24:21-17

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LEGISLATIVE HISTORY CHECKLIST

NJSA:			(Prescription drugslabelseliminate certain requirements	
LAWS OF:	1986			
				CHAPTER 75
BILL NO:	S1979			
Sponsor(s):	McManimon			
Date Introduced: March 24, 1986				
Committee:	Assembly:		-	
	Senate:	Institutions, Health and Welfare		
Amended during passage:		No		
Date of Passa	ge:	Assembly:	June 26, 1986	E
		Senate:	June 12, 1986	
Date of Appro	oval:	August 5, 1986		
Following statements are attached if available:				
Sponsor state	ment:		Yes	 .
Committee st	atement:	Assembly	No	
		Senate	Yes	an a
Fiscal Note:			No	The second secon
Veto Message	:		No	
Message on Si	gning:		No	
Following were printed:				
Reports:			No	
Hearings:			No	

75 LAWS OF N.J. 19.86 ED________ - 5 - 81 CHAPTER APPROVED

SENATE, No. 1979 STATE OF NEW JERSEY

INTRODUCED MARCH 24, 1986

By Senator McMANIMON

Referred to Committee on Institutions, Health and Welfare

AN ACT concerning controlled dangerous substances and instruments used in connection with them, and amending P. L. 1970, c. 226 and P. L. 1980, c. 133.

1 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 2 of New Jersey:

1 Section 17 of P. L. 1970, c. 226 (C. 24:21-17) is amended to read 2 as follows:

3 17. Form of label to be used by pharmacists; altering or removing label. Whenever a pharmacist sells or dispenses any controlled 4 dangerous substance on a prescription issued by a practitioner he 5 shall affix to the container in which such drug is sold or dispensed, 6 a label showing his own name, address, and registry number, or the 7 name, address, and registry number of the pharmacist or pharmacy 8 owner for whom he is lawfully acting; the name [and address] of 9 the patient or, if the patient is an animal, the name [and address] 10 of the owner of the animal and the species of the animal; the name 11 address and registry number] of the [practioner] practitioner by 12 whom the prescription was [written] issued; the brand name or 13 generic name of the drug dispensed unless the prescriber states 14 otherwise on the prescription, such directions as may be stated on 15 the prescription and such directions as may be required by rules or 16 regulations promulgated by the commissioner. 17

No person shall alter, deface, or remove any label so affixed as
long as any of the original contents remain.

1 2. Section 6 of P. L. 1980, c. 133 (C. 24:21-51) is amended to 2 read as follows:

3 6. a. No person shall sell, furnish, or give to any person or per-

4 sons other than a duly licensed physician, dentist, veterinarian,

5 undertaker, nurse, podiatrist, registered pharmacist, or a hospital, EXPLANATION—Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets filmed in the above bill is not enseted and is intended to be omined in the law. Matter printed in Italies this is now matter.

sanitarium, clinical laboratory or any other medical institution, or a 6 State or governmental agency, or a regular dealer in medical, 7 8 dental or surgical supplies, or a resident physician or intern of a hospital, sanitarium or other medical institution, an instrument 9 commonly known as a hypodermic syringe, hypodermic needle or 10 any instrument adapted for the use of controlled dangerous sub-11 stances as defined in P. L. 1970, c. 226 (C. 24:21-1 et seq.) by 12subcutaneous injections without a [written] prescription of a duly 13 licensed physician, dentist or veterinarian. Such prescription shall 14 contain the name [and adress] and address of the patient, the 15 description of the instrument prescribed and the number of instru-16 ments prescribed. 16a

b. Every person who disposes of, or sells, or furnishes, or gives 17 away a hypodermic syringe or a hypodermic needle or an in-18 strument adapted for the use of controlled dangerous substances 19 20 by subcutaneous injections, upon the [written] prescription of a duly licensed physician, dentist, or veterinarian, shall record Lupon 21 the face of the prescription, over his signature,] the date of the sale $\mathbf{22}$ or furnishing of the instrument. This prescription shall be retained 23 34 on file for a period of two years and shall be opened to inspection by any public officer or employee engaged in the enforcement of this 25 section. A prescription filed in accordance with this section shall 26 be sufficient authority, without the necessity of a renewal or reissu-37 ance, to permit subsequent sales or the furnishing of hypodermic 28 syringes or hypodermic needles or instruments adapted for the 29 use of controlled dangerous substances by subcutaneous injections 30 to the person to whom the prescription was issued, for a period of 31 six months from the date of its original issuance. 32

c. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons, except a duly 33 34 licensed physician, dentist, veterinarian, nurse, podiatrist, hospital, sanitarium or other medical institution, or a resident physician 35 or intern of a hospital, sanitarium or other medical institution, 36 to have under control or possess, a hypodermic syringe, hypodermic 37 38 needle or any other instrument adapted for the use of controlled dangerous substances by subcutaneous injections with intent to 39 40 use such syringe, needle or instrument for such purpose, unless 41 such possession be obtained upon a valid [written] prescription 42 form, and such use be authorized or directed by a duly licensed 43 physician or veterinarian. For the purposes of this subdivision no such prescription shall be valid, which has been outstanding for 44 45 more than six months.

46 d. Any person who violates this section is guilty of a disorderly
47 persons offense.

1 3. This act shall take effect on the 90th day after enactment

STATEMENT

This bill amends the laws regulating controlled dangerous substances by eliminating the requirement that the patient's address and the prescriber's address and registry number be included on the prescription label.

The bill also eliminates the requirement that a written prescription be issued for hypodermic instruments since many of these prescriptions are ordered telephonically and are reduced to writing by the pharmacist.

ALCOHOL, DRUG ABUSE AND DRUGS

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SENATE INSTITUTIONS, HEALTH AND WELFARE COMMITTEE

STATEMENT TO

SENATE, No. 1979

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

DATED: MAY 12, 1986

The Senate Institutions, Health and Welfare Committee favorably reports Senate Bill No. 1979.

This bill amends the laws governing controlled dangerous substances to eliminate the requirement that the patient's address and the prescriber's address and registry number be included on the prescription label. The bill also eliminates the requirement that a written prescription be issued for hypodermic syringes or needles to permit these prescriptions to be prescribed over the telephone and then transcribed onto a prescription form by the pharmacist.