal; [and]
- (4) a list of all documents related to the appeal and the date on which each document was filed; and
- (5) an explanation of any decision to deny an application for aid, and an explanation of how to remedy the application, when possible, and continue the appeal process.
- d. In the event the department denies an appeal by a RREM or LMI applicant, the department shall refer the applicant to a housing counselor who is certified by the federal Department of Housing and Urban Development or is part of a program established by the department to provide housing counseling to people impacted by Superstorm Sandy.
- e. Extend the one-year deadline for completing a project following a RREM or LMI grant award date for any applicant who demonstrates that the delay is the result of:
 - (1) the non-performance or non-availability of the contractor, or
- (2) delays by the department in approving the contractor associated with the project.
- f. Maintain an appeals process for at least six months following the effective date of P.L. c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill), open to any applicant to the RREM program who submitted an initial application by the deadline of August 1, 2013, regardless of the reason the applicant had
- 32 previously withdrawn, or been denied or removed from the 33 application process.
- 34 (cf: P.L.2015, c.102, s.3)

- 36 3. Section 5 of P.L.2015, c.102 (C.52:15D-7) is amended to 37
 - 5. a. Within 180 days of the effective date of P.L.2015, c.102 [,] (C.52:15D-3 et seq.), the department shall develop and maintain an Internet website or webpage providing information concerning recovery and rebuilding programs. At a minimum, the website shall:
- 43 (1) Allow an applicant to a recovery and rebuilding program to 44 submit securely through the website a request for specific 45 information on the current status of his or her application for 46 assistance from a recovery and rebuilding program, to which the 47 department shall respond by phone or by email within two business 48 days.

(2) Provide a plain language explanation of every recovery and rebuilding program, all requirements to apply for and receive benefits, how to file appeals, and a description of the process necessary to correct any deficiency with an application.

- (3) Provide contact information for each builder in the qualified contractor pool, including each builder's telephone number and Internet website address, and identify any builders that have been removed from the qualified contractor pool.
- (4) Provide and update information regarding the expenditure of recovery and rebuilding program funds and related contracts on the Internet website on a monthly basis. A full and current explanation of the criteria and process by which recovery and rebuilding program applications are prioritized shall also appear on the website. Changes to program policy, information on new contractor awards, and the status of work performed pursuant to the contractor awards shall be posted on the Internet website.
- (5) Provide information on how all recovery and rebuilding program funding has been and will be allocated on the Internet website, including information about the allocation process for all rounds of funding distribution; and:
- (a) the total number of applications submitted for recovery and rebuilding program funding;
- (b) the number of applicants that have received 50 percent or more of the recovery and rebuilding program grant money that the department has awarded them;
- (c) the number of applicants that have received 100 percent of the recovery and rebuilding program grant money that the department has awarded them;
- (d) the number of applicants that have completed recovery and rebuilding program-funded construction or elevation projects in compliance with local, State, and federal building codes and regulations; and
- (e) the number of applicants that have received a final certificate of occupancy and grant closeout.
- b. The department shall develop and publish on the Internet website a description of how it developed the timelines for the disbursement of recovery and rebuilding program assistance developed pursuant to sections 3, 7, and 8 of P.L.2015, c.102 [,] (C.52:15D-3 et seq.). The department shall allow an applicant to request his or her individualized timeline for the disbursement of program funding, developed pursuant to sections 3, 7, and 8 of P.L.2015, c.102 [,] (C.52:15D-3 et seq.), through the website, to which the department shall respond by phone or by email within two business days.
- c. The department shall publish on the Internet website its quarterly goals for the disbursement of recovery and rebuilding program assistance developed pursuant to section 4 of P.L.2015, c.102 [,] (C.52:15D-3 et seq.).

- 1 d. The department shall publish on the Internet website the
- 2 commissioner's report on the use of Community Development
- 3 Block Grant Disaster Recovery funds and other funds that may be
- 4 available for similar purposes for interim assistance submitted to
- 5 the Governor and Legislature pursuant to section 6 of P.L.2015,
- 6 c.102 **[**,**]** (C.52:15D-3 et seq.).
- 7 e. In addition to publishing the information as required in
- 8 [subsections a. through d. of] this section, the department may
- 9 distribute the information by any other method it deems
- 10 appropriate.
- 11 f. (1) By the first day of the sixth month next following
- 12 <u>enactment of P.L.</u> c. (pending before the Legislature as this
- bill), the department shall publicly report:
- 14 (a) The reason for each application denial and wait-list
- 15 placement from the RREM, TBRA, and LMI programs since the
- beginning of the recovery effort;
- 17 (b) After conducting a reasonable effort to contact withdrawn
- applicants, the reason for each withdrawal by an applicant from the
- 19 RREM, TBRA, and LMI programs since the beginning of the
- 20 recovery effort; and
- 21 (c) Concerning application denials, wait-list placements, and
- 22 withdrawals from the RREM, TBRA, and LMI programs since the
- 23 <u>beginning of the recovery effort, information on where the</u>
- 24 <u>associated funding has been allocated.</u>
- 25 (2) On a quarterly basis, beginning with the enactment of
- 26 P.L. c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill), and
- 27 continuing through the end of 2018, the department shall publicly
- 28 report:
- 29 (a) The reason for each new application denial and wait-list
- 30 placement from the RREM, TBRA, and LMI programs;
- 31 (b) After conducting a reasonable effort to contact withdrawn
- 32 applicants, the reason for each new withdrawal by an applicant from
- 33 the RREM, TBRA, and LMI programs; and
- 34 (c) Concerning new application denials, wait-list placements,
- 35 and withdrawals from the RREM, TBRA, and LMI programs,
- 36 information on where the associated funding is instead being
- 37 allocated.
- 38 (cf: P.L.2015, c.102, s.5)

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- 40 4. Section 7 of P.L.2015, c.102 (C.52:15D-9) is amended to 41 read as follows:
- 7. Within 60 days of the effective date of P.L.2015, c.102 [,]
- 43 (C.52:15D-3 et seq.), the department shall:
- a. Provide each applicant to the TBRA program with a timeline
- setting forth a general estimation of the time in which an applicant
- 46 can expect to receive assistance through the TBRA program, based
- 47 upon the department's past experience administering funds through
- 48 the TBRA program. The timeline shall track the process of

applying for assistance from the TBRA program from the time an applicant files his or her application.

- b. Provide each applicant to the TBRA program with information about the status of his or her individual application, including;
 - (1) the date on which the department received the application;
- (2) a list of all required documents or other verifications submitted by the applicant related to the application and the date on which the department received each document; and
- (3) a list of all documents or other verifications which still need to be submitted by the applicant in order to complete the TBRA application and the date on which each item must be received.
- c. Upon request from an applicant to the TBRA program appealing a decision to deny the applicant benefits under the program, provide to the applicant information about the status of his or her appeal, including:
 - (1) the date on which the applicant filed the appeal;
- (2) all pending reviews of the appeal and the date of any upcoming hearings related to the appeal;
- (3) the department's final determination, if one is made as of the date the request for information is fulfilled, or otherwise the date on which the applicant can expect that the department will make a final determination concerning the appeal; **[**and **]**
- (4) a list of all documents related to the appeal and the date on which each document was filed ; and
- (5) an explanation for any decision to deny an application for aid, and, if eventual approval is still possible, an explanation for ways to remedy the application.
- d. In the event the department denies an appeal by a TBRA applicant, the department shall refer the applicant to a housing counselor who is certified by the federal Department of Housing and Urban Development or is part of a program established by the department to provide housing counseling to people impacted by Superstorm Sandy.
- 35 (cf: P.L.2015, c.102, s.7)

5. (New section) a. A Sandy-impacted homeowner shall be eligible for a forbearance if payments due under a mortgage were current as of August 10, 2015, the effective date of P.L.2015, c.102 (C.52:15D-3 et seq.). The Sandy-impacted homeowner shall apply to the commissioner, on forms to be provided by the department, for a certification of eligibility for the forbearance under this subsection before the first day of the fifth month next following the effective date of P.L. , c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill). The commissioner shall approve or deny an application within 30 days of its delivery to the commissioner. If the application is not approved or denied within 30 days of its delivery, the application shall be deemed approved.

- b. Notwithstanding the provisions of any law, rule, or 2 regulation to the contrary, the repayment period of any mortgage subject to the forbearance established in subsection a. of this section 4 shall be extended by the number of months the forbearance is in effect. During the time of the forbearance and during the period constituting an extension of the mortgage, all terms and conditions 7 of the original mortgage, except with regard to default and forbearance, delinquency during shall continue without 9 modification, and there shall be no fees assessed for the 10 forbearance, or penalty for early repayment.
 - c. A Sandy-impacted homeowner who was the subject of a foreclosure proceeding as of August 10, 2015, the effective date of P.L.2015, c.102 (C.52:15D-3 et seq.) shall, upon good cause shown, be awarded, by the court and upon application by the property owner, a stay in the foreclosure proceedings until November 1, 2018. An application to the court by a property owner under this subsection shall be made before the first day of the fifth month next following the effective date of P.L. , c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
 - The commissioner shall notify as many Sandy-impacted homeowners as is reasonably possible of eligibility for a forbearance or stay of foreclosure proceedings prior to the first day of the second month next following effective date of P.L. c. (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
 - Sandy-impacted homeowners awarded a stay of foreclosure e. proceedings or forbearance under this section shall be responsible for the maintenance of the property during the stay or period of forbearance. After service of notice of any proceedings conducted to terminate forbearance, made on the mortgagor at an address determined pursuant to due diligence of the movant mortgagee or creditor to be the actual current residence of the mortgagor, providing opportunity for the mortgagor to respond and contest the proceedings, a stay of foreclosure proceedings or forbearance awarded under this section shall cease immediately upon a court's determination that the subject residential property has been abandoned by the Sandy-impacted homeowner.
 - Nothing in this section shall be construed as limiting the ability of a mortgagee and residential property owner to participate in a mediation sponsored by the Administrative Offices of the Court in accordance with the requirements of the mediation program. Nothing in this section shall be construed to impact property tax and insurance obligations of a property owner related to any real property in the State.

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6. This act shall take effect immediately.

STATEMENT

This bill ensures the fairness of project deadlines, enhances transparency, and creates foreclosure protections for Superstorm Sandy victims.

The bill requires the Department of Community Affairs ("DCA") to extend the deadline for project completion following a Reconstruction, Rehabilitation, Elevation and Mitigation ("RREM") or Low-to-Moderate Income ("LMI") program grant award date for any applicant who demonstrates that the delay has resulted from certain faults of the builder, or delays by DCA in approving the builder associated with the project.

Upon any decision to deny an application for aid under either the Tenant-Based Rental Assistance ("TBRA"), LMI, or RREM program, this bill requires DCA to provide the applicant with an explanation for the denial, and an explanation for ways to remedy the application. The bill gives DCA the responsibility to publicly report the reason for each application denial, wait-list placement, and withdrawal from the RREM, TBRA, and LMI programs since the beginning of the recovery effort, and to report the reasons for new denials, wait-list placements, and withdrawals on a quarterly basis through 2018. Concerning withdrawn applications, the public reporting requirements shall apply only after DCA has conducted a reasonable effort to contact the withdrawn applicant.

The bill also requires DCA to publicly report on where all funding associated with application denials, wait-list placements, and withdrawals has instead been allocated. The bill applies this requirement to all application denials, wait-list placements, and withdrawals since the beginning of the recovery effort, and requires ongoing reporting on a quarterly basis through the end of 2018.

The bill requires DCA to maintain a RREM appeals process for at least six months following the bill's effective date. The appeals process shall be open to any applicant to the RREM program who submitted an initial application by the deadline of August 1, 2013, regardless of the reason the applicant had been denied or removed from the application process.

Finally, in order to address the economic crisis that many families continue to experience as a result of Superstorm Sandy, this bill offers temporary protections against foreclosure to certain Sandy victims. Under the bill, homeowners who are not in foreclosure, and who sustained at least \$8,000 worth of damage, or over one foot of water on the first floor as a result of the storm, will be authorized to apply to DCA for a certificate of eligibility for mortgage forbearance. The forbearance would establish a time period, ending November 1, 2018, during which the homeowner would not be responsible for principal or interest payments on the mortgage. The term of the mortgage would automatically extend, under the same terms, for the number of months the mortgage is in forbearance.

S2300 STACK, BECK

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1 Homeowners who are already in foreclosure litigation, and 2 sustained at least \$8,000 worth of damage, or over one foot of water 3 on the first floor as a result of the storm, as determined by RREM and 4 LMI program procedures, will be authorized to apply to the court for a 5 stay of proceedings, also to end November 1, 2018. 6 Any homeowner who is awarded a forbearance or a stay of 7 foreclosure proceedings will continue to be responsible for property taxes, insurance, and general property maintenance. So long as the 8 9 homeowner is first offered sufficient notice, a forbearance may be

terminated upon a court determination that the homeowner has

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abandoned the property.

SENATE COMMUNITY AND URBAN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 2300

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: OCTOBER 13, 2016

The Senate Community and Urban Affairs Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 2300.

As amended, this bill ensures the fairness of project deadlines, enhances transparency, and creates foreclosure protections for Superstorm Sandy victims.

The bill requires the Department of Community Affairs ("DCA") to extend the deadline for project completion following a Reconstruction, Rehabilitation, Elevation and Mitigation ("RREM") or Low-to-Moderate Income ("LMI") program grant award date for any applicant who demonstrates that the delay has resulted from certain faults of the builder, or delays by DCA in approving the builder associated with the project.

Upon any decision to deny an application for aid under either the Tenant-Based Rental Assistance ("TBRA"), LMI, or RREM program, this bill requires DCA to provide the applicant with an explanation for the denial and an explanation for ways to remedy the application. The bill gives DCA the responsibility to publicly report the reason for each application denial, wait-list placement, and withdrawal from the RREM, TBRA, and LMI programs since the beginning of the recovery effort, and to report the reasons for new denials, wait-list placements, and withdrawals on a quarterly basis through 2018. Concerning withdrawn applications, the public reporting requirements shall apply only after DCA has conducted a reasonable effort to contact the withdrawn applicant.

The bill also requires DCA to publicly report on where all funding associated with application denials, wait-list placements, and withdrawals has instead been allocated. The bill applies this requirement to all application denials, wait-list placements, and withdrawals since the beginning of the recovery effort, and requires ongoing reporting on a quarterly basis through the end of 2018.

The bill requires DCA to maintain a RREM appeals process for at least six months following the bill's effective date. The appeals process shall be open to any applicant to the RREM program who submitted an initial application by the deadline of August 1, 2013, regardless of the reason the applicant had been denied or removed from the application process.

Finally, in order to address the economic crisis that many families continue to experience as a result of Superstorm Sandy, this bill offers temporary protections against foreclosure to certain Sandy victims.

Any homeowner who is awarded a forbearance or a stay of foreclosure proceedings will continue to be responsible for property taxes, insurance, and general property maintenance. So long as the homeowner is first offered sufficient notice, a forbearance may be terminated upon a court determination that the homeowner has abandoned the property.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

The amendments:

- -make this bill identical to Assembly Bill No. 333 (2R).
- -narrow the potential field of applicants for a mortgage obligation forbearance or stay of foreclosure proceedings permitted under the bill to homeowners who have either been approved for assistance through the RREM or LMI program, or have received rental assistance from FEMA as a result of damage to their primary residence due to Superstorm Sandy.
 - -enhance the bill's notification requirements
- -require that, upon knowledge of a homeowner's eligibility for a forbearance or stay of foreclosure proceedings, the mortgage lender shall notify the homeowner and the courts.

SENATE BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] **SENATE, No. 2300**

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: NOVEMBER 3, 2016

The Senate Budget and Appropriations Committee reports favorably Senate Bill No. 2300 (1R).

This bill ensures the fairness of project deadlines, enhances transparency, and creates foreclosure protections for Superstorm Sandy victims.

The bill requires the Department of Community Affairs ("DCA") to extend the deadline for project completion following a Reconstruction, Rehabilitation, Elevation and Mitigation ("RREM") or Low-to-Moderate Income ("LMI") program grant award date for any applicant who demonstrates that the delay has resulted from certain faults of the builder, or delays by DCA in approving the builder associated with the project.

Upon any decision to deny an application for aid under either the Tenant-Based Rental Assistance ("TBRA"), LMI, or RREM program, this bill requires DCA to provide the applicant with an explanation for the denial and an explanation for ways to remedy the application. The bill gives DCA the responsibility to publicly report the reason for each application denial, wait-list placement, and withdrawal from the RREM, TBRA, and LMI programs since the beginning of the recovery effort, and to report the reasons for new denials, wait-list placements, and withdrawals on a quarterly basis through 2018. Concerning withdrawn applications, the public reporting requirements shall apply only after DCA has conducted a reasonable effort to contact the withdrawn applicant.

The bill also requires DCA to publicly report on where all funding associated with application denials, wait-list placements, and withdrawals has instead been allocated. The bill applies this requirement to all application denials, wait-list placements, and withdrawals since the beginning of the recovery effort, and requires ongoing reporting on a quarterly basis through the end of 2018.

The bill requires DCA to maintain a RREM appeals process for at least six months following the bill's effective date. The appeals process shall be open to any applicant to the RREM program who submitted an initial application by the deadline of August 1, 2013, regardless of the reason the applicant had been denied or removed from the application process.

Finally, in order to address the economic crisis that many families continue to experience as a result of Superstorm Sandy, this bill offers temporary protections against foreclosure to certain Sandy victims.

Any homeowner who is awarded a forbearance or a stay of foreclosure proceedings will continue to be responsible for property taxes, insurance, and general property maintenance. So long as the homeowner is first offered sufficient notice, a forbearance may be terminated upon a court determination that the homeowner has abandoned the property.

As reported, this bill is identical to Assembly Bill No. 333 (2R), as also reported by the committee.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The Office of Legislative Services has determined that the bill would have an indeterminate impact on State finances. The State may incur additional expenditures with new reporting and notification requirements established by the bill. The State maintains several websites through which it provides information concerning recovery and rebuilding programs and policies. The DCA could post any new reports required by the bill on any of these websites. Changes to the pace at which LMI and RREM funds are expended will not affect State revenues and expenditures.

The bill allows Sandy-impacted homeowners to apply for mortgage forbearance and, if their property is in foreclosure, a stay of foreclosure proceedings. Approximately 70,000 households would be eligible to apply for mortgage forbearance and a stay of foreclosure proceedings (7,995 eligible LMI and RREM participants and 61,441 recipients of FEMA housing assistance). The OLS cannot predict how many homeowners will apply for mortgage forbearance or a stay of foreclosure proceedings. The potential number of applicants represents a projection of the total number of applications that would be eligible to apply for mortgage forbearance and a stay of foreclosure proceedings. It is not an estimate of the number of Sandy-impacted homeowners that will apply for mortgage relief or be approved for mortgage relief by either the Commissioner of Community Affairs or the Judiciary.

It is possible that a homeowner could receive mortgage forbearance until July 1, 2019. This period of protection against the sale, foreclosure, or seizure of a property will allow mortgage loans issued by the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Company (NJHMFA) to go unpaid for about two years. If the NJHMFA receives insufficient mortgage payments for the purpose of servicing related mortgage revenue bonds, it will be required to use other funds to make scheduled mortgage payments. Any additional funds expended by the NJHMFA may be recovered as mortgagors (borrowers) become current in their payments or the property is sold through the foreclosure process.

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[First Reprint]

SENATE, No. 2300 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 217th LEGISLATURE

DATED: NOVEMBER 10, 2016

SUMMARY

Synopsis: Ensures fairness of project deadlines, enhances transparency, and

creates foreclosure protections for Superstorm Sandy victims.

Type of Impact: Indeterminate impact on State finances.

Agencies Affected: Department of Community Affairs, New Jersey Housing and

Mortgage Finance Agency (NJHMFA), and the Judiciary

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Fiscal Impact	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	
State Cost	Indeterminate Impact – See comments below			

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) has determined that the enactment of Senate Bill No. 2300 (1R) would have an indeterminate impact on State finances. The State may incur additional expenditures associated with new reporting and notification requirements established by the bill.
- Approximately 70,000 homeowners would become eligible to apply for mortgage forbearance or a stay of foreclosure proceedings. Information on the number of primary residences in foreclosure that are owned by Sandy-impacted homeowners is not available at this time.
- If the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency (NJHMFA) receives insufficient mortgage payments for the purpose of servicing related mortgage revenue bonds, it will be required to use other funds to make scheduled mortgage payments. Any additional funds expended by the NJHMFA may be recovered as mortgagors (borrowers) become current in their payments or the property is sold through the foreclosure process.

BILL DESCRIPTION

Senate Bill No. 2300 (1R) of 2016 amends current laws governing the expenditure of federal Community Development Block Grant-Disaster Recovery (CDBG-DR) funds awarded to New



Jersey following Superstorm Sandy and establishes a mortgage relief program for certain Superstorm-Sandy impacted homeowners. The bill requires the Department of Community Affairs (DCA) to extend the deadline for project completion following a Reconstruction, Rehabilitation, Elevation, and Mitigation Program (RREM) or Low-to-Moderate Income Homeowners Rebuilding Program (LMI) grant award date for any applicant who demonstrates that the delay resulted from certain faults of the builder or delays by the DCA in approving the builder associated with the project. The bill also requires the DCA to provide any applicant denied aid under the LMI, RREM, and Tenant-Based Rental Assistance (TBRA) programs with an explanation for the denial of assistance and an explanation of how a rejected application may be remedied.

The bill requires the DCA to report the reason for each application denial, wait-list placement, and withdrawal from the LMI, RREM, and TBRA programs since the beginning of the State's recovery efforts, and to report the reasons for new denials, wait-list placements, and withdrawals on a quarterly basis through 2018. The public reporting requirements for program withdrawals apply only after the DCA has conducted a reasonable effort to contact the withdrawn applicant. The bill requires the DCA to publicly report where all funding associated with application denials, wait-list placements, and withdrawals since the beginning of the recovery effort has instead been allocated, on a quarterly basis through 2018,. The bill requires the DCA to maintain a RREM appeals for at least six months following the bill's effective date. The appeals process is open to any applicant who submitted an initial application by the deadline of August 1, 2013, regardless of the reason the applicant had been denied or removed from the application process.

The bill also offers temporary protections against foreclosure to certain Superstorm Sandy victims. Homeowners who have either been approved for rental assistance through the RREM or LMI programs, or have received rental assistance through the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), as a result of damage to their primary residence due to Superstorm Sandy may apply to the DCA for a certificate of eligibility for mortgage forbearance. Mortgage forbearance applications must be filed no later than three months after the application is made available by the Commissioner of Community Affairs. An application must be approved or denied within 30 days of its date of delivery to the commissioner. If no action is taken within the 30-day approval period, the application is deemed approved. The forbearance period concludes upon the earlier of: (1) the conclusion of one year following the issuance of a certificate of occupancy for recovery and rebuilding program work; (2) July 1, 2019; or (3) regarding a property in foreclosure proceedings, upon the expiration of 10 days following sheriff's sale.

The amended bill allows Sandy-impacted homeowners who are already in foreclosure to apply for the same mortgage forbearance relief in addition to a stay of the foreclosure proceedings. The bill provides that the receipt of rental assistance from FEMA or assistance through the LMI or RREM programs constitute good cause for the award of a stay of foreclosure proceedings. The stay concludes upon the earlier of: (1) the conclusion of one year following issuance of a certificate of occupancy for recovery and rebuilding program work; or (2) July 1, 2019. The bill requires the DCA to notify as many Sandy-impacted homeowners as reasonably possible of their eligibility to apply for mortgage forbearance or a stay of foreclosure proceedings.

Finally, the bill requires the DCA to: (1) post information on eligibility and the application process for the forbearance and stay of foreclosure proceedings, (2) make forbearance applications available on its Internet website, and (3) notify the courts and the State's active mortgage lenders which individuals and associated properties are eligible for forbearance or stay of foreclosure proceedings. A homeowner who is awarded forbearance or a stay of foreclosure proceedings is responsible for the payment of property taxes and insurance and general property

maintenance. So long as the homeowner is first offered sufficient notice, forbearance may be terminated upon a judicial determination that the homeowner has abandoned the property.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

The OLS has determined that the enactment of Senate Bill No. 2300 (1R) would have an indeterminate impact on State finances. The State may incur additional expenditures with new reporting and notification requirements established by the bill. The State maintains several websites through which it provides a wide array of information concerning recovery and rebuilding programs and policies. The DCA could post any new reports required by the bill on any of these websites. Changes to the pace at which LMI and RREM funds are expended will not affect State revenues and expenditures. New Jersey has allocated \$1.462 billion in CDBG-DR funds (35 percent of the State's total award) to the LMI, RREM, and TBRA programs; of that amount, \$1.097 billion has been disbursed. The OLS notes that federal regulations require all CDBG-DR funds to be committed by September 30, 2017 and expended by September 30, 2019. According to program expenditure forecasts available www.renewjerseystronger.org, all LMI, RREM, and TBRA funds will be expended by the end of Fiscal Year 2018 (June 30, 2018).

The OLS notes that the bill requires the DCA to re-open the RREM appeals process for a period of at least six months following the effective date of the bill. The appeals process would be open to any RREM Program applicant who submitted an application for assistance by August 1, 2013, regardless of the reason the applicant had withdrawn, was denied RREM assistance, or was removed from the program. The RREM Program Guidelines required applicants to appeal their ineligibility determination in writing within 30 days of receipt of their ineligibility letter. The State provided a second appeal period in February and March of 2014 for those applicants who were deemed ineligible for RREM assistance but did not file an appeal within 30 days of receipt of their ineligibility determination. During the Fiscal Year 2017 budget process, the DCA indicated that 7,623 RREM applicants have withdrawn from the program or were determined to be ineligible for assistance.

The bill allows Sandy-impacted homeowners to apply for mortgage forbearance and, if their property is in foreclosure, a stay of foreclosure proceedings. Senate Bill No. 2300 (1R) defines a "Sandy-impacted homeowner" as a homeowner who either received rental assistance from FEMA due to damage to their primary residence caused by Superstorm Sandy or has been approved for assistance through the RREM or LMI programs. Approximately 70,000 households would be eligible to apply for mortgage forbearance and a stay of foreclosure proceedings (7,995 eligible LMI and RREM participants and 61,441 recipients of FEMA housing assistance). The OLS cannot predict how many homeowners will apply for mortgage forbearance or a stay of foreclosure proceedings.

The potential number of applicants contained in this estimate represents a projection of the total number of applications that would eligible to apply for mortgage forbearance and a stay of foreclosure proceedings. It is not an estimate of the number of Sandy-impacted homeowners that will apply for mortgage relief or be approved for mortgage relief by either the Commissioner of

Community Affairs or the judiciary. Homeowners who applied for assistance through the RREM or LMI programs were required to register with FEMA. It is possible that homeowners who received FEMA rental assistance also received a RREM or LMI grant. The OLS does not have sufficient data to distinguish between these two groups of Sandy-impacted homeowners, so it is possible that some homeowners are included in both groups. This double counting may cause the potential number of applicants to be lower than estimated.

If Senate Bill No. 2300 (1R) is enacted into law, it is possible that a homeowner could receive mortgage forbearance until July 1, 2019. This period of protection against the sale, foreclosure, or seizure of a property will allow mortgage loans issued by the NJHMFA to go unpaid for about two years. NJHMFA projects are usually backed by mortgage revenue bonds. Mortgage revenue bonds are secured by mortgages and mortgage loan repayments on single-family homes. Either all, or a portion of, the principal and interest payments on a home mortgage is used to make payments to NJHMFA bondholders. If the mortgage payments are not sufficient to fully fund those amounts owed to bondholders, the NJHMFA would be required to use other moneys (such as surplus, funds designated for other programs, or funds held in a debt service reserve) to make scheduled bond payments. Any additional funds expended by the NJHMFA may be recovered as mortgagors become current in their payments or if their property is sold through the foreclosure process. The mortgage forbearance period proposed by the bill could provide certain borrowers sufficient time to address financial concerns and avoid the foreclosure process.

Section: Local Government

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Legislative Budget and Finance Officer

This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).

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Governor Chris Christie Takes Action On Pending Legislation

Friday, February 10, 2017

Tags: Bill Action



Trenton, NJ – Governor Chris Christie announced that he has taken action on the following legislation:

BILL SIGNINGS:

A-333/S-2300 (Singleton, Quijano, Caputo, Taliaferro, Green, Caride, Houghtaling/Stack, Beck) – w/STATEMENT - Ensures project deadline fairness, enhances transparency, and establishes foreclosure protection and mortgage relief program for certain Superstorm Sandy-impacted homeowners

A-544/S-385 (Pinkin, Lagana, Mazzeo, Mukherji, Houghtaling/Stack, Barnes) - Requires annual notice of assessment on property to contain bolded notice of filing deadline for appeal

A-1668/S-354 (Schaer, Jasey, Johnson, Zwicker, Giblin, Downey, Wimberly/T. Kean) - Establishes New Jersey Commission on Higher Education and Business Partnerships

A-1945/S-1243 (Coughlin, Sumter, Wimberly/Vitale, Cunningham) - Requires AG and county prosecutor to provide notification on website concerning persons indicted or prosecuted for crimes under certain circumstances

A-2199/S-744 (Singleton, Holley, Rodriquez-Gregg, Downey/Beach, Turner) - Establishes veterans' preference for affordable housing in certain housing projects

A-2228/S-2489 (DeAngelo, Lagana, Pinkin, McKnight, Benson/Cruz-Perez, Van Drew) - Includes all disabled veterans in NJT discount program for senior citizens and persons with disabilities

A-2514/S-2178 (DeAngelo, Pinkin, Tucker, Space, Phoebus/Beach, Oroho) - Permits local units of government to enter into shared services agreements with federal military installations located in the State

A-2517/S-2008 (DeAngelo, Andrzejczak, Tucker, Conaway, Land/Beach, Allen) - Provides preference to certain employers applying for workforce development grants

A-2619/S-2409 (Gusciora, Wimberly, Holley, Muoio, Chiaravalloti, Sumter/Vitale, Cruz-Perez) - Requires that certain inmates with detainers be provided access to drug treatment programs

A-3267/S-2519 (Singleton, Webber, Holley, Mukherji, Lampitt, Wimberly, Houghtaling/Vitale) - Provides for voluntary contributions by taxpayers on gross income tax returns to support autism programs

A-333/S-1509 (Singleton, Mukherji, Oliver, Muoio, Houghtaling/Turner, Cruz-Perez) - Establishes microenterprise training program and assistance for microentrepreneurs; gives priority status to projects involving microenterprises under Neighborhood Revitalization Tax Credit Program

BILLS VETOED:

A-756/S-2046 (Moriarty, Coughlin, Mukherji, Benson/Cruz-Perez) – CONDITIONAL - Regulates use of motor vehicle payment assurance devices

A-4189/S-2670 (Gusciora, Muoio, Mukherji, Pintor Marin, Chiaravalloti, Wimberly/Van Drew, Turner) – CONDITIONAL - Extends duration of first five designated UEZs for two additional years; specifies permissible use of

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Related Links

Governor'S Statement Upon Signing Assembly Bill No. 333 [pdf 30kB] UEZ funds; requires DCA Commissioner to assess and issue report on UEZ program

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