39:8-91

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

Compiled by the NJ State Law Library

LAWS OF: 2015 **CHAPTER**: 27

NJSA: 39:8-91 (Prohibits certain agencies from establishing checkpoints limited to specific vehicle types)

BILL NO: A2316 (Substituted for S1614)

SPONSOR(S) Andrzejczak and others

DATE INTRODUCED: February 6, 2014

COMMITTEE: ASSEMBLY: Transportation and Independent Authorities

SENATE: Transportation

AMENDED DURING PASSAGE: Yes

DATE OF PASSAGE: ASSEMBLY: June 23, 2014

SENATE: February 5, 2015

DATE OF APPROVAL: March 23, 2015

FOLLOWING ARE ATTACHED IF AVAILABLE:

FINAL TEXT OF BILL (First reprint enacted)

A2316

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 2 of introduced bill) Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: Yes

SENATE: No

(Audio archived recordings of the committee meetings, corresponding to the date of the committee statement, *may possibly* be found at www.njleg.state.nj.us)

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

S1614

SPONSOR'S STATEMENT: (Begins on page 2 of introduced bill)

Yes

COMMITTEE STATEMENT: ASSEMBLY: No

SENATE: Yes

FLOOR AMENDMENT STATEMENT: No

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE: No

(continued)

	VETO MESSAGE:	No
	GOVERNOR'S PRESS RELEASE ON SIGNING:	No
FOLLO	OWING WERE PRINTED: To check for circulating copies, contact New Jersey State Government Publications at the State Library (609) 278-2640 ext.103 or mailto:refdesk@njstateli	<u>b.org</u>
	REPORTS:	No
	HEARINGS:	No
	NEWSPAPER ARTICLES:	No
LAW/R	WH	

P.L.2015, CHAPTER 27, approved March 23, 2015 Assembly, No. 2316 (First Reprint)

1	AN ACT concerning certain motor vehicle stops and supplementing
2	Title 39 of the Revised Statutes.
3	
4	BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
5	of New Jersey:
6	
7	1. 1 [No] \underline{A}^{1} law enforcement agency shall 1 not conduct a
8	roadside checkpoint or other systematic inspection of vehicles ¹ [on
9	the highways along any public road, street, or highway of this
10	State ¹ [that is limited to a certain type of vehicle.
11	The provisions of this section shall not apply to roadside
12	checkpoint or inspection of commercial vehicles as defined in
13	section 3 of P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.11) if the roadside
14	checkpoint or systematic inspection is established for the sole
15	purpose of inspecting motorcycles ¹ .
16	This section shall not be construed to restrict or limit ¹ in any
17	capacity ¹ any other type of checkpoint ¹ , inspection, ¹ or roadblock
18	¹ [which is lawful] conducted by a law enforcement agency for
19	legitimate public safety reasons ¹ .
20	
21	2. This act shall take effect immediately.
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	Prohibits certain agencies from establishing checkpoints limited
27	to specific vehicle types.

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets **[**thus**]** in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

ASSEMBLY, No. 2479

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

216th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 10, 2014

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman JOSEPH A. LAGANA
District 38 (Bergen and Passaic)
Assemblyman JERRY GREEN
District 22 (Middlesex, Somerset and Union)

SYNOPSIS

Requires elevators in new buildings be at least a certain size.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 3/11/2014)

A2479 LAGANA, GREEN

1	AN ACT concerning the size of certain elevators and amending
2	P.L.2001, c.263.
3	
4	BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
5	of New Jersey:
6	
7	1. Section 1 of P.L.2001, c.263 (C.52:27D-123.14) is amended
8	to read as follows:
9	1. Notwithstanding any other law or regulation to the contrary,
10	the commissioner shall modify, within 180 days of the effective
11	date of [this act] P.L.2001, c.263, the code pertaining to elevators
12	to require that an elevator, when installed in any newly-constructed
13	multiple dwelling for which a construction permit is issued
14	subsequent to the effective date of the regulations promulgated to
15	effectuate P.L.2001, c.263 (C.52:27D-123.14), be of adequate
16	dimensions to accommodate an ambulance cart that is 24 inches by
17	76 inches in the horizontal open position.
18	2. Notwithstanding any law, rule, or regulation to the contrary,
19	within 180 days of the effective date of P.L., c. (pending before
20	the Legislature as this bill), the commissioner shall modify the code
21	pertaining to elevators to require that an elevator be a minimum of
22	81 square feet in size when installed in any newly-constructed
23	buildings for which a construction permit is issued subsequent to
24	the effective date of the regulations promulgated pursuant to this
25	section,
26	(cf: P.L.2001, c.263, s.1)
27	
28	2. This act shall take effect immediately.
29	
30	
31	STATEMENT

30

32 33

34 35

36

37

38

This bill requires the Commissioner of Community Affairs to promulgate regulations requiring that an elevator installed in any newly constructed building be at least 81 square feet in size. This size would improve the safety of any person living or working in a newly constructed building. Current law establishes no such size requirement.

ASSEMBLY HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

ASSEMBLY, No. 2479

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 8, 2014

The Assembly Housing and Community Development Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 2479 with committee amendments.

This bill requires the Commissioner of Community Affairs to promulgate regulations requiring that in any newly constructed building four or more stories above grade, or four or more stories below grade plane, at least one elevator must be of such a size and arrangement to accommodate an ambulance stretcher 24 inches by 84 inches in the horizontal, open position with not less than 5-inch radius corners. The bill also directs the commissioner to require such elevators to bear markings to identify its designation for use by emergency medical services consistent with national standards for such markings. These standards reflect requirements in Chapter 30 (Elevators and Conveying Systems) of the International Building Code, 2012 Edition.

While current law requires elevators in newly constructed multiple dwellings for which a permit was issued after the effective date of P.L.2001, c.263 to be of adequate size to accommodate a stretcher that is 24 inches by 76 inches in the horizontal, open position, there is currently size requirement for elevators in buildings that are not multiple dwellings. The sponsors believe that the minimum elevator size requirement would improve the safety of any person living or working in a newly constructed building.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS:

The committee amended the bill to:

- (1) require the Commissioner of Community Affairs to promulgate regulations establishing minimum size requirements for at least one elevator in every newly constructed building; and
- (2) require such elevators in newly constructed buildings to bear markings identifying it for use by emergency medical services.

SENATE COMMUNITY AND URBAN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

[First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 2479

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: JUNE 26, 2014

The Senate Community and Urban Affairs Committee reports favorably Assembly Bill No. 2479 (1R).

This bill would require the Commissioner of Community Affairs to promulgate regulations requiring that in any newly constructed building four or more stories above grade, or four or more stories below grade plane, at least one elevator must be of such a size and arrangement to accommodate an ambulance stretcher 24 inches by 84 inches in the horizontal, open position with not less than 5-inch radius corners. The bill also directs the commissioner to require such an elevator to bear markings to identify its designation for use by emergency medical services consistent with national standards for such markings. These standards reflect requirements in Chapter 30 (Elevators and Conveying Systems) of the International Building Code, 2012 Edition.

While current law requires elevators in newly constructed multiple dwellings for which a permit was issued after the effective date of P.L.2001, c.263 to be of adequate size to accommodate a stretcher that is 24 inches by 76 inches in the horizontal, open position, there is currently no size requirement for elevators in buildings that are not multiple dwellings.

This bill is identical to Senate Bill No. 2153, which the committee also reported on this date.

SENATE, No. 1614

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

216th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 27, 2014

Sponsored by:

Senator JEFF VAN DREW

District 1 (Atlantic, Cape May and Cumberland)

Senator MICHAEL J. DOHERTY

District 23 (Hunterdon, Somerset and Warren)

Co-Sponsored by:

Senators Oroho, Norcross and A.R.Bucco

SYNOPSIS

Prohibits law enforcement agency from conducting certain checkpoints and inspections limited only to motorcycles.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 9/23/2014)

S1614 VAN DREW, DOHERTY 2

1	AN ACT concerning certain motor vehicle stops and supplementing
2	Title 39 of the Revised Statutes.
3	
4	BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
5	of New Jersey:
6	
7	1. No law enforcement agency shall conduct a roadside
8	checkpoint or other systematic inspection of vehicles on the
9	highways of this State that is limited to a certain type of vehicle.
10	The provisions of this section shall not apply to roadside
11	checkpoint or inspection of commercial vehicles as defined in
12	section 3 of P.L.1990, c.103 (C.39:3-10.11).
13	This section shall not be construed to restrict or limit any other type
14	of checkpoint or roadblock which is lawful.
15	
16	2. This act shall take effect immediately.
17	
18	
19	STATEMENT
20	
21	This bill prohibits law enforcement agencies from establishing
22	
22	checkpoints limited to certain types of vehicles. This bill would
23	checkpoints limited to certain types of vehicles. This bill would require that all checkpoints include all types of vehicles, but would
23	require that all checkpoints include all types of vehicles, but would
23 24	require that all checkpoints include all types of vehicles, but would not restrict any other type of checkpoint or roadblock.
232425	require that all checkpoints include all types of vehicles, but would not restrict any other type of checkpoint or roadblock. New Hampshire, North Carolina, and Washington have recently
23 24 25 26	require that all checkpoints include all types of vehicles, but would not restrict any other type of checkpoint or roadblock. New Hampshire, North Carolina, and Washington have recently enacted similar legislation in response to the National Highway
2324252627	require that all checkpoints include all types of vehicles, but would not restrict any other type of checkpoint or roadblock. New Hampshire, North Carolina, and Washington have recently enacted similar legislation in response to the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration's (NHTSA) funding of motorcycle-
23 24 25 26 27 28	require that all checkpoints include all types of vehicles, but would not restrict any other type of checkpoint or roadblock. New Hampshire, North Carolina, and Washington have recently enacted similar legislation in response to the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration's (NHTSA) funding of motorcycleonly checkpoints to stop motorcyclists to check equipment and
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	require that all checkpoints include all types of vehicles, but would not restrict any other type of checkpoint or roadblock. New Hampshire, North Carolina, and Washington have recently enacted similar legislation in response to the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration's (NHTSA) funding of motorcycleonly checkpoints to stop motorcyclists to check equipment and vehicle paperwork.
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	require that all checkpoints include all types of vehicles, but would not restrict any other type of checkpoint or roadblock. New Hampshire, North Carolina, and Washington have recently enacted similar legislation in response to the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration's (NHTSA) funding of motorcycleonly checkpoints to stop motorcyclists to check equipment and vehicle paperwork. The NHTSA program, which began in New York State and is
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	require that all checkpoints include all types of vehicles, but would not restrict any other type of checkpoint or roadblock. New Hampshire, North Carolina, and Washington have recently enacted similar legislation in response to the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration's (NHTSA) funding of motorcycleonly checkpoints to stop motorcyclists to check equipment and vehicle paperwork. The NHTSA program, which began in New York State and is continuing in Georgia, encourages states to establish checkpoints

SENATE TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 1614

with committee amendments

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: OCTOBER 27, 2014

The Senate Transportation Committee reports favorably and with committee amendments Senate Bill No. 1614.

As amended and reported, the bill prohibits law enforcement agencies from conducting roadside checkpoints or other systematic inspections of vehicles along public roads, streets, and highways in this State if the checkpoint or inspection is established for the sole purpose of inspecting motorcycles. The bill specifies that the checkpoints, roadblocks, or inspections conducted by a law enforcement agency for legitimate public safety reasons are not restricted.

As amended and reported, Senate Bill No. 1614 is identical to Assembly Bill No. 2316 (1R) which was also reported by the committee on this date.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

The committee amendments: specify that a law enforcement agency is not permitted to conduct a roadside checkpoint along any public road, street, or highway which is limited only to motorcycles; remove reference to commercial vehicle inspections; and clarify that checkpoints, inspections, or roadblocks conducted by a law enforcement agency for legitimate public safety reasons are not restricted.